

Competitive Programming Notebook

Programadores Roblox

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DP

\mathbf{Lis}

1.2Lcs

1.3Knapsack

```
1 // dp[i][j] => i-esimo item com j-carga sobrando na
      mochila
2 // O(N * W)
4 for (int j = 0; j < MAXN; j++) {
      dp[0][j] = 0;
6 }
7 for(int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {</pre>
      for(int j = 0; j <= W; j++) {</pre>
          if(items[i].first > j) {
9
10
               dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j];
           }
               dp[i][j] = max(dp[i-1][j], dp[i-1][j-
13
       items[i].first] + items[i].second);
14
          }
      }
15
16 }
```

String $\mathbf{2}$

Geometry 3

3.1Point Location

```
2 int32_t main(){
       sws;
       int t; cin >> t;
       while (t - -) {
           int x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3; cin >> x1 >> y1
      >> x2 >> y2 >> x3 >> y3;
1.0
           int deltax1 = (x1-x2), deltay1 = (y1-y2);
           int compx = (x1-x3), compy = (y1-y3);
13
14
           int ans = (deltax1*compy) - (compx*deltay1);
           if(ans == 0){cout << "TOUCH\n"; continue;}</pre>
           if(ans < 0){cout << "RIGHT\n"; continue;}</pre>
18
           if(ans > 0){cout << "LEFT\n"; continue;}</pre>
19
20
21
       return 0;
22 }
```

Convex Hull

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
3 using namespace std;
4 #define int long long
5 typedef int cod;
7 struct point
```

```
cod x,y;
      point(cod x = 0, cod y = 0): x(x), y(y)
       double modulo()
       {
           return sqrt(x*x + y*y);
      point operator+(point o)
           return point(x+o.x, y+o.y);
      point operator - (point o)
           return point(x - o.x , y - o.y);
      point operator*(cod t)
           return point(x*t, y*t);
      point operator/(cod t)
           return point(x/t, y/t);
       cod operator*(point o)
           return x*o.x + y*o.y;
      }
       cod operator^(point o)
           return x*o.y - y * o.x;
      }
      bool operator < (point o)</pre>
           if(x != o.x) return x < o.x;
           return y < o.y;</pre>
      }
49 };
int ccw(point p1, point p2, point p3)
52 {
       cod cross = (p2-p1) ^ (p3-p1);
       if(cross == 0) return 0;
      else if(cross < 0) return -1;</pre>
       else return 1;
59 vector <point> convex_hull(vector<point> p)
60 {
       sort(p.begin(), p.end());
      vector < point > L,U;
      //Lower
       for(auto pp : p)
           while(L.size() >= 2 and ccw(L[L.size() - 2],
      L.back(), pp) == -1)
               // Ãľ -1 pq eu nÃčo quero excluir os
       colineares
               L.pop_back();
           L.push_back(pp);
      reverse(p.begin(), p.end());
      //Upper
       for(auto pp : p)
```

g 10

11

12

14

16 17

18 19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

30

3.1

33

34

35

36

37

3.8

39

40

41 42

43 44

4.5

46

47 48

50

53

54

57 **}**

58

64

65

67

68

69

70

73 74

75

78

7.9

```
while (U.size() >= 2 \text{ and } ccw(U[U.size()-2], U_{17})
                                                                   11 tot_borda = pontos_borda(x1, y1, x2, y2) +
80
       .back(), pp) == -1)
                                                                    pontos_borda(x2, y2, x3, y3) + pontos_borda(x3,
8.1
           {
                                                                    y3, x1, y1);
                U.pop_back();
82
                                                             1.8
                                                                    11 ans = (area - tot_borda) / 2 + 1;
           U.push_back(pp);
                                                                    cout << ans << endl;</pre>
84
                                                             20
85
                                                             21
                                                                    return 0:
86
                                                             22
       L.pop_back();
                                                             23 }
87
       L.insert(L.end(), U.begin(), U.end()-1);
88
       return L:
89
                                                                     Inside Polygon
90 }
91
                                                             1 // Convex O(logn)
92 cod area(vector<point> v)
93 {
                                                              3 bool insideT(point a, point b, point c, point e){
       int ans = 0;
94
                                                                   int x = ccw(a, b, e);
95
       int aux = (int)v.size();
                                                             4
                                                                    int y = ccw(b, c, e);
       for(int i = 2; i < aux; i++)</pre>
96
                                                                   int z = ccw(c, a, e);
                                                                    return !((x==1 or y==1 or z==1) and (x==-1 or y
            ans += ((v[i] - v[0])^(v[i-1] - v[0]))/2;
98
                                                                    ==-1 or z==-1));
99
                                                             8 }
       ans = abs(ans);
100
       return ans;
                                                             10 bool inside(vp &p, point e){ // ccw
102 }
                                                                    int 1=2, r=(int)p.size()-1;
                                                             11
103
int bound(point p1 , point p2)
                                                             12
                                                                    while(1<r){
                                                                        int mid = (1+r)/2;
105 {
                                                                        if(ccw(p[0], p[mid], e) == 1)
       return __gcd(abs(p1.x-p2.x), abs(p1.y-p2.y));
106
107 }
                                                                            l = mid + 1;
                                                                        else{
108 //teorema de pick [pontos = A - (bound+points)/2 + 1] ^{16}
109
                                                                            r=mid;
110 int32_t main()
                                                             18
111 {
                                                             19
                                                                    }
                                                                    // bordo
                                                             2.0
                                                                    // if(r==(int)p.size()-1 and ccw(p[0], p[r], e)
       int n:
                                                             21
       cin >> n;
                                                                    ==0) return false;
114
                                                                    // if (r==2 and ccw(p[0], p[1], e)==0) return
                                                             22
115
       vector < point > v(n);
                                                                    false;
116
                                                                    // if(ccw(p[r], p[r-1], e)==0) return false;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                                                             23
117
                                                             24
                                                                    return insideT(p[0], p[r-1], p[r], e);
118
                                                            25 }
119
            cin >> v[i].x >> v[i].y;
                                                             26
120
                                                             27
       vector <point> ch = convex_hull(v);
                                                            28 // Any O(n)
       cout << ch.size() << '\n';</pre>
                                                             30 int inside(vp &p, point pp){
124
       for(auto p : ch) cout << p.x << " " << p.y << "\n31</pre>
                                                                   // 1 - inside / 0 - boundary / -1 - outside
                                                             32
                                                                    int n = p.size();
                                                                    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                             33
126
127
       return 0;
                                                             34
                                                                        int j = (i+1) %n;
                                                                        if(line({p[i], p[j]}).inside_seg(pp))
128 }
                                                             3.5
                                                             36
                                                                            return 0;
                                                                    }
                                                             3.7
       Lattice Points
                                                             38
                                                                    int inter = 0;
                                                             39
                                                                    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                                        int j = (i+1) %n;
                                                             40
 1 ll gcd(ll a, ll b) {
                                                                        if(p[i].x <= pp.x and pp.x < p[j].x and ccw(p</pre>
       return b == 0 ? a : gcd(b, a % b);
                                                                    [i], p[j], pp)==1)
 3 }
                                                                            inter++; // up
 _4 ll area_triangulo(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2, ll x3, ^{42}
                                                                        else if(p[j].x \le pp.x and pp.x \le p[i].x and
       11 v3) {
                                                                    ccw(p[i], p[j], pp) == -1)
       return abs(x1 * (y2 - y3) + x2 * (y3 - y1) + x3 *
                                                                            inter++; // down
        (y1 - y2));
                                                             45
 6 }
                                                             46
 7 ll pontos_borda(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2) {
                                                                    if(inter%2==0) return -1; // outside
                                                             47
       return gcd(abs(x2 - x1), abs(y2 - y1));
                                                                    else return 1; // inside
                                                            48
 9 }
                                                             49 }
10
11 int32_t main() {
       ll x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3;
                                                                     Graph
       cin >> x1 >> y1;
13
       cin >> x2 >> y2;
14
       cin >> x3 >> y3;
1.5
                                                                     _{
m Lca}
                                                               4.1
       11 area = area_triangulo(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3);
16
```

```
1 int LOG;
                                                                     else --c:
                                                          24
                                                                     if (rank[i] > rank[j]) swap(i, j);
                                                          25
3 int get_lca(int a, int b) {
                                                          26
                                                                     par[i] = j;
                                                                     sz[j] += sz[i];
      if(profundidade[b] > profundidade[a]) {
                                                          2.7
           swap(a, b);
                                                                     if (rank[i] == rank[j]) rank[j]++;
                                                                     return j;
                                                          29
      int k = profundidade[a] - profundidade[b]; //
                                                          30
      tanto que tenho que subir
                                                          31 };
      for (int j = LOG - 1; j >= 0; j --) {
                                                          32
          if((1 << j) & k) {
                                                          33 struct Edge {
              a = cima[a][i];
                                                                 int u, v, w;
10
                                                          34
                                                                 bool operator <(Edge const & other) {</pre>
                                                          35
      }
                                                          36
                                                                     return weight <other.weight;</pre>
      if(a == b) return a; // ja to no lca
                                                          37
13
14
                                                          38 }
      for (int j = LOG-1; j >= 0; j--) { // subo com os 39
15
       dois atÃl chegar no lca fazendo binary lifting
                                                          40 vector < Edge > kruskal(int n, vector < Edge > edges) {
          if(cima[a][j] != cima[b][j]) {
                                                                vector < Edge > mst;
16
                                                          41
               a = cima[a][j];
                                                                 DSU dsu = DSU(n + 1);
               b = cima[b][j];
                                                                 sort(edges.begin(), edges.end());
18
                                                          43
                                                                 for (Edge e : edges) {
                                                          44
19
      }
                                                                     if (dsu.find(e.u) != dsu.find(e.v)) {
20
                                                          45
      return cima[a][0];
                                                                          mst.push_back(e);
2.1
                                                          46
22 }
                                                                          dsu.join(e.u, e.v);
23
                                                          48
24 void dfs(int v, int p) {
                                                          49
      if(v != 1) profundidade[v] = profundidade[p] + 1;50
25
                                                                 return mst;
       cima[v][0] = p;
26
       for(int j = 1; j < LOG; j++) {
          if (cima[v][j-1] != -1) {
                                                             4.3 Topological Sort
28
29
              cima[v][j] = cima[cima[v][j-1]][j-1];
          } else {
3.0
                                                           vector < int > adj [MAXN];
               cima[v][j] = -1;
3.1
                                                           vector <int> estado(MAXN); // 0: nao visitado 1:
                                                                 processamento 2: processado
      }
33
                                                           3 vector < int > ordem;
      for(auto &nei : adj[v]) {
                                                           4 bool temCiclo = false;
          if(nei != p) {
3.5
36
              dfs(nei, v);
                                                           6 void dfs(int v) {
          }
37
                                                               if(estado[v] == 1) {
      }
38
                                                                     temCiclo = true;
                                                           8
39 }
                                                           9
                                                                     return:
                                                           10
41 while ((1 << LOG) <= n) LOG++;
                                                                 if(estado[v] == 2) return;
                                                          11
                                                          12
                                                                 estado[v] = 1;
  4.2 Kruskal
                                                                 for(auto &nei : adj[v]) {
                                                          13
                                                                     if(estado[v] != 2) dfs(nei);
_{1} // Ordena as arestas por peso, insere se ja nao
                                                          1.5
      estiver no mesmo componente
                                                                 estado[v] = 2;
2 // O(E log E)
                                                          17
                                                                 ordem.push_back(v);
                                                                 return;
4 struct DSU {
      vector < int > par, rank, sz;
                                                             4.4 Floyd Warshall
      DSU(int n) : par(n + 1), rank(n + 1, 0), sz(n +
                                                           _{\rm 1} // SSP e acha ciclos.
      1, 1), c(n) {
          for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) par[i] = i;
                                                           2 // Bom com constraints menores.
                                                           3 // O(n<sup>3</sup>)
      int find(int i) {
10
          return (par[i] == i ? i : (par[i] = find(par[ 5 int dist[501][501];
      i])));
                                                           7 void floydWarshall() {
12
                                                                for(int k = 0; k < n; k++) {</pre>
13
      bool same(int i, int j) {
          return find(i) == find(j);
                                                           q
                                                                     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14
      }
                                                                         for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
      int get_size(int i) {
                                                                              dist[i][j] = min(dist[i][j], dist[i][
16
                                                                 k] + dist[k][j]);
17
          return sz[find(i)];
                                                                         }
18
                                                                     }
      int count() {
19
                                                           13
          return c; // quantos componentes conexos
                                                                 }
                                                          15
21
      int merge(int i, int j) {
                                                          16 void solve() {
           if ((i = find(i)) == (j = find(j))) return
23
                                                          17
                                                               int m, q;
                                                                 cin >> n >> m >> q;
                                                          18
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
19
20
           for(int j = i; j < n; j++) {
               if(i == j) {
21
                   dist[i][j] = dist[j][i] = 0;
               } else {
                    dist[i][j] = dist[j][i] = linf;
24
           }
26
       for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
29
           int u, v, w;
           cin >> u >> v >> w; u--; v--;
           dist[u][v] = min(dist[u][v], w);
3.1
           dist[v][u] = min(dist[v][u], w);
33
      floydWarshall();
34
35
       while (q - -) {
36
           int u, v;
           cin >> u >> v; u--; v--;
           if(dist[u][v] == linf) cout << -1 << '\n';</pre>
38
           else cout << dist[u][v] << '\n';</pre>
39
40
41 }
```

4.5 Bellman Ford

```
struct Edge {
      int u, v, w;
3 };
_{5} // se x = -1, nÃčo tem ciclo
_{6} // se x != -1, pegar pais de x pra formar o ciclo
8 int n, m;
9 vector < Edge > edges;
vector < int > dist(n);
vector < int > pai(n, -1);
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
1.3
          x = -1;
14
           for (Edge &e : edges) {
15
               if (dist[e.u] + e.w < dist[e.v]) {</pre>
16
      ):
18
                   pai[e.v] = e.u;
                   x = e.v;
19
20
          }
24 // achando caminho (se precisar)
25 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) x = pai[x];
27 vector < int > ciclo;
28 for (int v = x;; v = pai[v]) {
      cycle.push_back(v);
29
      if (v == x && ciclo.size() > 1) break;
31 }
32 reverse(ciclo.begin(), ciclo.end());
  4.6 Dfs
1 int dfs(int x, int p) {
```

4.7 Dijkstra

}

}

for (auto e : adj[x]) { if (e != p) {

dfs(e, x);

```
1 // SSP com pesos positivos.
 _{2} // O((V + E) log V).
 4 vector<int> dijkstra(int S) {
      vector < bool > vis(MAXN, 0);
       vector<ll> dist(MAXN, LLONG_MAX);
       dist[S] = 0;
       priority_queue < pii , vector < pii > , greater < pii >> pq
       pq.push({0, S});
       while(pq.size()) {
 10
            11 v = pq.top().second;
 12
            pq.pop();
            if(vis[v]) continue;
 13
 14
            vis[v] = 1;
            for(auto &[peso, vizinho] : adj[v]) {
 15
                if(dist[vizinho] > dist[v] + peso) {
                    dist[vizinho] = dist[v] + peso;
                    pq.push({dist[vizinho], vizinho});
 19
            }
 20
       }
 21
       return dist;
 22
 23 }
```

Math 5

5.1 Crivo

```
1 // O(n*log(log(n)))
2 bool composto[MAX]
3 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
4
     if(composto[i]) continue;
     for(int j = 2*i; j <= n; j += i)
5
          composto[j] = 1;
7 }
 5.2 Exgcd
```

```
1 // O retorno da funcao eh {n, m, g}
                                     2 // e significa que gcd(a, b) = g e
dist[e.v] = max(-INF, dist[e.u] + e.w 3 // n e m sao inteiros tais que an + bm = g
                                      4 array<11, 3> exgcd(int a, int b) {
                                      5 if(b == 0) return {1, 0, a};
                                           auto [m, n, g] = exgcd(b, a % b);
                                           return {n, m - a / b * n, g};
```

5.3 Fexp

```
1 // a^e mod m
2 // O(log n)
 4 ll fexp(ll a, ll e, ll m) {
       a %= m;
      ll ans = 1;
      while (e > 0){
          if (e & 1) ans = ansa % m;
           a = aa % m;
 9
           e /= 2;
10
       }
11
12
       return ans%m;
13 }
```

Equacao Diofantina

```
1 // resolve equacao ax + by = c
2 // retorno {existe sol., x, y, g}
_{\mbox{\scriptsize 3}} array<ll, 4> find_any_solution(ll a, ll b, ll c) {
      auto[x, y, g] = exgcd(a, b);
      if (c % g) return {false, 0, 0, 0};
      x *= c / g;
```

```
y *= c / g;
                                                            3
                                                                  int c;
      return {true, x, y, g};
                                                            4
                                                                  DSU(int n) : par(n + 1), rank(n + 1, 0), sz(n +
9 }
                                                                  1, 1), c(n) {
                                                                       for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) par[i] = i;
       DS
                                                                   int find(int i) {
                                                            7
                                                                       return (par[i] == i ? i : (par[i] = find(par[
  6.1 Ordered Set E Map
                                                                  i]))):
                                                                  bool same(int i, int j) {
                                                            10
                                                                      return find(i) == find(j);
                                                            11
2 #include < ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
                                                            12
#include < ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
                                                                  int get_size(int i) {
                                                            13
4 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
                                                                       return sz[find(i)];
                                                            14
5 using namespace std;
                                                                  }
                                                            15
                                                                   int count() {
_{7} template < typename T> using ordered_multiset = tree < T, ^{16}
                                                                       return c; // quantos componentes conexos
       null_type, less_equal <T>, rb_tree_tag,
                                                           1.8
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
                                                                   int merge(int i, int j) {
s template <typename T> using o_set = tree<T, null_type ^{19}
                                                                       if ((i = find(i)) == (j = find(j))) return
       , less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
_{9} template <typename T, typename R> using o_map = tree< ^{21}
                                                                       if (rank[i] > rank[j]) swap(i, j);
                                                           22
      T, R, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
                                                                       par[i] = j;
      tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
                                                                       sz[j] += sz[i];
                                                           24
                                                            25
                                                                       if (rank[i] == rank[j]) rank[j]++;
11 int main() {
                                                           26
                                                                       return j;
   int i, j, k, n, m;
                                                           27
   o_set<int>st;
1.3
                                                            28 };
    st.insert(1);
14
    st.insert(2);
15
                                                              6.4 Segtree Sum
    cout << *st.find_by_order(0) << endl; /// k-esimo</pre>
16
                                                            1 struct SegTree {
    cout << st.order_of_key(2) << endl; ///numero de</pre>
17
                                                                 11 merge(ll a, ll b) { return a + b; }
      elementos menores que k
                                                                  const ll neutral = 0;
    o_map < int , int > mp;
                                                                  int n;
    mp.insert({1, 10});
19
                                                                  vector<ll> t, lazy;
    mp.insert({2, 20});
    cout << mp.find_by_order(0)->second << endl; /// k \,\text{--}\,^6
                                                                  vector < bool > replace;
21
                                                                  inline int lc(int p) { return p * 2; }
      esimo elemento
                                                                  inline int rc(int p) { return p * 2 + 1; }
    cout << mp.order_of_key(2) << endl; /// numero de</pre>
                                                            9
                                                                  void push(int p, int 1, int r) {
      elementos (chave) menores que k
                                                                       if (replace[p]) {
                                                            10
    return 0;
                                                                           t[p] = lazy[p] * (r - 1 + 1);
24 }
                                                                           if (1 != r) {
                                                            12
  6.2 Psum 2d
                                                                               lazy[lc(p)] = lazy[p];
                                                                               lazy[rc(p)] = lazy[p];
                                                            14
                                                                                replace[lc(p)] = true;
1 // entrada: matrix com ponto e X
                                                                               replace[rc(p)] = true;
_{2} // saber em O(1) quantidade de X em um retangulo
                                                                       } else if (lazy[p] != 0) {
4 vector < vector < int >> v(n+1, vector < int > (n+1, 0));
                                                                           t[p] += lazy[p] * (r - l + 1);
                                                            19
                                                                           if (1 != r) {
6 for (int i=1; i<n+1; i++){</pre>
                                                                               lazy[lc(p)] += lazy[p];
                                                            21
      for (int j=1; j<n+1; j++){</pre>
                                                                               lazy[rc(p)] += lazy[p];
           char x; cin >> x;
           if (x == 'X') v[i][j] += 1 + v[i][j-1] + v[i]_{24}
      -1][i] - v[i-1][i-1];
                                                                       replace[p] = false;
           else v[i][j] = v[i][j-1] + v[i-1][j] - v[i
                                                            26
                                                                       lazy[p] = 0;
       -1][j-1];
                                                            27
                                                                  void build(int p, int 1, int r, const vector<11>
                                                            28
12 }
                                                                  &v) {
                                                                       if (1 == r) {
14 // Pegar retÃćngulo (x, y) - (z, w)
                                                                           t[p] = v[1];
                                                           3.0
_{15} // ponto superior esquerdo e inferior direito
                                                                       } else {
                                                                           int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
17 cin \rightarrow x \rightarrow y \rightarrow z \rightarrow w;
                                                                           build(lc(p), l, mid, v);
build(rc(p), mid + 1, r, v);
18 cout << v[z][w] - v[x-1][w] - v[z][y-1] + v[x-1][y-1] 34
       << endl:
                                                            35
                                                                           t[p] = merge(t[lc(p)], t[rc(p)]);
  6.3 Dsu
                                                            37
                                                                   void build(int _n) {
                                                            38
1 struct DSU {
                                                            3.9
                                                                       n = _n;
      vector < int > par, rank, sz;
                                                                       t.assign(n * 4, neutral);
                                                            40
```

```
lazy.assign(n * 4, 0);
41
                                                          26
          replace.assign(n * 4, false);
                                                          27
                                                                 int range_query(int 1, int r) {
42
                                                                      return sum(r) - sum(l - 1);
43
                                                          28
      void build(const vector<11> &v) {
                                                          29
44
          n = (int)v.size();
                                                          30 };
          t.assign(n * 4, neutral);
46
                                                          31
          lazy.assign(n * 4, 0);
                                                          32 BIT fenwick(n);
          replace.assign(n * 4, false);
                                                          33 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
48
          build(1, 0, n - 1, v);
                                                          34
                                                                 fenwick.update(i, arr[i]);
49
                                                          35 }
50
      void build(l1 *bg, l1 *en) {
51
                                                             6.6 Segtree Gcd
          build(vector<ll>(bg, en));
53
      11 query(int p, int 1, int r, int L, int R) {
54
                                                           int gcd(int a, int b) {
5.5
          push(p, 1, r);
                                                                 if (b == 0)
                                                           2
           if (1 > R | | r < L) return neutral;</pre>
56
                                                                     return a;
57
           if (1 >= L && r <= R) return t[p];</pre>
                                                                 return gcd(b, a % b);
                                                           4
           int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                           5 }
           auto ql = query(lc(p), l, mid, L, R);
           auto qr = query(rc(p), mid + 1, r, L, R);
60
                                                           7 class SegmentTreeGCD {
           return merge(ql, qr);
61
                                                           8 private:
62
                                                                 vector < int > tree;
                                                           9
      ll query(int l, int r) { return query(1, 0, n -
63
      1, 1, r); }
      void update(int p, int l, int r, int L, int R, 11_{12}
64
                                                                 void build(const vector<int>& arr, int node, int
       val, bool repl = 0) {
                                                                 start, int end) {
6.5
          push(p, 1, r);
                                                                     if (start == end) {
                                                           13
           if (1 > R || r < L) return;
66
                                                                          tree[node] = arr[start];
                                                           14
           if (1 >= L && r <= R) {
                                                                      } else {
                                                          15
               lazy[p] = val;
68
                                                                          int mid = (start + end) / 2;
               replace[p] = repl;
                                                           1.7
                                                                          build(arr, 2 * node + 1, start, mid);
               push(p, 1, r);
7.0
                                                                          build(arr, 2 * node + 2, mid + 1, end);
                                                           18
          } else {
                                                                          tree[node] = gcd(tree[2 * node + 1], tree
               int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                                 [2 * node + 2]);
               update(lc(p), l, mid, L, R, val, repl); _{20}
73
                                                                     }
               update(rc(p), mid + 1, r, L, R, val, repl_{21}
      ):
               t[p] = merge(t[lc(p)], t[rc(p)]);
                                                                 void update(int node, int start, int end, int idx
          }
76
                                                                  , int value) {
      }
                                                                     if (start == end) {
       void sumUpdate(int 1, int r, 11 val) { update(1, _{25}
                                                                          tree[node] = value;
      0, n - 1, l, r, val, 0); }
                                                                      } else {
       void assignUpdate(int 1, int r, 11 val) { update _{27}
                                                                          int mid = (start + end) / 2;
      (1, 0, n - 1, 1, r, val, 1); }
                                                                          if (idx <= mid) {</pre>
                                                           28
80 } segsum;
                                                           29
                                                                              update(2 * node + 1, start, mid, idx,
                                                                  value);
  6.5 Bit
                                                           30
                                                                          } else {
                                                                              update(2 * node + 2, mid + 1, end,
                                                           3.1
1 class BIT {
                                                                 idx, value);
      vector<int> bit;
                                                           32
      int n;
                                                                          tree[node] = gcd(tree[2 * node + 1], tree
                                                           33
      int sum(int idx) {
                                                                  [2 * node + 2]);
          int result = 0:
                                                                     }
                                                          34
           while (idx > 0) {
                                                          35
               result += bit[idx];
                                                          36
                                                                 int query(int node, int start, int end, int 1,
               idx -= idx & -idx;
                                                          37
                                                                 int r) {
                                                                      if (r < start || 1 > end) {
10
           return result;
                                                          3.8
      }
                                                                          return 0;
                                                           39
12
                                                           40
13 public:
                                                                      if (1 <= start && end <= r) {</pre>
                                                           41
      BIT(int size) {
14
                                                           42
                                                                          return tree[node];
          n = size;
15
                                                           43
          bit.assign(n + 1, 0); // BIT indexada em 1
                                                                      int mid = (start + end) / 2;
                                                                      int left_gcd = query(2 * node + 1, start, mid
1.7
                                                           45
       void update(int idx, int delta) {
18
                                                                  , 1, r);
           while (idx <= n) {
19
                                                                     int right_gcd = query(2 * node + 2, mid + 1,
               bit[idx] += delta;
                                                                 end, 1, r);
20
               idx += idx & -idx;
                                                                      return gcd(left_gcd, right_gcd);
                                                           47
          }
22
                                                           48
      }
      int query(int idx) {
                                                           50 public:
24
          return sum(idx);
                                                                 SegmentTreeGCD(const vector<int>& arr) {
                                                           51
25
```

) {

fila.push(vizinho);

```
visited.insert(vizinho)
           n = arr.size():
52
                                                           2.3
           tree.resize(4 * n);
                                                           24
                                                                          }
           build(arr, 0, 0, n - 1);
                                                                      }
5.4
                                                           25
                                                           26
                                                                  }
       void update(int idx, int value) {
                                                           27 }
           update(0, 0, n - 1, idx, value);
57
                                                                   Primitives
                                                              8
      int query(int 1, int r) {
59
           return query(0, 0, n - 1, 1, r);
60
61
                                                              9
                                                                   General
62 }:
                                                              9.1
                                                                    Struct
  7
       Search
                                                            1 struct Pessoa{
  7.1
       \mathbf{Dfs}
                                                                 // Atributos
                                                                  string nome;
1 // Printa os nÃşs na ordem em que sÃčo visitados
                                                                  int idade;
2 // Explora os nÃşs em profundidade
3 // Complexidade: O(V+A) V = v\tilde{A}lrtices e A = arestas
                                                                  // Comparador
4 // EspaÃğo: O(V)
                                                                  bool operator < (const Pessoa& other) const{</pre>
5 // Uso: explorar caminhos e backtracking
                                                                      if(idade != other.idade) return idade > other
                                                                  .idade;
void dfs(vector<vector<int>>& grafo, int inicio){
                                                                      else return nome > other.nome;
                                                            9
      set <int> visited;
                                                           10
      stack < int > pilha;
                                                           11 }
10
      pilha.push(inicio);
                                                              9.2
                                                                   Bitwise
12
13
      while(!pilha.empty()){
                                                            int check_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
           int cur = pilha.top();
14
                                                               return (x >> k) & 1;
           pilha.pop();
15
                                                            3 }
16
           if(visited.find(cur) == visited.end()){
                                                            5 void print_on_bits(int x) {
               cout << cur << " ";
1.8
                                                              for (int k = 0; k < 32; k++) {
               visited.insert(cur);
19
                                                                 if (check_kth_bit(x, k)) {
                                                                    cout << k << ' ';
               for(int vizinho: grafo[cur]){
21
                    if(visited.find(vizinho) == visited.
                                                           10 }
      end()){
                                                                cout << '\n';
                                                           11
                       pilha.push(vizinho);
                                                           12 }
                   }
24
                                                           13
               }
25
                                                           14 int count_on_bits(int x) {
           }
26
                                                               int ans = 0;
                                                           1.5
      }
27
                                                                for (int k = 0; k < 32; k++) {</pre>
28 }
                                                                 if (check_kth_bit(x, k)) {
                                                           17
                                                           18
                                                                    ans++;
       \operatorname{Bfs}
                                                                  }
                                                           19
                                                               }
                                                           2.0
1 // Printa os nÃşs na ordem em que sÃčo visitados
                                                           21
                                                                return ans;
2 // Explora os nÃşs em largura (camadas)
                                                           22 }
_3 // Complexidade: O(V+A) V = vÃľrtices e A = arestas
                                                           23
4 // EspaÃğo: O(V)
                                                           24 bool is_even(int x) {
5 // Uso: busca pelo caminho mais curto
                                                               return ((x & 1) == 0);
                                                           25
                                                           26 }
void bfs(vector<vector<int>>&grafo, int inicio){
                                                           27
      set < int > visited;
                                                           28 int set_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
      queue < int > fila;
                                                               return x | (1 << k);
                                                           29
10
                                                           30 }
      fila.push(inicio);
                                                           31
      visited.insert(inicio);
12
                                                           32 int unset_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
                                                               return x & (~(1 << k));
13
                                                           33
      while(!fila.empty()){
                                                           34 }
14
           int cur = fila.front();
16
           fila.pop();
                                                           36 int toggle_kth_bit(int x, int k) {
                                                               return x ^ (1 << k);
                                                           37
           cout << cur << " "; // printa o nÃş atual
                                                           38 }
19
                                                           39
           for(int vizinho: grafo[cur]){
                                                           40 bool check_power_of_2(int x) {
               if(visited.find(vizinho) == visited.end()<sub>41</sub> return count_on_bits(x) == 1;
21
```