



# Re-Livestock

RESILIENT FARMING SYSTEMS

## Discussion: Estimation of genetic parameters for methane emissions



*Birgit Gredler-Grandl, Coralía Manzanilla-Pech, Ester Teran and Oscar González-Recio*



WAGENINGEN  
UNIVERSITY & RESEARCH



Zaragoza, February 26<sup>th</sup>, 2025



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## Examples of variance components for methane traits: Relivestock

*Birgit Gredler-Grandl, Coralía Manzanilla-Pech, Ester Teran and Oscar González-Recio*



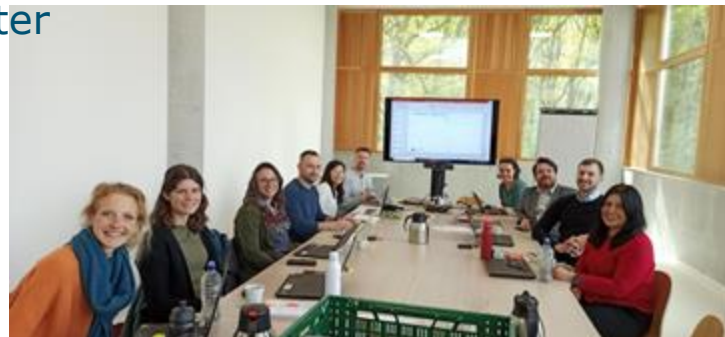
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# Standardizing the phenotype

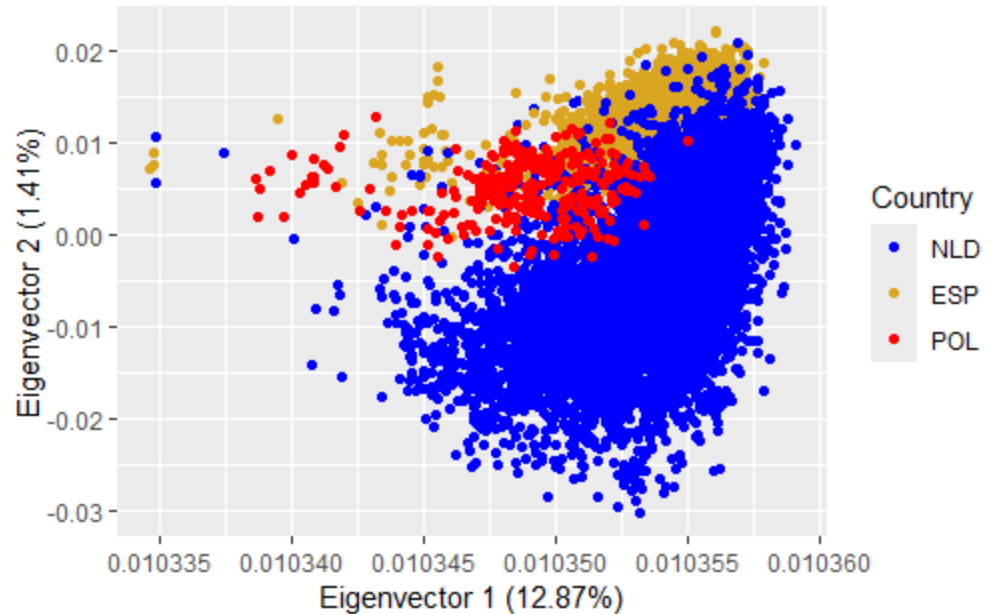
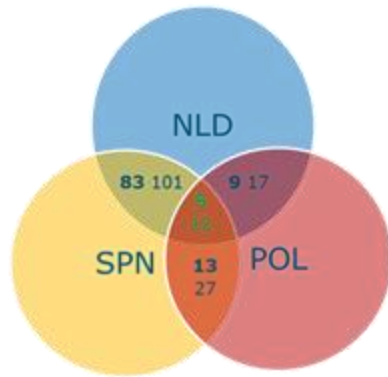
- Weekly records, no correction diurnal variation
- Minimum number of visits per week = 5
- Average all visits within a calendar week R lubridate (epidemiological week)  $\text{epiyear}(x) + \text{epiweek}(x)$
- Background correction within visit: average 5 lowest measurements per visit
- Duration of visit: each partners keeps own filter
- Max duration: 5min
- Lactation grouping 1,2,3+
- Lactation stage: 3 levels in Spain:
  - 0-90,91-150,151-365
  - DIM max 365 days



# Methane phenotypes

- METHANE CONCENTRATION**
1. **conc** Average *methane concentration* per visit (ppm)
  2. **#peaks** *Number of methane peaks* per minute
  3. **Sumpeaks** Sum of 2 maximum values within each peak
  4. **CO2 conc** Average *carbon dioxide concentration* per visit (ppm)
  5. **ratio** between *methane* and *carbon dioxide* concentration
- METHANE PRODUCTION**  
(g/d)
6. **Madsen** Based on Madsen et al. 2010 equation
  7. **Chagunda** Based on Chagunda et al. 2009 equation
  8. **Kjeldsen** Based on Kjeldsen et al. 2024 equation2
  9. **Kjeldsen** Based on Kjelsen et al. 2024 equation3
  10. **Tier2** Based on Tier2 (IPCC) equation

# Pedigree and Genotypes per country



# Averages and standard deviations

Phenotypes		Pooled dataset	Netherlands	Spain	Poland
		Average (SD)			
CH <sub>4</sub> concentration	average	397.1 (181.4)	388.1 (167.8)	377.0 (186.2)	534.9 (142.2)
	#peaks	1.4(0.5)	1.5 (0.4)	0.57 (0.1)	1.00 (0.1)
	speaks	902.6 (471.4)	931.3 (442.0)	464.8 (318.9)	716.8 (210.1)
CO <sub>2</sub> concentration	average	5543.0 (1844.0)	5637.0 (1812.0)	5115.0 (1736.0)	7037.0 (1707.0)
Ratio*	CH <sub>4</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub>	0.07 (0.02)	0.07 (0.02)	0.07 (0.02)	0.08 (0.01)
CH <sub>4</sub> production	Madsen	311.9 (122.9)	296.4 (131.9)	344.3 (102.0)	379.4 (94.6)
	Chagunda	139.5 (103.2)	180.9 (97.2)	65.2 (45.0)	94.3 (31.3)
	Kjeldsen2	299.3 (117.8)	309.3 (135.1)	287.8 (84.9)	354.2 (62.4)
	Kjeldsen3	321.7 (127.0)	318.5 (128.8)	356.5 (103.4)	358.3 (61.5)
	Tier2	402.6 (89.31)	356.7 (68.8)	468.7 (77.3)	334.5 (54.7)
CH <sub>4</sub> Intensity**	CH <sub>4</sub> /MY	9.9 (4.7)	9.9 (4.8)	9.2 (3.3)	10.5 (2.8)

Variation between the phenotypes' averages



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Variation between the phenotypes' averages



# Genetic correlations between countries

Phenotype		Netherlands-Spain	Netherlands-Poland	Spain-Poland
		Genetic correlations		
CH <sub>4</sub> concentration	average	0.53 (0.14)	0.67 (0.20)	0.56 (0.28)
	#peaks	-0.52 (0.07)	0.99 (0.25)	0.18 (0.27)
	speaks	-0.34 (0.12)	0.74 (0.16)	0.10 (0.27)
CO <sub>2</sub> concentration	average	0.82 (0.91)	0.86 (0.28)	0.99 (1.00)
Ratio*	CH <sub>4</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub>	0.50 (0.17)	0.34 (0.22)	0.48 (0.46)
CH <sub>4</sub> production	Madsen	0.98 (0.72)	0.30 (0.81)	0.48 (0.46)
	Chagunda	0.17 (0.24)	0.35 (0.33)	-0.28 (0.31)
	Kjeldsen2	0.47 (0.19)	0.22 (0.22)	0.80 (0.36)
	Kjeldsen3	0.47 (0.19)	0.29 (0.22)	0.84 (0.35)
	Tier2	0.73 (0.29)	0.57 (0.42)	0.36 (0.42)
CH <sub>4</sub> Intensity**	CH <sub>4</sub> /MY	0.69 (0.17)	0.81 (0.23)	0.88 (0.41)

0.53-0.66  $r_a$  between countries for CH<sub>4</sub> conc

High  $r_a$  for CO<sub>2</sub> conc

Moderate to high  $r_a$  for some Methane Production

High  $r_a$  for Methane Intensity



# Genetic correlations with CH<sub>4</sub> concentration average

Phenotype		Pooled database	Netherlands	Spain	Poland
		Genetic correlations with CH <sub>4</sub> average			
CH <sub>4</sub> concentration	#peaks	0.32 (0.04)	0.74 (0.05)	0.72 (0.22)	0.80 (0.31)
	speaks	0.78 (0.02)	0.76 (0.03)	0.73 (0.07)	0.99 (0.03)
CO <sub>2</sub> concentration Ratio*	average	0.82 (0.03)	0.82 (0.03)	0.78 (0.19)	0.85 (0.07)
	CH <sub>4</sub> /CO <sub>2</sub>	-0.10 (0.08)	0.86 (0.03)	0.38 (0.66)	-0.03 (0.67)
CH <sub>4</sub> production	Madsen	0.47 (0.10)	0.65 (0.13)	0.94 (0.08)	0.43 (0.24)
	Chagunda	0.74 (0.05)	0.70 (0.08)	0.95 (0.05)	0.58 (0.12)
	Kjeldsen2	0.77 (0.07)	0.81 (0.10)	0.99 (0.07)	0.70 (0.14)
	Kjeldsen3	0.84 (0.03)	0.85 (0.03)	0.99 (0.06)	0.80 (0.12)
	Tier2	-0.02 (0.11)	-0.16 (0.12)	0.38 (0.20)	-0.03 (0.24)
CH <sub>4</sub> Intensity**	CH <sub>4</sub> /MY	0.70 (0.05)	0.62 (0.08)	0.38 (0.59)	0.43 (0.52)

Moderate to high  $r_a$  with num peaks and sum of max peaks

High  $r_a$  with CO<sub>2</sub> conc

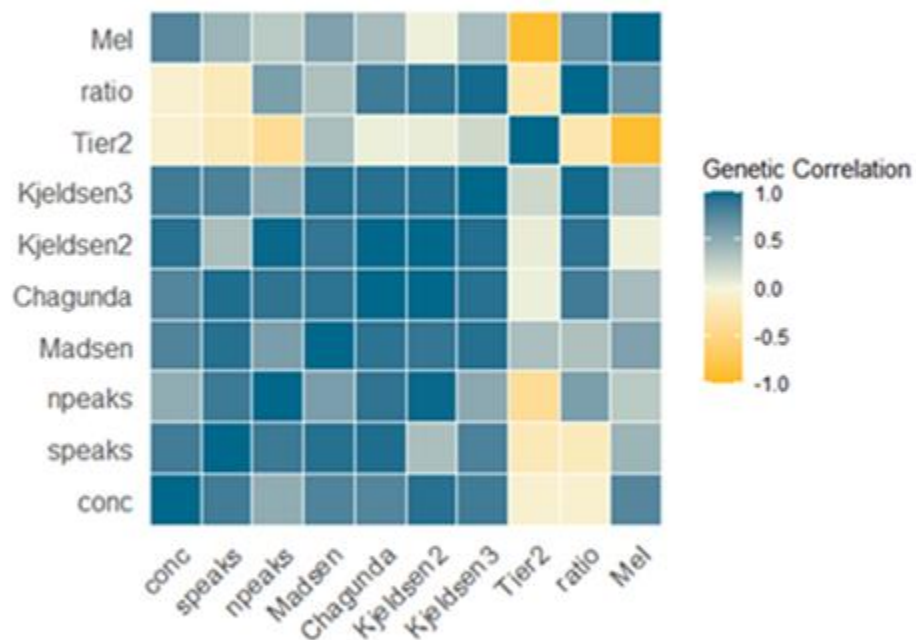
High  $r_a$  with ratio (NL)

High correlation with all Methane Production phenotypes except Tier2

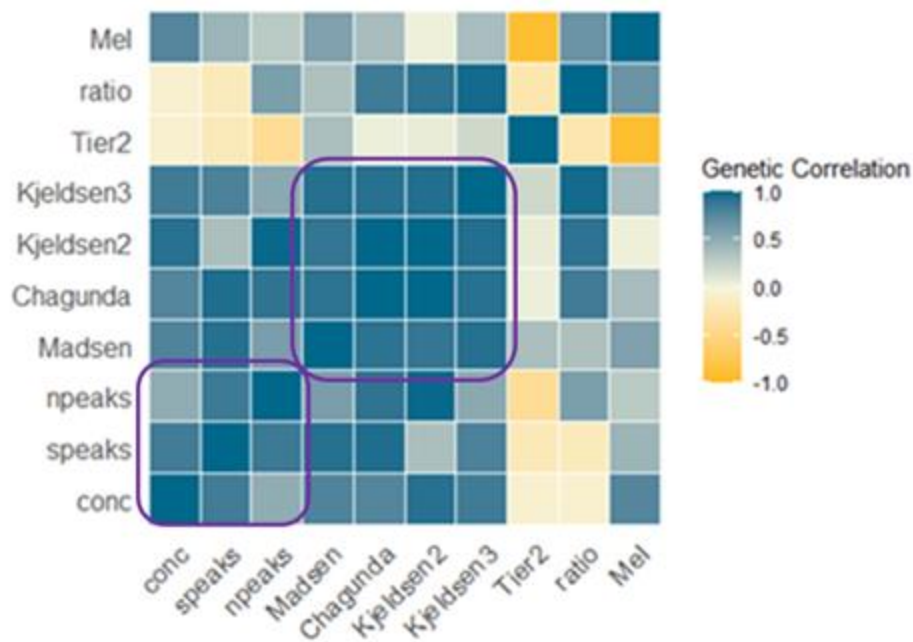
Moderate correlation with Methane Intensity



# Genetic correlations all phenotypes for Netherlands



# Genetic correlations all phenotypes for Netherlands





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## Examples of variance components for methane traits



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# Heritabilities

Trait	$h^2$	$r^2$
Mean CH4 (ppm)	0.08 (0.05-0.11)	0.54 (0.52;0.56)
Mean CH4 5 s(ppm)	0.08 (0.05-0.11)	0.54 (0.53;0.56)
Sum of peaks CH4 (ppm)	0.09 (0.06;0.12)	0.55 (0.53;0.57)
Sum of peaks CH4 5s (ppm)	0.10 (0.06;0.13)	0.55 (0.53;0.57)
Sum of max peaks (ppm)	0.08 (0.05;0.11)	0.52 (0.50;0.54)
AUC CH4 (ppm)	0.10 (0.07;0.13)	0.55 (0.53;0.57)
CO <sub>2</sub> (ppm)	0.02 (0.004;0.04)	0.58 (0.56;0.60)
CO <sub>2</sub> (L/d)*	0.02 (0.004;0.05)	0.61 (0.59;0.63)
Ratio CH4/CO <sub>2</sub>	0.10 (0.05;0.16)	0.42 (0.39;0.45)
MeP (g/d) (Madsen eq)	0.12 (0.06;0.17)	0.51 (0.48;0.54)
MeP (g/d)*	0.10 (0.04;0.15)	0.55 (0.53;0.58)



Larger heritabilities with multicountry analyses

# Results: Genetic correlations between methane traits

Traits	Mean CH <sub>4</sub>	MeP (g/d)*	Sum of peaks CH <sub>4</sub>	Sum of max peaks	AUC CH <sub>4</sub>
Mean CH <sub>4</sub>	0.08	0.99	0.82 (0.74;0.90)	0.77 (0.67;0.85)	0.83 (0.74;0.89)
MeP (g/d)*		0.10	-	-	-
Sum of peaks CH <sub>4</sub>			0.09	0.99	0.99
Sum of max peaks				0.08	0.99
AUC CH <sub>4</sub>					0.10

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# METHANE ARTICLES... AND MANY MORE

<http://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31640130/>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22612952/>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/32580811/>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030212002925>

<https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/animal/article/review-selecting-for-improved-feed-efficiency-and-reduced-methane-emissions-in-dairy-cattle/684C3B9F1E62559508DCD241D3FE81DF>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S002203022100597X>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1751731120001561>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168169918306124>

<https://doi.org/10.3390/ani9080563>

<https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/genetics/articles/10.3389/fgene.2022.885932/full>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030220300175>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030220305713>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030222005860>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030221010134>

<https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/advances-in-animal-biosciences/article/abs/genetic-control-of-greenhouse-gas-emissions/47D5F7A7643B6BA700218CDBEA01C032>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030220303994>

[https://brill.com/doi/10.3920/978-90-8686-940-4\\_32](https://brill.com/doi/10.3920/978-90-8686-940-4_32)

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0168169924009505>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030216308335>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/34246599/>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22118100/>

<https://academic.oup.com/jas/article/95/11/4813/4807441?login=true>

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-018-33327-9>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030219303030>

<https://www.mdpi.com/2076-2615/11/11/3175>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030219306393>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37080783/>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030222001722>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030224005666>

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/38490557/>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030220303982>

<https://journals.plos.org/plosgenetics/article?id=10.1371/journal.pgen.1007580>

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0022030217308615> 15