# Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit 16 inductive transducers, LVDT, half-bridge





## MSX-E3701-DIO

Acquisition of 16 inductive transducers

For half-bridge and LVDT transducers

24 V digital trigger input

32 digital I/O, 24 V











Cascadable, can be synchronised in the µs range



\*Operating temperature







on reques



DatabaseConnect



### **Features**

- ARM®9 32-bit processor
- · Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

#### Inputs for transducers

- 16 inputs for transducers, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- Half-bridge (HB), LVDT
- Diagnostics at short-circuits or line break
- 16-bit accuracy

#### Transducer precision: example of a measurement

Typ TESA GT21, range  $\pm$  2 mm (  $\Delta$  4 mm), 16-bit accuracy

$$\frac{4 \text{ mm}}{2^{16}} = \pm 61 \text{ nm} = 0.061 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$$

## Digital I/O

- 16 inputs for transducers, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- 32 digital I/O, 24 V:
   16 opt. isolated inputs, 24 V, optional filter
   16 opt. isolated outputs, 11 V to 36 V, output current per channel 150 mA

#### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation Input filters
- Overvoltage protection ± 40 V
- Internal temperature monitoring

## **Interfaces**

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

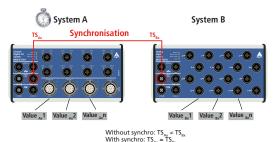
## Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

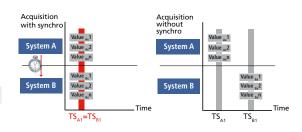
## Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the µs range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.





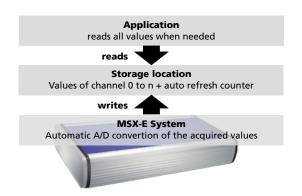
<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary
Product information



## **Acquisition modes**

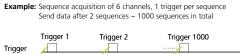
#### Auto-refresh mode

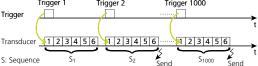
In the auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



#### Sequence Mode

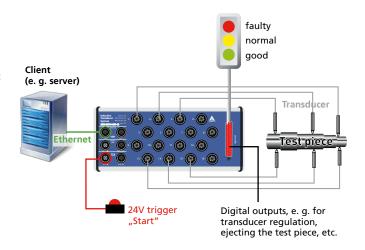
In the sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.





## Digital I/O

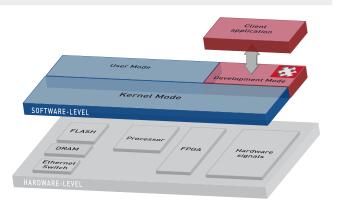
In addition to the transducer channels, the MSX-3701-DIO system has 32 digital 24 V I/O channels (16 inputs, 16 outputs). The system is therefore very flexible and can manage complete measurement and test applications. Example: Test bench for cylindrical parts, probing the workpieces, automatic regulation of the transducers and visualisation of the results via LED trafic light. The measurement data is at the same time stored in a database.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

## Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information



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## ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

ConfigTools is included in the delivery.

## ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3701-DIO:

- · Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- · Save/load channel configuration
- Transducer calibration
- Transducer database
- Transducer monitoring
- Transducer diagnostics

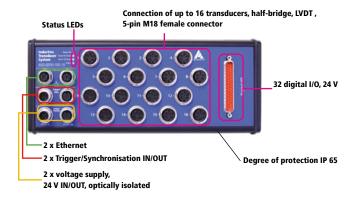
Very easy use through the "ConfigTools" program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



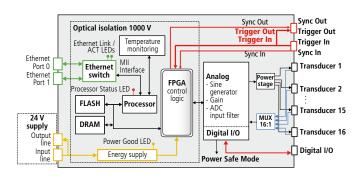


and can then be calibrated.

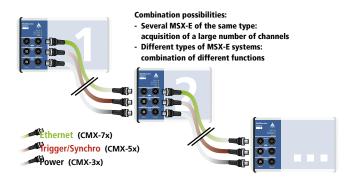
## **Features**



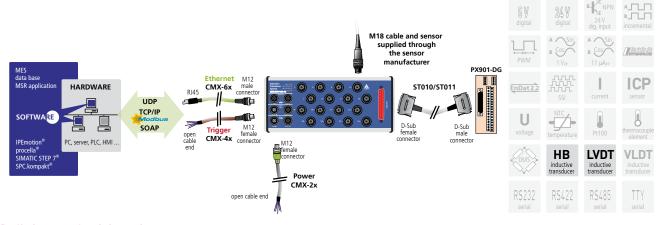
## Simplified block diagram



## Cascading



## ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information

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## Specifications\*

Inputs for inductiv Channel features Number: Input type: Coupling: Resolution: Sampling frequency f;  Example with TESA GT21:  Input level Input impedance: Sensor supply (sine genera Type: Coupling: Programmed signals: Output frequency fp Output impedance:	16 multiplexed Single-Ended DC 24-bit on 1 channel $f_s = f_p$ From $n ≥ 2$ cha $f_b = \frac{f_p}{SP \times n}$ On one channe From $n ≥ 2$ cha 2 kΩ software-10 kΩ, 100 kΩ ator) Differential sine AC	at primary frequency $f_p$ of 5 kHz 7.69 kHz 10 kHz 12.5 kHz 20 kHz 50 kHz 50 kHz annels $f_p$ = primary frequency SP = settling period ( $5 \le SP \le 255$ ) $f_S$ concerns here all $f_S = f_P = 12.5$ kHz annels $f_S = \frac{12.5}{5 \times 4}$ = 625 Hz for 4 channels $f_S = \frac{12.5}{5 \times 8}$ = 312.5 Hz for 8 channels $f_S = \frac{12.5}{5 \times 16}$ = 156.25 Hz for 16 channels $f_S = \frac{12.5}{5 \times 16}$ = 156.25 Hz for 16 channels
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Input level Input impedance: Sensor supply (sine genera Type: Coupling: Programmed signals: Output frequency fp	$f_s = \frac{f_p}{\text{SP x n}}$ On one channe From $n \ge 2$ cha $2 \ k\Omega \ \text{software-} 10 \ k\Omega, \ 100 \ k\Omega$ ator) $Differential sine AC$	sannels $f_p$ = primary frequency $SP$ = settling period (5 $\leq$ SP $\leq$ 255) $f_s$ concerns here all n channels set $f_s = f_p = 12.5 \text{ kHz}$ sannels $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 4} = 625 \text{ Hz for 4 channels}$ $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 8} = 312.5 \text{ Hz for 8 channels}$ $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 16} = 156.25 \text{ Hz for 16 channels}$ -configurable $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 10 \text{ kg}} = 156.25 \text{ Hz for 16 channels}$
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Type: Coupling: Programmed signals: Output frequency ∮ <sub>P</sub>	<b>ator)</b> Differential sine AC	
Type: Coupling: Programmed signals: Output frequency ∮ <sub>P</sub>	Differential sine	e (180° phase shift)
Coupling: Programmed signals: Output frequency $f_{ m P}$	AC	e (180° phase shift)
Programmed signals: Output frequency $f_{\scriptscriptstyle  m P}$		
Output frequency $f_{\mathbb{P}}$	5 kHz: 7.69 kHz	
		z; 10 kHz; 12.5 kHz; 20 kHz, 50 kHz,
Output impodance	depending on t	the transducer
Output impedance.	$<$ 0,1 $\Omega$ typ.	
	$>$ 30 k $\Omega$ typ. in	n shutdown mode
Short-circuit current:	0.7 A typ. at 25	5°C with thermal protection
Power Supply		
Nominal voltage:	24 V =	<u></u>
Voltage supply:	18-30 V	<del></del>
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
		un in nover cafe made / idla
Current consumption at 24 V:		yp. in power safe mode / idle
		Power on DAC init, sinus on, buffer off
		yp. without load (transducer) at ± 9 V
		power (buffer on) typ. with 16 Solartron AX1S transducers
	320 IIIA L	yp. With 16 Soldition AX13 transducers
Reverse voltage protection	a	at ± 7 V power, 5 kHz and 3 V <sub>rms</sub>
Digital inputs		
Number of inputs:		round acc. to IEC 1131-2
Optical isolation:		h opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC	
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V	
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V	typ. UH (min) 19 V typ.
	UL (max) 14 V 1	týp. UL (min) 0 V typ.
Digital outputs		
	16	
Number of outputs:	16	
	10001/:1	L4
Optical isolation:		h opto-couplers
		h opto-couplers I to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2

	New:	
Voltage supply:	11 V-36 V	
Output current per channel:	150 mA max.	
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostics bit for all 16 channels at overtemperature of one channel	
Ethernet		
Number of ports:	2	
Cable length:	150 m max. at CAT5E UTP	
Bandwidth:	10 Mbps auto-negotiation	
	100 Mbps auto-negotiation	
Protocol:	10Base-T IEEE802.3 compliant	
	100Base-TX IEEE802.3 compliant	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
MAC address:	00:0F:6C:##:##:##, unique for each device	
Trigger		
Number of inputs:	1 trigger input	
Number of outputs:	1 trigger output	
Filters/protective circuit:	Low-pass/transorb diode	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
Nominal voltage:	24 V external	
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V	
Input current:	11 mA at 24 VDC, typical	
Input frequency (max.):	2 MHz at 24 V	
Connector, common with		
Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12	
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12	
Synchro		
Number of inputs:	1	
Number of outputs:	1	
Max. cable length:	20 m	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
Signal type:	RS485	
Connector, common with		
Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12	
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12	
The product complies with the certified EMC laboratory in ac The limit values as set out by	gnetic compatibility European EMC directive. The tests were carried out by a cordance with the norm from the EN 61326 series (IEC 61326) the European EMC directive for an industrial environment are EMC test report is available on request.	
System features		
Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3	
Dimensions:	260 x 110 x 50 mm	
Weight:	965 q	
	19 65	

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	260 x 110 x 50 mm
Weight:	965 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to + 85°C

#### Interface connectors

Ethernet:	2 x 4-pin female connector, D-coded M12 for port 0 and port1
Trigger/Synchro input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector
Trigger/Synchro output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
Voltage supply	
24 VDC input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector
24 VDC output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector

# Ordering information

## MSX-E3701-DIO

Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit, 16 inductive transducers, LVDT, half-bridge. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Versions

MSX-E3701-DIO-HB-16: for 16 HB inductive transducers MSX-E3701-DIO-LVDT-16:for 16 LVDT inductive transducers

Connection cables for 32 dig. I/O, 24 V auf 37-pol. D-Sub-Connector

**ST010:** Standard round cable, shielded twisted pairs, 2m **PX901-DG:** Screw terminal board with Schraubklemmen, LED Status dis-

play

play,

for DIN rail

Voltage supply
CMX-2x: Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
CMX-3x: For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male

## Trigger/Synchro

CMX-4x: Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
 CMX-5x: For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector **CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### **Options**

MX-Clip, MX-Rail (please specify when ordering!),

MX-Screw, PCMX-1x

\* Preliminary product information

