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# Kickstarter Project: Predicting Success

— Milestone Report —

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# Kickstarter

Crowdfunding Platform

\$4,000,000,000+ towards projects

168,000+ successfully funded projects

16,000,000+ users

55,000,000+ total pledges

# The Problem

Only 37.22% of Kickstarters have been successful

Creators may have to abandon their first go-round with a Kickstarter campaign

# Proposed Solution

Given what we know about projects such as:

Description Lengths, Goal Amount, Category, Country of Origin,  
Time of Creation, Length of Campaign

We would like to know the success rate of whether or not a project will succeed.

To do this, we'd like a model that can take various inputs to answer whether a project will reach its goal.

# Kickstarter Dataset

Kickstarter does not provide a public API

Web Robots (webrobots.io) scraped Kickstarter to provide this data

- 2019-05-16
- 210,000 rows with 37 columns
- 56 csv files

Additional web scraping utilizing Google Cloud Platform for more information

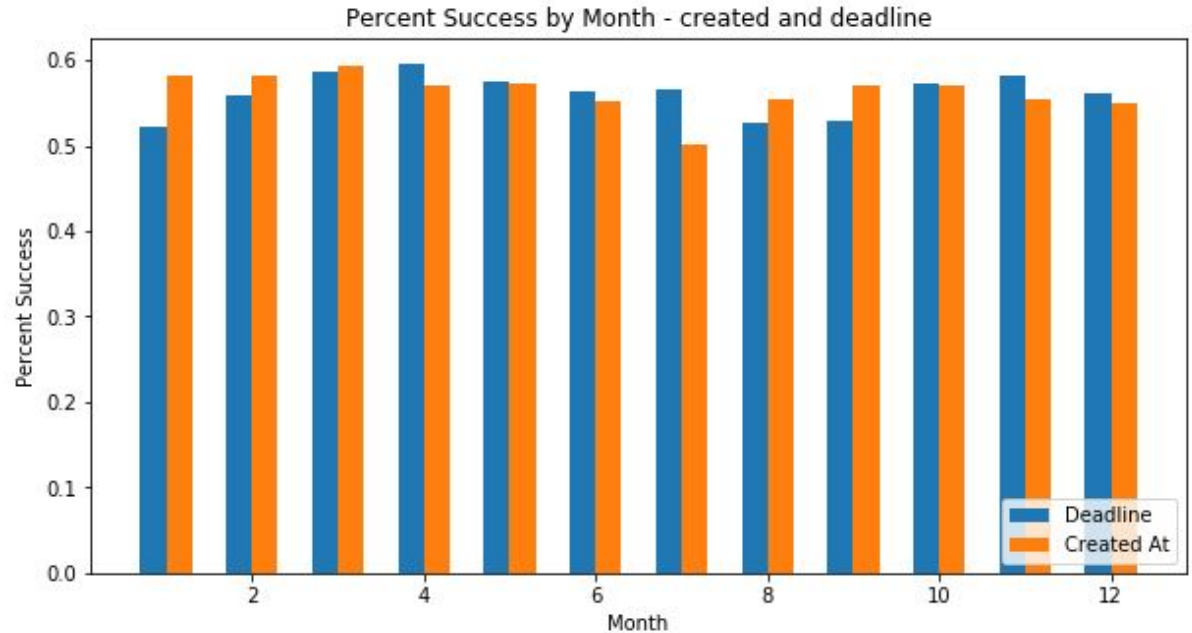
- Use URLs from the WebRobots data
- Pull information such as descriptions & rewards

# Exploratory Analysis

## Projects by Month

Projects started in March are the most successful while projects started in July are the least.

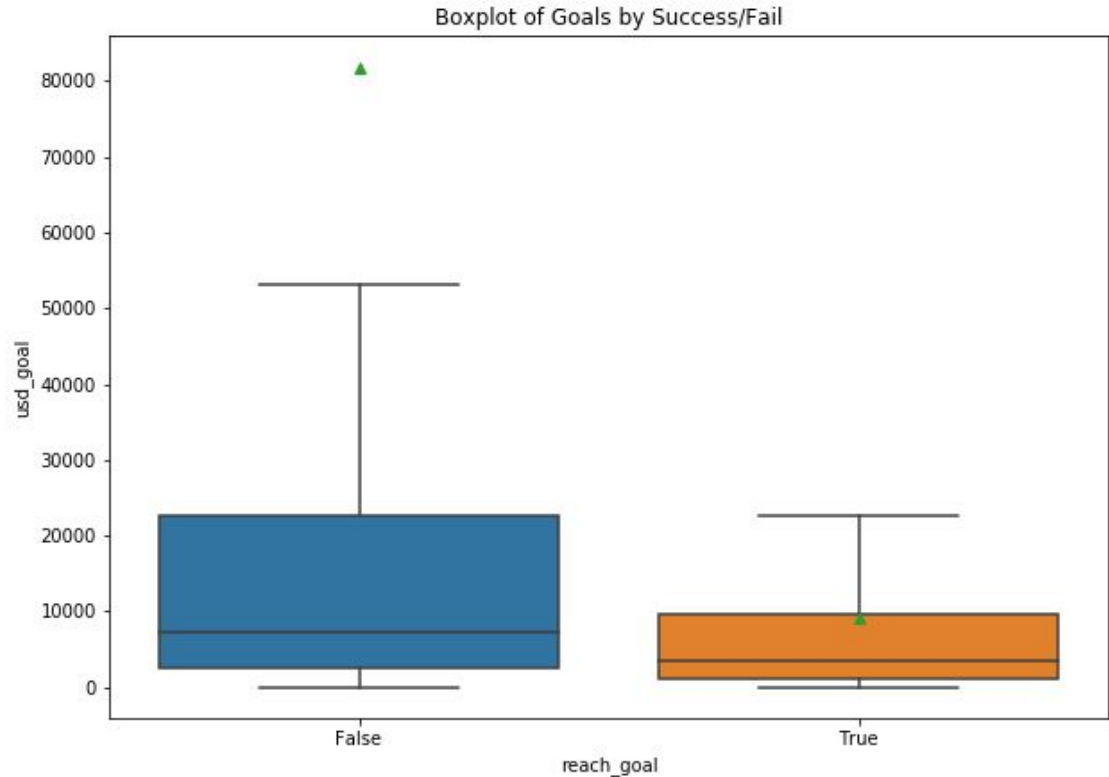
Alternatively, projects finishing in January are the least successful while finishing in April has the highest success.



## Success to Goal (USD)

In general, projects which are successfully funded have much lower mean goals (USD) than projects who have failed.

Additionally, the median of successful projects are also lower than the median of failed projects.

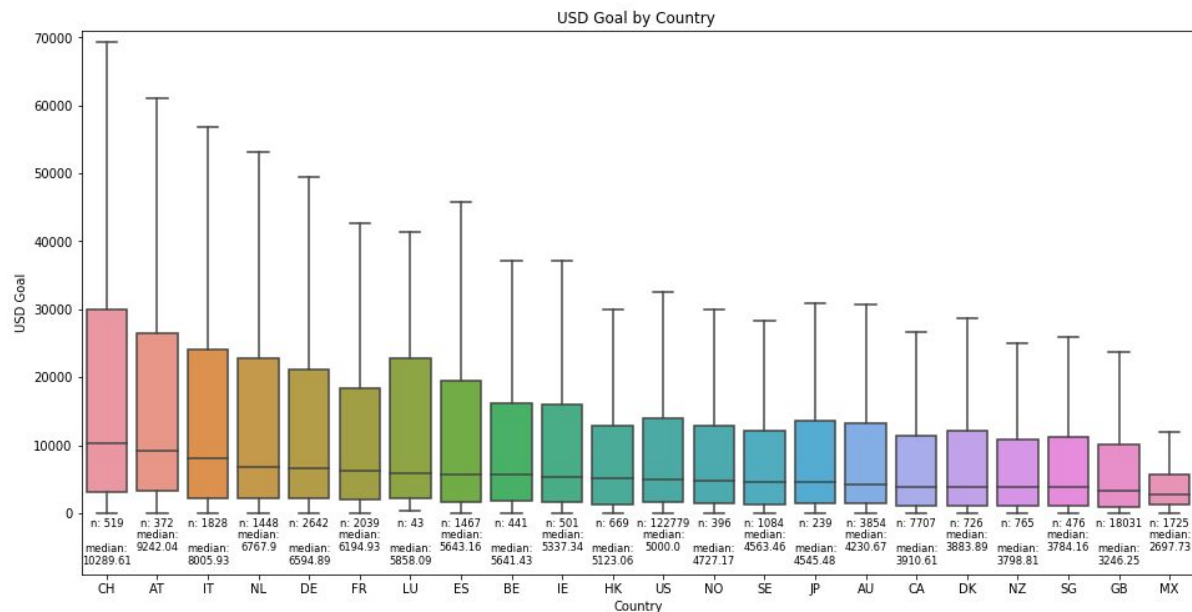




## Country of Origin

In the boxplot of Goals (USD) by Country of Origin, we can see China has the highest median goal at \$10,289. The next would be Austria and Italy at \$9,242 and \$8,005, respectively.

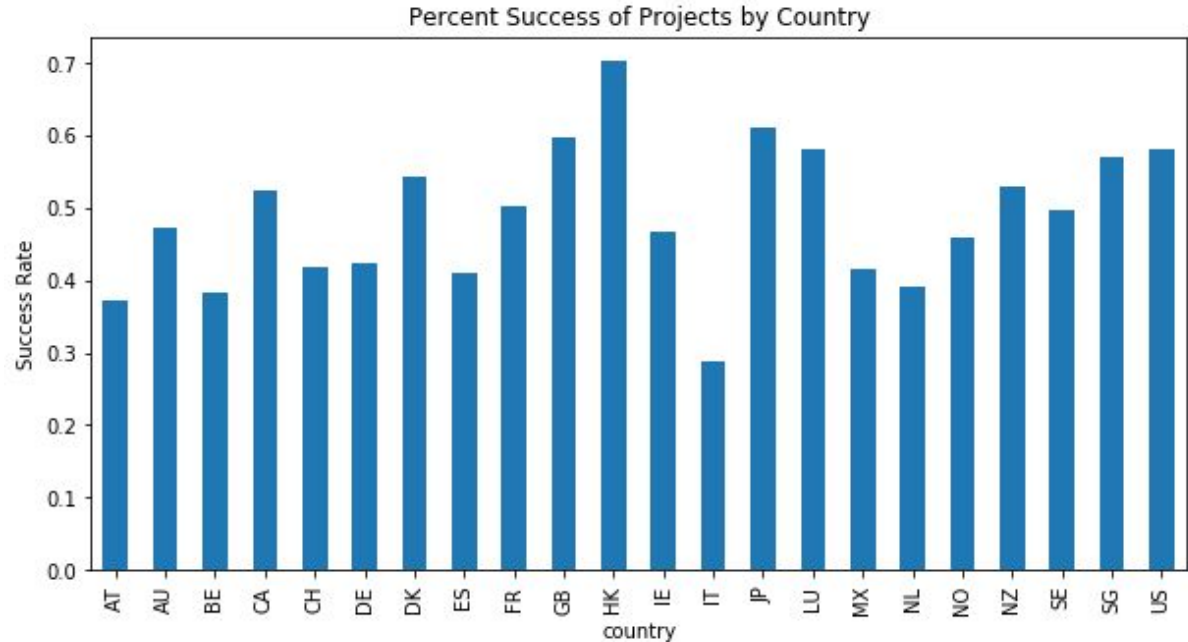
After, median goals seem to balance off around 5,000 to 2,000 USD. The spread also looks to decrease at median goals decrease.



## Country of Origin

However, the three countries who have the highest median goals do not have the highest success rates. Italy actually has the lowest success rate for projects.

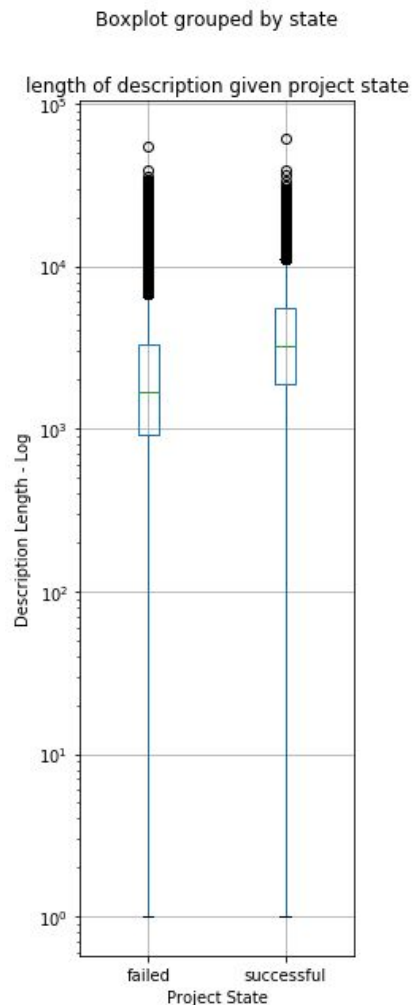
Hong Kong and Japan, countries with a median goal of 5,100 and 4,500 have the two highest success rates but are also on the lower end of the amount of projects from the country.



## Project Descriptions

In the boxplot for description lengths of successful and failed projects, we can see that the median description length of successful projects is higher than failed projects.

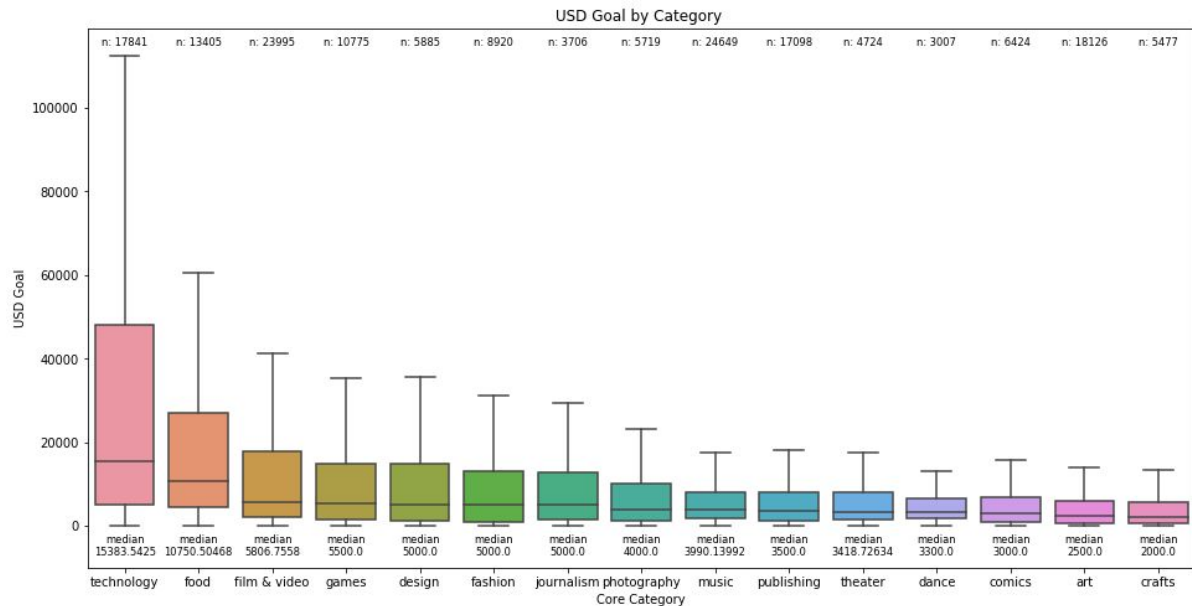
It's worth noting that some projects, both successful and failed, have descriptions of length 0, meaning they have used images and/or video to describe their project.



# Category

Looking at categories to their Goal (USD), we can see that technology has the highest median goal at \$15,383. Followed by food, then film & video.

Size of each category varies widely ranging from 24,000 to 3,000 in each category.

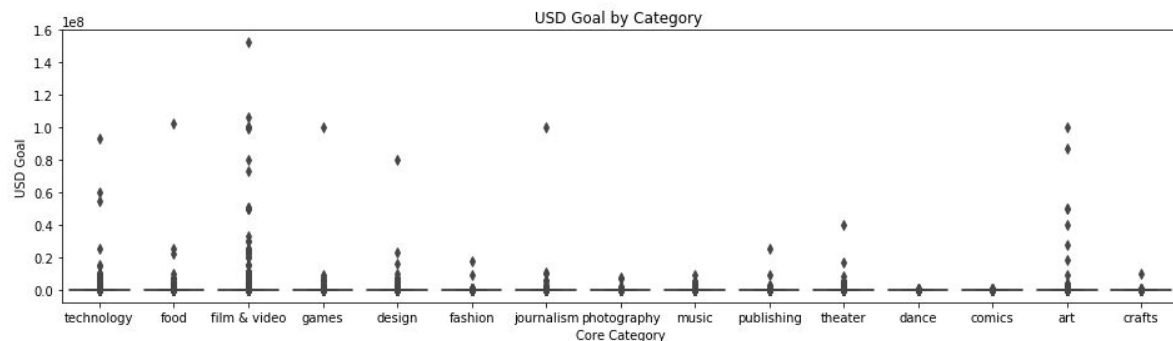


# Category

Looking at the outliers for the previous boxplot, we can see that many categories are afflicted by high outliers such as technology, film & video, and even art.

Film & Video has the highest outlier goal at 1.6 million.

Tech, Film & Video, and Art have outliers across their range but some categories like Journalism are afflicted with gaps of goals.



# Category

Performing a Tukey test, we can see that technology and film & video are the most different from the other categories when it comes to their goals.

Intuitively, this makes sense since tech and videography projects would seem to expend more money than other projects.

group1	group2	meandiff	lower	upper	reject
art	film & video	75098.7355	38120.565	112076.9061	True
comics	film & video	101276.2274	48490.4682	154061.9866	True
comics	technology	64089.8212	9415.2691	118764.3734	True
crafts	film & video	99138.275	42867.8098	155408.7403	True
crafts	technology	61951.8688	3905.8911	119997.8466	True
dance	film & video	101035.8861	28345.2743	173726.498	True
fashion	film & video	92658.3509	46060.9628	139255.7391	True
fashion	technology	55471.9448	6745.2902	104198.5993	True
film & video	food	-58887.1959	-99405.3324	-18369.0593	True
film & video	games	-72766.196	-116341.5353	-29190.8566	True
film & video	music	-97359.664	-131436.7193	-63282.6087	True
film & video	photography	-95079.9702	-150372.6429	-39787.2974	True
film & video	publishing	-97447.5457	-135053.6495	-59841.442	True
film & video	technology	-37186.4062	-74332.4488	-40.3636	True
film & video	theater	-72442.0367	-132252.4474	-12631.626	True
music	technology	60173.2578	23237.9634	97108.5523	True
photography	technology	57893.564	794.9656	114992.1623	True
publishing	technology	60261.1396	20046.8471	100475.432	True

[illegible][illegible]

The image displays a 5x5 grid of word clouds, each representing a different creative industry. The word clouds are arranged in a grid, with each cloud containing various terms related to its category. The words are color-coded in shades of green, yellow, and purple. The categories are: Art, Comics, Crafts, Dance, Design, Fashion, Film & Video, Food, Games, Journalism, Music, Photography, Publishing, Technology, and Theater. The word clouds are arranged in a grid, with each cloud containing various terms related to its category. The words are color-coded in shades of green, yellow, and purple.

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The image displays a 5x5 grid of 25 word clouds, each representing a different creative field. The words are arranged in a circular pattern, with the most prominent words in the center. The fields are: Art, Comics, Crafts, Dance, Design, Fashion, Film & Video, Food, Games, Journalism, Music, Publishing, Technology, Theater, and others. The words are in various colors and sizes, reflecting their frequency and importance in each field.



## Blurbs

Across all projects, we can see what word choices they use to entice prospective backers to click their campaign.

**One** is used as superlatives i.e. "One of the most"

**World** is used in different manners:  
the world as a whole and world of  
their projects

- "world premier", "around the world"
- "world of wine", "art world"

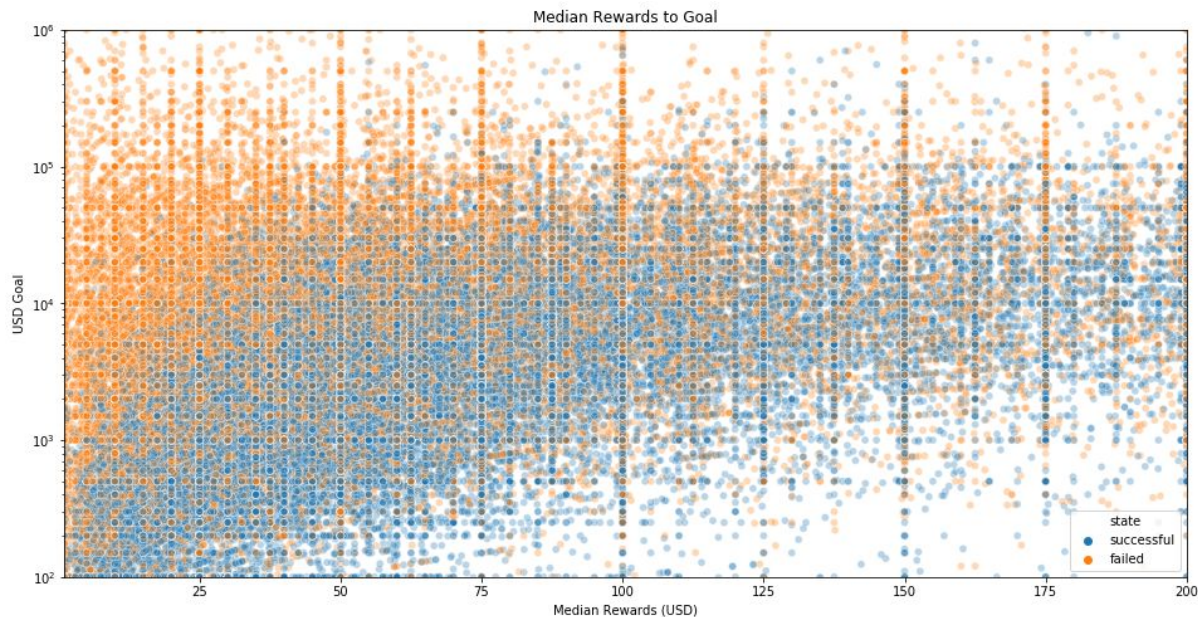




# Rewards

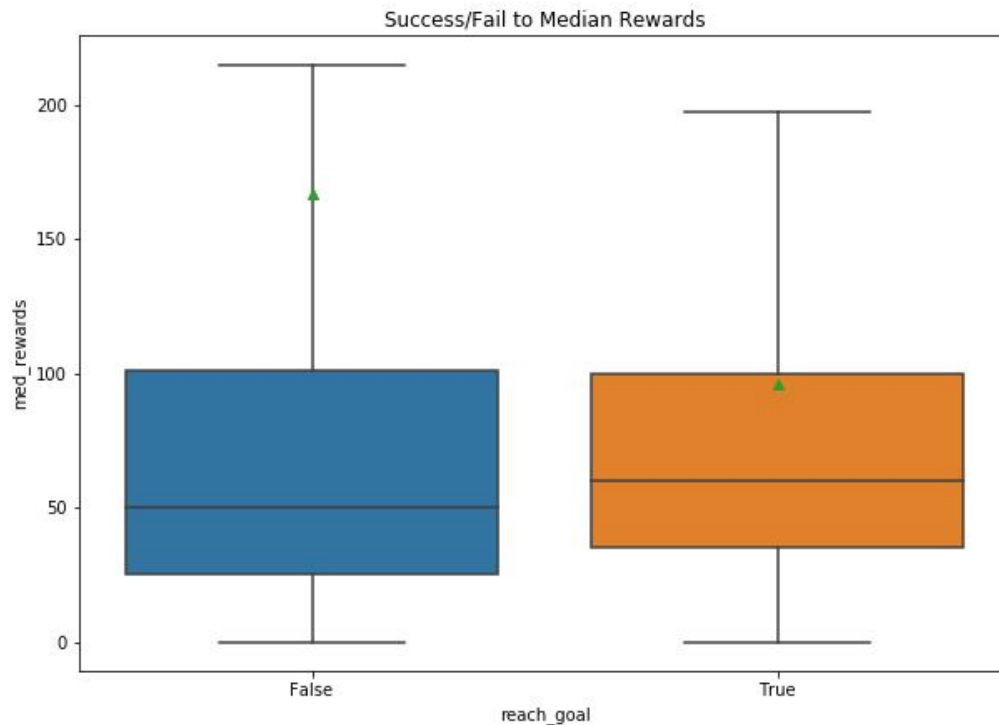
Looking at a zoomed in view of a scatter plot, we can see that past a certain combination of median rewards and goal do failed projects starter to appear.

At a median reward of \$25, projects that have a goal of 10,000 tend to fail. At a median reward of \$50, they tend of fail at higher goal levels.



## Rewards

When looking at the boxplot, however, successful and failed projects tend to have the same range in their data. They are more affected by outliers since failed projects tend to have a higher, more unattainable, goal.



# Next Steps

From the information gleaned, next steps would include determining which feature would make the most sense in predicting success.

This would also require determining which model would be the best for the problem we have.