Competitive Programming Notebook

Programadores Roblox

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1 DP

- 1.1 Lis
- 1.2 Lcs

1.3 Knapsack

```
1 // dp[i][j] => i-esimo item com j-carga sobrando na
      mochila
2 // O(N * W)
4 for(int j = 0; j < MAXN; j++) {
      dp[0][j] = 0;
6 }
7 for(int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
      for(int j = 0; j <= W; j++) {</pre>
           if(items[i].first > j) {
               dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j];
10
12
               dp[i][j] = max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i-1][j-
13
       items[i].first] + items[i].second);
14
15
16 }
```

- 2 String
- 3 Geometry
- 4 Graph

4.1 Dijkstra

```
_{\rm 1} // SSP com pesos positivos.
_{2} // O((V + E) log V).
4 vector < int > dijkstra(int S) {
       vector < bool > vis(MAXN, 0);
       vector<11> dist(MAXN, LLONG_MAX);
       dist[S] = 0;
       priority_queue <pii, vector <pii>, greater <pii>> pq
      pq.push({0, S});
       while(pq.size()) {
10
           11 v = pq.top().second;
           pq.pop();
12
           if(vis[v]) continue;
           vis[v] = 1;
           for(auto &[peso, vizinho] : adj[v]) {
15
               if(dist[vizinho] > dist[v] + peso) {
                    dist[vizinho] = dist[v] + peso;
                    pq.push({dist[vizinho], vizinho});
19
           }
20
21
       return dist;
22
23 }
```

- 5 Math
- 5.1 Exgcd

```
1 // O retorno da funcao eh {n, m, g}
2 // e significa que gcd(a, b) = g e
3 // n e m sao inteiros tais que an + bm = g
4 array<11, 3> exgcd(int a, int b) {
5     if(b == 0) return {1, 0, a};
6     auto [m, n, g] = exgcd(b, a % b);
7     return {n, m - a / b * n, g};
8 }
```

5.2 Fexp

```
1 // a^e mod m
2 // O(log n)
3
4 ll fexp(ll a, ll e, ll m) {
5     a % = m;
6     ll ans = 1;
7     while (e > 0){
8         if (e & 1) ans = ansa % m;
9         a = aa % m;
10         e /= 2;
11     }
12     return ans%m;
13 }
```

5.3 Equação Diofantina

```
1 // resolve equacao ax + by = c
2 // retorno {existe sol., x, y, g}
3 array<ll, 4> find_any_solution(ll a, ll b, ll c) {
4     auto[x, y, g] = exgcd(a, b);
5     if (c % g) return {false, 0, 0, 0};
6     x *= c / g;
7     y *= c / g;
8     return {true, x, y, g};
9 }
```

6 DS

6.1 Oset

```
# include < ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp >
3 #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
4 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
5 using namespace std;
7 template < typename T> using ordered_multiset = tree < T,</pre>
       null_type, less_equal < T>, rb_tree_tag,
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
s template <typename T> using o_set = tree<T, null_type
      , less <T>, rb_tree_tag,
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
9 template <typename T, typename R> using o_map = tree <
      T, R, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
11 int main() {
    int i, j, k, n, m;
12
13
    o_set<int>st;
    st.insert(1):
14
    st.insert(2);
    cout << *st.find_by_order(0) << endl; /// k-esimo</pre>
16
      elemento
    cout << st.order_of_key(2) << endl; ///numero de</pre>
     elementos menores que k
    o_map < int , int > mp;
    mp.insert({1, 10});
1.9
    mp.insert({2, 20});
    cout << mp.find_by_order(0)->second << endl; /// k-
21
      esimo elemento
```

```
cout << mp.order_of_key(2) << endl; /// numero de 1 int check_kth_bit(int x, int k) {</pre>
      elementos (chave) menores que k
                                                         2 return (x >> k) & 1;
   return 0;
24 }
                                                         5 void print_on_bits(int x) {
  6.2 Dsu
                                                         6 for (int k = 0; k < 32; k++) {</pre>
                                                               if (check_kth_bit(x, k)) {
1 struct DSU {
                                                                 cout << k << ' ';
      vector < int > par, rank, sz;
      int c;
                                                         10 }
      DSU(int n) : par(n + 1), rank(n + 1, 0), sz(n +
                                                             cout << '\n';
                                                         11
      1, 1), c(n) {
                                                         12 }
          for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) par[i] = i;</pre>
                                                         13
                                                         14 int count_on_bits(int x) {
      int find(int i) {
                                                         int ans = 0;
                                                             for (int k = 0; k < 32; k++) {
          return (par[i] == i ? i : (par[i] = find(par[16])
      i])));
                                                             if (check_kth_bit(x, k)) {
      }
                                                         1.8
                                                                ans++;
                                                              }
      bool same(int i, int j) {
10
                                                         20 }
         return find(i) == find(j);
11
                                                         21
                                                             return ans;
12
                                                         22 }
      int get_size(int i) {
13
          return sz[find(i)];
1.4
                                                        23
                                                         24 bool is_even(int x) {
15
      int count() {
                                                         return ((x & 1) == 0);
16
          return c; // quantos componentes conexos
                                                        26 }
17
                                                         27
      int merge(int i, int j) {
                                                         28 int set_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
19
          if ((i = find(i)) == (j = find(j))) return
                                                        29 return x | (1 << k);
                                                         30 }
      -1;
          else --c;
                                                         31
21
                                                         32 int unset_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
          if (rank[i] > rank[j]) swap(i, j);
          par[i] = j;
                                                         33 return x & (~(1 << k));
23
          sz[j] += sz[i];
                                                         34 }
          if (rank[i] == rank[j]) rank[j]++;
25
                                                         35
                                                         36 int toggle_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
26
          return j;
                                                         37 return x ^ (1 << k);</pre>
      }
27
                                                         38 }
28 };
       Primitives
                                                         40 bool check_power_of_2(int x) {
                                                         return count_on_bits(x) == 1;
                                                         42 }
```

8 General

8.1 Bitwise