
CS 61A Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

Spring 2017

DISCUSSION QUIZ 8

1. (1.5 points) Scheme Primer (Conceptual)

- (a) Describe all interpretations of Scheme parentheses that you can think of (in other words, say you see some parentheses... what could their meaning be?).

- (b) Do you enjoy counting parentheses? Circle one: Yes
- (c) What is a symbol in Scheme?

2. (2 points) WWSP?

```
scm> '((list 2 3))
```

```
scm> (list '(2 3))
```

```
scm> (define x (+))
```

```
x
```

```
scm> (define y +)
```

```
y
```

```
scm> (x 3 4)
```

```
scm> (y 3 4)
```

3. (2.5 points) Box and Pointers

Draw box-and-pointer diagrams for each of the following Scheme lists.

```
scm> '(2 . 3 4)
```

```
scm> (cons (list '(two) '((3)) nil) 4)
```

```
scm> (cons 2 '(list nil))
```

```
scm> (list (append '(2) '(3) nil) 4)
```

```
scm> '(2 . (3 . (4)))
```

4. (4 points) Last One

Write a function `take` that takes in a list `s` and a positive number `n`, and returns a list `t` such that `(car t)` is the first `n` elements of `s` and `(cdr t)` is the remaining elements of `s`. If `n` is greater than the length of `s`, `(car t)` should be `s` and `(cdr t)` should be `nil`.

```
(define (take s n)
```

```
)
```

Example usage:

```
scm> (define a (take '(1 2 3) 2))
```

```
scm> (car a)
```

```
(1 2)
```

```
scm> (cdr a)
```

```
(3)
```

```
scm> (define b (take '(1 2 3) 4)) ; n > (length s)
```

```
scm> (car b)
```

```
(1 2 3)
```

```
scm> (cdr b)
```

```
()
```