

## Homework Assignment 2

### Problem 2-1

Show that the convolution of a length-M sequence with a length-N sequence leads to a sequence of length  $(M + N - 1)$ .

### Problem 2-2

A periodic sequence  $x[n]$  with a period  $N$  is applied as an input to an LTI discrete-time system characterized by an impulse response  $h[n]$  generating an output  $y[n]$ . Is  $y[n]$  a periodic sequence? If it is, what is its period?

### Problem 2-3

Consider the following sequences:

$$\begin{aligned}x[n] &= 3\delta[n-2] - 2\delta[n+1] \\h[n] &= -\delta[n+2] + 4\delta[n] - 2\delta[n-1]\end{aligned}$$

Determine the following linear convolution:  $y[n] = x[n] \star h[n]$ .

### Problem 2-4

A causal LTI discrete-time system is said to have an overshoot in its step response if the response exhibits an oscillatory behavior with decaying amplitude around a final constant value. Show that the system has no overshoot in its step response if the impulse response  $h[n]$  of the system is nonnegative for all  $n \geq 0$ .

### Problem 2-5

The finite-energy function  $x_a(t) = \sin(t)/\pi t$  is not absolutely summable. Show that its CTFT is given by

$$X_a(j\Omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\Omega| \leq 1 \\ 0, & |\Omega| > 1 \end{cases}$$

### Problem 2-6

Determine the CTFT of the following continuous-time functions defined for  $-\infty < t < \infty$ :

- (a)  $y_a(t) = \cos(\Omega_0 t)$ , (b)  $v_a(t) = \exp(j\Omega_0 t)$

### Problem 2-7

Let  $X_a(j\Omega)$  denote the CTFT of a real-valued continuous-time function  $x_a(t)$ . Show that the magnitude spectrum  $|X_a(j\Omega)|$  is an even function of  $\Omega$  and the phase spectrum  $\theta(\Omega)$  is an odd function of  $\Omega$ .

### Problem 2-8

How do you find the impulse response  $h[n]$  of an LTI discrete-time system? Given the impulse response  $h[n]$ , how do you find the frequency response?