## **The Education Access Plan**

Submitted to: United Nations Children's Fund

Topic: Ensuring Education for All

Sponsor: The Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

## THE EDUCATION ACCESS PLAN

The United Nations Children's Fund,

Is aware of the 258 million children that are out of school around the world,

*Emphasizes* the importance of education to all marginalized groups in developing or developed nations,

*Recognizes* that the root causes for decreased education rates are poverty, discrimination, societal status, and lack of resources and infrastructure,

Is determined to contribute to a world with equal education access for all groups,

Calls upon other nations to help with the funding for all our programs,

*Urges* for the increase in focus towards education for women in order to better the quality of education for them,

- 1. Calling for an increase in development in technology for remote learning
  - 1. Subsidies will be granted to major companies, such as Google, to incentivize the development of technology in under-developed areas;
  - 2. Lessons would be accessed by students through;
    - 1. Radio, TV, Youtube, Google;
    - 2. Apps/Platforms made for remote learning, such as;
      - 1. Zoom, Google Classroom, Google Meets;
  - 3. Google Loon Balloons would be utilized in rural areas to get wifi to students without internet access:
- 2. <u>Implementing</u> benchmark tests
  - 1. Shows how each student is doing, while taking into account gender, ethnicity, and economic situation;
  - 2. Overseen by The United Nations Educational, Scientific, Cultural Organization (UNESCO);
  - 3. Benchmark tests are completed in every school semi-annually, and schools would help students placed below the benchmark tests;
- 3. Encouraging the recruitment of tutors for students who struggle with education without individuals to aid them
  - 1. Tutors would be highly achieved students qualified to teach students;
  - 2. May call in out-of-state tutors;

- 3. Re-emphasizing the importance of tutors in their ability to address the weakness of said students and their needs;
- 4. Considering creating a program that sends tutors to students who require assistance toward their education;
  - 1. Providing tutors with scholarships in gratitude for their assistance;
  - 2. Providing monetary towards tutors for assistance to students who are in need of aid:
  - 3. Drawing attention to the service hours that will be given to both in-state and out-of-state tutors;
- 4. <u>Support</u> the building of schools in rural areas for refugees and social and economic minorities so that they can receive an education as well
  - 1. Specifically target refugees from neighboring countries that have immigrated to the country for stability and live away from big cities;
  - 2. Help people with disabilities by creating specialized classrooms for the students;
  - 3. Give marginalized groups an opportunity to receive an education that they can use to adapt to the country that they have settled in;
    - 1. In return, this creates a stronger economy with a bigger workforce and gives marginalized groups opportunities that they were previously excluded from;
    - 2. Leads to more economic development in rural areas and increases the standard of living;
  - 4. Raises awareness to create education policies targeted to marginalized groups who need it;
- 5. <u>Urging</u> for the incorporation of marginalized groups into mainstream educational schools
  - 1. Specifically increasing the inclusion of children with disabilities as well as girls into the public sector through;
    - 1. Raising awareness of the importance of equality for girls and children with disabilities through;
      - 1. Incorporation of awareness into school curriculum;
      - 2. Public programs empowering girls and providing special special educational opportunities such as scholarships and internments; such as scholarships and internships;
      - 3. Investing and re-allocating resources into the education of girls to further motivate them in their educational endeavors;
    - 2. Improving the accessibility of education through accommodations for those with disabilities such as but not limited to;
      - 1. More reserved areas for parking;
      - 2. The implementation of ramps next to stairs;
      - 3. Extended time or aid for learning and classwork;
      - 4. Modified testing protocols and curriculum;
- 6. Emphasizing the improvement of training and pay for teachers
  - 1. Improving the training and pay of teachers increases the quality of education that the students experience and incentivizes teachers to give students a proper education;
    - 1. Increase the quality of education of marginalized groups by providing teachers with necessary supplies;

- 2. Incentivizes more high-level teachers to participate in the education system;
  - 1. Improves the baseline academic curriculum;
  - 2. Helps students with more adequate experience and knowledge to utilize for their jobs;
- 3. Improves the lifestyle of teachers which allows them to spend more energy on their students;
- 4. Allows teachers to be more prepared for the educational environment and be able to adapt to their student's wide variety of needs and education levels;