DESIGN

Trie ADT

```
def trie_node_create(input code):
 TrieNode tn = allocate memory
 For child in tn.children:
   set child to NULL
 return tn
def trie_node_delete(input TrieNode n):
 free(n)
 Set n to NULL
def trie_create():
 TrieNode *root = trie_node_create(empty code)
 return root
def trie delete(input TrieNode ptr n):
 For child in n.children:
  if(child isn't NULL):
   trie delete(child)
  trie node delete(child)
  trie node delete(n)
  Set n to NULL
def trie reset(input root node):
 for child in root.children:
  If child isn't NULL:
   trie_delete(child)
def trie_step(input node, symbol_integer):
   return node.children[symbol_integer]
```

Word ADT

```
def word create(input syms array, input len):
 Word *w = allocate memory
 w.len = input len
 If w.len > 0:
  W.syms = allocate memory size of len * byte
  For byte in w.syms:
   Byte = syms[byte]
 return w
def word append sym(input Word, symbol integer):
 If word is empty:
  return word create(symbol integer, 1)
 If word isn't empty;
  word.len ++
  Word.symsp[len] = symbol integer
 Return new word
def word delete(input Word):
 If word isn't NULL:
  If word.syms isn't NULL
   free(word.syms)
   Set to word.syms to NULL
def wt create():
 WordTable wt = allocate memory the size of MAX CODE(256) number of Words
 wt[EMPTY CODE] = word create(0,0)
 return wt
def wt reset(input Wordtable ptr wt):
 For all words 'x' except the empty string:
  word delete(x)
  free(x)
  Set x to NULL
def wt delete(input Wordtable ptr wt):
 for all words 'x' in Wordtable:
 If x isn't NULL:
  word delete(x)
```

```
Set x to NULL free(wt)
Set wt to NULL
```

Note: Bit Vector ADT used from assignment 4

IO Functions

Return true

Global vars: Bitvector ptr buffer(for writing pairs), wbuff(buffer for writing words), bpi(bit index for buffer pair bits), bwi(byte index for writing word symbs to buffer)

```
def read sym(input infile, sym ptr):
 static curr index = 0
 static end file index = 0
 static read size = 0
 if buffer doesn't exist OR curr index = 4096 OR curr index == eof
  If buffer exists:
   Free(buffer)
   Set to NULL
 Create buffer and allocate memory the size of 4KB
 Curr index = 0
 R size = read(infile, buffer, BLOCK(4KB)
if(0 bytes weren't read):
 If 4KB read:
  Sym = buffer[curr index]
  curr index++
 Else if less than 4kb read:
  Sym = buffer[curr index]
  Curr index++
Else:
 If buffer exists:
  free(buffer)
  Set buffer to NULL
 return false
```

```
def buffer pair(input outfile, code, sym, bitlen):
 If buffer is full or uninitialized:
  If buffer is full:
    free(buffer)
     Symbol index = 0
  Buffer = bv_create(8*(BLOCK-1))
  for i in range(bitlen):
   masked = code ANDed with 1 << i
   bit = masked >> i
   If bit == 1:
     bv_set_bit(buffer,i)
   Else if:
     bv_clr_bit(buffer,i)
   If buffer is full:
     write(outfile,buffer->vector,BLOCK);
     Flush buffer
 Index = final iteration of i
  for i in range(8):
   masked = code ANDed with 1 << i
   bit = masked >> i
   if bit == 1:
    bv_set_bit(buffer, i)
   Else if:
    bv_clr_bit(buffer, i)
   If buffer is full:
     write(outfile,buffer->vector,BLOCK);
     Flush buffer
def read pair(input infile, code ptr, sym ptr, bitlen):
 read index = 0
 R size = 0
 if read index == R size*8 or buffer == NULL:
  if(buffer)
   delete(buffer)
```

```
Set buffer to NULL
   buffer = bv create(8*(BLOCK - 1));
   R size = read(infile, buffer->vector, BLOCK)
 read index = 0
 Temp code = 0
 Temp sym = 0
  if(r size != 0):
    if(r size ==);
     For i in range(bitlen):
       Bit = bv_get_bit(buffer,read_index)
       If bit == 1:
        Temp code = Temp code OR (1 left shift by i)
     If read index ==BLOCK**:
      read index = 0
      R size = read(infile, buffer->vector, BLOCK)
   Code = &Temp code
     For i in range(8)
       Bit = bv get bit(buffer,read index)
       If bit == 1:
        Temp sym = sym code OR (1 left shift by i)
      If read index == R size:
       read index = 0
       R size = read(infile, buffer->vector, BLOCK)
    Sym = &Temp sym
def flush pairs(input outfile):
 If buffer != NULL:
  write(outfile, buffer-vector, byte(bpi))
def buffer word(input outfile, Word *w):
 for x in range(w->len):
  bwi++
  if(bwi < BLOCK):
   wbuff[bwi] = w->syms[x]
```

```
if(bwi == BLOCK):
 write(outfile,wbuff,BLOCK)
def flush word(input outfile):
 write(outfile,wbuff,bwi)
def read header(input infile, input FileHeader ptr h):
 read(infile,h, size of FileHeader)
 If not little endian:
  h.magic = swap32(h.magic)
  h.protection = swap16(h->protection)
def write header(input infile, input FileHeader ptr h):
 If not little endian:
  h.magic = swap32(h.magic)
  h.protection = swap16(h->protection)
 write(infile,h, size of FileHeader)
Pseudocode for bit length:
blength(input code):
 If code != 0:
  Return log(code) + 1
 Else:
  Return 1
Code for encode.c
Note: Code for LZ-78 algorithm was based on pseudocode provided in asgn7.pdf
document
while (getopt != -1)
  if choice == -v:
   display stat = true
  If choice == -i
```

Input file descriptor = open(optarg, readonly)

```
If choice == -o:
   Output file descriptor = open(optarg, writeonly | create if not existing)
 Input filebuff = fstat()
 Output filebuff = stat()
 FileHeader fh = allocate memory
 fh->magic = magic number
 fh->protection bits = Input filebuff.protection bits
 write header(Output file descriptor,fh)
Run LZ-78 encode Algorithm on input file(original file) and write encodings to output
file(compressed file)
if(display stat):
 print compressed file size
 print decompressed file size
 Compression ratio = 100 * (1 - compressed file size/decompressed file size)
trie delete(root)
free(fileheader fh)
close(input file)
close(output file)
Code for decode.c
while (getopt != -1)
  if choice == -v:
   Display stat = true
  If choice == -i
    Input file descriptor = open(optarg, readonly)
  If choice == -o:
    Output file descriptor = open(optarg, writeonly | create if not existing)
 Input filebuff = fstat()
 Output filebuff = stat()
 FileHeader fh = allocate memory
_read header(Input file descriptor,fh)
_if (fh.magic = magic number):
```

run LZ-78 decode Algorithm on input file(compressed file) and write decompression to output file(decompressed file)

```
if(display_stat):
    print compressed file size
    print decompressed file size
    Compression_ratio = 100 * (1 - compressed file size/decompressed file size)

free(fh)
    wt_delete(wordtable ptr)
    close(output file)
    close(input file)
```