Image filtering INF560

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Defense organization

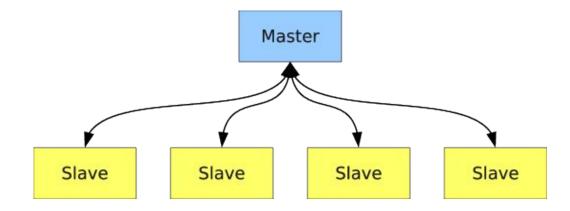
- I. Parallelism approaches and choices
- II. Algorithms
- III. Experimental evaluations

Parallelism approaches and choices

Pure MPI version

1. Master node is a scheduler

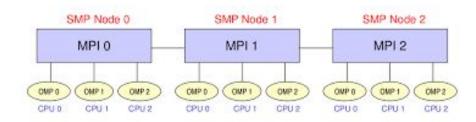
2. Slaves process images



MPI + OpenMP version

I. Each process has its own threadpool

II. OpenMP threads in filters



MPI "striping" mode

- I. Use of all available resources
- II. Each image is divided in stripes
- III. Synchronization of neighbouring stripes
- IV. Decision policy for MPI: striping or legacy

I/O optimization

I. Reduce abundant network communications

II. Loading and storing of pixels done by slaves

CUDA implementation

I. Reduce the computation time of blur filter

II. CUDA streams for asynchronous kernel calls

III. Multi-block reduction technique for "end" variable

Algorithms

Legacy MPI

```
def master():
     for i in range(1, world_size - 1):
             Irecv(signal[i], i, req[i])
     while processed_images < N:</pre>
             i = Waitany(req)
             if signal[i] >= 0:
                     processed[i] = True
                     processed_images += 1
             if sent_images < N:</pre>
                     Send(sent_images, i)
                     Irecv(signal[i], i, req[i])
                     sent_images += 1
             else:
                     Send(-1, i)
                     req[i] = MPI_REQUEST_NULL
     for i in range(1, world_size - 1):
             if req[i] != MPI_REQUEST_NULL:
                     Wait(reg[i])
                     Send(-1, i)
```

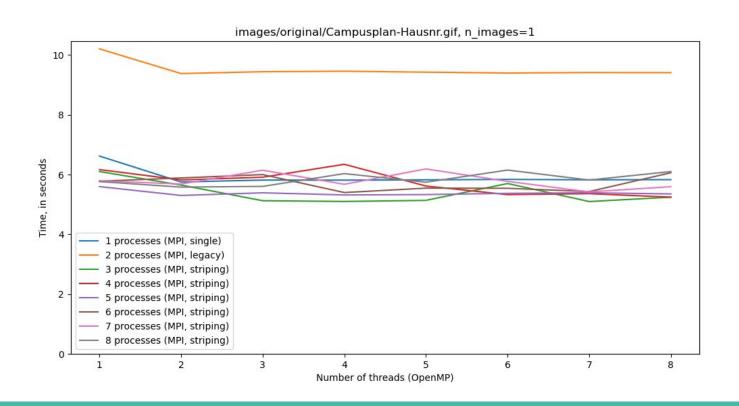
```
def slave():
     Send(-1, 0)
     while True:
             i = Recv(0)
            if i < 0:
                    break
             process(i)
             Send(i, 0)
```

Striping MPI

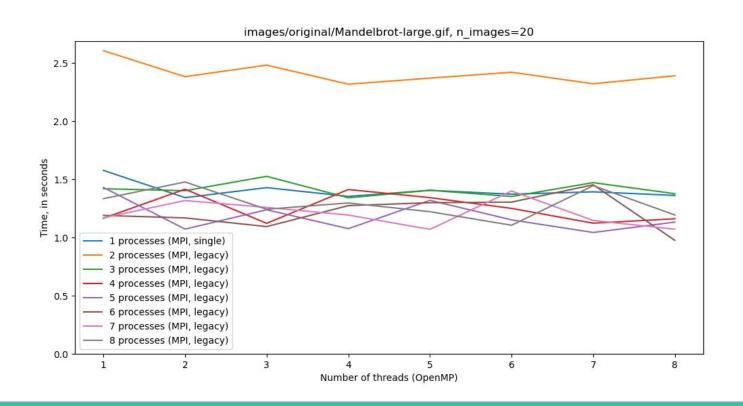
```
typedef struct {
                                      def blur_filter():
                                          while True:
   int min_row;
                                              end = 1
   int max_row;
                                              if not s_info.single_mode:
                                                   synchronize_rows(s_info)
   int single_mode;
   int top_neighbour_id;
                                              # OpenMP stuff, setting up 'end'
   int bottom_neighbour_id;
                                              if not s_info.single_mode:
   int stripe_count;
                                                   end = synchronize_bool_and(
striping_info;
                                                               s_info, end)
```

Experimental evaluations

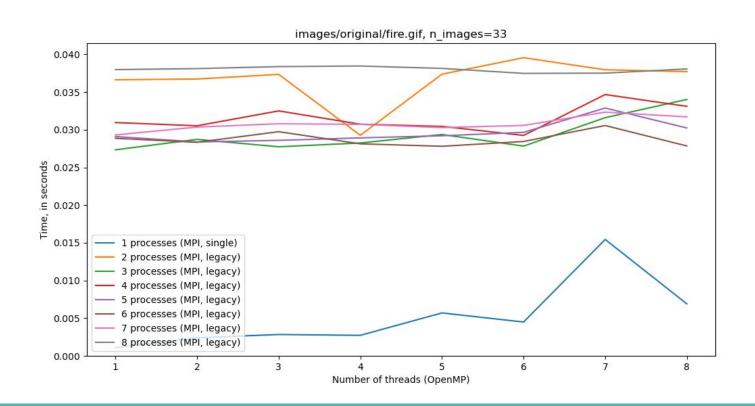
Before IO optimization



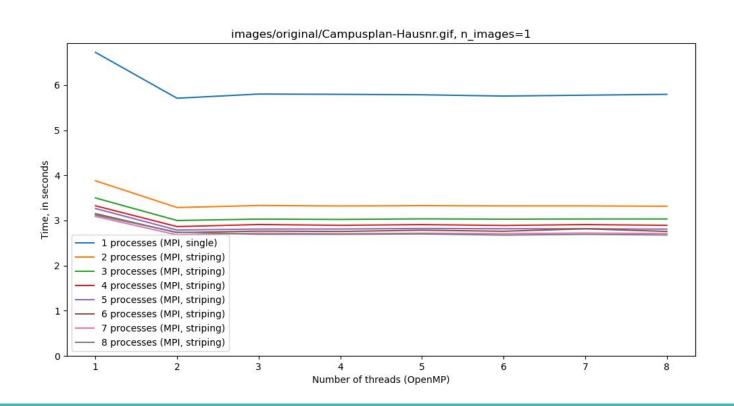
Before IO optimization



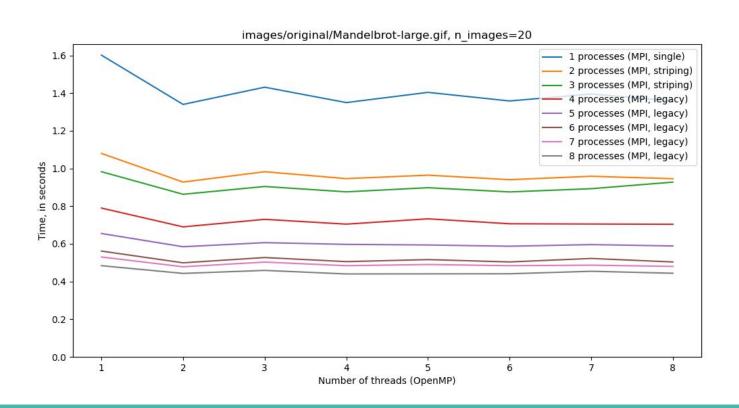
Before IO optimization



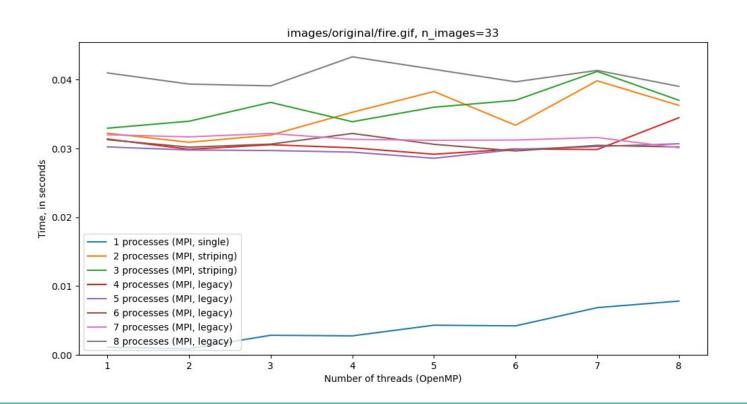
After IO optimization



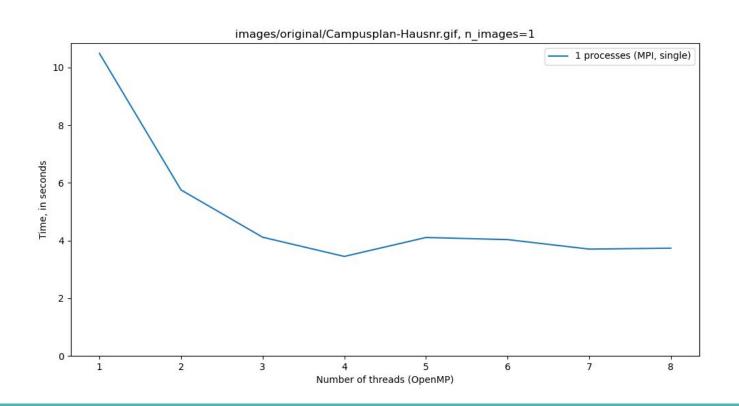
After IO optimization



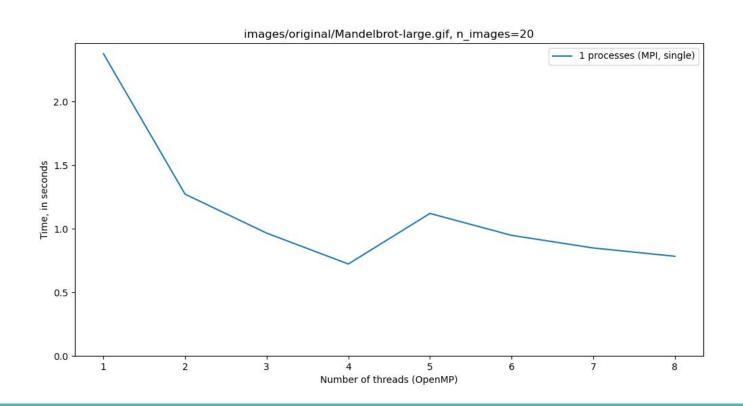
After IO optimization



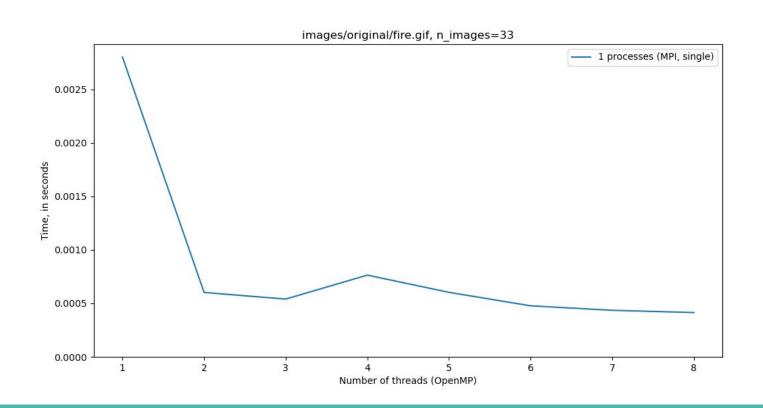
Multithreading



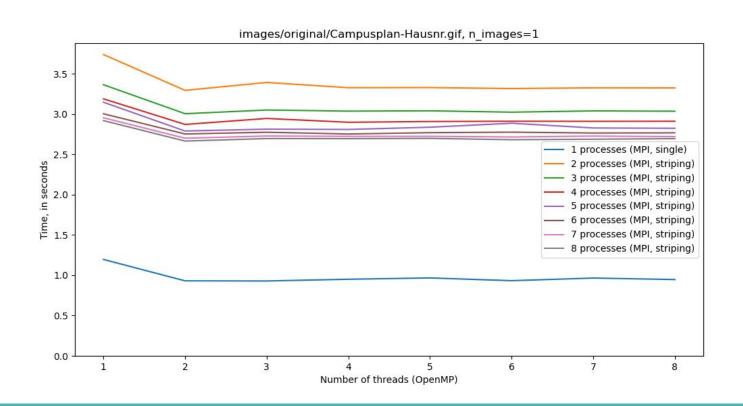
Multithreading



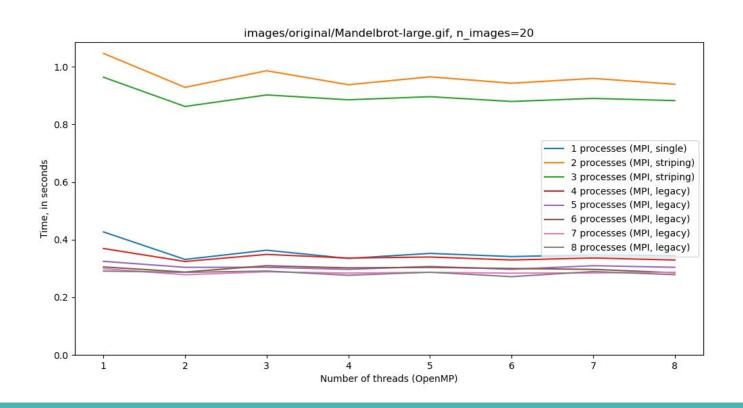
Multithreading



CUDA



CUDA



CUDA

