

The Wedding by the Acheron

June 2, 2017

Rules and Scenario

The following are the rules for *The Wedding by the Acheron*, a real-time, real-space roleplaying game sponsored by the Stanford Gaming Society. You are responsible for knowing these rules. Many of them are nigh-impossible to enforce and rely upon the honor system. Do not cheat. Do not abuse loopholes. Play fair. Be your own harshest critic.

The **gamemasters (GMs)** run the game. If you have any problems or questions concerning the game, contact a GM. Rulings they make are final. They may violate the letter of the rules to preserve the spirit. The GMs promise to be as fair and reasonable as possible. Neither they nor these rules are perfect.

This game is intended to be fun. Getting into character, roleplaying, being dramatic, and playing competitively can all increase the fun of the game. Do not take the game too seriously. Even if you are losing, keep a good attitude. When the game is over, the real winners are the players with the best stories.

This is only a game. Everyone involved should act with courtesy, sportsmanship, patience, and taste. The GMs may expel anyone they believe to be violating the spirit of the rules or the game. Emotions may run high. If you think things are crossing the line from game to reality too much, or if you are just getting too stressed, calm down and maybe take a break. Stay in control. Use common sense. Always, play safely, then play to have fun.

This game is a work of fiction. Although it may refer to things in the real world, it does so only for the sake of the scenario. It does not represent the opinions of the GMs or the Stanford Gaming Society. These rules are modifications of those used in previous games. This game and all materials thereof are copyright 2016 by Oishi Banerjee, Cameron Campbell, and the Stanford Gaming Society.

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1 Scenario

The rulers of the rival kingdoms of Scythia and Etruria have gathered on the Assyrian isle of Cos, in the Bay of Acheron, for a wedding. Prince Eidolos of Scythia and Princess Felicia of Etruria are to be bound by matrimony in the eyes of the gods, unifying the divided nations and forestalling an ancient prophecy of disaster and civil war. A delegation from the neutral Republic of Assyria is also in attendance, dedicated to keeping the peace.

Game Times: Game runs from 2pm to 6pm on **June 2, 2017**, in the basement of building 200 (History corner). Surviving PCs are expected to be in-game for the entirety. Game may end early. Cleanup and Wrapup will immediately follow the end of game. Please plan to arrive by **1:30 pm** to get situated before the game starts. **If you will be late, you must CALL the GMs and let us know. Oishi: (408)-930-; Cameron: (603)-913-5538.**

Game Spaces: We will be playing in several rooms in the basement of building 200 (History Corner), as well as most of the hallways in the basement. Please meet in **-013** at 1:30 pm. The GMs will place you where you need to be for game start.

2 Getting Started

2.1 Character Packets

Your character packet is a big manila envelope. It contains your role: who you are, what you're up to; everything about your part as a **player-character (PC)** in the game. Read all the contents and generally keep them with you during the game. If you are missing something or find something which doesn't seem to belong to you, tell one of the GMs. Character packets and their contents are confidential. Game materials which cannot be given to other players are marked "Not Transferable," whereas things which can be given to others are marked "Freely Transferable" or "Game Item."

Your Character Packet would normally contain:

Name-Badge: A name-badge with your player name, character description, and **badge number** on it shows that you are in the game; wear it visibly while you are playing. It represents your character's body in-game. Badge numbers are not in-game information. See the *Character Bodies* and *Badge Numbers* sections for more details.

Character Sheet: Your character sheet describes who you are and what you are up to. It contains a list of everything else that should be in your character packet. Do not show or read your character sheet to other players.

Bluesheets: A bluesheet describes general information, or information common to members of a group. When in conflict, specific character sheet information overrides bluesheet information. Do not show or read a bluesheet to other players.

Greensheets: A greensheet describes and expands abilities, mechanics, or in-game knowledge. Do not show or read a greensheet to other players.

Stat Card: Your stat card lists your statistics. You might not know what all of your stats mean. Do not show your stats to others. The reverse side is a **death report**; fill it out and give it to the GMs when your character dies.

Ability Cards: An ability card explains a special ability your character has. The front side describes the effects; show it to players when you use the ability. The reverse is the rules of use and must not be shown to other players.

Memory/Event Packets: A memory packet is an envelope or stapled piece of paper with a **trigger** (or set of triggers) which describes when to open and read it. If the trigger is a number, open the packet when you see something with that number. If it's a quoted phrase, open when you hear or read it in-game. If it's a symbol, open when instructed. Do not take game action based on an unopened trigger. Do not show or read a memory packet to other players.

Items: In-game items may be transferred from character to character, and should be marked as such. See the *Items Etc.* section for more details.

2.2 Reality and Game Reality

There is a big difference between reality and game reality. Players must treat each other with courtesy and explain to each other what their characters perceive in confusing situations; e.g. “My character’s hands are covered in blood,” an **out-of-game** statement. Characters are under no such restrictions, and may do what it takes to further their goals; e.g. “Uh, hi Bob. Just got back from the butcher shop,” an **in-game** statement.

Metagaming is inferring in-game knowledge that is inappropriate for your character from out-of-game information. Do your best to not metagame and especially to prevent the risk of metagaming. Be your own harshest critic.

Halts: A halt pauses game action. To call one, say “game halt” in a clear and audible voice; other players around a corner should hear you, but you shouldn’t scare some poor grad student. End a halt by saying “three, two, one, resume.” Call a halt for one of only three reasons: because a rule instructs you to, for safety and similar out-of-game issues (see Non-players section below), or to pause game and fetch a GM (which you should normally avoid doing).

Not-Here: You may go not-here by turning your name-badge around so the “I’m Not Here” side is showing (or by removing your badge entirely, if you are leaving game). Putting a hand on your head, visible from a distance, helps if you’re near other players. Go not-here for one of only three reasons: because a rule instructs you to, to leave game, or to fetch a GM while in a halt (which you should avoid).

When you are not-here, your character is not there. Your character cannot see, hear, or remember any game actions or information you (the player) happen to encounter. Avoid other characters, common game areas, game signs, or any sort of game interaction.

Non-Players: Use tact and common sense when dealing with non-players (**NPs**). You are encouraged to spread the gospel of real-time, real-space roleplaying; however, many NPs prefer to sleep, study, or work undisturbed.

NPs may not knowingly affect the game. They and their rooms may not be used to hold items or information. They may not help you kill. Do not use the presence of NPs to hide from rampaging mobs that want your blood.

Avoid conspicuous or threatening game actions in front of NPs. Shooting your friend outside of a classroom one minute before class lets out is a bad idea, as is screaming bloody murder down a hallway. If, despite your most valiant efforts, some NPs do get upset, call the GMs who will help calm them down.

If you are about to take an action that would likely upset a nearby NP, you may call a game-halt. This is considered an out-of-game issue.

Observers: An observer is someone not playing the game who has agreed to watch. They generally wear an observer headband or an observer name-badge. They should stay out of the way; you can always ask an observer to leave. If a friend who is not playing wants to observe game, send them to the GMs.

Mechanics: Many actions your character can take, such as walking, talking, and general interaction with other characters, are represented by you doing them. Others, like combat, are performed via abstract mechanics, which are described in ability cards, greensheets, and rules. The abstract information for mechanics (like badge numbers) may not be discussed in-game. If you want to do something special for which there is no mechanic, ask a GM.

Become familiar with your mechanics before game starts, especially those which occur under time-pressure (like combat). Game action will not stop for memory packets, greensheets, or such.

A **kludge** is something impervious to logic and cleverness, usually for purposes of maintaining game-balance. You can't affect a kludge without a specified mechanic.

Zone of Control (ZoC) is a rough distance measurement. You are within ZoC of someone if your outstretched fingers can touch their outstretched fingers. Double-ZoC is twice this distance, triple-ZoC is three times, etc.

Headbands represent obvious visual effects; wear them visibly on your head. If you see a headband and don't know what it represents, ask. If you are wearing a headband, tell people what their characters see. See the end of this document for additional details.

An **interruptible** mechanic has some duration, and may involve continuous roleplaying. It is stopped if you are attacked or if someone within ZoC says **"I stop you"** or an equivalent phrase. Some mechanics may be easier or harder to interrupt.

A **n-count** is an interruptible mechanic with a repeated, counted incant ("I pour a drink one, I pour a drink two, I pour a drink three"). Speak clearly; each count must take at least a full second. Each n-count will specify the number, e.g. a 3-count.

Safety: This is a game. Real violence is unacceptable. Game action should cause no real-world damage, either to people or property. If something dangerous is happening, call a halt. Stay in control, use common sense, and do not endanger yourself or others. You should not run or otherwise force your way into or through someone else's ZoC, and you should not make physical contact with another player without permission.

2.3 Basic Strategy

Make sure you understand the rules. If you are completely confused, get a GM who will try to help you out. Make sure you know enough about your character to role-play him or her when you start talking to other people. Read through your entire packet a couple of times, and skim through it again right before game starts. If you don't know or don't understand something about your character, ask a GM.

As a character, your first priority should be to open lines of communication. Contact people, show up at meetings, and chat. Try to be easy to get in touch with. Ask people questions on relevant subjects. They'll probably lie, but you may find something out.

There are no guarantees that you can trust anyone, but since cooperation is the key to accomplishing things, you will be forced to trust people anyway. The most trustworthy people are probably those who need you.

Those who do not study history are doomed to repeat it. This game has a lot of history in it. You should strive to learn as much as you can about your history, and the history of those around you.

3 Items Etc.

Many in-game items are represented by little white cards with a number and description. Item cards may be shown to others, passed around, stolen, etc. The **item number** on the card is not in-game information and may not be discussed. Items cannot be destroyed unless you know otherwise. Keep only a reasonable number of 0-hand bulky items on your person. 5 is a reasonable number; 25 is not. Coins don't count.

Some mechanics in game may involve making item cards. Such items should be clearly marked as "in game" and treated as such.

Use common sense. You can't carry a hundred rocks in your pocket, fold a sword in half, or hide a life-sized statue in a fire hose. You can't stop a bullet with a set of blueprints or rip apart a metal safe with your bare hands. Even if your bag can carry a shovel in it, the shovel noticeably sticks out ("you see a shovel sticking out of my bag").

Written Information: If you write in-game information down on a piece of paper, that paper is now an in-game item and must be clearly marked as such. Don't write in-game information on out-of-game documents (character sheet, etc.). Don't write out-of-game information (like memory packet triggers) on in-game documents.

Envelopes: Some items and locations may have an attached envelope (or just be a labeled packet or folded paper). The envelope may include directions for when to open these ("open packet if you press the big red button" or "open packet if you eat this"); otherwise you may only open them if instructed. Close them when you are done. Open and close packets gently.

Signs: Some locations and other game materials are represented by signs or packets posted throughout game area. You may read any signs and must follow any rules printed on them. If a sign or packet doesn't have some sort of in-game description (it only has out-of-game mechanics information, like a number or just a colored dot), then your character doesn't even see it or know that anything unusual is there.

Bulkiness: A bulky item is too big or heavy to be carried or concealed freely. Bulkiness is measured in **hands** or **dots** (how many hands it takes to carry it). If you are carrying a bulky item, make it clear to onlookers (hold the card). A hand carrying a bulky object may do nothing else. With one hand less than required, you may drag a bulky item at a slow pace.

Props: Some items may have props (physical representations or **physreps**) associated with them. The card and physrep should be kept together. If they are separated, the card is the real item. Prop items are as bulky as the physrep. They can be carried in bags that can hold them, on straps that are attached to them, etc.

Character Bodies: A body is **three hands bulky** and usually represented by a name-badge. It must be willing or unable to resist for you to carry it. Carry the badge conspicuously. Onlookers can't tell if it's dead without close examination, unless it would be obvious (like headless).

Unstashable Items: Unstashable items can't be hidden or left behind. They look too important, valuable, or interesting; NPCs will not let them stay there. These include any item that has a physrep. This is a kludge. You can conceal unstashable items on your person, or store them in an in-game space that is marked as locked. If you're not leaving an unstashable item in another PC's care, and you want to leave it behind, give it to a GM or observer. You may leave it in plain sight in a public area if there are other PCs around.

3.1 Searching, Stashing, and Stealing

Places: To search a place, search it. Normal items can be stashed in any reasonable, legal place. Don't put items behind locked doors, inside ceilings, in construction sites, or in hacking locations; consequently, don't go rummaging through such places for game items. Don't stash or search in places that are not in-game; see the *Game Areas* section for more information.

People: All searches of characters or their belongings are conducted via player dialogue. Someone must be willing or unable to resist for you to search them. You need at least one free hand to search someone. Searching is interruptible (see above).

You can perform a **pat-down search**, which will only reveal the presence of weapons. This takes as much time as it takes your victim to tell you what you find. If you're the victim, do this at a reasonable pace.

A **total search** is an invasive, complete search of a character's clothing. This reveals all in-game items, and takes as long as your victim spends handing over possessions. If you're the victim, hand over items at a reasonable pace. **Items labeled "magical effect" are never revealed during searches unless you know otherwise.**

Stealing: When searching someone who is paralyzed, restrained, or unconscious, you may automatically take whatever you find (other than money). Stealing someone's money takes somewhat longer: you may steal 50 gold coins by spending 30 seconds taking them. Stealing money in this way is interruptible.

Bags: To search a bag in someone's possession, say "I search your bag." This proceeds just as a total search. To search an unattended bag, search the physrep. Don't look through someone's character packet, read their psets, steal their lunch, etc. If the bag has an attached, displayed item card with an envelope, the bag is a prop; search the envelope and not the bag.

If you want to leave in-game items in an unattended bag (e.g. to hide a bomb), keep items in reasonable places that could be found with a quick search of the bag. Don't hide in-game materials mixed together with out-of-game materials. You can attach an item card and envelope to segregate in-game items from out-of-game materials.

4 Violence, Damage, and Death

4.1 Health States

Characters have four possible states, concerning health and damage. When you are **fine**, you may act freely. When you are **restrained**, you are helpless and may do nothing but talk. When you are **knocked out**, you will wake up in five minutes. When **dead**, you are dead.

When knocked out, fall down and drop anything you are holding. Just lie there. You won't be doing much of anything until you wake up. Do not listen to conversations going on.

Dead men tell no tales. If dead, do not give out any information about your character or death to any players. You may remain on the scene to play the part of your corpse for five minutes; describe obvious information to onlookers ("I have a gunshot wound in my back"). When you leave, stack your items where you died, but keep your name-badge with you, and come see a GM. Until the game is over, you may not convey game information to any player unless you know otherwise.

4.2 Weapons

Weapons do not exist in this game, and cannot be used (unless you know otherwise).

4.3 Killing Blow

Unless you know otherwise, you cannot perform a killing blow. Being unconscious, paralyzed, or restrained makes you significantly more vulnerable to killing blows.

4.4 Martial Combat

All characters have a **Combat Rating (CR)** stat. This represents your basic skill in martial combat; you use the same number for attacking and defending. Someone with a CR of one can't fight very well. Someone with a CR of three is in good physical shape; someone with a CR of four is particularly burly or skilled. When using this stat, you may pull your punches by using a lower number.

To martial-attack someone, clearly state your attack and CR ("Knock Out 2", etc.) from within ZoC. You need the ability card for any attack you make; you don't have to display it. Your attack must resolve before you make another; otherwise, you may act freely. If an ally directs **Assist** at you after you attack, you may, within 2 seconds, restate your attack with the Assist's CR added ("Knock Out 3", "Assist 2"). Assist does not change your CR for defense. You may ignore an Assist.

Rope is not freely available in this game; to restrain someone, your character must remain near them and use one hand to keep them from moving. Knock Out attacks do not require any item.

When martial-attacked, resolve by comparing the attack against your CR. If your CR is lower, take the effects; else, say "**resist**" and the attack has no effect. If you neither say "resist" nor state your own attack within two seconds of the incant's end, you are surprised and the attack just works. The attack begins when the incant begins; until you resolve, all of your actions other than martial attacks are interrupted; serial attacks don't prevent simple actions (talking, weapon-drawing, ranged attacks) in-between. Resolve all attacks alone, in the order they occur; choose the order if it is unclear. If you are attacked with "**waylay**" instead of a CR ("Knock Out waylay"), the attack just works.

Martial Attack Abilities: Here is a list of attack abilities. You should assume that every character has Knock Out, Assist, and Restrain. Other attack abilities may exist.

Knock Out: You can knock someone out as an attack. Say your CR.

Effect: I knock you out.

Assist: You can assist someone else's attack. You must be within ZoC of both the attacker and target. Within two seconds of an attack, direct this at the attacker, saying "Assist" and your CR.

Effect: I assist your attack.

Restrained: You can restrain someone as an attack. Keeping them restrained requires one hand; if your CR is lowered while you are restraining someone, you lose hold of them. Say your CR.

Effect: I restrain you with one hand.

4.5 Stealth

Stealth abilities represent sneaking up on a victim with obvious intent to invade their personal space, probably to attack them by surprise or to pick their pocket.

To use a stealth ability, you must be within ZoC of your victim. Form the sign of the devil (index and pinky fingers extended, thumb holding other two fingers down) and extend it along the direct, unobstructed line from your shoulder to the victim's head. Hold this position for the time specified by your ability. Before this time is up, the ability is thwarted if anyone attacks you or if the victim notices the symbol. If they react in any way to the symbol, they have noticed; you (the attacker) make the call.

If you notice someone using a stealth ability on you, make it obvious. "I notice you" is unambiguous; use it if you can. Once a stealth ability is finished, you may not retroactively have noticed.

Waylay: You can attack by surprise as a stealth ability. You must hold the symbol for 10 seconds. If you succeed, you may replace your CR with "waylay" for a single immediate attack on your victim.

Rope: Once again, rope is *not* freely available.

Doors and Locks: Some doors or items in game are *locked*. You may not open them or get past them unless you fit the requirements listed, or have some other method of opening locks. Closing such an item or door locks it again.

5 Miscellaneous

Headband Colors: Differently colored head bands are used in this game to represent obvious aspects of a players appearance. They are also used to delineate GMs and observers.

1. A black or patterned headband represents the GMs.
2. A white headband represents an observer
3. Characters with solid-colored headbands that are not black or white are impossible to touch. In addition, you cannot see or hear them unless you know otherwise.

Badge Numbers: Some packets and effects in-game may refer to a character's badge number. This is a four-digit number that accompanies a character's name on their badge. A character's badge number is not in-game information, but it is freely available as out-of-game information and cannot be concealed.

6 The Wedding by the Acheron: Specific Changes

This section is a recap of the changes specific to this game from other MIT Assassins Guild style games played at Stanford in the recent past. There are also several new and important game-wide mechanics. Familiarize yourself with them before game.

6.1 Wedding Timeline

1 hour after game start, the representatives of the commoners give their gifts to the bride and groom. 2 hours after game start, a buffet supper will be laid out for public consumption (this is not represented by physical food, so as not to produce a disastrous mess). 3 hours and 50 minutes after game start, the sun begins to set, and the official wedding ritual can now occur.

6.2 Psychic Health

Psychic health scores are important! Everyone (including you) starts off with a full psychic health maximum of 5 unless you know otherwise. When you take psychic damage, your current psychic health score drops but your maximum stays the same (unless the effect in question specifies that your psychic health maximum has also decreased). If your current psychic health score is 0 or less, you fall unconscious. After being unconscious for five minutes, your psychic health score increases to 1 and you awake. You can't determine another character's psychic health score unless you know otherwise.

6.3 Sick of Soul

Some abilities refer to characters who are **"Sick of soul."** A character is considered **"Sick of soul"** if their current psychic health is less than 3, if they have no psychic health score, or if they are currently dead.

6.4 Food Consumption

You must eat something within the 2nd or 3rd hour of game. If you don't, then you lose 2 psychic health points at the end of the 3rd hour. Drinking alcohol counts as consuming food. Food that has been marked with stickers appears to be off-color.

6.5 Fortunetelling

Several characters in this game have the ability to tell your fortune. These fortunetellers must be honest when telling you your fortune (this is a kludge), but they may lie in other circumstances. They may tell your fortune without your consent, though they generally prefer not to do so. They are not bound by confidentiality. There is some slight risk of magical mishap when having your fortune told, though this form of divination is considered relatively safe.

6.6 Truth Magic

Some individuals can use magic to force others to tell the truth. Only those with royal blood have been known to possess such power, and not all royals can use truth magic. It is visibly obvious when someone is using truth magic: a player who uses this magic must announce that they are doing so.

6.7 Other

There is no ranged combat in this game. Rope is not freely available.

7 Closing Notes

These rules are imperfect. The GMs may violate the letter of the rules to preserve the spirit. We hope these rules are reasonably clear, but if you have any doubts about your interpretation, talk it over with us in advance. We should also add, as much as we hate to admit it, we GMs are human: when all of our carefully laid plans are going haywire, we may lose our cool. The best way to deal with people is remaining calm and friendly, especially when everyone is tired and hungry.

We hope you have lots of fun. Good luck.