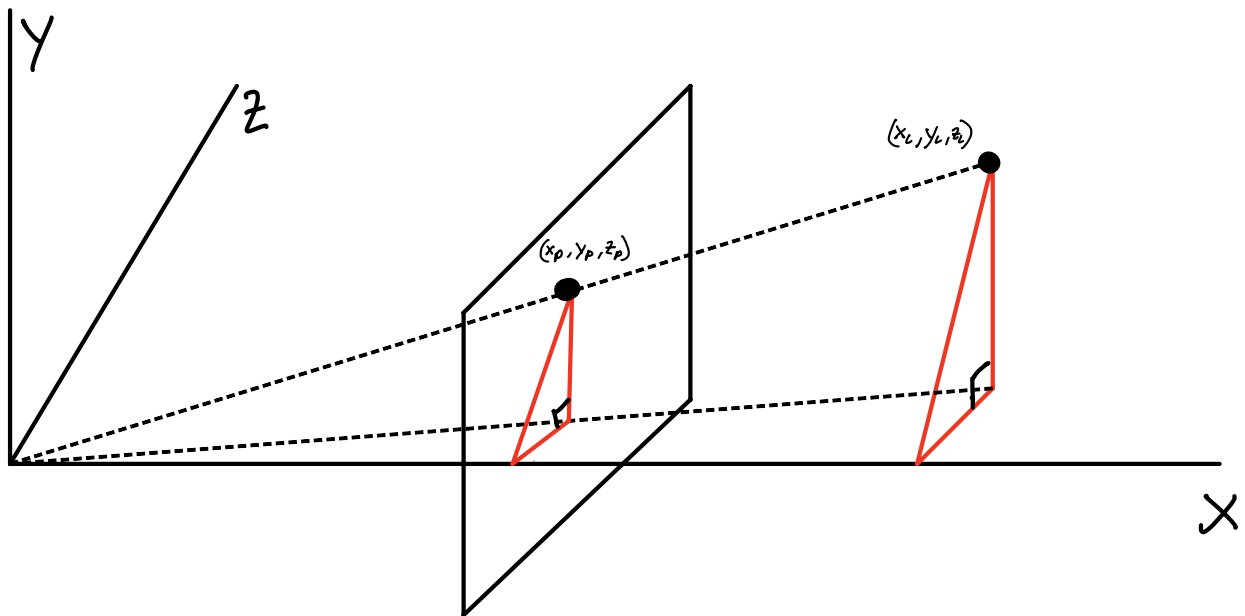


Week 2
CS-E4850

Student number: 729255

Ex 1.



$$\frac{x_c}{z_c} = \frac{x_p}{f} \Rightarrow x_p = f \frac{x_c}{z_c}, \quad \frac{y_c}{z_c} = \frac{y_p}{f} \Rightarrow y_p = f \frac{y_c}{z_c}$$

When $z_p = f$

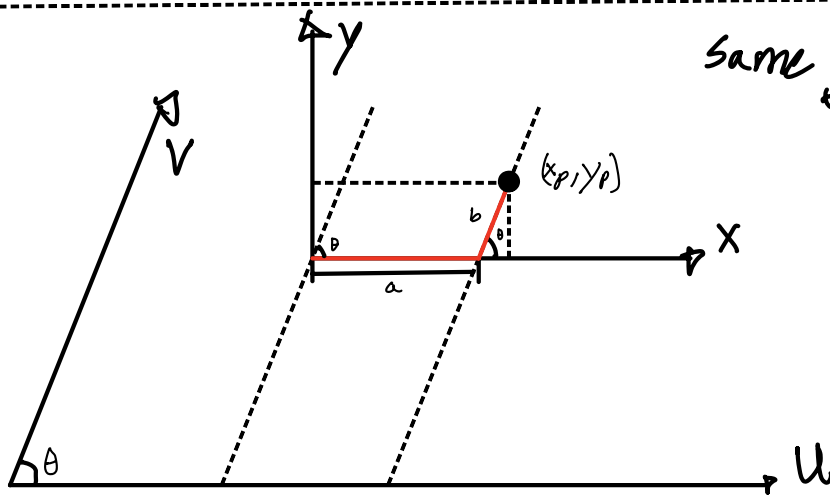
Ex. 2a

Transforming image coordinates
to pixel coordinates

$$\begin{matrix} u \parallel x \\ v \parallel y \end{matrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} m_u & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f \frac{x_c}{z_c} + p_x \\ f \frac{y_c}{z_c} + p_y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} m_u x_p + m_u p_x \\ m_v y_p + m_v p_y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} u &= m_u x_p + u_0 \\ v &= m_v y_p + v_0 \end{aligned}$$

Ex 2. b



Same as Ex 2a but with these constraints
 $x \parallel u$
 $V, u \angle = \theta$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y_p}{b} \Rightarrow b = \frac{y_p}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y_p}{x_p - a} \Rightarrow a = x_p - \frac{y_p}{\tan \theta}$$

$$u = m_u a + u_0 \Rightarrow m_u \left(x_p - \frac{y_p}{\tan \theta} \right) + u_0$$

$$v = m_v b + v_0 \Rightarrow m_v \frac{y_p}{\sin \theta} + v_0$$

Ex 3.

$$K_{3 \times 3} \begin{bmatrix} x_c \\ y_c \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Using homogeneous to represent Ex 2.a

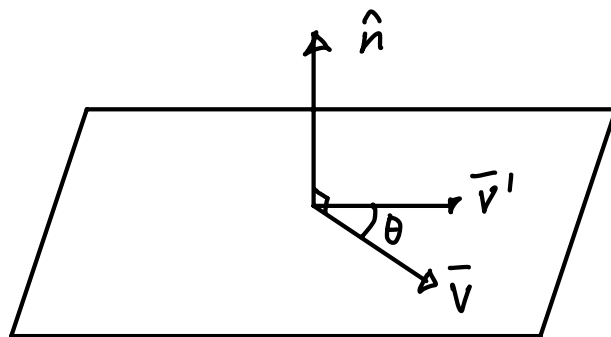
$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} m_u & 0 & u_0 \\ 0 & m_v & v_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_p \\ y_p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} m_u & 0 & u_0 \\ 0 & m_v & v_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_c \\ y_c \\ z_c \end{bmatrix}$$

Real world \Rightarrow pixel camera matrix

Ex 4 $\begin{vmatrix} u \\ v \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = K X_c = K (R X_w + t) =$

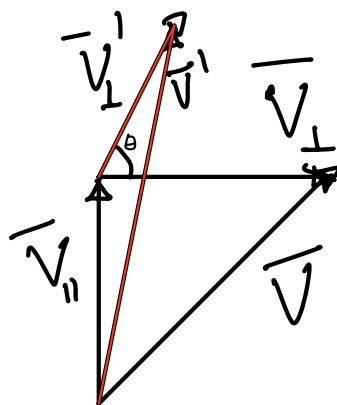
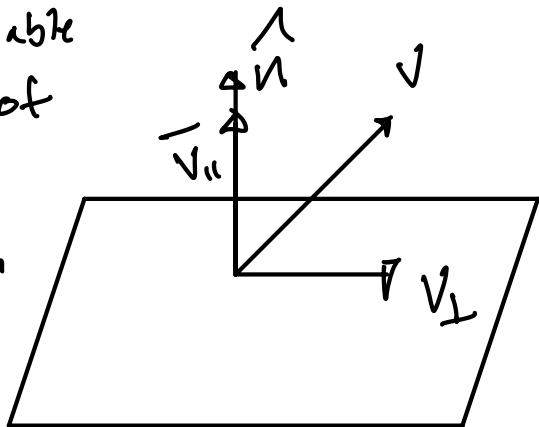
$$K [R \ t] \begin{bmatrix} x_w \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = P \begin{bmatrix} x_w \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ex 5. a



$$\bar{V}' = \cos \theta \bar{V} + \sin \theta (\hat{n} \times \bar{V})$$

Using variable V instead of X for less confusion



$$\bar{V} = \bar{V}_{||} + \bar{V}_{\perp}$$

$$\bar{V}' = \bar{V}_{||} + \bar{V}'_{\perp}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{V}' &= \bar{V}_{||} + \cos(\theta) \bar{V}_{\perp} + \sin \theta (\hat{n} \times \bar{V}_{\perp}) \\ \bar{V}' &= \bar{V}_{||} + \cos \theta (\bar{V} - \bar{V}_{||}) + \sin \theta (\hat{n} \times \bar{V}) \\ \bar{V}' &= (1 - \cos \theta) \bar{V}_{||} + \cos \theta \bar{V} + \sin \theta (\hat{n} \times \bar{V}) \end{aligned} \quad \left| \begin{aligned} \hat{n} \times \bar{V} &= \hat{n} \times (\bar{V}_{||} + \bar{V}_{\perp}) \\ &= \hat{n} \times \bar{V}_{\perp} + \hat{n} \times \bar{V}_{||} \\ &= \hat{n} \times \bar{V}_{\perp} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\bar{V}_{||} = (\bar{V} \cdot \hat{n}) \hat{n}$$

Rodriges formula

$$\bar{V}' = (1 - \cos \theta) (\bar{V} \cdot \hat{n}) \hat{n} + \cos \theta \bar{V} + \sin \theta (\hat{n} \times \bar{V})$$

$$\bar{x}' = (1 - \cos \theta) (\bar{x} \cdot \hat{u}) \hat{u} + \cos \theta \bar{x} + \sin \theta (\hat{u} \times \bar{x})$$

similar variable names as exercise

Ex 5.6

$$U \times X = \begin{vmatrix} u_2 x_3 - u_3 x_2 \\ u_3 x_1 - u_1 x_3 \\ u_1 x_2 - u_2 x_1 \end{vmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -u_3 & u_2 \\ u_3 & 0 & -u_1 \\ -u_2 & u_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_U \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}}_x$$

$\Rightarrow Ux$

Rodrigues formula

$$U = I + \sin \theta V + (1 - \cos \theta) V^2$$