USING MYSQLQUERY: ON THE CAPSTONE PROJECT

THE(30) three RELATIONAL TABLEL ARE BELOW QUESTIONS AND SOLUTIONS

1 Orders Table

OrderID		CustomerID ProductID		OrderDate		RegionQuantity	Price	
	TotalAmount							
1001	C001	P101	2023-01-12	North	2	150	300	
1002	C002	P102	2023-01-15	South	1	450	450	
1003	C003	P101	2023-02-01	North	3	150	450	
1004	C004	P103	2023-02-20	East	1	1200	1200	
1005	C001	P104	2023-03-11	West	5	80	400	

Customers Table

CustomerID Cust	omerName	Gend	der Age	Location	DateJoined
C001 Jane Doe	Female	29	Kaduna	2022-08-10	
C002 John Smith	Male 34	Port	Harcourt 202	1-12-03	

C003	Ada Uche	Female	41	Abuja 2022-11-22
C004	Ibrahim Musa	Male 30	Kano	2023-01-05
C005	Grace Obi	Female	25	Lagos 2023-03-19

3 Products Table

Produ	oductID ProductNam		e Category			UnitPr	ice	StockL	.evel
P101	Blueto	ooth Speaker	Electro	onics	150	30			
P102	Blend	er Pro Max	Applia	nces	450	20			
P103	LED T	/ 42 inch	Electro	onics	1200	10			
P104	T-Shirt	(Unisex)	Clothi	ng	80	100			
P105	Power	Bank 10000m	Ah	Electro	onics	200	50		

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN ORDERS

Orders.CustomerID → references Customers.CustomerID

Orders.ProductID → references Products.ProductID

That means each order belongs to a customer and involves a product.

QUESTIONS AND SOLUTIONS

a. List the top 5 products by total sales amount

SQL Query

SELECT

p.ProductID,

p.ProductName,

SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalSales

FROM Orders o

JOIN Products p ON o.ProductID = p.ProductID

GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName

ORDER BY TotalSales DESC

LIMIT 5;

Calculation

ProductID ProductName TotalSales

P103 LED TV 42 inch 1200

P101 Bluetooth Speaker 300 + 450 = 750

P104 T-Shirt (Unisex) 400

P102 Blender Pro Max 450

P105 Power Bank 10000mAh 0 (no sales yet)

Rank Product Total Sales

- 1 LED TV 42 inch 1200
- 2 Bluetooth Speaker 750
- 3 Blender Pro Max 450
- 4 T-Shirt (Unisex) 400
- 5 Power Bank 10000mAh 0

b. Find the average purchase per customer by region

SQL Query

SELECT

Region,

AVG(TotalAmount) AS AvgPurchasePerCustomer

FROM Orders

GROUP BY Region;

SOLUTION

RegionTotalAmount OrdersAverage

South 450 1 450

East 1200 1 1200

West 400 1 400

RegionAvg Purchase per Customer

North 375

South 450

East 1200

West 400

c. Show customers who have never made a purchase

SQL Query

SELECT

c.CustomerID,

c.CustomerName

FROM Customers c

LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID

WHERE o.CustomerID IS NULL;

Customers who appear in Orders: C001, C002, C003, C004

Customer not in Orders: C005 (Grace Obi)

CustomerID CustomerName

C005 Grace Obi

d. Calculate monthly revenue from January 2023 to December 2023

SQL Query

SELECT

DATE_FORMAT(OrderDate, '%Y-%m') AS Month,

SUM(TotalAmount) AS MonthlyRevenue

FROM Orders

WHERE YEAR(OrderDate) = 2023

GROUP BY DATE_FORMAT(OrderDate, '%Y-%m')

ORDER BY Month;

Month OrdersTotal Revenue

Month Monthly Revenue

2023-01 750

2023-02 1650

2023-03 400

e. Identify the 3 most profitable categories

SQL Query

SELECT

p.Category,

SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue

FROM Orders o

JOIN Products p ON o.ProductID = p.ProductID

GROUP BY p.Category

ORDER BY TotalRevenue DESC

LIMIT 3;

Category Total Sales

Electronics $(P101 \rightarrow 750) + (P103 \rightarrow 1200) = 1950$

Appliances $(P102 \rightarrow 450)$

Clothing $(P104 \rightarrow 400)$

Rank Category Total Revenue

- 1 Electronics 1950
- 2 Appliances 450
- 3 Clothing 400

THE SUMMARY TABLE

Question Description Key SQL Concept Example Output

- (a) Top 5 Products by Sales GROUP BY, SUM, ORDER BYLED TV (\$1200), Bluetooth Speaker (\$750), etc.
- (b) Avg Purchase per Region AVG, GROUP BY East = ₩1200, North = ₩375

- (c) Customers with No Orders LEFT JOIN, WHERE IS NULL Grace Obi
- (d) Monthly Revenue DATE_FORMAT, SUM, GROUP BY Jan \$750, Feb \$1650, Mar \$400
- (e) Top 3 Categories JOIN, GROUP BY, SUM, ORDER BY Electronics, Appliances, Clothing