

A blurred background of a classroom. A green chalkboard is visible with some faint writing. Above it, a string of colorful triangular bunting (yellow, pink, green) hangs across the room. In the foreground, a student's hand is raised, pointing towards the chalkboard. Another student's head is visible in the lower left, looking towards the board. The overall scene is bright and educational.

# ***Student Performance Data Set Analyzation***

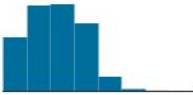
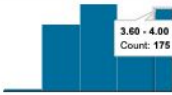
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INFO 330  
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Final Project

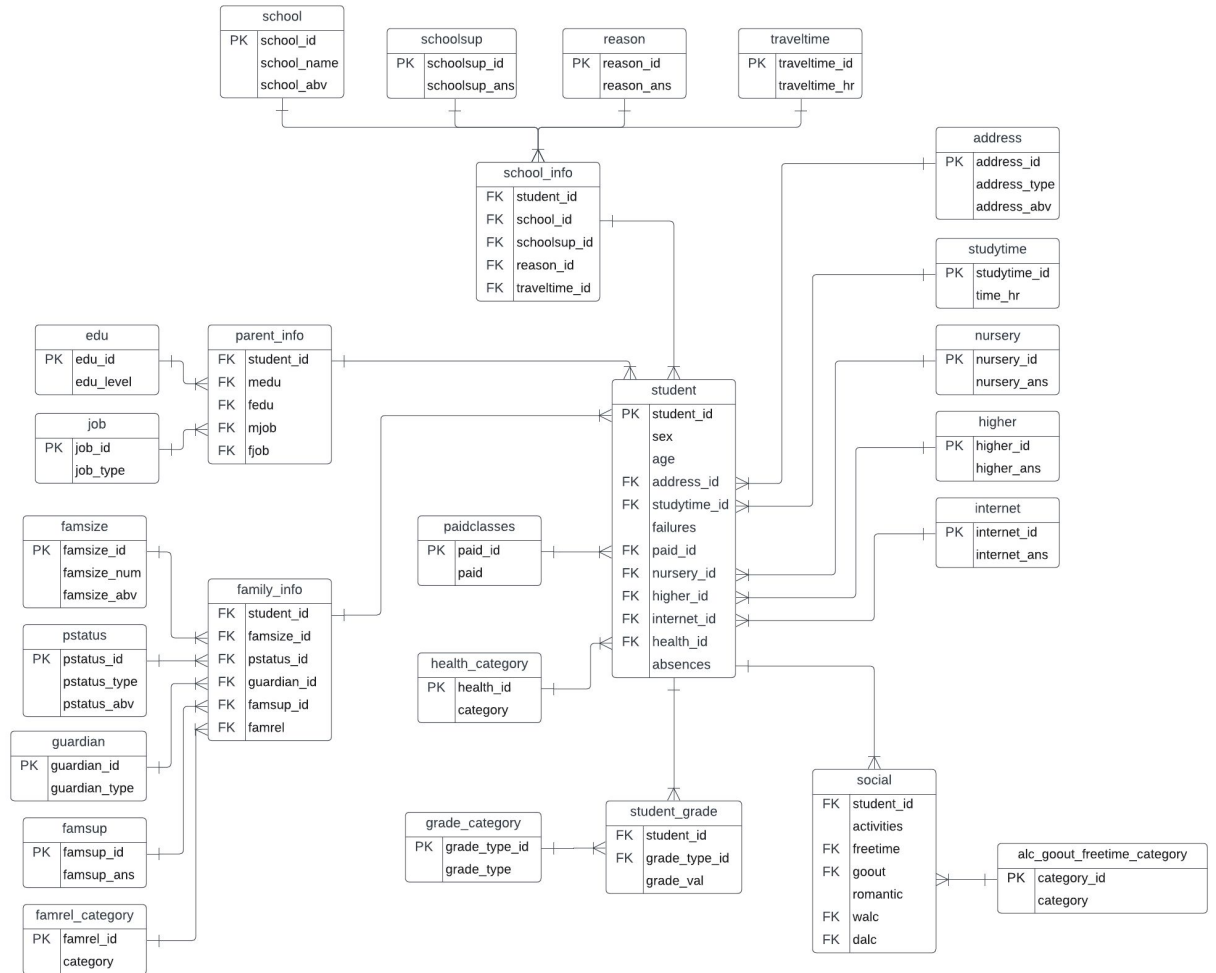
# Student Performance Dataset

- This data approach student achievement in secondary education of 2 portuguese schools.
- The data attributes include student grades, demographics, social and school related features!
- The dataset can be found here:  
<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/larsen0966/student-performance-data-set>
- The actual research paper published by Cortez and Silva can be found here:  
<http://www3.dsi.uminho.pt/pcortez/student.pdf>

# Example

<div> <div>▲ school</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>student's school (binary: 'GP' - Gabriel Pereira or 'MS' - Mousinho da Silveira)</div> </div>	<div> <div>▲ sex</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>student's sex (binary: 'F' - female or 'M' - male)</div> </div>	<div> <div># age</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>student's age (numeric: from 15 to 22)</div> </div>	<div> <div>▲ address</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>student's home address type (binary: 'U' - urban or 'R' - rural)</div> </div>	<div> <div>▲ famsize</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>family size (binary: 'LE3' - less or equal to 3 or 'GT3' - greater than 3)</div> </div>	<div> <div>▲ Pstatus</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>parent's cohabitation status (binary: 'T' - living together or 'A' - apart)</div> </div>	<div> <div># Medu</div> <div></div> </div> <div> <div>mother's education (numeric: 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 - 5th to 9th grade, 3 - secondary)</div> </div>
<div>GP</div> <div>65%</div>	<div>F</div> <div>59%</div>	 <div>1522</div>	<div>U</div> <div>70%</div>	<div>GT3</div> <div>70%</div>	<div>T</div> <div>88%</div>	 <div>3.60 - 4.00 Count: 175</div>
<div>MS</div> <div>35%</div>	<div>M</div> <div>41%</div>		<div>R</div> <div>30%</div>	<div>LE3</div> <div>30%</div>	<div>A</div> <div>12%</div>	<div>0</div>
GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4
GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1
GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1
GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4
GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3
GP	M	16	U	LE3	T	4
GP	M	16	U	LE3	T	2
GP	F	17	U	GT3	A	4
GP	M	15	U	LE3	A	3
GP	M	15	U	GT3	T	3
GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4
GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	2

# Data Model



# Interesting Schema Design

- Some tables such as our alc\_goout\_freetime\_category hold answers to different columns

Ex: In our social table, our “goout, walc, and dalc” values based on the students response that is stored in the alc\_goout\_freetime\_category table

Table: social

	student_id	activities	freetime	goout	romantic	walc	dalc
	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter
1	1	no	3	4	no	1	1
2	2	no	3	3	no	1	1
3	3	no	3	2	no	3	2
4	4	yes	2	2	yes	1	1
5	5	no	3	2	no	2	1
6	6	yes	4	2	no	2	1
7	7	no	4	4	no	1	1
8	8	no	1	4	no	1	1
9	9	no	2	2	no	1	1
10	10	yes	5	1	no	1	1

Table: alc\_goout\_freetime\_category

	category_id	category
	Filter	Filter
1	1	Very low
2	2	Low
3	3	Medium
4	4	High
5	5	Very high

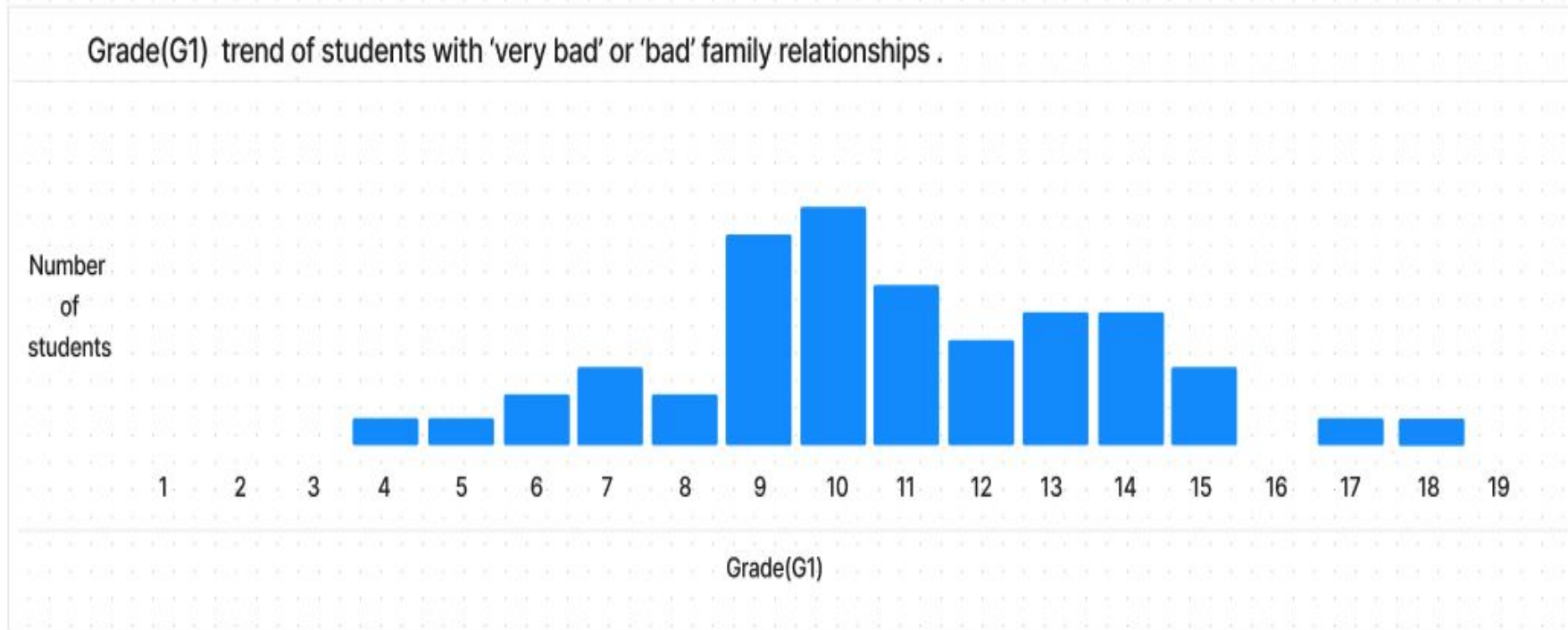


# Query 1

First we want to study the family relationships of the students. Find all students with 'very bad' or 'bad' family relationships and show their G1 grades. We want to study if the quality of family relationships has a relationship with student performance.

```
SELECT S.student_id, GC.grade_type, SG.grade_val, FI.famrel
FROM student S
JOIN student_grade SG ON S.student_id = SG.student_id
JOIN grade_category GC ON SG.grade_type_id = GC.grade_type_id
JOIN family_info FI ON S.student_id = FI.student_id
JOIN famrel_category FC ON FI.famrel = FC.famrel_id
WHERE (famrel_id=1 OR famrel_id=2) AND GC.grade_type='G1';
```

# Visualizations for Query 1





## Query 2

Find all students who are living apart from their parents and find if they have failed any classes. Following the previous query, we want to study if living apart from parents affects class failure. Show student information and their grades. (Does having parents physically at home improve students' performance?)

```
SELECT S.student_id, S.failures, GC.grade_type, SG.grade_val, PS.pstatus_abv
FROM student S
JOIN student_grade SG ON S.student_id = SG.student_id
JOIN grade_category GC ON SG.grade_type_id = GC.grade_type_id
JOIN family_info FI ON S.student_id = FI.student_id
JOIN pstatus PS ON FI.pstatus_id = PS.pstatus_id
WHERE PS.pstatus_type = 'Living apart' AND GC.grade_type='G1';
```

# Query 3

Find all the female students who have a study time greater than 5 hours and their G3 grade (show their id, sex, studytime, grade value, grade category).

```
CREATE TABLE f_g3_temp AS  
SELECT student.student_id, student.sex, studytime.time_hr, grade_category.grade_type, student_grade.grade_val  
FROM student  
JOIN studytime  
ON student.studytime_id = studytime.studytime_id  
JOIN student_grade  
ON student.student_id = student_grade.student_id  
JOIN grade_category  
ON student_grade.grade_type_id = grade_category.grade_type_id  
WHERE student.sex = 'F'  
AND (studytime.time_hr = '5 - 10 hours'  
OR studytime.time_hr = '>10 hours')  
AND grade_category.grade_type = 'G3';
```

## Query 4

Find the students who allocate their time away from academics and determine what their final grade is and show their id, activities, freetime, goout, and all of their grades. (In other words, find students that have a very high going out rate (5), very high free time after school (5), and no extra-curricular activities).

---

```
CREATE TABLE student_grade_activites_temp AS  
SELECT student.student_id, social.activities, social.freetime, social.goout, grade_category.grade_type, student_grade.grade_val  
FROM student  
JOIN student_grade  
ON student.student_id = student_grade.student_id  
JOIN grade_category  
ON student_grade.grade_type_id = grade_category.grade_type_id  
JOIN social  
ON student.student_id = social.student_id  
WHERE social.activities = 'no'  
AND social.goout = '5'  
AND social.freetime = '5';
```

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# Visualizations for Query 4

Average Grade Received by the Most Social Students for each Grade Term



# Query 5

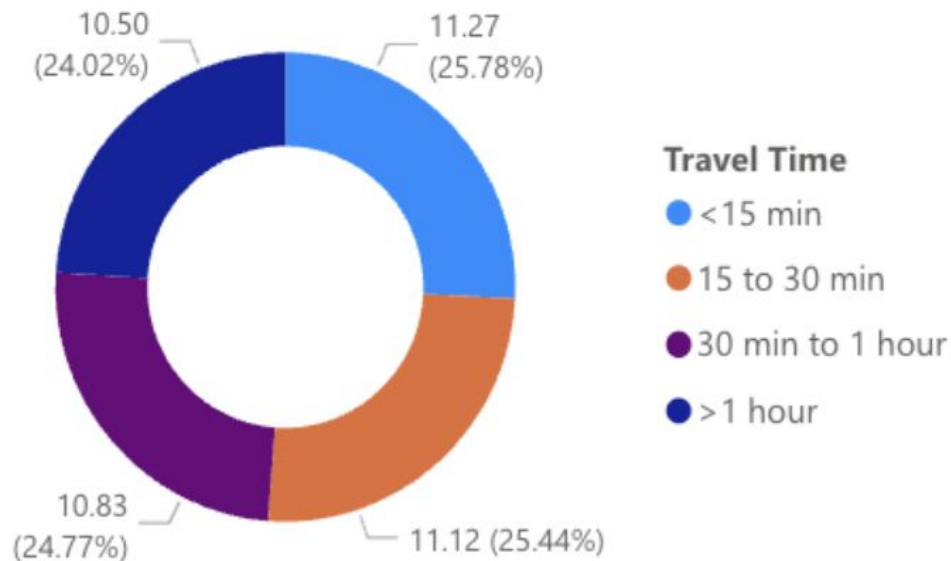
Select all students who live in a rural area and find their travel time to school, internet access, mother and father's jobs, and their grades over the semesters and final grade (address, traveltime, internet, mjob, fjob, and G3).

```
CREATE TABLE temp_job AS
SELECT parent_info.*, job.*
FROM student
JOIN parent_info ON parent_info.student_id = student.student_id
JOIN job ON parent_info.mjob = job.job_id

SELECT DISTINCT student.student_id, traveltime.traveltime_hr, internet.internet_ans,
job.job_type AS fjob_type, temp_job.job_type AS mjob_type, student_grade.grade_val AS g3_grade
FROM student
JOIN school_info ON student.student_id = school_info.student_id
JOIN traveltime ON school_info.traveltime_id = traveltime.traveltime_id
JOIN internet ON student.internet_id = internet.internet_id
JOIN parent_info ON student.student_id = parent_info.student_id
JOIN job ON parent_info.fjob = job.job_id
JOIN temp_job ON temp_job.mjob = parent_info.mjob
JOIN student_grade ON student.student_id = student_grade.student_id
WHERE student.address_id = '2'
AND student_grade.grade_type_id = '3';
```

# Visualizations for Query 5

The Average G3 Grade for Students Living in Rural Areas by Travel Time



## Query 6

For students under Portugal's legal drinking age (18) that have a Walc [weekend alcohol consumption] or Dalc [workday alcohol consumption] > 3, determine if they want to pursue a higher education and show their id, higher [if they want to pursue higher education], and G3 [final grade].

---

```
SELECT student.student_id, higher.higher_ans, student_grade.grade_val AS g3_grade
FROM student
JOIN social ON student.student_id = social.student_id
JOIN higher ON student.higher_id = higher.higher_id
JOIN student_grade on student_grade.student_id = student.student_id
WHERE age < '18' AND walc > '3' AND dalc > '3' AND grade_type_id = '3';
```

---



## Query 7

Select the id, name of school, sex, and age for the top student based on their final grade [final grade] [sex] [age] [name of school]. This query will help us determine what the demographic of the top performing student is.

```
CREATE TABLE top_students AS  
SELECT student.student_id, school.school_name, student.sex, student.age, student_grade.grade_val  
FROM school  
JOIN school_info ON school.school_id = school_info.school_id  
JOIN student ON school_info.student_id = student.student_id  
JOIN student_grade ON student.student_id = student_grade.student_id  
WHERE grade_type_id = '3'  
AND grade_val = '19';
```



## Query 8

For the previous student, what is their weekly study time and have they had any past class failures? This will help us relate the correlation of study time to academic performance.

---

```
CREATE TABLE top_traits AS  
SELECT student.student_id, student.failures, studytime.time_hr  
FROM student  
    JOIN studytime ON student.studytime_id = studytime.studytime_id  
WHERE student_id = '339'  
OR student_id = '637';
```

---

# Visualizations for Query 8

Sum of student\_id by time\_hr

