Lab 4: Data Visualization

2024-04-26

Why Visualize Data?

In an age of big data, it can be difficult to accurately convey a narrative through presenting plain numbers in tables

On the flip side, there are **BAD** ways to visualize that data

Let's create a list of axioms or goals that we want to stick to when creating data visualizations that help us convey what we want to be conveyed. Our goals:

- Be clear and concise (avoid over-complicating the figure)
- Accurately represent the data (use the *right* type of graph)
- Be purposeful (avoid doing things because it looks neat)
- Others?

Types of Visualizations

Here are a list of different types of graphs often used to express data (these are hyperlinks):

- Most common: Line, Scatter, Bar
- Less common: Density / Histogram, Box, Pie, Sankey
- Rare: Waterfall, Radar, Pareto (these are mostly stylistic variations or combinations of the above graphs, and are often pointless)

Which do I use?

• Non-answer: It depends on the data!

Helpful graphic:

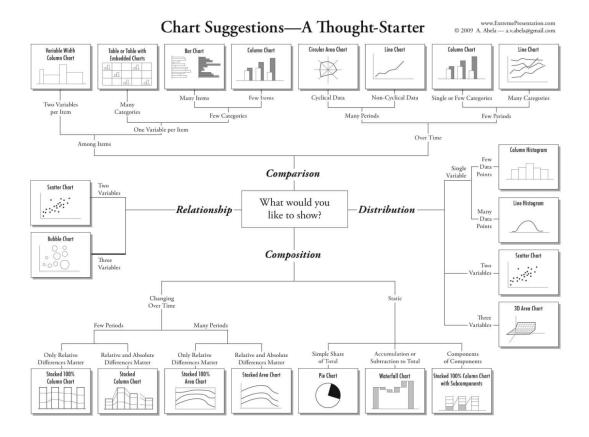


Figure 1: Helpful Graphic

GGPLOT2

R's best friend for data visualization is the package ggplot2

```
library(pacman)
p_load(ggplot2)
```

In general, the code for line charts will look like:

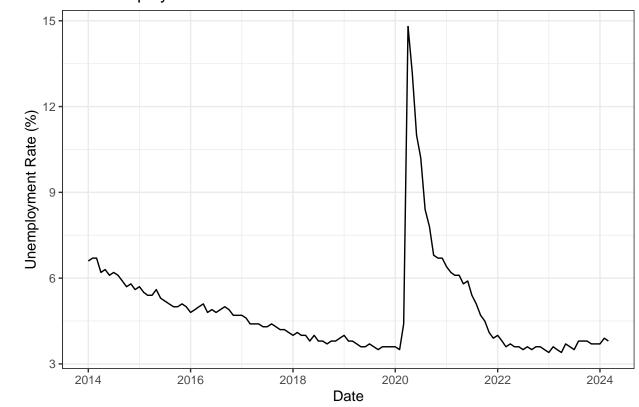
```
ggplot(dataset, aes(x = x_variable, y = y_variable)) +
  geom_TYPE() +
  labs(x = "x variable label", y = "y variable label", title = "Graph title") +
  theme()
```

Line Chart

Let's graph the unemployment data over time, using

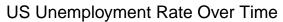
```
# Load package and data
p_load(readr)
url_time = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ojetton/Econometrics_Lab_Spring_24/main/time_data"
time_data = read_csv(url(url_time))
## Rows: 123 Columns: 4
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## dbl (3): UNRATE, FEDFUNDS, INF
## date (1): date
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
# Graph:
ggplot(time_data, aes(x = date, y = UNRATE)) +
 geom_line() +
 labs(x = "Date", y = "Unemployment Rate (%)", title = "US Unemployment Rate Over Time") +
 theme_bw()
```

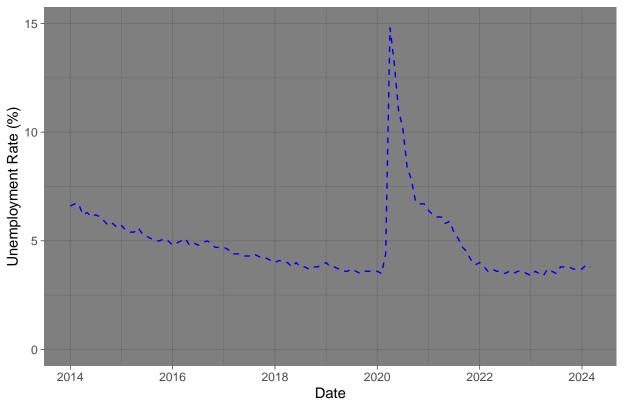
US Unemployment Rate Over Time



There are a lot of options we have for adjusting this visualization. Suppose we want:

- The y-axis to span from 0 to 15
- The line to be dashed instead of solid
- The line to be blue
- Try theme_dark()



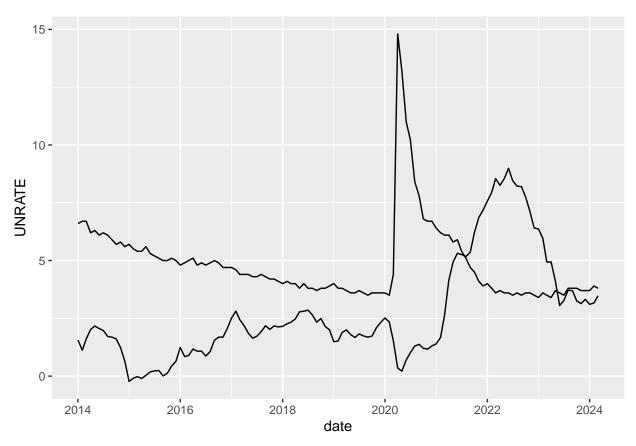


Is this a better data visualization? Admittedly, no. . .

Multiple Lines

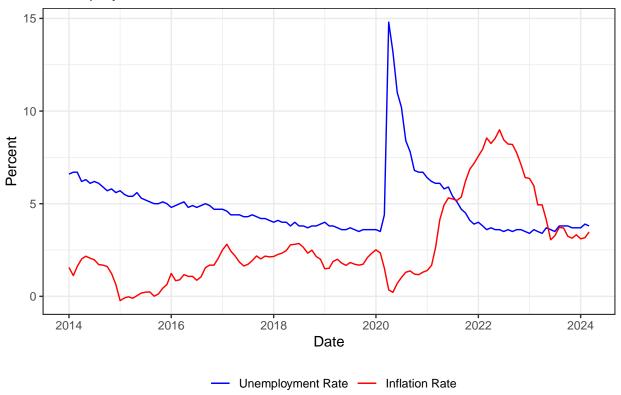
Let's graph the unemployment rate (in percent) and the inflation rate (in percent)

```
# Plainly:
ggplot(time_data, aes(x = date)) +
geom_line(aes(y = UNRATE)) +
geom_line(aes(y = INF))
```



Let's add some detail:

Unemployment and the Inflation Rates



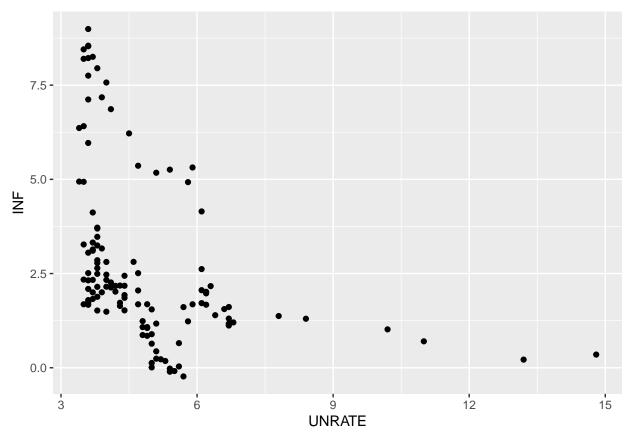
Notice:

- the colors are listed within the aes() function
- scale_color_identity() gives details in the legend. name = "" yields no name, as it's unnecessary here
- $\bullet \ \ theme (legend.position = "bottom") \ is \ \textit{after} \ theme_bw(), \ doing \ it \ the \ other \ way \ around \ won't \ work$

Scatter

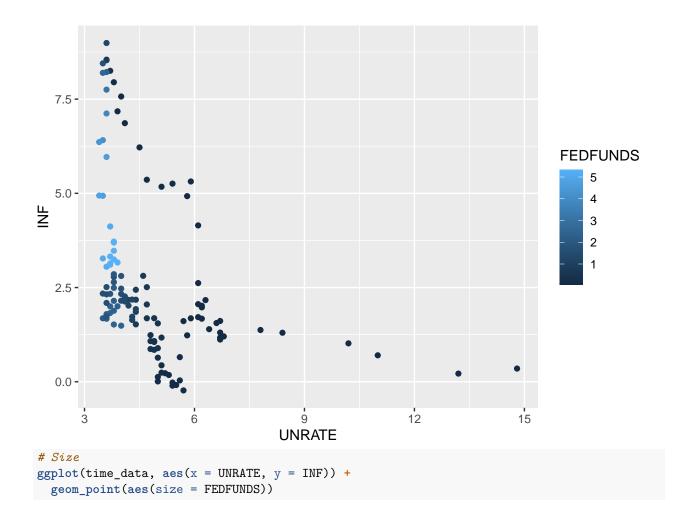
Let's graph the unemployment rate against the inflation rate (the Phillips Curve)

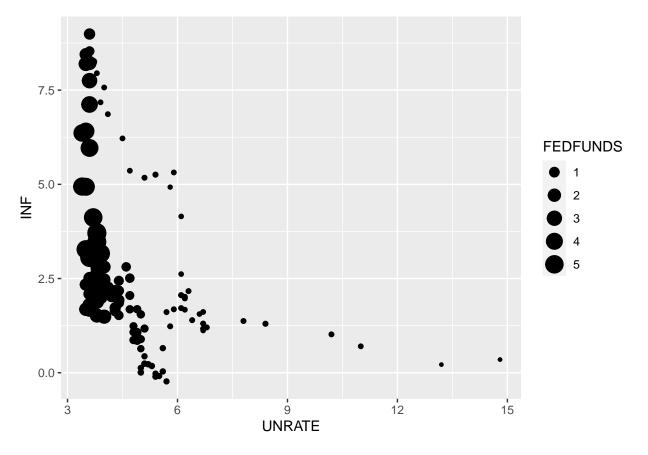
```
# geom_point()
ggplot(time_data, aes(x = UNRATE, y = INF)) +
  geom_point()
```



Problems start to arise when there are three variables. One common way to introduce a third variable is with *color* or *size*. Suppose we want to show what the effective federal funds rate was in these data points:

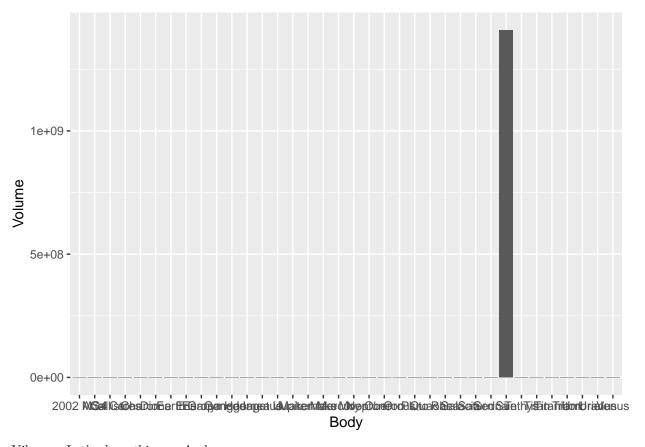
```
# Color
ggplot(time_data, aes(x = UNRATE, y = INF)) +
geom_point(aes(color = FEDFUNDS))
```





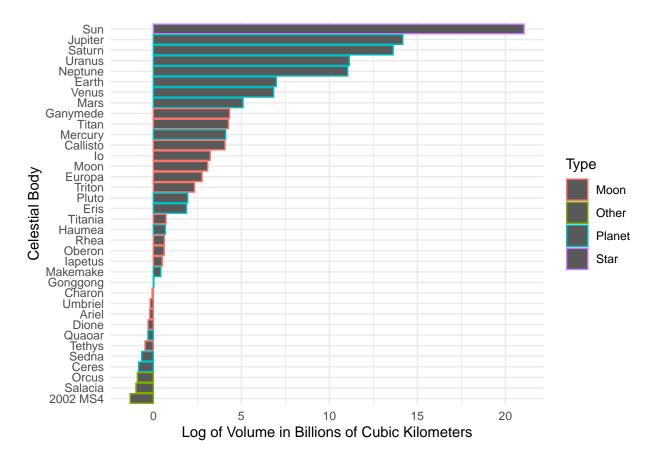
Bar Graph

Grab the ${\bf space_data}$ from the GitHub page



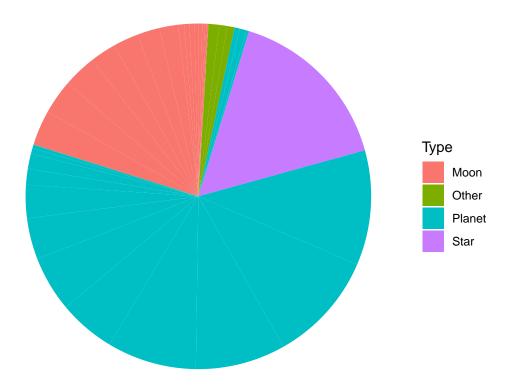
Yikes... Let's clean this up. And

```
ggplot(space_data, aes(x = reorder(Body, Volume), y = log(Volume))) +
# Color for the type of celestial body
geom_bar(aes(color = Type), stat = "identity") +
# replace "color" with "fill" for different look
coord_flip() +
labs(x = "Celestial Body", y = "Log of Volume in Billions of Cubic Kilometers") +
theme_minimal()
```



Pie Chart

```
ggplot(space_data, aes(x="", y = log(Volume), fill=Type)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", width=1) +
  coord_polar("y") +
  theme_void()
```



Multiple Graphs