

Optimization Techniques

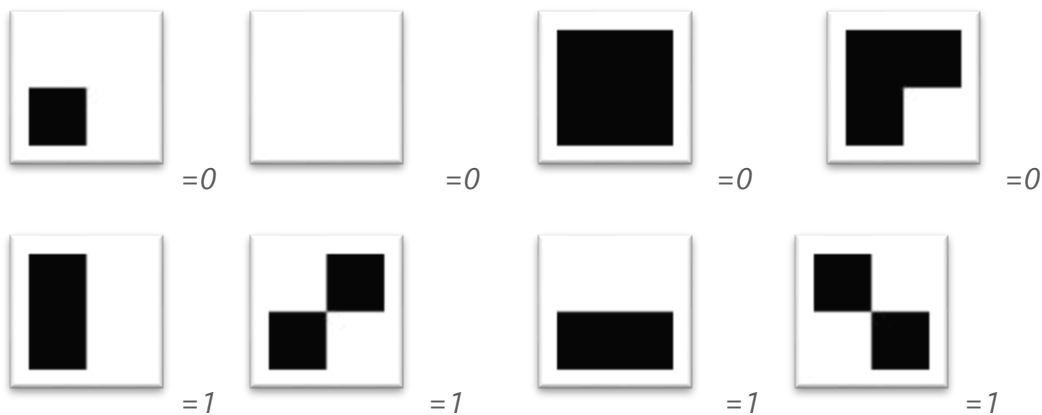
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Handwriting recognition approximation

After a little study of image processing we can understand easily that 0 is black , 255 is white and grey scale changes between 0-255.

In this example I will train colors from 0 to 10 as 0 white and 10 is black.



How Does it work?

Lets take an image shown up as example.



=1 , but its expression as array is $\begin{pmatrix} x & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{pmatrix}$ although we can reshape it to one line array as $(x \ 0 \ 0 \ x)$. And now what we need is a lot of data to train.

Good to know: $x = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10$

	0	10	0	0	1		-1	1
	5	0	0	0	2		-1	2
	0	0	5	0	3		-1	3
	2	0	10	0	4		1	4
	3	0	4	0	5		1	5
	0	0	0	0	6		-1	6
	0	2	8	0	7		1	7
	0	10	0	2	8		1	8
	0	0	4	3	9		1	9
	5	0	0	0	10		-1	10
	0	4	0	0	11		-1	11
	4	0	4	3	12		-1	12
	0	0	9	8	13		1	13
	0	0	6	8	14		1	14
	0	0	8	7	15		1	15
	1	0	0	6	16		1	16
	0	8	0	1	17		1	17
	0	9	7	0	18		1	18
	7	0	0	0	19		-1	19
	0	0	5	8	20		1	20
	0	0	0	0	21		-1	21
	0	0	0	0	22		-1	22
	0	2	6	0	23		1	23
	1	0	0	3	24		1	24
	7	0	0	0	25		-1	25
	1	6	10	0	26		-1	26
	0	0	0	1	27		-1	27
	0	10	10	4	28		-1	28
	2	7	0	5	29		-1	29
	1	0	0	7	30		1	30
	0	2	10	9	31		-1	31
	0	0	8	8	32		1	32



Input



Output

Part of inputs and outputs

Result

```
TestImage=[0 8 0 2]; %% image for test == [0 x
%          | 0 x] ==1
yhatBEST2 = MISOANNmodelGC(TestImage,xBEST,S,R);
yhatBEST2 = sign(yhatBEST2);
if(yhatBEST2)==-1
    Sonuc=0;
else
    Sonuc=1;
end
Sonuc
```

NumOfMisClass =

10

Sonuc =

1

