

OH HAI

A bit about me...

/ <?IRL> Jonathan | <?IRC> jnthn /

```
/ <?IRL> Jonathan | <?IRC> jnthn /
/ 'From ' [UK|England|Yorkshire] /
```

```
/ <?IRL> Jonathan | <?IRC> jnthn /
/ 'From ' [UK|England|Yorkshire] /
/ 'Lived in ' S[lovakia&weden&pain] /
```

```
/ <?IRL> Jonathan | <?IRC> jnthn /
 / 'From ' [UK | England | Yorkshire] /
/ 'Lived in 'S[lovakia&weden&pain] /
           / 'Like ' be**2r /
```

Perl 6 Grammars

Take regexes and...

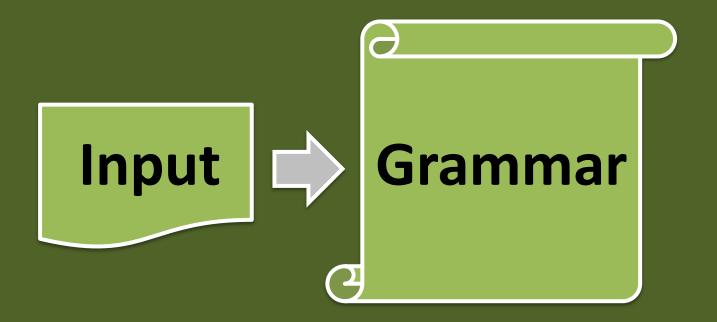
Make it possible to write re-usable, named regexes that can call other ones – even recursively

Put them in a kind of class, so that we can use subclassing to create derived languages

Automatically build a tree data structure of the various matches

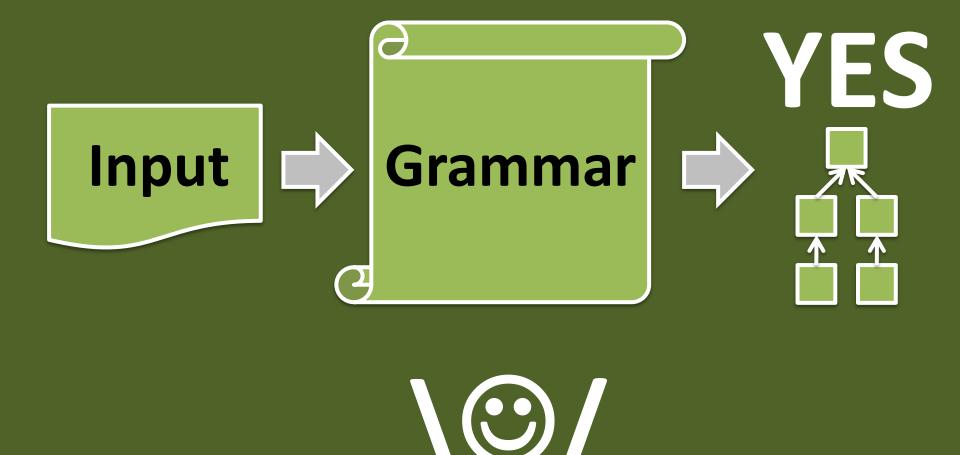
Perl 6 Grammars are wonderful

Input

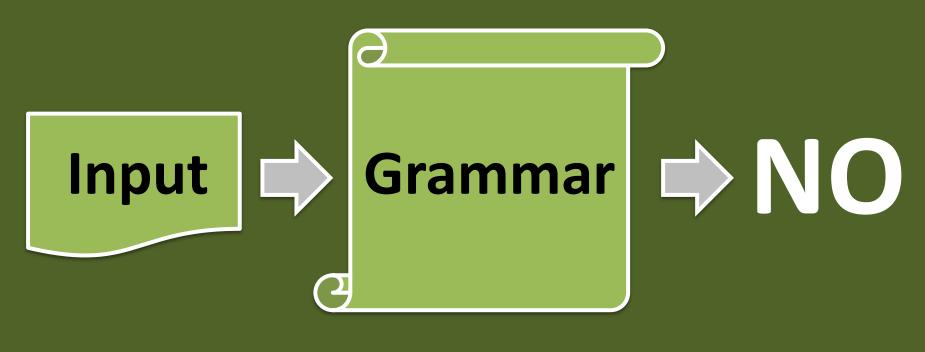
















A fail grammar

The need

We need to parse a list of destinations that a travel company sold trips to, along with the number of trips and map location

```
Norway
    Oslo : 59.914289,10.738739 : 2
    Bergen : 60.388533,5.331856 : 4

Ukraine
    Kiev : 50.456001,30.50384 : 3

Switzerland
    Wengen : 46.608265,7.922065 : 3
...
```

Start out with an empty grammar

```
grammar SalesExport {
}
```

The whole string will have many countries

```
grammar SalesExport {
   token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
}
```

A country has a name...

```
grammar SalesExport {
   token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
   token country {
        <name> \n
   }
}
```

...and at least one destination.

```
grammar SalesExport {
   token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
   token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
   }
}
```

A destination has a name, then a colon...

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    }
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
    }
}
```

...and a latitude and longitude...

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
        <lat=.num> ',' <long=.num> \s+ ':' \s+
```

...and a sales count.

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
        <lat=.num> ',' <long=.num> \s+ ':' \s+
        <sales=.integer> \n
```

A token to parse place names

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
        <lat=.num> ',' <long=.num> \s+ ':' \s+
        <sales=.integer> \n
    token name { \w+ }
```

Finally, some easy tokens to parse numbers

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
        <lat=.num> ',' <long=.num> \s+ ':' \s+
        <sales=.integer> \n
    token name { \w+ }
    token num { \d+ [\.\d+]? }
    token integer { \d+ }
```

And we're done. ©

```
grammar SalesExport {
    token TOP { ^ <country>+ $ }
    token country {
        <name> \n
        <destination>+
    token destination {
        \t <name> \s+ ':' \s+
        <lat=.num> ',' <long=.num> \s+ ':' \s+
        <sales=.integer> \n
    token name { \w+ }
    token num { \d+ [\.\d+]? }
    token integer { \d+ }
```

So we try it out...

```
$ per16 travstats.p6
```

So we try it out...

\$ per16 travstats.p6

Bool::False

So we try it out...

\$ perl6 eg1.p6

Bool::False





So what can we do?

Give up and go to the pub

Pros

The pub has beer

Beer is good

We can forget about our fail grammar

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Pros

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Cons

Our grammar is still broken

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Dang.

Print statements

We can embed closures in our regexes at pretty much any point we want

Can use them to work out where we got to, or dump some information for us

Print statements

We can embed closures in our regexes are pretty much any point we want

Can use them to work out where we got to, or dump some information for us

But that's so 1990s...

Grammar::Tracer

Gives us a trace of all the various rules that our grammar calls as it tries to match

Indicates whether the rule matched or not

When it matches, includes the string that was matched

Tree-like output

Grammar::Tracer

Add a use statement for this module, and any grammars in that lexical scope will automatically be traced when invoked

```
use Grammar::Tracer;
```

(Live demo!)

Grammar::Debugger

Like the tracer, but you can set breakpoints, single step through the grammar, run up until a match failure, run up to a certain rule and so forth...

Again, just add a using statement...

```
use Grammar::Debugger;
```

(Live demo!)

About the modules

Pure Perl 6

Implemented using meta-programming and intercepting method dispatch

Grammar::Tracer is about 45 lines

Grammar::Debugger is about 170 lines

On github.com/jnthn later today!

Thank you!

Questions?

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(BTW, my \$company is hiring; ©)