Mini Course: Elm

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Session 4: Web Applications

Javascript Interop

When pure Elm is not enough

- There are 3 ways too interact with Javascript: flags, ports and custom elements
- Today we will compile Elm to a Javascript file, and embed it in a HTML file

```
elm make src/SomeFile.elm --output=someFile.js
```

- This will produce a a JavaScript file that exposes an Elm.SomeFile.init() function
- You can add other JavaScript or CSS things in there too

Jumping right in: Flags

Start with an advantage

- Download everything from https://github.com/oist/mini-course-elm
- Open a terminal, cd into the folder "session4" and run

```
elm make src/Flags.elm --output=flags.js
```

- New thing:
 - We now use the first argument of init
 - The type of flags can be several things, prefer Json.Encoder.Value
- Exercise: update Clock.elm from session 3 to avoid the initial lag

Ports

Communicate with JS

```
elm make src/Websockets.elm --output=websockets.js
```

- We can now send and receive messages to JS using ports
- New things:
 - module Websockets => port module Websockets
 - Port output is a Cmd
 - Port input is a Sub
 - The type of messages can be several things, prefer Json.Encoder.Value
 - Trick: detect keystroke Enter with Html.Events.on "keydown"

Custom Elements

Embed JS in your Elm app

```
elm make src/CustomElements.elm —output=customElements.js
```

- Custom elements are a feature of the Web Components standard
- They encapsulate a functionality (written in JavaScript) into an HTML element
- Elm creates an HTML node with an ID and attributes that matches the custom element, and the custom element produces the HTML rendering
- New things:
 - Input.radio

Web applications

Control everything in a single page

- Up until now, we have been using Browser.sandbox and Browser.element, which create a <div> that you can embed in HTML
- We can go further with Browser.document and Browser.application, which create full websites
- With Browser.application, you can also control and parse URLs without having to reload the page

Browser.Document

Control the title too

- Browser.element => Browser.document
- This will create a full single page application, no longer embedded in a div of an HTML document
- Can be used with elm reactor or embedded in document.html
- New things:
 - View: Html msg => Document msg
 - No need for <div id="elmApp"></div> in HTML

Navigation Managing URLS

- Browser.document => Browser.application
- Can be ran with elm reactor or compiled
- Example: session4 > src > Navigation.elm
- New things:
 - More arguments for init
 - onUrlRequest, onUrlChange
 - You can keep a single Model for multiple pages
 - Browser.Navigation
 - There are internal and external links

What else?

More resources

- Official guide: https://guide.elm-lang.org
- Slack, Discourse, Twitter, Reddit: https://elm-lang.org/community
- Elm creator: Evan Czaplicki https://github.com/evancz
- Check out Evan's talks on YouTube. In particular: The life of a file