```
--- main.py ---
from utils.MyBot import MyBot
from utils. Config import Config
import discord
intents = discord.Intents.default()
intents.message_content = True # Enable reading message content
# Initialize and run the bot
if __name__ == "__main__":
  bot = MyBot(command_prefix="!", intents=intents, case_insensitive=True)
  print("Bot is starting...")
  bot.run(Config.DISCORD_TOKEN) # Run the bot with your token
--- AccountBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.AccountControl import AccountControl
class AccountBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
    self.control = AccountControl() # Initialize control object
  @commands.command(name="fetch_all_accounts")
  async def fetch_all_accounts(self, ctx):
    await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
```

```
commandToPass = "fetch_all_accounts"
  result = self.control.receive_command(commandToPass)
  # Send the result (prepared by control) back to the user
  await ctx.send(result)
@commands.command(name="fetch account by website")
async def fetch_account_by_website(self, ctx, website: str):
  await ctx.send(f"Command recognized, passing data to control for website {website}.")
  # Pass the command and website to control
  commandToPass = "fetch_account_by_website"
  result = self.control.receive_command(commandToPass, website)
  # Send the result (prepared by control) back to the user
  await ctx.send(result)
@commands.command(name="add_account")
async def add_account(self, ctx, username: str, password: str, website: str):
  await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
  # Pass the command and account details to control
  commandToPass = "add account"
  result = self.control.receive_command(commandToPass, username, password, website)
```

Pass the command to the control object

```
await ctx.send(result)
  @commands.command(name="delete_account")
  async def delete_account(self, ctx, account_id: int):
        await ctx.send(f"Command recognized, passing data to control to delete account with ID
{account id}.")
     # Pass the command and account ID to control
     commandToPass = "delete_account"
     result = self.control.receive_command(commandToPass, account_id)
     # Send the result (prepared by control) back to the user
     await ctx.send(result)
--- AvailabilityBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.AvailabilityControl import AvailabilityControl
class AvailabilityBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
     # Initialize control objects directly
     self.availability_control = AvailabilityControl()
```

Send the result (prepared by control) back to the user

```
@commands.command(name="check_availability")
  async def check_availability(self, ctx, url: str, date_str=None):
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
    # Pass the command and data to the control layer using receive_command
     command_to_pass = "check_availability"
     result = await self.availability_control.receive_command(command_to_pass, url, date_str)
     # Send the result back to the user
     await ctx.send(result)
  @commands.command(name="monitor_availability")
  async def monitor_availability(self, ctx, url: str, date_str=None, frequency: int = 15):
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
     # Pass the command and data to the control layer using receive_command
     command_to_pass = "monitor_availability"
      response = await self.availability_control.receive_command(command_to_pass, url, date_str,
frequency)
     # Send the result back to the user
     await ctx.send(response)
  @commands.command(name="stop_monitoring_availability")
  async def stop_monitoring(self, ctx):
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
```

```
# Pass the command to the control layer using receive_command
    command_to_pass = "stop_monitoring_availability"
    response = self.availability_control.receive_command(command_to_pass)
    # Send the result back to the user
    await ctx.send(response)
--- BrowserBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.BrowserControl import BrowserControl
class BrowserBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
    self.browser_control = BrowserControl() # Initialize the control object
  @commands.command(name='launch_browser')
  async def launch_browser(self, ctx):
    # Inform the user that the command is recognized
    await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing the data to control object.")
    commandToPass = "launch_browser"
     result = self.browser_control.receive_command(commandToPass) # Pass data to the control
object
    await ctx.send(result) # Send the result back to the user
  @commands.command(name="close_browser")
```

```
async def stop_bot(self, ctx):
    # Inform the user that the command is recognized
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing the data to control object.")
     commandToPass = "close_browser"
     result = self.browser_control.receive_command(commandToPass) # Pass data to the control
object
     await ctx.send(result) # Send the result back to the user
--- HelpBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.HelpControl import HelpControl
class HelpBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
    self.control = HelpControl() # Initialize control object
  @commands.command(name="project help")
  async def project_help(self, ctx):
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
    # Pass the command to the control object
     commandToPass = "project_help"
     response = self.control.receive_command(commandToPass)
    # Send the response back to the user
```

```
--- LoginBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.LoginControl import LoginControl
class LoginBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
    self.login_control = LoginControl()
  @commands.command(name='login')
  async def login(self, ctx, site: str):
    await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
    # Pass the command and site to control
    commandToPass = "login"
     result = await self.login_control.receive_command(commandToPass, site)
     # Send the result back to the user
     await ctx.send(result)
--- NavigationBoundary.py ---
```

await ctx.send(response)

from discord.ext import commands

from control.NavigationControl import NavigationControl

```
class NavigationBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
     self.navigation_control = NavigationControl()
                                                                    # Initialize the control object
  @commands.command(name='navigate_to_website')
  async def navigate_to_website(self, ctx, url: str=None):
      await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing the data to control object.")
                                                                                    # Inform the
user that the command is recognized
     commandToPass = "navigate_to_website"
      result = self.navigation_control.receive_command(commandToPass, url)
                                                                                     # Pass the
command and URL to the control object
                                                            # Send the result back to the user
     await ctx.send(result)
--- PriceBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.PriceControl import PriceControl
class PriceBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
     # Initialize control objects directly
     self.price_control = PriceControl()
  @commands.command(name='get_price')
  async def get_price(self, ctx, url: str=None):
```

```
"""Command to get the price from the given URL."""
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
     # Pass the command to the control layer
     command_to_pass = "get_price"
     result = await self.price_control.receive_command(command_to_pass, url)
     await ctx.send(result)
  @commands.command(name='start_monitoring_price')
  async def start monitoring price(self, ctx, url: str = None, frequency: int = 20):
     """Command to monitor price at given frequency."""
       await ctx.send(f"Command recognized, starting price monitoring at {url} every {frequency}
second(s).")
     # Pass the command and data to the control layer
     command_to_pass = "start_monitoring_price"
     response = await self.price_control.receive_command(command_to_pass, url, frequency)
     await ctx.send(response)
  @commands.command(name='stop_monitoring_price')
  async def stop monitoring price(self, ctx):
     """Command to stop monitoring the price."""
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
     # Pass the command to the control layer
     command_to_pass = "stop_monitoring_price"
     response = await self.price_control.receive_command(command_to_pass)
     await ctx.send(response)
```

```
--- StopBoundary.py ---
from discord.ext import commands
from control.StopControl import StopControl
class StopBoundary(commands.Cog):
  def __init__(self):
    self.control = StopControl() # Initialize control object
  @commands.command(name="stop bot")
  async def stop_bot(self, ctx):
     await ctx.send("Command recognized, passing data to control.")
    # Pass the command to the control object
     commandToPass = "stop_bot"
     result = await self.control.receive_command(commandToPass, ctx)
     print(result) # Send the result back to the Terminal. since the bot is shut down, it won't be able
to send the message back to the user.
--- __init__.py ---
#empty init file
--- AccountControl.py ---
from DataObjects.AccountDAO import AccountDAO
class AccountControl:
  def __init__(self):
```

```
def receive_command(self, command_data, *args):
  """Handle all account-related commands and process business logic."""
  print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
  if command_data == "fetch_all_accounts":
    return self.fetch_all_accounts()
  elif command_data == "fetch_account_by_website":
    website = args[0] if args else None
    return self.fetch_account_by_website(website)
  elif command_data == "add_account":
    username, password, website = args if args else (None, None, None)
    return self.add_account(username, password, website)
  elif command_data == "delete_account":
    account id = args[0] if args else None
    return self.delete_account(account_id)
  else:
    result = "Invalid command."
    print(result)
    return result
```

def add_account(self, username: str, password: str, website: str):

```
"""Add a new account to the database."""
     self.account_dao.connect()
     result = self.account_dao.add_account(username, password, website)
     self.account_dao.close()
       result_message = f"Account for {website} added successfully." if result else f"Failed to add
account for {website}."
     print(result_message)
     return result message
  def delete_account(self, account_id: int):
     """Delete an account by ID."""
     self.account_dao.connect()
     try:
       result = self.account_dao.delete_account(account_id)
     except Exception as e:
       print(f"Error deleting account: {e}")
       return "Error deleting account."
     self.account dao.reset id sequence()
     self.account_dao.close()
     result_message = f"Account with ID {account_id} deleted successfully." if result else f"Failed to
delete account with ID {account_id}."
     print(result_message)
     return result_message
  def fetch_all_accounts(self):
```

```
"""Fetch all accounts using the DAO."""
     self.account_dao.connect()
     try:
       accounts = self.account_dao.fetch_all_accounts()
     except Exception as e:
       return "Error fetching accounts."
     self.account_dao.close()
     if accounts:
           account_list = "\n".join([f"ID: {acc[0]}, Username: {acc[1]}, Password: {acc[2]}, Website:
{acc[3]}" for acc in accounts])
       result_message = f"Accounts:\n{account_list}"
     else:
       result_message = "No accounts found."
     print(result_message)
     return result_message
  def fetch_account_by_website(self, website: str):
     """Fetch an account by website."""
     try:
       self.account_dao.connect()
       account = self.account_dao.fetch_account_by_website(website)
       self.account_dao.close()
       # Logic to format the result within the control layer
       if account:
```

```
return account
       else:
          return f"No account found for {website}."
     except Exception as e:
        return f"Error: {str(e)}"
--- AvailabilityControl.py ---
import asyncio
from entity. Availability Entity import Availability Entity
from datetime import datetime
class AvailabilityControl:
  def __init__(self):
     self.availability_entity = AvailabilityEntity() # Initialize the entity
     self.is_monitoring = False # Monitor state
     self.results = [] # List to store monitoring results
  async def receive_command(self, command_data, *args):
     """Handle all commands related to availability."""
     print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
     if command_data == "check_availability":
       url = args[0]
       date_str = args[1] if len(args) > 1 else None
        return await self.check_availability(url, date_str)
```

```
elif command_data == "monitor_availability":
     print(f"Monitoring availability at {url} every {frequency} second(s).")
     url = args[0]
     date_str = args[1] if len(args) > 1 else None
     frequency = args[2] if len(args) > 2 else 15
     return await self.start_monitoring_availability(url, date_str, frequency)
  elif command_data == "stop_monitoring_availability":
     return self.stop_monitoring()
  else:
     return "Invalid command."
async def check_availability(self, url: str, date_str=None):
  """Handle availability check and export results."""
  # Call the entity to check availability
  availability_info = await self.availability_entity.check_availability(url, date_str)
  # Prepare the result
  try:
     result = f"Checked availability: {availability_info}"
  except Exception as e:
     result = f"Failed to check availability: {str(e)}"
  print(result)
```

```
# Create a DTO (Data Transfer Object) for export
  data_dto = {
     "command": "check_availability",
     "url": url,
     "result": result,
     "entered_date": datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d'),
     "entered_time": datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
  }
  # Export data to Excel/HTML via the entity
  self.availability_entity.export_data(data_dto)
  return result
async def start_monitoring_availability(self, url: str, date_str=None, frequency=15):
  """Start monitoring availability at a specified frequency."""
  if self.is_monitoring:
     result = "Already monitoring availability."
     print(result)
     return result
  self.is_monitoring = True # Set monitoring to active
  try:
     while self.is_monitoring:
       # Call entity to check availability
       availability_info = await self.availability_entity.check_availability(url, date_str)
```

```
# Prepare and log the result
     result = f"Checked availability: {availability_info}"
    print(result)
    self.results.append(result)
    # Create a DTO (Data Transfer Object) for export
    data_dto = {
       "command": "start_monitoring_availability",
       "url": url,
       "result": result,
       "entered_date": datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d'),
       "entered_time": datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
    }
    # Export data to Excel/HTML via the entity
    self.availability_entity.export_data(data_dto)
    # Wait for the specified frequency before checking again
    await asyncio.sleep(frequency)
except Exception as e:
  error_message = f"Failed to monitor availability: {str(e)}"
  print(error_message)
  self.results.append(error_message)
  return error_message
```

```
def stop_monitoring_availability(self):
     """Stop monitoring availability."""
     self.is_monitoring = False # Set monitoring to inactive
     try:
       result = "Monitoring stopped. Collected results:" if self.results else "No data collected."
     except Exception as e:
       result = f"Failed to stop monitoring: {str(e)}"
     print(result)
     return self.results if self.results else [result]
--- BrowserControl.py ---
from entity.BrowserEntity import BrowserEntity
class BrowserControl:
  def __init__(self):
     # Initialize the entity object inside the control layer
     self.browser_entity = BrowserEntity()
  def receive_command(self, command_data):
     # Validate the command
     print("Data Received from boundary object: ", command_data)
     if command_data == "launch_browser":
```

```
# Call the entity to perform the actual operation
       try:
         result = self.browser_entity.launch_browser()
         return result
       except Exception as e:
          return str(e) # Return the error message
     elif command_data == "close_browser":
       # Call the entity to perform the close operation
       try:
         result = self.browser_entity.close_browser()
         return result
       except Exception as e:
         return str(e) # Return the error message
     else:
       return "Invalid command."
--- HelpControl.py ---
class HelpControl:
  def receive_command(self, command_data):
     """Handles the command and returns the appropriate message."""
     print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
     if command_data == "project_help":
       help_message = (
```

```
"!project_help - Get help on available commands.\n"
          "!fetch all accounts - Fetch all stored accounts.\n"
          "!add account 'username' 'password' 'website' - Add a new account to the database.\n"
          "!fetch account by website 'website' - Fetch account details by website.\n"
          "!delete_account 'account_id' - Delete an account by its ID.\n"
          "!launch_browser - Launch the browser.\n"
          "!close browser - Close the browser.\n"
          "!navigate to website 'url' - Navigate to a specified website.\n"
          "!login 'website' - Log in to a website (e.g., !login bestbuy).\n"
          "!get_price 'url' - Check the price of a product on a specified website.\n"
            "!start_monitoring_price 'url' 'frequency' - Start monitoring a product's price at a specific
interval (frequency in minutes).\n"
          "!stop monitoring price - Stop monitoring the product's price.\n"
          "!check availability 'url' - Check availability for a restaurant or service.\n"
          "!monitor_availability 'url' 'frequency' - Monitor availability at a specific interval.\n"
          "!stop_monitoring_availability - Stop monitoring availability.\n"
          "!stop_bot - Stop the bot.\n"
       )
       return help_message
     else:
       return "Invalid command."
--- LoginControl.py ---
```

"Here are the available commands:\n"

from control.AccountControl import AccountControl

```
from entity.BrowserEntity import BrowserEntity
from utils.css_selectors import Selectors
class LoginControl:
  def __init__(self):
     self.browser_entity = BrowserEntity()
     self.account_control = AccountControl() # Manages account data
  async def receive command(self, command data, site=None):
     """Handle login command and perform business logic."""
     print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
     if command_data == "login" and site:
       try:
          # Fetch account credentials from the entity
          account_info = self.account_control.fetch_account_by_website(site)
          if not account_info:
            return f"No account found for {site}"
          username, password = account_info[0], account_info[1]
          print(f"Username: {username}, Password: {password}")
          # Get the URL from the CSS selectors
          url = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(site).get('url')
          print(url)
          if not url:
            return f"URL for {site} not found."
```

```
result = await self.browser_entity.login(url, username, password)
       except Exception as e:
          result = str(e)
       return result
     else:
       return "Invalid command or site."
--- NavigationControl.py ---
from entity.BrowserEntity import BrowserEntity
from utils.css_selectors import Selectors
class NavigationControl:
  def __init__(self):
     # Initialize the entity object inside the control layer
     self.browser_entity = BrowserEntity()
  def receive_command(self, command_data, url=None):
     # Validate the command
     print("Data Received from boundary object: ", command_data)
     if command_data == "navigate_to_website":
       if not url:
          selectors = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url("google")
          url = selectors.get('url')
          if not url:
```

```
return "No URL provided, and default URL for google could not be found."
          print("URL not provided, default URL for Google is: " + url)
       try:
          result = self.browser_entity.navigate_to_website(url) # Call the entity to perform the actual
operation
       except Exception as e:
          result = str(e)
       return result
     else:
       return "Invalid command."
--- PriceControl.py ---
import asyncio
from datetime import datetime
from entity.PriceEntity import PriceEntity
from utils.css_selectors import Selectors
class PriceControl:
  def __init__(self):
     self.price_entity = PriceEntity() # Initialize PriceEntity for fetching and export
     self.is_monitoring = False # Monitoring flag
     self.results = [] # Store monitoring results
  async def receive command(self, command data, *args):
```

"""Handle all price-related commands and process business logic."""

```
print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
  if command_data == "get_price":
     url = args[0] if args else None
     return await self.get_price(url)
  elif command_data == "start_monitoring_price":
     url = args[0] if args else None
    frequency = args[1] if len(args) > 1 else 20
     return await self.start_monitoring_price(url, frequency)
  elif command_data == "stop_monitoring_price":
     return self.stop_monitoring_price()
  else:
     return "Invalid command."
async def get price(self, url: str):
  """Handle fetching the price from the entity."""
  try:
     if not url:
       selectors = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url("bestbuy")
       url = selectors.get('priceUrl')
       if not url:
          return "No URL provided, and default URL for BestBuy could not be found."
       print("URL not provided, default URL for BestBuy is: " + url)
```

```
# Fetch the price from the entity
     result = self.price_entity.get_price_from_page(url)
     data_dto = {
            "command": "monitor_price",
             "url": url,
            "result": result,
             "entered_date": datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d'),
            "entered_time": datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
          }
          # Pass the DTO to PriceEntity to handle export
     self.price_entity.export_data(data_dto)
  except Exception as e:
     result = f"Failed to fetch price: {str(e)}"
  return result
async def start_monitoring_price(self, url: str = None, frequency=20):
  """Start monitoring the price at a given interval."""
  if self.is_monitoring:
     return "Already monitoring prices."
```

```
self.is_monitoring = True
     previous_price = None
     try:
       while self.is_monitoring:
          # Fetch the current price
          if not url:
             selectors = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url("bestbuy")
             url = selectors.get('priceUrl')
             if not url:
               return "No URL provided, and default URL for BestBuy could not be found."
             print("URL not provided, default URL for BestBuy is: " + url)
          current_price = self.price_entity.get_price_from_page(url)
          # Determine price changes and prepare the result
          result = ""
          if current_price:
            if previous price is None:
               result = f"Starting price monitoring. Current price: {current_price}"
             elif current_price > previous_price:
               result = f"Price went up! Current price: {current_price} (Previous: {previous_price})"
             elif current_price < previous_price:
                             result = f"Price went down! Current price: {current_price} (Previous:
{previous_price})"
             else:
               result = f"Price remains the same: {current_price}"
```

```
previous_price = current_price
     else:
       result = "Failed to retrieve the price."
     print(result)
     # Add the result to the results list
     self.results.append(result)
     # Create a DTO (Data Transfer Object) for export
     data_dto = {
       "command": "monitor_price",
       "url": url,
       "result": result,
       "entered_date": datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d'),
       "entered_time": datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
    }
     # Pass the DTO to PriceEntity to handle export
     self.price_entity.export_data(data_dto)
     await asyncio.sleep(frequency)
except Exception as e:
  self.results.append(f"Failed to monitor price: {str(e)}")
```

def stop_monitoring_price(self):

```
"""Stop the price monitoring loop."""
     result = None
     try:
       if not self.is_monitoring:
          # If no monitoring session is active
          result = "There was no active price monitoring session. Nothing to stop."
       else:
          # Stop monitoring and collect results
          self.is_monitoring = False
          result = "Results for price monitoring:\n"
          result += "\n".join(self.results)
          result = result + "\n" +"\nPrice monitoring stopped successfully!"
          print(result)
     except Exception as e:
       # Handle any error that occurs
       result = f"Error stopping price monitoring: {str(e)}"
     return result
--- StopControl.py ---
import discord
class StopControl:
  async def receive_command(self, command_data, ctx):
```

```
print("Data received from boundary:", command_data)
     if command_data == "stop_bot":
       # Get the bot from the context (ctx) dynamically
       bot = ctx.bot # This extracts the bot instance from the context
       await ctx.send("The bot is shutting down...")
       print("Bot is shutting down...")
       await bot.close() # Close the bot
       result = "Bot has been shut down."
       print(result)
       return result
     else:
       result = "Invalid command."
       return result
--- ___init___.py ---
#empty init file
--- AccountDAO.py ---
import psycopg2
from utils. Config import Config
class AccountDAO:
  def __init__(self):
     self.dbname = "postgres"
```

"""Handle the stop bot command."""

```
self.user = "postgres"
  self.host = "localhost"
  self.port = "5432"
  self.password = Config.DATABASE_PASSWORD
def connect(self):
  """Establish a database connection."""
  try:
    self.connection = psycopg2.connect(
       dbname=self.dbname,
       user=self.user,
       password=self.password,
       host=self.host,
       port=self.port
    )
    self.cursor = self.connection.cursor()
    print("Database Connection Established.")
  except Exception as error:
     print(f"Error connecting to the database: {error}")
     self.connection = None
     self.cursor = None
def add_account(self, username: str, password: str, website: str):
  """Add a new account to the database using structured data."""
  try:
    # Combine DTO logic here by directly using the parameters
    query = "INSERT INTO accounts (username, password, website) VALUES (%s, %s, %s)"
```

```
values = (username, password, website)
       self.cursor.execute(query, values)
       self.connection.commit()
       print(f"Account {username} added successfully.")
       return True
     except Exception as error:
       print(f"Error inserting account: {error}")
       return False
  def fetch_account_by_website(self, website):
     """Fetch account credentials for a specific website."""
     try:
           query = "SELECT username, password FROM accounts WHERE LOWER(website) =
LOWER(%s)"
       self.cursor.execute(query, (website,))
       result = self.cursor.fetchone()
       print(result)
       return result
     except Exception as error:
       print(f"Error fetching account for website {website}: {error}")
       return None
  def fetch_all_accounts(self):
     """Fetch all accounts from the database."""
     try:
       query = "SELECT id, username, password, website FROM accounts"
       self.cursor.execute(query)
```

```
result = self.cursor.fetchall()
     print(result)
     return result
  except Exception as error:
     print(f"Error fetching accounts: {error}")
     return []
def delete_account(self, account_id):
  """Delete an account by its ID."""
  try:
     self.cursor.execute("DELETE FROM accounts WHERE id = %s", (account_id,))
     self.connection.commit()
     if self.cursor.rowcount > 0: # Check if any rows were affected
       print(f"Account with ID {account_id} deleted successfully.")
       return True
     else:
       print(f"No account found with ID {account_id}.")
       return False
  except Exception as error:
     print(f"Error deleting account: {error}")
     return False
def reset_id_sequence(self):
  """Reset the ID sequence to the maximum ID."""
  try:
     reset_query = "SELECT setval('accounts_id_seq', (SELECT MAX(id) FROM accounts))"
     self.cursor.execute(reset_query)
```

```
self.connection.commit()
       print("ID sequence reset successfully.")
     except Exception as error:
       print(f"Error resetting ID sequence: {error}")
  def close(self):
     """Close the database connection."""
     if self.cursor:
       self.cursor.close()
     if self.connection:
       self.connection.close()
       print("Database connection closed.")
--- AvailabilityEntity.py ---
import asyncio
from utils.exportUtils import ExportUtils
from entity.BrowserEntity import BrowserEntity
from utils.css selectors import Selectors
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
from selenium.webdriver.support.ui import WebDriverWait
from selenium.webdriver.support import expected_conditions as EC
class AvailabilityEntity:
  def __init__(self):
     self.browser_entity = BrowserEntity()
```

```
async def check_availability(self, url: str, date_str=None, timeout=5):
     # Use BrowserEntity to navigate to the URL
     self.browser_entity.navigate_to_website(url)
     # Get selectors for the given URL
     selectors = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)
     if not selectors:
       return "No valid selectors found for this URL."
     # Perform date and time selection (optional)
     if date_str:
       try:
                         date_field = self.browser_entity.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
selectors['date_field'])
          date_field.click()
          await asyncio.sleep(1)
                       date_button = self.browser_entity.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
f"{selectors['select_date']} button[aria-label*='{date_str}']")
          date_button.click()
       except Exception as e:
          return f"Failed to select the date: {str(e)}"
     await asyncio.sleep(2) # Wait for updates (adjust this time based on page response)
     # Initialize flags for select_time and no_availability elements
     select_time_seen = False
     no_availability_seen = False
```

```
# Check if 'select_time' is available within the given timeout
       WebDriverWait(self.browser_entity.driver, timeout).until(
          EC.presence_of_element_located((By.CSS_SELECTOR, selectors['select_time']))
       )
       select_time_seen = True # If found, set the flag to True
     except:
       select_time_seen = False # If not found within timeout
     try:
       # Check if 'no_availability' is available within the given timeout
       WebDriverWait(self.browser_entity.driver, timeout).until(
                                    lambda driver: len(driver.find_elements(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
selectors['show_next_available_button'])) > 0
       )
       no_availability_seen = True # If found, set the flag to True
     except:
       no_availability_seen = False # If not found within timeout
     # Logic to determine availability
     if select_time_seen:
          return f"Selected or default date {date_str if date_str else 'current date'} is available for
booking."
     elif no_availability_seen:
       return "No availability for the selected date."
     else:
       return "Unable to determine availability. Please try again."
```

try:

```
def export_data(self, dto):
     """Export price data to both Excel and HTML using ExportUtils.
      dto: This is a Data Transfer Object (DTO) that contains the command, URL, result, date, and
time.
     # Extract the data from the DTO
     command = dto.get('command')
     url = dto.get('url')
     result = dto.get('result')
     entered_date = dto.get('entered_date') # Optional, could be None
     entered_time = dto.get('entered_time') # Optional, could be None
     # Call the Excel export method from ExportUtils
     excelResult = ExportUtils.log_to_excel(
       command=command,
       url=url,
       result=result,
       entered_date=entered_date, # Pass the optional entered_date
       entered_time=entered_time # Pass the optional entered_time
     )
     print(excelResult)
     # Call the HTML export method from ExportUtils
     htmlResult = ExportUtils.export_to_html(
```

```
command=command,
       url=url,
       result=result,
       entered_date=entered_date, # Pass the optional entered_date
       entered_time=entered_time # Pass the optional entered_time
    )
    print(htmlResult)
--- BrowserEntity.py ---
import asyncio
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
from selenium.webdriver.support.ui import WebDriverWait
from selenium.webdriver.support import expected_conditions as EC
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.chrome.service import Service
from utils.css_selectors import Selectors
class BrowserEntity:
  _instance = None
  def __new__(cls, *args, **kwargs):
    if not cls._instance:
       cls._instance = super(BrowserEntity, cls).__new__(cls, *args, **kwargs)
    return cls._instance
```

```
def __init__(self):
  self.driver = None
  self.browser_open = False
def set_browser_open(self, is_open: bool):
  self.browser open = is open
def is_browser_open(self) -> bool:
  return self.browser_open
def launch_browser(self):
  if not self.browser_open:
    options = webdriver.ChromeOptions()
    options.add_argument("--remote-debugging-port=9222")
    options.add_experimental_option("excludeSwitches", ["enable-automation"])
    options.add_experimental_option('useAutomationExtension', False)
    options.add_argument("--start-maximized")
    options.add_argument("--disable-notifications")
    options.add_argument("--disable-popup-blocking")
    options.add_argument("--disable-infobars")
    options.add_argument("--disable-extensions")
    options.add_argument("--disable-webgl")
```

```
options.add_argument("--disable-webrtc")
     options.add_argument("--disable-rtc-smoothing")
     self.driver = webdriver.Chrome(service=Service(), options=options)
     self.browser_open = True
     result = "Browser launched."
     print(result)
     return result
  else:
     result = "Browser is already running."
     print(result)
     return result
def close_browser(self):
  if self.browser_open and self.driver:
     self.driver.quit()
     self.browser_open = False
     result = "Browser closed."
     print(result)
     return result
  else:
     result = "No browser is currently open."
     print(result)
     return result
```

```
def navigate_to_website(self, url):
       # Ensure the browser is launched before navigating
       if not self.is_browser_open():
          self.launch_browser()
       # Navigate to the URL if browser is open
       if self.driver:
          self.driver.get(url)
          result = f"Navigated to {url}"
          print(result)
          return result
       else:
          result = "Failed to open browser."
          print(result)
          return result
  async def login(self, url, username, password):
     # Navigate to the website
     self.navigate_to_website(url)
     await asyncio.sleep(3)
     # Enter the username
                                  email_field
                                                       self.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)['email_field'])
     email_field.send_keys(username)
     await asyncio.sleep(3)
```

```
# Enter the password
                              password_field
                                                     self.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)['password_field'])
     password_field.send_keys(password)
     await asyncio.sleep(3)
     # Click the login button
                              sign in button
                                                     self.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)['SignIn_button'])
     sign_in_button.click()
     await asyncio.sleep(5)
     # Wait for the homepage to load
     try:
                                                                         WebDriverWait(self.driver,
30).until(EC.presence_of_element_located((By.CSS_SELECTOR,
Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)['homePage'])))
       result = f"Logged in to {url} successfully with username: {username}"
       print(result)
       return result
     except Exception as e:
       result = f"Failed to log in: {str(e)}"
       print(result)
       return result
```

```
--- PriceEntity.py ---
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
from entity.BrowserEntity import BrowserEntity
from utils.exportUtils import ExportUtils # Import ExportUtils for handling data export
from utils.css_selectors import Selectors # Import selectors to get CSS selectors for the browser
class PriceEntity:
  """PriceEntity is responsible for interacting with the system (browser) to fetch prices
  and handle the exporting of data to Excel and HTML."""
  def __init__(self):
     self.browser_entity = BrowserEntity()
  def get_price_from_page(self, url: str):
     # Navigate to the URL using BrowserEntity
     self.browser_entity.navigate_to_website(url)
     selectors = Selectors.get_selectors_for_url(url)
     try:
       # Find the price element on the page using the selector
                    price_element = self.browser_entity.driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,
selectors['price'])
       result = price_element.text
       print(f"Price found: {result}")
       return result
     except Exception as e:
```

```
def export_data(self, dto):
     """Export price data to both Excel and HTML using ExportUtils.
      dto: This is a Data Transfer Object (DTO) that contains the command, URL, result, date, and
time.
     # Extract the data from the DTO
     command = dto.get('command')
     url = dto.get('url')
     result = dto.get('result')
     entered_date = dto.get('entered_date') # Optional, could be None
     entered_time = dto.get('entered_time') # Optional, could be None
     # Call the Excel export method from ExportUtils
     excelResult = ExportUtils.log_to_excel(
       command=command,
       url=url,
       result=result,
       entered_date=entered_date, # Pass the optional entered_date
       entered_time=entered_time # Pass the optional entered_time
     )
     print(excelResult)
```

return f"Error fetching price: {str(e)}"

Call the HTML export method from ExportUtils

```
htmlResult = ExportUtils.export_to_html(
       command=command,
       url=url,
       result=result,
       entered_date=entered_date, # Pass the optional entered_date
       entered_time=entered_time # Pass the optional entered_time
    )
     print(htmlResult)
--- ___init___.py ---
#empty init file
--- projectToText.py ---
import os
from fpdf import FPDF
# Directory where the project files are located
directory = r"D:\HARRISBURG\Harrisburg
                                                Master's
                                                            Fifth
                                                                   Term
                                                                                   Summer\CISC
                                                                           Late
699\DiscordBotProject_CISC699"
output_pdf_path = os.path.join(directory, "projectToText.pdf")
# Lists for files and folders to ignore
filesTolgnore = ['ignore_this.py', 'Tests_URLs.txt', 'UseCases.txt', 'Read.md', '*.pdf'] # Example file
names to ignore
foldersTolgnore =
                      ['ignore_folder', '.git', '__pycache__', 'PersonelTest',
                                                                                   'MockTesting',
'ExportedFiles'] # Folders to ignore
```

```
# Function to retrieve all text from files, ignoring specific folders and files
def extract_project_text(directory, ignore_files=None, ignore_folders=None):
  if ignore_files is None:
     ignore_files = []
  if ignore_folders is None:
     ignore_folders = []
  project text = ""
  for root, dirs, files in os.walk(directory):
     # Ignore specific folders
     dirs[:] = [d for d in dirs if d not in ignore_folders]
     for file in files:
        # Skip ignored files
        if file in ignore_files:
           continue
        # Only considering relevant file types
        if file.endswith('.py'):
           file_path = os.path.join(root, file)
           try:
             with open(file_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as f:
                project_text += f"--- {file} ---\n"
                project_text += f.read() + "\n\n"
           except Exception as e:
             print(f"Could not read file {file_path}: {e}")
```

```
return project_text
```

```
# Function to generate a PDF with the extracted text
def create_pdf(text, output_path):
  pdf = FPDF()
  pdf.set_auto_page_break(auto=True, margin=15)
  pdf.add_page()
  pdf.set_font("Arial", size=12)
  # Ensure proper encoding handling
  for line in text.split("\n"):
     # Convert the text to UTF-8 and handle unsupported characters
     try:
       pdf.multi_cell(0, 10, line.encode('latin1', 'replace').decode('latin1'))
     except UnicodeEncodeError:
       # Handle any other encoding issues
       pdf.multi_cell(0, 10, line.encode('ascii', 'replace').decode('ascii'))
  pdf.output(output path)
# Function to create PDFs for specific folders
def create_folder_specific_pdfs(directory, ignore_files=None, ignore_folders=None):
  if ignore_files is None:
     ignore_files = []
  if ignore_folders is None:
     ignore_folders = []
```

```
# Create PDFs for each folder in the project
  for folder in os.listdir(directory):
     folder_path = os.path.join(directory, folder)
     if os.path.isdir(folder_path) and folder not in ignore_folders:
       folder_text = extract_project_text(folder_path, ignore_files, ignore_folders)
        if folder_text:
          folder_pdf_path = os.path.join(folder_path, f"All_files_in_{folder}_folder_toText.pdf")
          create_pdf(folder_text, folder_pdf_path)
          print(f"PDF created for folder {folder} at: {folder pdf path}")
# Extract project text and create the main project PDF
project_text = extract_project_text(directory, filesTolgnore, foldersTolgnore)
if project_text:
  create_pdf(project_text, output_pdf_path)
  print(f"Main PDF created with all project's text at: {output_pdf_path}")
else:
  print("No project text found.")
# Create PDFs for each specific folder
create_folder_specific_pdfs(directory, filesTolgnore, foldersTolgnore)
--- project_structure.py ---
import os
def list files and folders(directory, output file):
  with open(output_file, 'w') as f:
```

```
for root, dirs, files in os.walk(directory):
       # Ignore .git and __pycache__ folders
       dirs[:] = [d for d in dirs if d not in ['.git', '__pycache__']]
       f.write(f"Directory: {root}\n")
       for dir_name in dirs:
          f.write(f" Folder: {dir_name}\n")
       for file_name in files:
          f.write(f" File: {file name}\n")
# Update the directory path to your project folder
project_directory = "D:/HARRISBURG/Harrisburg Master's Fifth Term Late Summer/CISC
699/DiscordBotProject_CISC699"
output_file = os.path.join(project_directory, "other/project_structure.txt")
# Call the function to list files and save output to .txt
list_files_and_folders(project_directory, output_file)
print(f"File structure saved to {output file}")
--- test_!add_account.py ---
# File: test_!add_account.py
# Purpose: Unit tests for the !add_account command.
from unittest.mock import patch
import logging, unittest
```

from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner # Import the shared setup

11 11 11

File: test_!add_account.py

Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !add_account command in the Discord bot.

The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the account is added successfully or errors are handled properly.

Tests:

- Positive: Simulates the ladd account command and verifies the account is added correctly.
- Negative: Simulates an error while adding the account.

....

class TestAddAccountCommand(BaseTestSetup):

```
@patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.add_account')
async def test_add_account_success(self, mock_add_account):
    """Test the add_account command when it succeeds."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_add_account_success")

# Mock the DAO method to simulate successful account addition
    mock_add_account.return_value = True

command = self.bot.get_command("add_account")
    self.assertlsNotNone(command)
    await command(self.ctx, "testuser", "password123", "example.com")
```

expected_message = "Account for example.com added successfully."

```
self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
     logging.info("Verified successful account addition.")
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.add_account')
  async def test_add_account_error(self, mock_add_account):
     """Test the add_account command when it encounters an error."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_add_account_error")
     # Mock the DAO method to simulate an error during account addition
     mock_add_account.return_value = False
     command = self.bot.get_command("add_account")
     await command(self.ctx, "testuser", "password123", "example.com")
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to add account for example.com.")
     logging.info("Verified error handling during account addition.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!close_browser.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
```

File: test_!close_browser.py

Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !close_browser command in the Discord bot.

The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the browser closes properly or errors are handled gracefully.

Tests:

- Positive: Simulates the !close_browser command and verifies the browser closes correctly.
- Negative: Simulates an error during browser closure and ensures it is handled gracefully.

....

class TestCloseBrowserCommand(BaseTestSetup):

```
@patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.close_browser')
async def test_close_browser_success(self, mock_close_browser):
"""Test the close_browser command when it succeeds."""
logging.info("Starting test: test_close_browser_success")

# Simulate successful browser closure
mock_close_browser.return_value = "Browser closed."
```

Retrieve the close_browser command from the bot command = self.bot.get_command("close_browser") self.assertIsNotNone(command)

Call the command
await command(self.ctx)

```
expected_message = "Browser closed."
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
     logging.info("Verified successful browser closure.")
  @patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.close_browser')
  async def test_close_browser_error(self, mock_close_browser):
     """Test the close_browser command when it encounters an error."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_close_browser_error")
     # Simulate a failure during browser closure
     mock_close_browser.side_effect = Exception("Failed to close browser")
    # Retrieve the close browser command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("close_browser")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
     # Call the command
     await command(self.ctx)
     # Verify the correct error message is sent
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to close browser") # Error message handled
     logging.info("Verified error handling during browser closure.")
if name == " main ":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
```

Verify the expected message was sent to the user

```
unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
```

command = self.bot.get_command("delete_account")

```
--- test_!delete_account.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
11 11 11
File: test_!delete_account.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !delete_account command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the bot deletes the account
properly or handles errors.
Tests:
- Positive: Simulates the !delete_account command and verifies the account is deleted successfully.
- Negative: Simulates an error during account deletion and ensures it is handled gracefully.
class TestDeleteAccountCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.delete_account')
  async def test_delete_account_success(self, mock_delete_account):
     """Test the delete_account command when it succeeds."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_delete_account_success")
     mock_delete_account.return_value = True # Simulate successful deletion
```

```
await command(self.ctx, '123') # Simulate passing account ID '123'
     expected_message = "Account with ID 123 deleted successfully."
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
     logging.info("Verified successful account deletion.")
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.delete account')
  async def test delete account error(self, mock delete account):
     """Test the delete account command when it encounters an error."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_delete_account_error")
     mock_delete_account.return_value = False # Simulate failure in deletion
     command = self.bot.get_command("delete_account")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
     await command(self.ctx, '999') # Simulate passing a non-existent account ID '999'
     expected message = "Failed to delete account with ID 999."
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
     logging.info("Verified error handling during account deletion.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
```

self.assertIsNotNone(command)

```
--- test_!fetch_account_by_website.py ---
import unittest, logging
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
class TestFetchAccountByWebsiteCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.fetch account by website')
  async def test_fetch_account_by_website_success(self, mock_fetch_account_by_website):
    """Test the fetch account by website command when it succeeds."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_fetch_account_by_website_success")
    mock_fetch_account_by_website.return_value = ('testuser', 'password123')
    command = self.bot.get_command("fetch_account_by_website")
    self.assertIsNotNone(command)
    await command(self.ctx, 'example.com')
    expected_message = 'testuser', 'password123'
    self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
    logging.info("Verified successful account fetch.")
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.fetch_account_by_website')
  async def test_fetch_account_by_website_error(self, mock_fetch_account_by_website):
    """Test the fetch account by website command when it encounters an error."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_fetch_account_by_website_error")
```

```
mock_fetch_account_by_website.return_value = None
     command = self.bot.get_command("fetch_account_by_website")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
     await command(self.ctx, 'nonexistent.com')
     expected_message = 'No account found for nonexistent.com.'
     self.ctx.send.assert called with(expected message)
     logging.info("Verified error handling for nonexistent account.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!fetch_all_accounts.py ---
# File: test_!fetch_all_accounts.py
# Purpose: Unit tests for the !fetch_all_accounts command.
from unittest.mock import patch
import logging, unittest
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
class TestFetchAllAccountsCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.fetch_all_accounts')
  async def test_fetch_all_accounts_success(self, mock_fetch_all_accounts):
     """Test the fetch all accounts command when it succeeds."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_fetch_all_accounts_success")
```

```
mock_fetch_all_accounts.return_value = [("1", "testuser", "password", "example.com")]
    command = self.bot.get_command("fetch_all_accounts")
    self.assertIsNotNone(command)
    await command(self.ctx)
    # Correct the expected message
      expected message = "Accounts:\nID: 1, Username: testuser, Password: password, Website:
example.com"
    self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
    logging.info("Verified successful fetch.")
  @patch('DataObjects.AccountDAO.AccountDAO.fetch_all_accounts') # Correct path
  async def test_fetch_all_accounts_error(self, mock_fetch_all_accounts):
    """Test the fetch_all_accounts command when it encounters an error."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_fetch_all_accounts_error")
    # Simulate an error
    mock_fetch_all_accounts.side_effect = Exception("Database error")
    command = self.bot.get_command("fetch_all_accounts")
    await command(self.ctx)
    # Verify that the correct error message is sent
    self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Error fetching accounts.")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!get_price.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
File: test_!get_price.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !get_price command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring that the price is fetched correctly or
errors are handled.
.....
class TestGetPriceCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('control.PriceControl.PriceControl.receive_command')
  async def test_get_price_success(self, mock_receive_command):
     """Test the get_price command when it succeeds."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_get_price_success")
     # Simulate successful price fetch
     mock_receive_command.return_value = "Price: $199.99"
```

logging.info("Verified error handling.")

```
# Retrieve the get_price command from the bot
  command = self.bot.get_command("get_price")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
  # Call the command with a valid URL
  await command(self.ctx, "https://example.com")
  # Verify the expected message was sent to the user
  expected_message = "Price: $199.99"
  self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
  logging.info("Verified successful price fetch.")
@patch('control.PriceControl.PriceControl.receive_command')
async def test_get_price_error(self, mock_receive_command):
  """Test the get_price command when it encounters an error."""
  logging.info("Starting test: test_get_price_error")
  # Simulate a failure during price fetch
  mock_receive_command.return_value = "Failed to fetch price"
  # Retrieve the get_price command from the bot
  command = self.bot.get_command("get_price")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
```

Call the command with an invalid URL

await command(self.ctx, "https://invalid-url.com")

```
# Verify the correct error message is sent
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to fetch price")
     logging.info("Verified error handling during price fetch.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!launch_browser.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
.....
File: test_!launch_browser.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !launch_browser command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the browser launches properly or
errors are handled gracefully.
Tests:
- Positive: Simulates the !launch_browser command and verifies the browser launches correctly.
- Negative: Simulates an error during browser launch and ensures it is handled gracefully.
class TestLaunchBrowserCommand(BaseTestSetup):
```

```
@patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.launch_browser')
async def test_launch_browser_success(self, mock_launch_browser):
  """Test the launch browser command when it succeeds."""
  logging.info("Starting test: test launch browser success")
  # Simulate successful browser launch
  mock_launch_browser.return_value = "Browser launched."
  # Retrieve the launch browser command from the bot
  command = self.bot.get command("launch browser")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
  # Call the command
  await command(self.ctx)
  # Verify the expected message was sent to the user
  expected_message = "Browser launched."
  self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
  logging.info("Verified successful browser launch.")
@patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.launch_browser')
async def test_launch_browser_error(self, mock_launch_browser):
  """Test the launch_browser command when it encounters an error."""
  logging.info("Starting test: test_launch_browser_error")
  # Simulate a failure during browser launch
  mock_launch_browser.side_effect = Exception("Failed to launch browser")
```

```
# Retrieve the launch_browser command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("launch_browser")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
    # Call the command
     await command(self.ctx)
    # Verify the correct error message is sent
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to launch browser") # Error message handled
     logging.info("Verified error handling during browser launch.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test !login.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch, AsyncMock
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
File: test_!login.py
Purpose: Unit tests for the !login command in the Discord bot.
```

The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the bot correctly logs in to a

specified website or handles errors gracefully.

```
Tests:
```

```
- Positive: Simulates the !login command and verifies the login is successful.
```

- Negative: Simulates an error during login and ensures it is handled gracefully.

11 11 11

class TestLoginCommand(BaseTestSetup):

```
@patch('control.LoginControl.LoginControl.receive_command')
async def test_login_success(self, mock_receive_command):
  """Test the login command when it succeeds."""
  logging.info("Starting test: test_login_success")
  # Simulate a successful login
  mock_receive_command.return_value = "Login successful."
  # Retrieve the login command from the bot
  command = self.bot.get command("login")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
  # Call the command with a valid site (e.g., ebay)
  await command(self.ctx, "ebay")
```

Verify the expected message was sent to the user

self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)

expected_message = "Login successful."

```
@patch('control.LoginControl.LoginControl.receive_command')
  async def test login error(self, mock receive command):
     """Test the login command when it encounters an error."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_login_error")
     # Simulate a failure during login
     mock receive command.return value = "Failed to login. No account found."
     # Retrieve the login command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("login")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
     # Call the command with a non-existent site (e.g., nonexistent.com)
     await command(self.ctx, "nonexistent.com")
     # Verify the correct error message is sent
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to login. No account found.")
     logging.info("Verified error handling during login.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
```

logging.info("Verified successful login.")

--- test_!navigate_to_website.py ---

```
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
.....
File: test_!navigate_to_website.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !navigate_to_website command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the bot navigates to the website
correctly or handles errors.
.....
class TestNavigateToWebsiteCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.navigate_to_website')
  async def test_navigate_to_website_success(self, mock_navigate_to_website):
     """Test the navigate_to_website command when it succeeds."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_navigate_to_website_success")
     # Simulate successful navigation
     mock_navigate_to_website.return_value = "Navigated to https://example.com."
     # Retrieve the navigate_to_website command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("navigate_to_website")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
    # Call the command
```

await command(self.ctx, "https://example.com")

```
expected_message = "Navigated to https://example.com."
     self.ctx.send.assert called with(expected message)
     logging.info("Verified successful website navigation.")
  @patch('entity.BrowserEntity.BrowserEntity.navigate_to_website')
  async def test_navigate_to_website_error(self, mock_navigate_to_website):
     """Test the navigate to website command when it encounters an error."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_navigate_to_website_error")
     # Simulate a failure during navigation
     mock_navigate_to_website.side_effect = Exception("Failed to navigate to the website.")
     # Retrieve the navigate_to_website command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("navigate_to_website")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
     # Call the command
     await command(self.ctx, "https://invalid-url.com")
     # Verify the correct error message is sent
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to navigate to the website.") # Error message handled
     logging.info("Verified error handling during website navigation.")
if name == " main ":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
```

Verify the expected message was sent to the user

```
unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
```

```
--- test_!project_help.py ---
import logging, unittest
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
from unittest.mock import call
.....
File: test !project help.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !project_help command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the bot provides the correct help
message and handles errors properly.
Tests:
- Positive: Simulates the !project help command and verifies the correct help message is sent.
- Negative: Simulates an error scenario and ensures the error is handled gracefully.
....
class TestStopBotCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  async def test_project_help_success(self):
     """Test the project help command when it successfully returns the help message."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_project_help_success")
     # Simulate calling the project_help command
     logging.info("Simulating the project_help command call.")
     command = self.bot.get command("project help")
       self.assertlsNotNone(command, "project_help command is not registered.") # Ensure the
```

```
command is registered
    await command(self.ctx)
    # Check both the control message and help message were sent
    expected_calls = [
       call('Command recognized, passing data to control.'), # First message sent by the bot
       call(help_message) # Second message: the actual help message
    ]
     self.ctx.send.assert has calls(expected calls, any order=False) # Ensure the messages are
sent in the correct order
    logging.info("Verified that both the control and help messages were sent.")
  async def test project help error(self):
    """Test the project help command when it encounters an error during execution."""
    logging.info("Starting test: test_project_help_error")
    # Simulate calling the project_help command and an error occurring
    logging.info("Simulating the project help command call.")
       self.ctx.send.side_effect = Exception("Error during project_help execution.") # Simulate an
error
    command = self.bot.get_command("project_help")
       self.assertIsNotNone(command, "project_help command is not registered.") # Ensure the
command is registered
    # Act & Assert: Expect the exception to be raised
```

```
with self.assertRaises(Exception):
       await command(self.ctx)
     logging.info("Verified that an error occurred and was handled.")
# Expected help message
help_message = (
  "Here are the available commands:\n"
  "!project help - Get help on available commands.\n"
  "!fetch all accounts - Fetch all stored accounts.\n"
  "!add_account 'username' 'password' 'website' - Add a new account to the database.\n"
  "!fetch_account_by_website 'website' - Fetch account details by website.\n"
  "!delete_account 'account_id' - Delete an account by its ID.\n"
  "!launch browser - Launch the browser.\n"
  "!close_browser - Close the browser.\n"
  "!navigate_to_website 'url' - Navigate to a specified website.\n"
  "!login 'website' - Log in to a website (e.g., !login bestbuy).\n"
  "!get_price 'url' - Check the price of a product on a specified website.\n"
   "!start_monitoring_price 'url' 'frequency' - Start monitoring a product's price at a specific interval
(frequency in minutes).\n"
  "!stop_monitoring_price - Stop monitoring the product's price.\n"
  "!check_availability 'url' - Check availability for a restaurant or service.\n"
  "!monitor_availability 'url' 'frequency' - Monitor availability at a specific interval.\n"
  "!stop_monitoring_availability - Stop monitoring availability.\n"
  "!stop_bot - Stop the bot.\n"
```

)

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!start_monitoring_price.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch
from test init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
....
File: test_!start_monitoring_price.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !start_monitoring_price command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring that the bot starts monitoring prices
or handles errors.
.....
class TestStartMonitoringPriceCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('control.PriceControl.PriceControl.receive command')
  async def test_start_monitoring_price_success(self, mock_receive_command):
     """Test the start_monitoring_price command when it succeeds."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_start_monitoring_price_success")
     # Simulate successful price monitoring start
     mock_receive_command.return_value = "Monitoring started for https://example.com."
     # Retrieve the start_monitoring_price command from the bot
```

```
command = self.bot.get_command("start_monitoring_price")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
  # Call the command with a valid URL and frequency
  await command(self.ctx, "https://example.com", 20)
  # Verify the expected message was sent to the user
  expected_message = "Monitoring started for https://example.com."
  self.ctx.send.assert called with(expected message)
  logging.info("Verified successful price monitoring start.")
@patch('control.PriceControl.PriceControl.receive_command')
async def test_start_monitoring_price_error(self, mock_receive_command):
  """Test the start monitoring price command when it encounters an error."""
  logging.info("Starting test: test_start_monitoring_price_error")
  # Simulate a failure during price monitoring start
  mock_receive_command.return_value = "Failed to start monitoring"
  # Retrieve the start_monitoring_price command from the bot
  command = self.bot.get_command("start_monitoring_price")
  self.assertIsNotNone(command)
  # Call the command with an invalid URL
  await command(self.ctx, "https://invalid-url.com", 20)
```

Verify the correct error message is sent

```
self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("Failed to start monitoring")
     logging.info("Verified error handling during price monitoring start.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test_!stop_bot.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import AsyncMock, call, patch
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
.....
File: test !stop bot.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !stop_bot command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring the bot correctly shuts down or
handles errors during shutdown.
Tests:
- Positive: Simulates the !stop bot command and verifies the bot shuts down correctly.
- Negative: Simulates an error during shutdown and ensures it is handled gracefully.
class TestStopBotCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  async def test_stop_bot_success(self):
     """Test the stop bot command when it successfully shuts down."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_stop_bot_success")
```

```
# Patch the bot's close method on the ctx.bot (since bot is retrieved from ctx dynamically)
     with patch.object(self.ctx.bot, 'close', new_callable=AsyncMock) as mock_close:
       # Simulate calling the stop bot command
       logging.info("Simulating the stop_bot command call.")
       command = self.bot.get_command("stop_bot")
           self.assertIsNotNone(command, "stop_bot command is not registered.") # Ensure the
command is registered
       await command(self.ctx)
       # Check if the correct messages were sent
       expected_calls = [
          call('Command recognized, passing data to control.'), # First message sent by the bot
         call('The bot is shutting down...') # Second message confirming the shutdown
       ]
         self.ctx.send.assert_has_calls(expected_calls, any_order=False) # Ensure the messages
are sent in the correct order
       logging.info("Verified that both expected messages were sent to the user.")
       # Check if bot.close() was called on the ctx.bot
       mock_close.assert_called_once()
       logging.info("Verified that the bot's close method was called once.")
  async def test_stop_bot_error(self):
     """Test the stop bot command when it encounters an error during shutdown."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_stop_bot_error")
```

```
# Patch the bot's close method to raise an exception
     with patch.object(self.ctx.bot, 'close', new_callable=AsyncMock) as mock_close:
       mock_close.side_effect = Exception("Error stopping bot") # Simulate an error
       # Simulate calling the stop_bot command
       logging.info("Simulating the stop_bot command call.")
       command = self.bot.get_command("stop_bot")
           self.assertIsNotNone(command, "stop_bot command is not registered.") # Ensure the
command is registered
       # Act & Assert: Expect the exception to be raised
       with self.assertRaises(Exception):
          await command(self.ctx)
       logging.info("Verified that an error occurred and was handled correctly.")
       # Ensure ctx.send was still called with the shutdown message before the error occurred
       self.ctx.send.assert_called_with("The bot is shutting down...")
       logging.info("Verified that 'The bot is shutting down...' message was sent despite the error.")
       # Verify that the close method was still attempted
       mock_close.assert_called_once()
       logging.info("Verified that the bot's close method was called even though it raised an error.")
if name == " main ":
  # Use the custom test runner to display 'Unit test passed'
```

```
unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
```

```
--- test !stop monitoring price.py ---
import logging, unittest
from unittest.mock import patch, AsyncMock
from test_init import BaseTestSetup, CustomTextTestRunner
11 11 11
File: test_!stop_monitoring_price.py
Purpose: This file contains unit tests for the !stop_monitoring_price command in the Discord bot.
The tests validate both successful and error scenarios, ensuring that the bot stops monitoring prices
or handles errors.
.....
class TestStopMonitoringPriceCommand(BaseTestSetup):
  @patch('control.PriceControl.PriceControl.receive_command', new_callable=AsyncMock)
  async def test_stop_monitoring_price_error(self, mock_receive_command):
     """Test the stop monitoring price command when it encounters an error."""
     logging.info("Starting test: test_stop_monitoring_price_error")
     # Simulate a failure during price monitoring stop
     mock_receive_command.return_value = "Failed to stop monitoring."
     # Retrieve the stop_monitoring_price command from the bot
     command = self.bot.get_command("stop_monitoring_price")
     self.assertIsNotNone(command)
```

```
# Call the command
     await command(self.ctx)
     # Verify the correct error message is sent
     expected_message = "Failed to stop monitoring."
     self.ctx.send.assert_called_with(expected_message)
     logging.info("Verified error handling during price monitoring stop.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  unittest.main(testRunner=CustomTextTestRunner(verbosity=2))
--- test init.py ---
# Purpose: This file contains common setup code for all test cases.
import sys, os, discord, logging, unittest
sys.path.append(os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))))
from unittest.mock import AsyncMock
from utils.MyBot import MyBot
# Setup logging configuration
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s')
class CustomTextTestResult(unittest.TextTestResult):
  """Custom test result to output 'Unit test passed' instead of 'ok'."""
  def addSuccess(self, test):
     super().addSuccess(test)
```

```
self.stream.flush()
class CustomTextTestRunner(unittest.TextTestRunner):
  """Custom test runner that uses the custom result class."""
  resultclass = CustomTextTestResult
class BaseTestSetup(unittest.IsolatedAsyncioTestCase):
  """Base setup class for initializing bot and mock context for all tests."""
  async def asyncSetUp(self):
     """Setup the bot and mock context before each test."""
     logging.info("Setting up the bot and mock context for testing...")
     intents = discord.Intents.default()
     intents.message_content = True
     self.bot = MyBot(command_prefix="!", intents=intents)
     self.ctx = AsyncMock()
     self.ctx.send = AsyncMock()
     self.ctx.bot = self.bot # Mock the bot property in the context
     await self.bot.setup_hook() # Ensure commands are registered
--- ___init___.py ---
#empty init file
--- Config.py ---
```

class Config:

self.stream.write("Unit test passed\n") # Custom success message

```
'MTI2OTM4MTE4OTA1NjMzNTk3Mw.Gihcfw.nrq0x-JiL65P0LIQTO-rTyyXq0qC-2PSSBuXr8'
  CHANNEL_ID = 1269383349278081054
  DATABASE PASSWORD = 'postgres'
--- css_selectors.py ---
class Selectors:
  SELECTORS = {
     "google": {
       "url": "https://www.google.com/"
    },
     "ebay": {
       "url": "https://signin.ebay.com/signin/",
       "email_field": "#userid",
       "continue_button": "[data-testid*='signin-continue-btn']",
       "password_field": "#pass",
       "login_button": "#sgnBt",
       "price": ".x-price-primary span" # CSS selector for Ebay price
    },
     "bestbuy": {
                                                                                        "priceUrl":
"https://www.bestbuy.com/site/microsoft-xbox-wireless-controller-for-xbox-series-x-xbox-series-s-xb
ox-one-windows-devices-sky-cipher-special-edition/6584960.p?skuld=6584960",
       "url": "https://www.bestbuy.com/signin/",
       "email_field": "#fld-e",
       #"continue_button": ".cia-form__controls button",
```

"password_field": "#fld-p1",

```
"SignIn_button": ".cia-form__controls button",
       "price": "[data-testid='customer-price'] span", # CSS selector for BestBuy price
       "homePage": ".v-p-right-xxs.line-clamp"
     },
     "opentable": {
       "url": "https://www.opentable.com/",
       "unavailableUrl": "https://www.opentable.com/r/bar-spero-washington/",
       "availableUrl": "https://www.opentable.com/r/the-rux-nashville",
       "date field": "#restProfileSideBarDtpDayPicker-label",
       "time field": "#restProfileSideBartimePickerDtpPicker",
       "select_date": "#restProfileSideBarDtpDayPicker-wrapper", # button[aria-label*="{}"]
       "select_time": "h3[data-test='select-time-header']",
       "no_availability": "div._8ye6OVzeOuU- span",
       "find table button": ".find-table-button", # Example selector for the Find Table button
       "availability_result": ".availability-result", # Example selector for availability results
           "show_next_available_button": "button[data-test='multi-day-availability-button']", # Show
next available button
       "available_dates": "ul[data-test='time-slots'] > li", # Available dates and times
     }
  }
   @staticmethod
  def get_selectors_for_url(url):
     for keyword, selectors in Selectors.SELECTORS.items():
       if keyword in url.lower():
          return selectors
```

```
--- exportUtils.py ---
import os
import pandas as pd
from datetime import datetime
class ExportUtils:
  @staticmethod
  def log_to_excel(command, url, result, entered_date=None, entered_time=None):
     # Determine the file path for the Excel file
     file_name = f"{command}.xlsx"
     file_path = os.path.join("ExportedFiles", "excelFiles", file_name)
     # Ensure directory exists
     os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(file_path), exist_ok=True)
     # Timestamp for current run
     timestamp = datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
     # If date/time not entered, use current timestamp
     entered_date = entered_date or datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
     entered_time = entered_time or datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
     # Check if the file exists and create the structure if it doesn't
     if not os.path.exists(file_path):
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(columns=["Timestamp", "Command", "URL", "Result", "Entered Date",
"Entered Time"])
       df.to_excel(file_path, index=False)
    # Load existing data from the Excel file
    df = pd.read_excel(file_path)
    # Append the new row
    new row = {
       "Timestamp": timestamp,
       "Command": command,
       "URL": url,
       "Result": result,
       "Entered Date": entered_date,
       "Entered Time": entered_time
    }
    # Add the new row to the existing data and save it back to Excel
    df = pd.concat([df, pd.DataFrame([new_row])], ignore_index=True)
    df.to_excel(file_path, index=False)
    return f"Data saved to Excel file at {file_path}."
  @staticmethod
  def export_to_html(command, url, result, entered_date=None, entered_time=None):
```

"""Export data to HTML format with the same structure as Excel."""

```
# Define file path for HTML
file_name = f"{command}.html"
file_path = os.path.join("ExportedFiles", "htmlFiles", file_name)
# Ensure directory exists
os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(file_path), exist_ok=True)
# Timestamp for current run
timestamp = datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
# If date/time not entered, use current timestamp
entered_date = entered_date or datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
entered_time = entered_time or datetime.now().strftime('%H:%M:%S')
# Data row to insert
new_row = {
  "Timestamp": timestamp,
  "Command": command,
  "URL": url,
  "Result": result,
  "Entered Date": entered_date,
  "Entered Time": entered_time
}
# Check if the HTML file exists and append rows
if os.path.exists(file_path):
  # Open the file and append rows
```

```
with open(file_path, "r+", encoding="utf-8") as file:
        content = file.read()
       # Look for the closing  tag and append new rows before it
       if "" in content:
                                                               new_row_html
f"{new_row['Timestamp']}{new_row['Command']}{new_row['URL']}<
td>{new_row['Result']}{new_row['Entered
                                                   Date']}{new_row['Entered
Time']\n"
          content = content.replace("", new row html + "")
          file.seek(0) # Move pointer to the start
          file.write(content)
          file.truncate() # Truncate any remaining content
          file.flush() # Flush the buffer to ensure it's written
    else:
     # If the file doesn't exist, create a new one with table headers
     with open(file_path, "w", encoding="utf-8") as file:
       html_content = "<html><head><title>Command Data</title></head><body>"
        html_content += f"<h1>Results for {command}</h1>"
                                                               html content
                                                                             +=
"TimestampCommandURLResultEntered
DateEntered Time
                                                               html_content
                                                                             +=
f"{new_row['Timestamp']}{new_row['Command']}{new_row['URL']}<
td>{new_row['Result']}{new_row['Entered
                                                   Date']}{new_row['Entered
Time']\n"
       html content += "</body></html>"
       file.write(html_content)
```

return f"HTML file saved and updated at {file_path}."

```
--- MyBot.py ---
import discord
from discord.ext import commands
from boundary.BrowserBoundary import BrowserBoundary
from boundary.NavigationBoundary import NavigationBoundary
from boundary. HelpBoundary import HelpBoundary
from boundary.StopBoundary import StopBoundary
from boundary.LoginBoundary import LoginBoundary
from boundary.AccountBoundary import AccountBoundary
from boundary. Availability Boundary import Availability Boundary
from boundary.PriceBoundary import PriceBoundary
class MyBot(commands.Bot):
  async def setup_hook(self):
    await self.add_cog(BrowserBoundary())
    await self.add_cog(NavigationBoundary())
    await self.add_cog(HelpBoundary())
    await self.add_cog(StopBoundary())
    await self.add_cog(LoginBoundary())
```

```
await self.add_cog(AccountBoundary())

await self.add_cog(AvailabilityBoundary())

await self.add_cog(PriceBoundary())

async def on_ready(self):

print(f"Logged in as {self.user}")

channel = discord.utils.get(self.get_all_channels(), name="general") # Adjust the channel
name if needed

if channel:

await channel.send("Hi, I'm online! Type '!project_help' to see what I can do.")

async def on_command_error(self, ctx, error):

if isinstance(error, commands.CommandNotFound):

await ctx.send("Command not recognized. Type !project_help to see the list of commands.")
```