CSE 141L Milestone 2

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Aung Kyaw Myo Zaw Win Ojeen Gammah

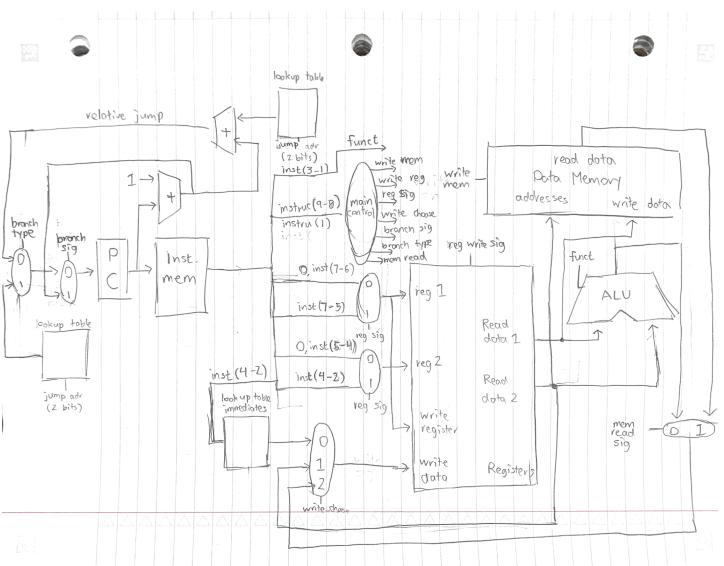
0. Team

Aung Kyaw Myo Zaw Win Ojeen Gammah

1. Introduction

The name of our architecture is Basic V1. The philosophy of our architecture is a load store model that provides a simple set of instructions that although are specialized to solve the 3 program given can also be applied to any general program. Our main goal was to keep the hardware architecture simple and general purpose while also providing all the tools needed for a processor. For example, most the ALU instructions we use are a subset of those that are found in a MIPS ALU. Our processor prioritizes ease of use and programming capabilities over speed, and we rely on memory operations to store information because there are only 8 registers, of which 4 can be used for instructions. Similar to modern machine, we reserve a register to act as a stack pointer which allows us extra memory over the 8 registers.

2. Architectural Overview



3. Machine Specification

Instruction formats

TYPE	FORMAT	CORRESPONDING INSTRUCTIONS
R	2 bit opcode, 3 bit ALU instruction (no ALU instruction is 000), 2 bit operand 1, 2 bit operand 2	add, shftl, shftr, and, or, xor, par
А	5 bit opcode, 3 bit register, 1 bit funct	inc, dec,
J	2 bit opcode, 2 bit operand 1, 2 bit operand 2, 2 bit branch target, 1 bit funct	beq
I	2 bit opcode, 3 bit operand 1, 3 bit operand 2, 1 bit funct	load, store, movl, movr

Changelog

Operations

NAME	TY PE	BIT BREAKDOWN	EXAMPLE	NOTES
Inc = Increment	R	5 bits opcode (00000), 3 bit register (XXX), 1 bit funct (0)	# Assume R0 = 0b0000_0000 inc R0 = 00000_000_0 # After: R0 = 0b0000_0001	Will increment the specified register, unlike other R types, increment takes a 3 bit register

Dec = Decreme nt	R	5 bits opcode (00000), 3 bit register (XXX), 1 bit funct (1)	# Assume R0 = 0b0000_0010 dec R0 = 00000_000_1 # After: R0 = 0b0000_0001	Will decrement the specified register, unlike other R types, increment takes a 3 bit register Shares the same funct with inc
shftl = Shift Left	R	2 bits opcode (00),3 bits funct(001), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0000_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b0000_0011 shift! R0 R1 = 00_001_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b0001_0000	Shift will use a shift in value of 0
shftr = Shift Right	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(010), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0000_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b0000_0001 shiftr R0 R1 = 00_010_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b0000_0001	Shift will use a shift in value of 0
And = Bitwise And	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(011), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b1011_1100 and R0 R1 = 00_011_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b0010_0000 # R1 = 0b1011_1100	The first operand register is also the destination register and r0 r1 -> r0 = r0 and r1
Or = Bitwise Or	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(100), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b1011_0000 or R0 R1 = 00_100_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b1111_0010 # R1 = 0b1011_0000	The first operand register is also the destination register or r0 r1 -> r0 = r0 or r1

XOR = Bitwise XOR	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(101), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b1011_0000 xor R0 R1 = 00_101_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b1101_0010 # R1 = 0b1011_0000	The first operand register is also the destination register xor r0 r1 -> r0 = r0 xor r1
Noop	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(110), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	noop = 00_110_XX_XX	Does no operation
PAR = Parity Bit	R	2 bits opcode (00), 3 bits funct(111), 2 bits destination register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX)	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b1011_0000 par R0 R1 = 00_111_00_01 # After: R0 = 0b0000_0001 # R1 = 0b1011_0000	Stores into the destination register the parity of the operand register in the format 0b0000_000p where p is the XOR of all the bits in the operand
bne = branch not equal (relative jump)	J	2 bits opcode (10), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX), 1 bit funct (0), 2 bit branch target (XX),	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b0110_0010 beq R0 R1 6 = 10_00_01_00_0 # After: R0 = 0b0110_0010 # R1 = 0b0110_0010	Will perform a jump that is x instructions forward or backward where the value of x is retrieved from a lookup table
bne = branch not equal (absolute jump)	J	2 bits opcode (10), 2 bits operand register(XX), 2 bits operand register (XX), 1 bit funct (1), 2 bit branch target (XX),	# Assume R0 = 0b0110_0010 # Assume R1 = 0b0110_0010 beq R0 R1 endloop = 10_00_01_00_0 # After: R0 = 0b0110_0010 # R1 = 0b0110_0010	If R0 and R1 are not equal, then the PC will be updated to be at the location that is given by a lookup table

load	I	2 bits opcode(01), 3 bits operand register (XXX), 3 bits operand address register (XXX), 1 bit funct(0)	# Assume mem[0] = 0b0110_1000 # Assume r1 = 0b0000_0000 load r0 r1 = 01_000_001_0 # After : r0 = 0b0110_1000	Load and Store have the same opcode but are instead controlled by a control bit.
store	I	2 bits opcode(01), 3 bits operand register (XXX), 3 bits operand address register (XXX), 1 bit funct(1)	# Assume r0 = 0b0110_1000 # Assume r1 = 0b0000_0000 store r0 r1 = 01_000_001_1 # After :mem[0] = 0b0110_1000	
movl = move immediat e	I	2 bits opcode(11), 3 bit destination register (XXX), 3 bit immediate lookup (XXX), 1 bit funct(0)	movl r0 3 = 11_000_011_0 #After : r0 = 0b0000_0011	The 3 bits will be used on a lookup tablet that contains the corresponding immediate values
movr = move registers	I	2 bits opcode(11), 3 bit destination register (XXX), 3 bit source register (XXX), 1 bit funct(1)	# Assume r1 = 0b0011_1111 movr r0 r1 = 11_000_001_1 # After: r0 = 0b0011_1111	

Internal Operands

There will be 8 registers. The first 4 registers are general purpose registers, r0-r3 and the only registers that can be accessed most ALU operations except for the increment which can access all registers. All 8 registers can have values loaded from memory or stored to memory and their values can be overwritten by either another register or a set of predefined immediate values. r7 will be a special register that will be used as a pseudo stack-counter and it will be used to point to the place in data memory where the output has to be written. For example, in program 2, the output has to be written at mem[31]. Therefore, at the start of the program, r7 will be initialized to 31, and whenever an output is written 31 will be incremented. If we have to temporarily write to memory from running out of registers, we would write to r7+1, then when we want to use the value again, we would "pop" it by loading the value into a

register, then decrementing r7 back. r4 will primarily be used as an accumulator for for loops. r5-r6 are registers that will primarily be used for the purpose of branching or for accumulators but they can also be used for temporary storage.

Control Flow (branches)

The structure will support both relative and absolute jumps. For each jump type, there will be four addresses or jump sizes that are supported. The idea behind this is that for loops, we will use absolute jumps because it will be large jumps. To get the target address, we will use a 2 bit lookup table to search for addresses which matches with the four while loops that we have in our program. The 2 bit will be part of the branch instruction. As for relative jumps, we will use it for if statements. Similar to absolute jumps, we will use a lookup table to get the relative jump distance. The decision for the type of jump will be specified by the 3rd last bit of the branch instruction.

Addressing Modes

For addressing we will use indirect addressing where the address of memory is stored inside a register. Indirect addressing is the only mode that is available so to get to a certain address, we have to modify the contents of the register. For example, to get the contents of mem[20], we would do movi r1 20, then load r0 r1.

4. Programmer's Model [Lite]

4.1

A programmer can think of the machine as a simple MIPS with less instructions and less registers. We are limited to 4 registers for operations and all operations can only be done on registers so registers have to be initialized so one register can be used as a temp register. The programmer has to make use of r7, the stack pointer register, and updates its value as values are stored and loaded from memory. This design allows the programmer to exceed the capabilities of having only 8 registers. The programmer also has free reign with incrementing all registers and moving values around all registers so the programmer can choose their own registers to use for various operations. The instructions that are available are simple and basic in nature so to perform more complicated tasks, it requires multiple instructions.

Since our architecture is very similar to MIPS, most basic MIPS instructions can be copied over with some adjustments. The main adjustment is that our instructions only take two registers where one register is both the operand and the destination register. However, all the instructions in our architecture have a similar instruction in MIPS.

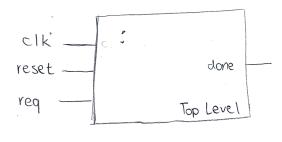
4.3

Our ALU will only perform arithmetic operations. Branch calculation will be done in the PC, but comparison will be done in the ALU where subtraction will be performed, and the zero flag will be used as an indication of equality.

5. Individual Component Specification

Top Level (Module: top_level.sv)

At the top level, the processor has three inputs and one input and it will interact with the test bench. The clock input will be used to synchronize all the components of the processor, the reset flag and req flags will be used to start the program.



Program Counter (Module: PC.sv)

The program counter is the component whose output is the next address in instruction memory that our program is on. If no branching is done, it will increment PC by 1. If branching is done, both relative branching and absolute branching are possible and is decided by the last bit of the instruction. The target will be the output of a LUT which looks at 3 bits in the instruction. Input:

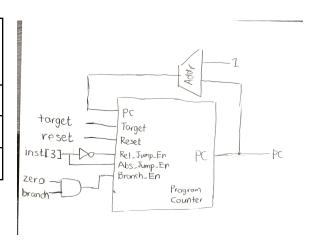
- Program Counter: The current value of Program Counter + 1.
- Target: The distance to jump by, this will be the output Branch LUT.

- Reset: When set, we will set Program Counter back to 0.
- Rel_Jump_En: When set, we will perform Relative Branching. This will be NOT Inst[1].
- Abs_Jump_En: When set, we will perform Absolute Branching. This will be Inst[1].
- Branch_En: When set, we will perform branching. This will be (NOT ALU's Zero Flag AND Branch control signal)

Output:

- Program Counter: The new value of Program Counter

Branch _En	Rel_ Jump _En	Abs_ Jump _En	Program Counter
0	х	х	PC = PC + 1
1	1	0	PC = PC + target+1
1	0	1	PC = target+1



Instruction Memory (Module: instr_ROM.sv)

The instruction memory takes as input PC which is an address and outputs the instruction in instruction memory at that particular address.

Input:

- Program Counter (PC): The location of the requested instruction in instruction Memory

Output:

- Instruction = I₉I₈I₇I₆I₅I₄I₃I₂I₁ at location PC in instruction Memory



Control Decoder (Module: Control.sv)

Control deciphers the instruction using the OpCode, Funct₁ and Funct₂ and sets the control bits accordingly. Inputs:

OP Code: Inst[9:5]
 Funct₁: Inst[7:5]
 Funct₂: Inst[1]

Outputs:

- Reg_C : Signal to choose between four different register schemes (which bits are register bits)

- Branch: Signal to perform a branching operation

- Write_Reg : Signal to determine if we write data to the write register

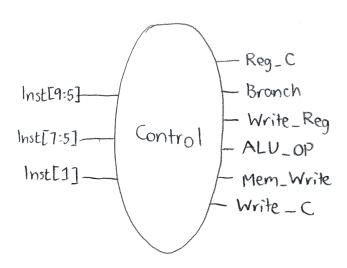
- ALU_OP: Signal for ALU to choose instruction

Mem_Write : Signal to determine if we write to memory

Write_C : Signal to choose between what data to write to memory

Instr		Input			Output (Control Signals)				
	OP Code Inst[9:5]	Funct₁ Inst[7:5]	Funct ₂ Inst[1]	Reg_ C	Bra nch	Write _Reg	ALU _OP	Mem_ Write	Write _C
inc	00000	xxx	0	00	0	1	10	0	00
dec	00000	xxx	1	00	0	1	01	0	00
shftl	00xxx	001	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
shftr	00xxx	010	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
and	00xxx	011	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
or	00xxx	100	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
xor	00xxx	101	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
noop	00xxx	110	х	01	0	0	00	0	00

par	00xxx	111	х	01	0	1	00	0	00
load	01xxx	XXX	0	10	0	1	xx	0	01
store	01xxx	xxx	1	10	0	0	xx	1	xx
bne	10xxx	xxx	х	11	1	0	11	0	xx
movl	11xxx	xxx	0	10	0	1	xx	0	10
movr	11xxx	xxx	1	10	0	1	XX	0	11



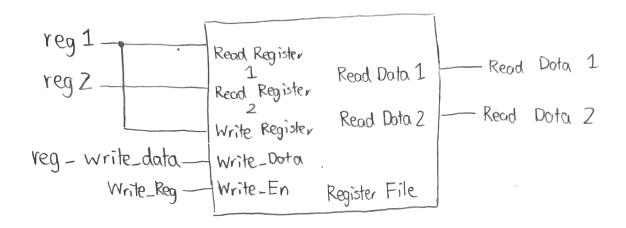
Register File (Module: reg_file.sv)

Inputs:

- Read Register 1: the register number to read from, this is the output of Register Read Choose Mux 1
- Read Register 2: the register number to read from, this is the output of Register Read Choose Mux 2
- Write Register: the register number to write to, this is the output of Register Read Choose Mux 1
- Write_Data: the data to write into register, this is the output of Register Write Choose Mux
- Write_En: if enabled, we will write back to register determined by Write Register. This is the Write_Reg control signal.

Outputs:

- Read Data 1: The contents of the register specified by input Read Register 1
- Read Data 2: The contents of the register specified by input Read Register 2



ALU (Module: alu.sv)

Inputs:

- Operand 1: the first operand, this is the output of Read Register 1

- Operand 2: the second operand, this is the output of Read Register 2

- ALUOp : part of the control signal to decide the ALU Operation

- Funct (Inst [7:5]): part of the control signal to decide the ALU Operation

Outputs:

- ALU Result : Result of the operation that was performed

- Zero Flag: Flag which indicates if result was zero

ALUOp	Inst [7:5]	ALU Operation
10	000	Increment, return op1 + 1
01	000	Decrement, return op1 - 1
00	001	Shift Left, return op1 << op2
00	010	Shift Right, return op1 >> op2
00	011	And, return op1 & op2
00	100	Or, return op1 op2
00	101	Xor, return op1 xor op2
00	110	No Operation
00	111	Parity, return ^(op1)
11	xxx	Subtract, return op1 - op2

ALU_Result

ALU Op

Inst[7:5]

Op2

Read Register 1 Read Register 2

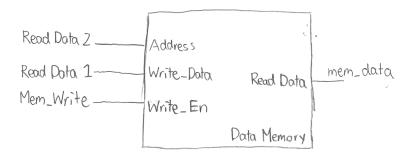
Data Memory (Module: dat_mem.sv)

Inputs:

- Address: Address in Data Memory that we want to read or write to. This is the output of Read Data 2.
- Write Data: The data that would be written to memory. This is the output of Read Data 1.
- Write_En: If set, we will write to memory. This will be the control signal Mem_Write.

Outputs

- Read Data: If Mem_Write = 0, this will output the data at the location in memory specified by Address, otherwise this can return any value

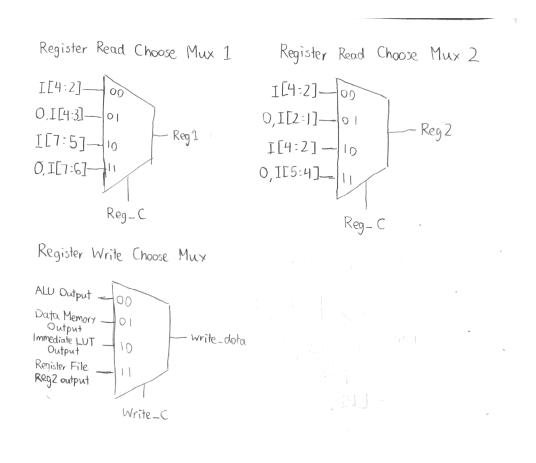


Lookup Tables (Module: PC_Lut.sv, IMM_Lut.sv)

Immediates Lookup Table (3 to 8)				
Input (Inst [4:2])	Output			
000	0000 0000 (0)			
001	0000 0001 (1)			
010	0001 1110 (30)			
011	0011 1100 (60)			
100				
101				
110				
111	1111 1111 (255)			

Jumps Lookup Table (3 to 8) 0-3 : Relative Jumps 4-7 : Absolute Jumps			
Input (Inst[3:1])	Output		
000	3		
001			
010			
011			
100	3		
101			
110			
111			

Muxes (Module: register_c_mux.sv, write_c_mux.sv)



ALU Testing (alu_tb.sv)

```
VSIM 17> run -all
# ALU Instruction: 3A << 03
# Expected: 11010000
# Result: 11010000
# Zero: 0
 ALU Instruction: 3A >> 03
# Expected: 00000111
 Result: 00000111
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A & 03
# Expected: 00000010
# Result: 00000010
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A | 03
# Expected: 00111011
# Result: 00111011
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A ^ 03
# Expected: 00111001
# Result: 00111001
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: No Op
# Expected: 00000000
# Result: 00000000
# Zero: 1
# ALU Instruction: ^(03)
# Expected: 00000000
# Result: 00000000
# Zero: 1
# ALU Instruction: ^(04)
# Expected: 00000001
# Result: 00000001
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A--
# Expected: 00111001
# Result: 00111001
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A++
# Expected: 00111011
# Result: 00111011
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A - 03
# Expected: 00110111
# Result: 00110111
# Zero: 0
# ALU Instruction: 3A - 3A
# Expected: 00000000
# Result: 00000000
# Zero: 1
```

PC Testing (pc_tb.sv)

```
# Initial PC: 0
# Performing Relative Jump, +4
# Current PC: 4
# Performing Absolute Jump To 8
# Current PC: 8
# No Jump Performed
# Current PC: 9
# Current PC: 10
# Current PC: 11
# Program Finished
# ** Note: $stop : C:/Users/david/OneDrive/Desktop/CSE 141L Milestone 2/tests/pc_tb.sv(81)
# Time: 60 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /PC_tb
# Break at C:/Users/david/OneDrive/Desktop/CSE 141L Milestone 2/tests/pc_tb.sv line 81
```

6. Program Implementation

Program 1 Pseudocode

```
i = 0
while i < 30:
        parities = 0000 0000
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                    // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                    // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 0000
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
                                                                    // topHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 000p_8
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 \ 000p_8
        parities = parities << 1;
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 \text{ } 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
        botHalf = mem[i];
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1000 1110;
                                                                    // botHalf = b_8000 \ b_4b_3b_20
                                                                    // topHalf = b_8000 b_4(b_{11} \oplus b_3)(b_{10} \oplus b_2)b_9
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000p_4
        topHalf = topHalf << 4;
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 000p_4 000p_8
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
        botHalf = mem[i];
        botHalf = botHalf AND 0110 1101;
                                                                    // botHalf = 0b_7b_60 b_4b_30b_1
        topHalf = topHalf AND 0000 0110;
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 \text{ } 0b_{11}b_{10}0
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
                                                                    // topHalf = 0b_7b_60 b_4(b_3 \oplus b_{11})b_{10}b_1
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000\ 000p_2
        topHalf = topHalf << 2;
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 000p_4 0p_20p_8
```

```
topHalf = mem[i+1];
botHalf = mem[i];
botHalf = botHalf AND 0101 1011;
                                                             // botHalf = 0b_70b_5 b_40b_2b_1
topHalf = topHalf AND 0000 0101;
                                                             // topHalf = 0000 \text{ } 0b_{11}0b_{9}
topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
                                                             // topHalf = 0b_70b_50 b_4b_{11}b_2(b_1 \oplus b_9)
topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                             // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000p_1
topHalf = topHalf << 1;
parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                             // parities = 000p_4 0p_2p_1p_8
topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                             // topHalf = 0000 \text{ } 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
botHalf = mem[i];
                                                             // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
                                                             // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}00000
topHalf = topHalf << 5;
topHalf = topHalf OR parities;
                                                             // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}p_{4} 0p_{2}p_{1}p_{8}
topHalf = topHalf AND 1110 0001;
                                                             // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}0\ 000p_{8}
botHalf = botHalf >> 4 << 1;
                                                             // botHalf = 000b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5 0
topHalf = topHalf OR botHalf;
                                                             // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
mem[30 + i + 1] = topHalf;
parities = parities AND 1111 1110;
                                                             // parities = 000p_4 0p_2p_10
                                                             // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
botHalf = mem[i];
botHalf = botHalf << 4;
                                                             // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2b_1 0000
temp = botHalf;
temp = temp << 3;
                                                             // \text{ temp} = b_1000\ 0000
temp = temp >> 4;
                                                             // \text{ temp} = 0000 \text{ b}_1000
botHalf = botHalf AND 1110 0000
                                                             // botHalf = b_4b_3b_200000
botHalf = botHalf OR temp
                                                             // botHalf = b_4b_3b_20 b_1000
botHalf = botHalf OR parities
                                                             // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_10
topHalf = mem[30 + i + 1];
                                                             // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                             // topHalf = 0000 000( ^{(b_{11}:b_5, p_8)} )
parities = botHalf;
```

```
// parities = 0000 000( ^(b_4:b_1, p_4, p_2, p_1) )
       parities = parity(botHalf);
       parities = parities XOR topHalf
                                                          // parities = 0000\ 000p_0
       botHalf = botHalf XOR parities
                                                          // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
       mem[30 + i] = botHalf;
       j++;
       j++;
Reference:
mem[1] = 00000101 -- 5 b11:b9
mem[0] = 01010101 -- b8:b1
mem[31] = 10101010 -- b11:b5, p8 = 1010101 0
mem[30] = 01011010 -- b4:b2, p4, b1, p2:p1, p0 = 010_1_1_01_0
p8 = ^(b11:b5) = 0;
p4 = ^(b11:b8,b4,b3,b2) = 1;
p2 = ^(b11,b10,b7,b6,b4,b3,b1) = 0;
p1 = ^(b11,b9,b7,b5,b4,b2,b1) = 1;
p0 = ^(b11:1,p8,p4,p2,p1) = 0;
```

Program 1 Assembly Code

```
i = 0
Movi r4 0 // r4 is i
movi r7 31
while i < 30:
startloop:
        parities = 0000 0000
Movi r0 0 // r0 is parities
        topHalf = mem[i+1];// topHalf = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
Movi r3 r4
Inc r3
Load r1 r3 //topHalf = r1
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
                                 // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                  // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 0000
And r2 240
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
                                                                  // topHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                  // topHalf = 0000 \ 000p_8
Par r1 r1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                  // parities = 0000 \ 000p_8
Or r0 r3
        parities = parities << 1;
Shftl r0 r0
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                  // topHalf = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
Load r1 r3
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1000 1110;
                                                                  // botHalf = b_8000 b_4b_3b_20
And r2 142
                                                                  // topHalf = b_8000 b_4(b_{11} \oplus b_3)(b_{10} \oplus b_2)b_9
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
```

```
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                               // topHalf = 0000\ 000p_4
Par r1 r1
       topHalf = topHalf << 4;
Shftl r1 4
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                               // parities = 000p_4 000p_8
Or r0 r1
       topHalf = mem[i+1];
Load r1 r3
       botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
       botHalf = botHalf AND 0110 1101;
                                                               // botHalf = 0b_7b_60 b_4b_30b_1
And r2 109
       topHalf = topHalf AND 0000 0110;
                                                               // topHalf = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}0
And r16
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
                                                               // topHalf = 0b_7b_60 b_4(b_3 \oplus b_{11})b_{10}b_1
Xor r1 r2
       topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                               // topHalf = 0000\ 000p_2
Par r1 r1
       topHalf = topHalf << 2;
Shftl r1 2
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                               // parities = 000p_4 0p_20p_8
Or r0 r1
       topHalf = mem[i+1];
Load r1 r3
       botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
       botHalf = botHalf AND 0101 1011;
                                                               // botHalf = 0b_70b_5 b_40b_2b_1
And r2 91
       topHalf = topHalf AND 0000 0101;
                                                               // topHalf = 0000 \text{ } 0b_{11}0b_{9}
And r1 9
```

```
topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf;
                                                                    // topHalf = 0b_70b_50 b_4b_{11}b_2(b_1 \oplus b_9)
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000p_1
Par r1 r1
        topHalf = topHalf << 1;
Shftl r1 1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 000p_4 0p_2p_1p_8
Or r0 r1
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 \ 0b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
Load r1 r3
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                    // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
Load r2 r4
        topHalf = topHalf << 5;
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}00000
Shftl r1 5
        topHalf = topHalf OR parities;
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}p_{4} 0p_{2}p_{1}p_{8}
Or r1 r0
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1110 0001;
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}0\ 000p_{8}
And r1 225
        botHalf = botHalf >> 4 << 1;
                                                                    // botHalf = 000b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5 0
Shftl r2 1
Shftr r2 4
        topHalf = topHalf OR botHalf;
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Or r1 r2
        mem[30 + i + 1] = topHalf;
store r1 r7
        parities = parities AND 1111 1110;
                                                                    // parities = 000p_4 0p_2p_10
And r0 254
                                                                    // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r0
        botHalf = botHalf << 4;
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2b_1 0000
Shftl r2 4
```

```
temp = botHalf;
Load r5 r2 //r5 is temp
        temp = temp << 3;
                                                                  // \text{ temp} = b_1000\ 0000
Shftl r53
        temp = temp >> 4;
                                                                  // \text{ temp} = 0000 \text{ b}_1000
Shftr r5 4
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1110 0000
                                                                  // botHalf = b_4b_3b_200000
And r2 224
        botHalf = botHalf OR temp
                                                                  // botHalf = b_4b_3b_20 b_1000
Or r2 r5
        botHalf = botHalf OR parities
                                                                  // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_10
Or r2 r0
       topHalf = mem[30 + i + 1];
                                                                  // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
load r1 r7
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                  // topHalf = 0000 000( ^{(b_{11}:b_5, p_8)} )
Par r1 r1
       parities = botHalf;
Movi r0 r2
        parities = parity(botHalf);
                                                                  // parities = 0000 000( ^{(b_4:b_1, p_4, p_2, p_1)} )
Par r0 r2
        parities = parities XOR topHalf
                                                                  // parities = 0000\ 000p_0
Xor r0 r1
        botHalf = botHalf XOR parities
                                                                  // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
Xor r2 r0
       mem[30 + i] = botHalf;
dec r7;
store r2 r7
       j++;
Inc r4
inc r7
```

j++;

Inc r4

inc r7

Bne r4 30 startloop

Program 2 Pseudocode

```
i = 30
while i < 60:
        // calculating discrepancy vector
        parities = 0000 0000
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = mem[i];
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000s_8
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 \ 000s_8
        parities = parities << 1;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 00s_80
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 0000
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 0000
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000s_4
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 \ 00s_8s_4
        parities = parities << 1;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 \, 0s_8 s_4 0
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}00 b_7b_600
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1100 1100
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1100 1100
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_300 b_1p_200
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                    // topHalf = 0000 \ 000s_2
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 0 s_8 s_4 s_2
        parities = parities << 1;
                                                                    // parities = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 0
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                    // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                    // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
```

```
botHalf = botHalf AND 1010 1010
                                                         // \text{ topHalf} = b_{11}0b_90 \ b_70b_50
topHalf = topHalf AND 1010 1010
                                                         // botHalf = b_40b_20 b_10p_10
topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                         // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000s_1
parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                         // parities = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1
parities = parities << 1;
                                                         // parities = 000s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 0
topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                         // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
botHalf = mem[i];
                                                         // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                         // topHalf = 0000 \ 000s_0
parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                         // parities = 000s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 s_0
topHalf = mem[i];
                                                         // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
botHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                         // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
errorBit = parities >> 1;
                                                         // errorBit = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 = errorLocation
temp = 0000 0001;
                                                         // temp will be a one hot encoding of the value of errorLocation
temp = temp << (errorBit);
if (temp == 0):
                                                         // errorLocation > 8
        errorBit = errorBit AND 0000 1000
                                                         // temp = temp - 8
        temp = 0000 0001;
        temp = temp << (errorBit);
                                                         // temp will be a one hot encoding of the value of error
        topHalf = topHalf XOR temp;
                                                         // flip topHalf's bit by errorLocation value - 8
else:
                                                         // flip botHalf's bit by errorLocation value
        botHalf = botHalf XOR temp;
errorCount = 0000 0000;
if (errorBits != 0):
        errorCount ++;
parrities = parities AND 0000 0001;
if (parrities != 0):
        errorCount ++;
```

```
// errorCount = f_1 f_0 00 0000
errorCount = errorCount << 6
toSave = topHalf
                                                         // toSave = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8 with incorrect bit flipped
toSave = toSave >> 5;
                                                         // toSave = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9 with incorrect bit flipped
toSave = toSave OR errorCount
                                                         // toSave = f_1f_000 \ 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9 with incorrect bit flipped
mem[i-31] = toSave;
botHalf = botHalf >> 3;
                                                         // botHalf = 000b_4 b_3b_2p_4b_1 with incorrect bit flipped
temp = botHalf;
                                                         // botHalf = 0000 000b<sub>1</sub> with incorrect bit flipped
botHalf = botHalf AND 0000 0001:
temp = botHalf >> 1;
                                                         // temp = 0000 b_4 b_3 b_2 p_4 with incorrect bit flipped
                                                         // temp = 0000 b_4 b_3 b_2 0 with incorrect bit flipped
temp = temp AND 0000 1110;
botHalf = botHalf AND temp;
                                                         // botHalf = 0000 b_4b_3b_2b_1 with incorrect bit flipped
                                                         // topBits = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8 with incorrect bit flipped
topBits = topHalf;
                                                         // topBits = b_8b_7b_6b_5 p_8000 with incorrect bit flipped
topBits = topBits << 3;
topBits = topBits AND 1111 0000;
botHalf = botHalf AND topBits;
                                                         // botHalf = b_8b_7b_6b_5b_4b_3b_2b_1
mem[i-30] = botHalf;
j++;
j++;
```

Program 2 Assembly Code

i = 30 Movi r4 30

```
movi r7 0
while i < 60:
startloop:
       // calculating discrepancy vector
       parities = 0000 0000
Movi r0 0
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                 // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Movi r3 r4
Inc r3
Load r1 r3
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                 // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
Load r2 r4
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                 // topHalf = 0000 \ 000s_8
Par r1 r1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                 // parities = 0000 000s_8
Or r0 r1
                                                                 // parities = 0000 \ 00s_80
        parities = parities << 1;
Shftl r0 1
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                 // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Load r1 r3
                                                                 // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                 // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 0000
And r2 240
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1111 0000
                                                                 // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 0000
And r1 240
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                 // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000s_4
Par r1 r1
                                                                 // parities = 0000 \ 00s_8s_4
        parities = parities | topHalf;
Or r0 r1
```

```
parities = parities << 1;
                                                                   // parities = 0000 \, 0s_8 s_4 0
Shftl r0 1
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                   // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Load r1 r3
                                                                   // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1100 1100
                                                                   // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}00 b_7b_600
And r2 204
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1100 1100
                                                                   // botHalf = b_4b_300 b_1p_200
And r1 204
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                   // topHalf = 0000 \ 000s_2
Par r1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                   // parities = 0000 0 s_8 s_4 s_2
Or r0 r1
        parities = parities << 1;
                                                                   // parities = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 0
Shftl r0 1
        topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                   // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Load r1 r3
                                                                   // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
        botHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
        botHalf = botHalf AND 1010 1010
                                                                   // \text{ topHalf} = b_{11}0b_90 \ b_70b_50
And r2 170
        topHalf = topHalf AND 1010 1010
                                                                   // botHalf = b_40b_20 b_10p_10
And r1 170
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                   // \text{ topHalf} = 0000 \ 000s_1
Par r1 r1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                   // parities = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1
```

```
Or r0 r1
        parities = parities << 1;
                                                                 // parities = 000s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 0
Shftl r0 1
       topHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                 // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
Load r1 r3
        botHalf = mem[i];
                                                                 // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
Load r2 r4
        topHalf = topHalf XOR botHalf
Xor r1 r2
        topHalf = parity(topHalf);
                                                                 // topHalf = 0000 \ 000s_0
Par r1
        parities = parities | topHalf;
                                                                 // parities = 000s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 s_0
Or r0 r1
                        topHalf = mem[i];
                                                                                 // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
                Load r1 r4
                        botHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                                 // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
                Load r2 r3
        errorBit = parities >> 1;
                                                                 // errorBit = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 = errorLocation
store r0 r7;
                                //store parities in mem[0]
inc r7;
Shftr r0 1//errorBit is r0
        temp = 0000 0001;
Movi r1 1 // temp is r1
        temp = temp << (errorBit);
                                                                 // temp will be a one hot encoding of the value of errorLocation
Shftl r1 r0
        if (temp == 0):
                                                                 // errorLocation > 8
bne r1 0 else
                errorBit = errorBit AND 0000 1000
                                                                 // temp = temp - 8
And r0 16
                temp = 0000 0001;
Movi r1 1
```

```
temp = temp << (errorBit);
                                                               // temp will be a one hot encoding of the value of error
Shftl r1 r0
                                                                       // topHalf = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8
               topHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
               topHalf = topHalf XOR temp;
                                                               // flip topHalf's bit by errorLocation value - 8
Xor r1 r2
                                                                       // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
                botHalf = mem[i+1];
Load r3 r3
Bne 0 1 endElse
        else:
Else:
                botHalf = mem[i+1];
                                                                       // botHalf = b_4b_3b_2p_4 b_1p_2p_1p_0
Load r3 r3
                botHalf = botHalf XOR temp;
                                                               // flip botHalf's bit by errorLocation value
xor r3 r1
               topHalf = mem[i];
Load r2 r4
EndElse:
movr r5 r2
                               //save r2 (topHalf) in r5
movr r6 r3
                               //save r3 (botHalf) in r6
dec r7;
load r0 r7;
                               //restore parities as r0
       errorCount = 0000 0000:
movi r1 0:
       errorBit = parities >> 1;
                                                               // errorBit = 0000 s_8 s_4 s_2 s_1 = errorLocation
movr r2 r0;
shiftr r2 1;
       if (errorBits != 0):
bne r2 0 endif;
               errorCount ++:
inc r1; // r1 is errorCount
```

```
endif:
        if (parrities != 0):
bne r0 0 endif;
                errorCount ++;
inc r1;
endif;
        errorCount = errorCount << 6
                                                                 // errorCount = f_1 f_0 00 0000
shiftl r1 6;
        toSave = topHalf
                                                                 // toSave = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8 with incorrect bit flipped
mov r2 r5;
        toSave = toSave >> 5;
                                                                 // toSave = 0000 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9 with incorrect bit flipped
shiftr r2 5:
        toSave = toSave OR errorCount
                                                                 // toSave = f_1f_000 \ 0b_{11}b_{10}b_9 with incorrect bit flipped
or r2 r1;
        mem[i-31] = toSave;
store r2 r7
inc r7
        botHalf = botHalf >> 3;
                                                                 // botHalf = 000b_4 b_3b_2p_4b_1 with incorrect bit flipped
mov r0 r6;
shiftr r0 3;
        temp = botHalf;
mov r1 r6;
        botHalf = botHalf AND 0000 0001;
                                                                 // botHalf = 0000 000b<sub>1</sub> with incorrect bit flipped
and r0 1:
        temp = botHalf >> 1;
                                                                 // temp = 0000 b_4b_3b_2p_4 with incorrect bit flipped
shiftr r1 1;
        temp = temp AND 0000 1110;
                                                                 // temp = 0000 b_4 b_3 b_2 0 with incorrect bit flipped
and r1 14
        botHalf = botHalf AND temp;
                                                                 // botHalf = 0000 b_4b_3b_2b_1 with incorrect bit flipped
and r0 r1
                                                                 // topBits = b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8 b_7b_6b_5p_8 with incorrect bit flipped
        topBits = topHalf;
movr r2 r5:
```

Program 3 Pseudocode

```
accumulatorA = 0;
accumulatorB = 0;
                                                     //pattern = 000p_5 p_4p_3p_2p_1
pattern = mem[32] >> 3;
countByte = 0;
i = 0;
while (i < 32):
       singleByte = mem[i];
       singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                            //singleByte = 000b_5 b_4 b_3 b_2 b_1
       if (singleByte == pattern):
               accumulatorA++;
               countByte = 1;
       singleByte = mem[i] >> 1;
       singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                            //singleByte = 000b_6 b_5 b_4 b_3 b_2
       if (singleByte == pattern):
               accumulatorA++;
               countByte = 1;
       singleByte = mem[i] >> 2;
       singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                            //singleByte = 000b_7 b_6 b_5 b_4 b_3
       if (singleByte == pattern):
               accumulatorA++;
               countByte = 1;
       singleByte = mem[i] >> 3;
                                                            //singleByte = 000b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5 b_4
       singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
       if (singleByte == pattern):
               accumulatorA++;
               countByte = 1;
       if (countByte == 1):
               accumulatorB++;
       j++;
```

```
mem[33] = accumulatorA;
mem[34] = accumulatorB;
i = 0
while (i < 31):
        firstHalfByte = mem[i];
                                                                           //firstHalfByte = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
        secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
                                                                           //secondHalfByte = b_{16}b_{15}b_{14}b_{13}b_{12}b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
        firstHalfByte = (firstHalfByte >> 4);
                                                                           //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5
        secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 4) & 0001 0000;
                                                                          //secondHalfByte = 000b<sub>9</sub> 0000
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 000b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5
        if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
                accumulatorA++;
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6
        secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
        secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 3) & 0001 0000;
                                                                           //secondHalfByte = 000b_{10} 0000
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 000b_{10} b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6
         if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
                accumulatorA++;
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_{10}b_{9}b_{8}b_{7}
        secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
        secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 2) & 0001 0000;
                                                                          //secondHalfByte = 000b_{11} 0000
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 000b<sub>11</sub> b<sub>10</sub>b<sub>9</sub>b<sub>8</sub>b<sub>7</sub>
         if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
                accumulatorA++;
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}b_{8}
        secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
        secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 1) & 0001 0000;
                                                                          //secondHalfByte = 000b_{12} 0000
        firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                          //firstHalfByte = 000b_{12} b_{11}b_{10}b_9b_8
         if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
                accumulatorA++;
        j++:
mem[35] = accumulatorA;
```

Program 3 Assembly Code

```
accumulatorA = 0;
movi r5 0;
       accumulatorB = 0;
movi r6 0;
       pattern = mem[32] >> 3;
                                                            //pattern = 000p_5 p_4p_3p_2p_1
movi r3 32;
load r0 r1;
movi r3 3;
shiftr r0 r3;
       i = 0;
movi r4 0;
movi r7 33;
       while (i < 32):
startloop:
               countByte = 0;
movr r2 = 0;
               singleByte = mem[i];
movr r3 r4;
load r1 r3;
               singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                                   //singleByte = 000b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
movr r3 31;
and r1 r3;
               if (singleByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif
                      accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
                      countByte = 1;
```

```
mov r2 1;
endif:
               singleByte = mem[i] >> 1;
movr r3 r4;
load r1 r3;
movi r3 1;
shiftr r1 r3;
               singleByte = singleByte &
                                                                    //singleByte = 000b_6 b_5 b_4 b_3 b_2
movi r3 31;
and r1 r3;
               if (singleByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                       accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
                       countByte = 1;
mov r2 1;
endif:
               singleByte = mem[i] >> 2;
movr r3 r4;
load r1 r3;
movi r3 2;
shiftr r1 r3;
               singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                                    //singleByte = 000b_7 b_6 b_5 b_4 b_3
movi r3 31;
and r1 r3;
               if (singleByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                       accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
                       countByte = 1;
mov r2 1;
```

```
endif:
               singleByte = mem[i] >> 3;
movr r3 r4;
load r1 r3;
movi r3 3;
shiftr r1 r3;
              singleByte = singleByte & 0001 1111;
                                                                   //singleByte = 000b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5 b_4
movi r3 31;
and r1 r3;
               if (singleByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                      accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
                      countByte = 1;
mov r2 1;
endif:
               if (countByte == 1):
movi r1 1
bne r1 r2 endif;
                      accumulatorB++;
inc r6;
              j++;
inc r4;
movi r1 32;
bne r4 r1 startloop;
       mem[33] = accumulatorA;
store r5 r7;
inc r7;
       mem[34] = accumulatorB;
store r6 r7;
inc r7;
       i = 0
```

```
movi r4 0;
        while( i < 31):
startloop2:
                firstHalfByte = mem[i];
                                                                                  //firstHalfByte = b_8b_7b_6b_5 b_4b_3b_2b_1
movr r3 r4;
load r1 r3;
                secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
                                                                                  //secondHalfByte = b_{16}b_{15}b_{14}b_{13} b_{12}b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}
inc r3;
load r2 r3;
                firstHalfByte = (firstHalfByte >> 4);
                                                                                 //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5
load r3 4;
shiftr r1 r3;
                secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 4) & 0001 0000;
                                                                                 //secondHalfByte = 000b<sub>9</sub> 0000
shiftl r2 r3;
movi r3 16;
and r2 r3;
                                                                                 //firstHalfByte = 000b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6 b_5
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
or r1 r2;
                if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                        accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
endif:
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                                  //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6
mov r3 1;
shiftr r1 r3;
                secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
movr r3 r4;
inc r3;
load r2 r3;
                secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 3) & 0001 0000;
                                                                                 //secondHalfByte = 000b_{10} 0000
movi r3 3;
```

```
shiftl r2 r3;
movi r3 16;
and r2 r3;
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                                 //firstHalfByte = 000b_{10} b_9 b_8 b_7 b_6
or r1 r2;
                if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                        accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
endif:
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                                 //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_{10}b_9b_8b_7
movi r3 1;
shiftr r1 r3;
                secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
movr r3 r4;
inc r3;
load r2 r3;
                secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 2) & 0001 0000;
                                                                                //secondHalfByte = 000b_{11} 0000
movi r3 2;
shiftl r2 r3;
movi r3 16;
and r2 r3;
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                                 //firstHalfByte = 000b_{11} b_{10}b_9b_8b_7
or r1 r2;
                if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                        accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
endif:
                firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte >> 1
                                                                                //firstHalfByte = 0000 b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}b_{8}
movi r3 1;
shiftr r1 r3;
```

```
secondHalfByte = mem[i+1];
movr r3 r4;
inc r3;
load r2 r3;
               secondHalfByte = (secondHalfByte << 1) & 0001 0000;
                                                                             //secondHalfByte = 000b_{12} 0000
movi r3 1;
shiftl r2 r3;
movi r3 16;
and r2 r3;
               firstHalfByte = firstHalfByte | secondHalfByte;
                                                                             //firstHalfByte = 000b_{12} b_{11}b_{10}b_{9}b_{8}
or r1 r2;
                if (firstHalfByte == pattern):
bne r1 r0 endif;
                       accumulatorA++;
inc r5;
endif:
inc r4;
               j++;
movi r3 31;
bne r4 r3 startloop2;
       mem[35] = accumulatorA;
store r5 r7;
inc r7;
```

7. Changelog

- Milestone 2
 - o 3. Machine Specification Changes
 - Added new instruction type A type for increment and decrement instruction which has opcode 00000
 - Adjusted R type instruction format to be opcode(00), funct(xxx), reg1(xx), reg2(xx)
 - Renamed control bits to funct bits to specify that they are for controlling functionality
 - Added example for r7 register usage
 - Added specification on how branch decision will be made based on branch instruction format
 - Added Section 4.3
 - o Added Section 5. Individual Component Specification
- Milestone 1
 - o Initial version