Department of Computer Science The City College of CUNY

CSc 22100: Software Design Laboratory [Spring 2021]

Assignment 3

A <u>report</u> uploaded on the Blackboard's course page for the section showing [1] the problem, [2] solution methods, [3] codes developed, and [4] outputs produced for the assignment indicated is due by 3:30 pm on Thursday, 15 April 2021. **The deadline is strictly observed**.

In-person demonstration of your application is required. The day and time of the demonstration will be announced to the Section on the Blackboard.

1- Amend the **MyShape** class hierarchy in Assignment 2 as follows:

Class **MyArc** inherits class MyShape. The **MyArc** object is a segment of the boundary of a **MyOval** object, defined by the endpoints (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , or their corresponding angles, on the **MyOval** boundary. The **MyArc** object may be filled with any color of **MyColor** *enum* reference type. The class includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods that perform the following operations:

- a. toString—returns a string representation of a **MyArc** object;
- b. draw- draws a **MyArc** object.
- 2- Implement a Java class **MyPieChart** that displays a *circular* pie chart of the probabilities of the *n* most frequent occurrences of an event to be specified in part 5 of the Assignment. The probability of event is given by:

$$Probability of event = \frac{Frequency of event}{\sum Frequencies of all events}$$

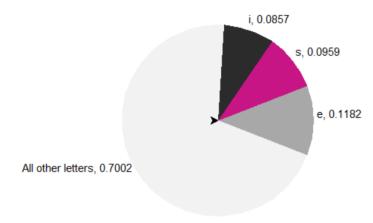
In the pie chart:

i. Each event is represented by a slice of the pie chart. The area of the slice is proportional to the probability of the corresponding event:

$$Probability \ of \ event = \frac{Central \ angle \ of \ segment}{2\pi}$$

- ii. Each slice has a different color of your choice of type enum MyColor;
- iii. Each slice has a legend showing the corresponding event and its probability;
- iv. The slices are displayed in order of decreasing probability;

v. The last slice represents "All Other Events" and their cumulative probability. As an example, in the graph below where the event is the occurrence of a letter in a text: n = 3, and the probability of All Other Events is *one* minus the sum of the probabilities of events e, s, and i;



- 3- The **MyPieChart** class utilizes a class **Slice**, and includes appropriate constructors and a method *draw* that draws the pie chart. The drawing canvas may include appropriate GUI components to input the number of events, *n* (variable), and display the pie chart together with the events and their corresponding probabilities.
- 4- Class **Slice** includes appropriate constructors and methods, including methods that perform the following operations:
- a. toString—returns a string representation of a **Slice** object;
- b. draw- draws a **Slice** object.
- 5- Implement a Java class **HistogramAlphaBet** that calculates the *n* most frequent alphabet characters in "Alice in Wonderland" (file *Alice in Wonderland.txt*) and their probabilities. The **HistogramAlphaBet** class utilizes a **Map** collection for statistical calculations and the drawing canvas above to draw a pie chart of the probabilities. It also include the **MyPieChart** class as an inner class.
- 6- You may only use JavaFX graphics and your own classes and methods for the operations included. Further,
 - a. The code is applicable to canvases of variable height and width;
 - b. The size of the pie chart is proportional to the smallest dimension of the canvas;

Hesham A Auda 26 March 2021