

Asteroseismology provides a new range of internal rotation periods and ages in which to calibrate gyrochronology

EXPANDING THE GYROCHRONOLOGY RELATION WITH ASTEROSEISMIC ROTATION AND AGE

✧ ✧ ✧ **Oliver J. Hall**, Guy R. Davies, Martin B. Nielsen
+ friends

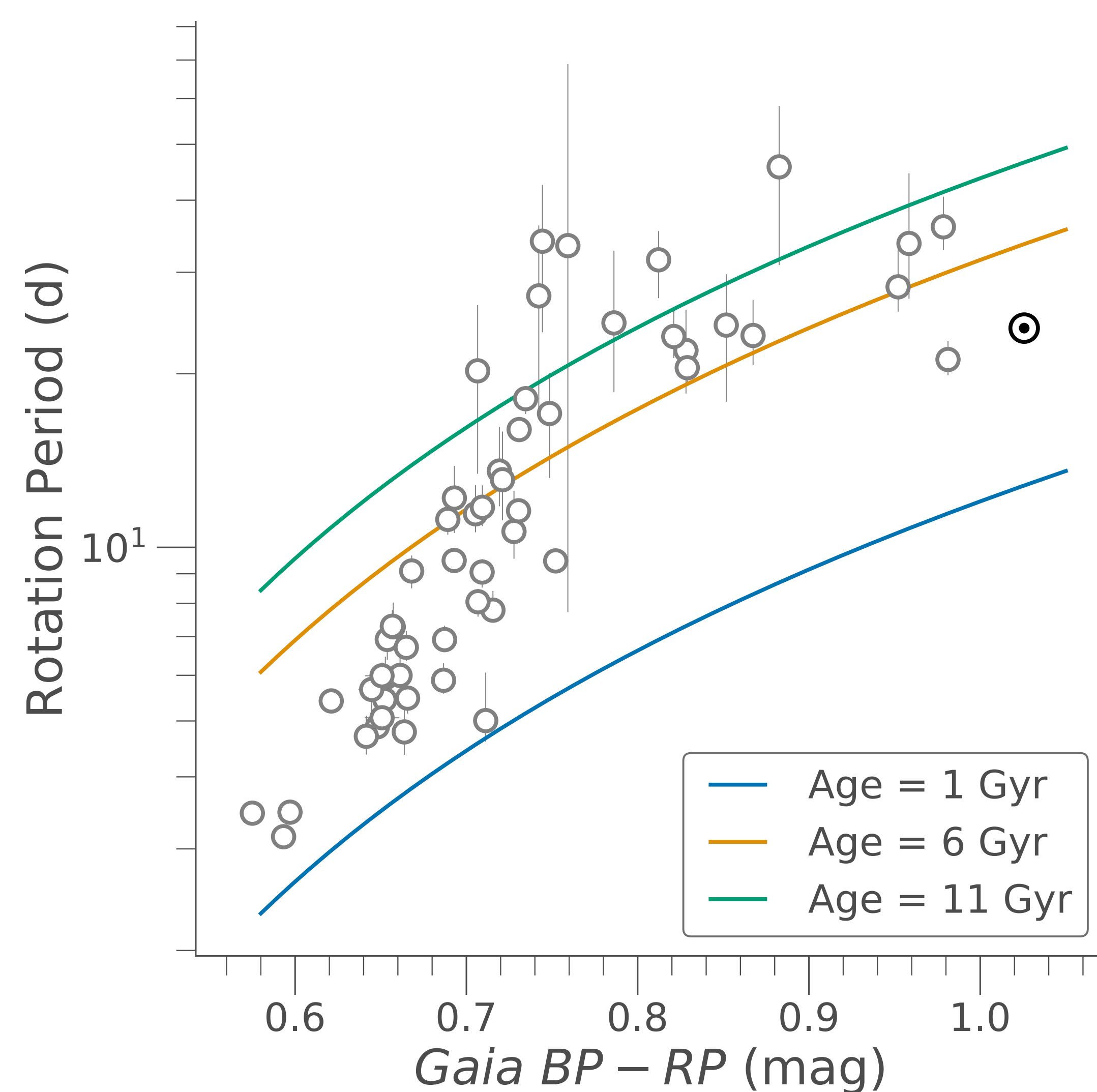
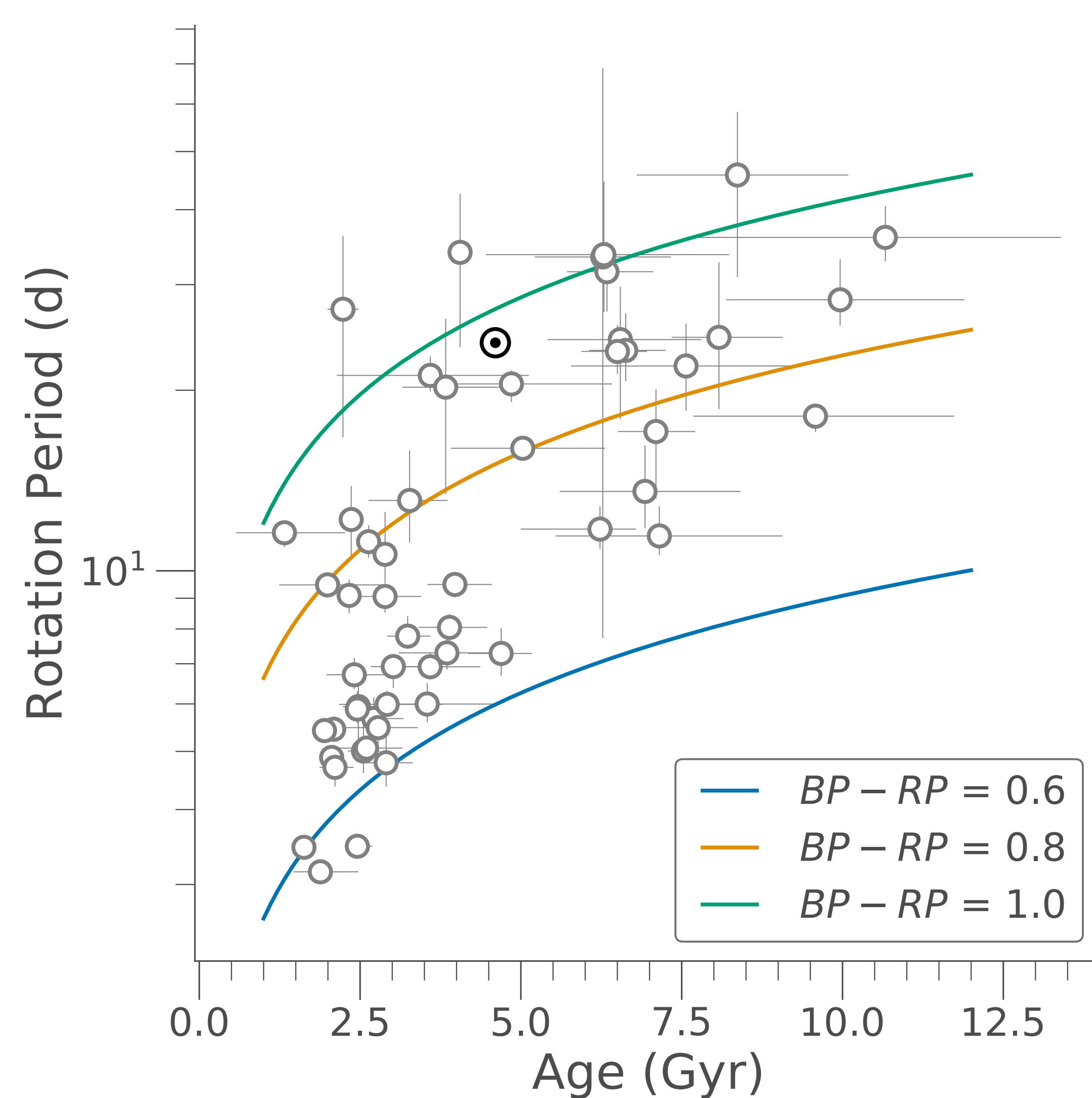
INTRO

- The **rotation** of stars **slows down** as they **age**, at a rate that is a function of **colour**.
- We can calibrate this '**gyrochronology**' relation to help us estimate stellar age.
- van Saders+16 showed that some old stars stop slowing down at a certain point. **Why?**
- Asteroseismic measurements of age and internal rotation periods allow us to **study older stars** in this area of interest.

METHOD

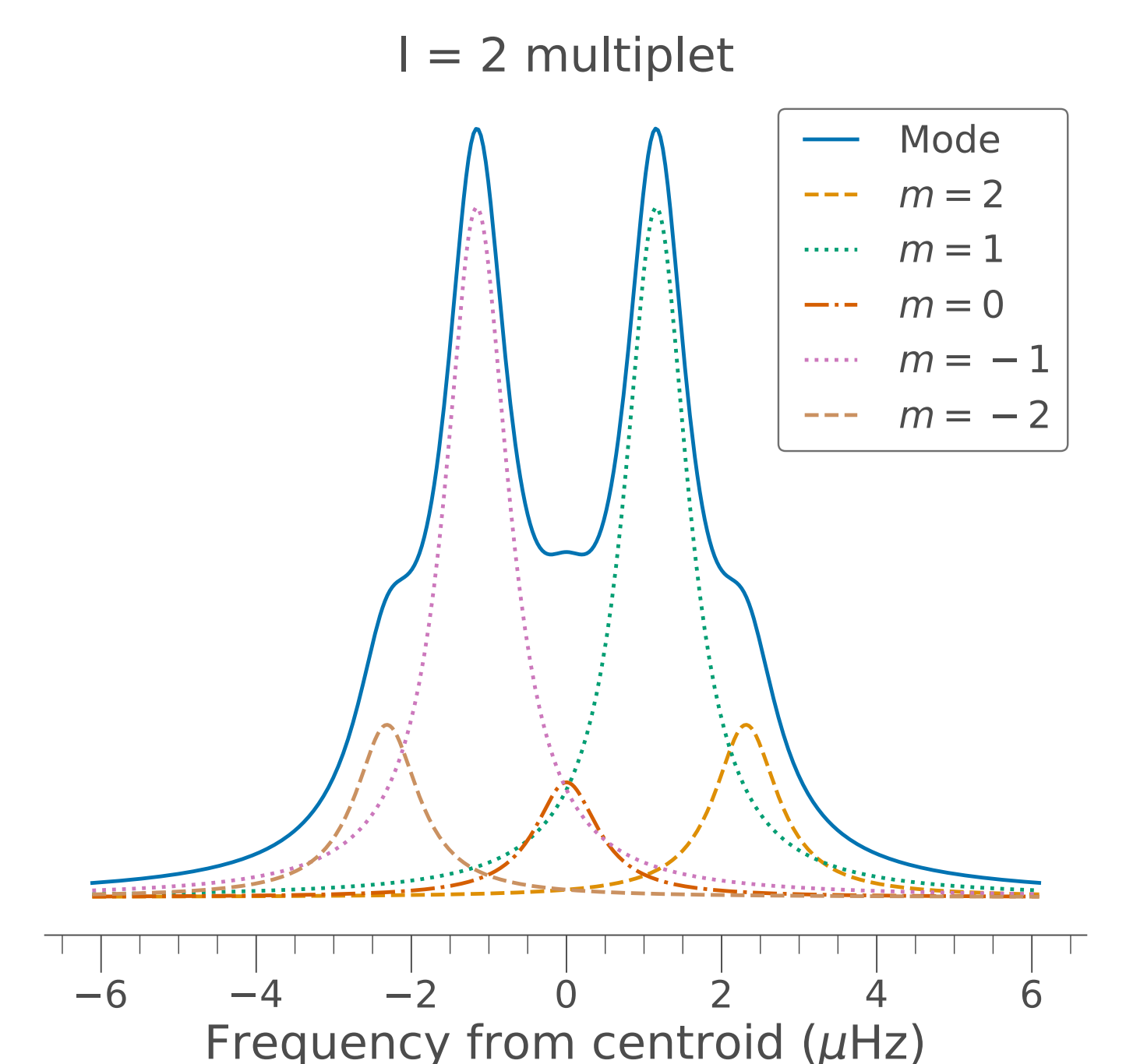
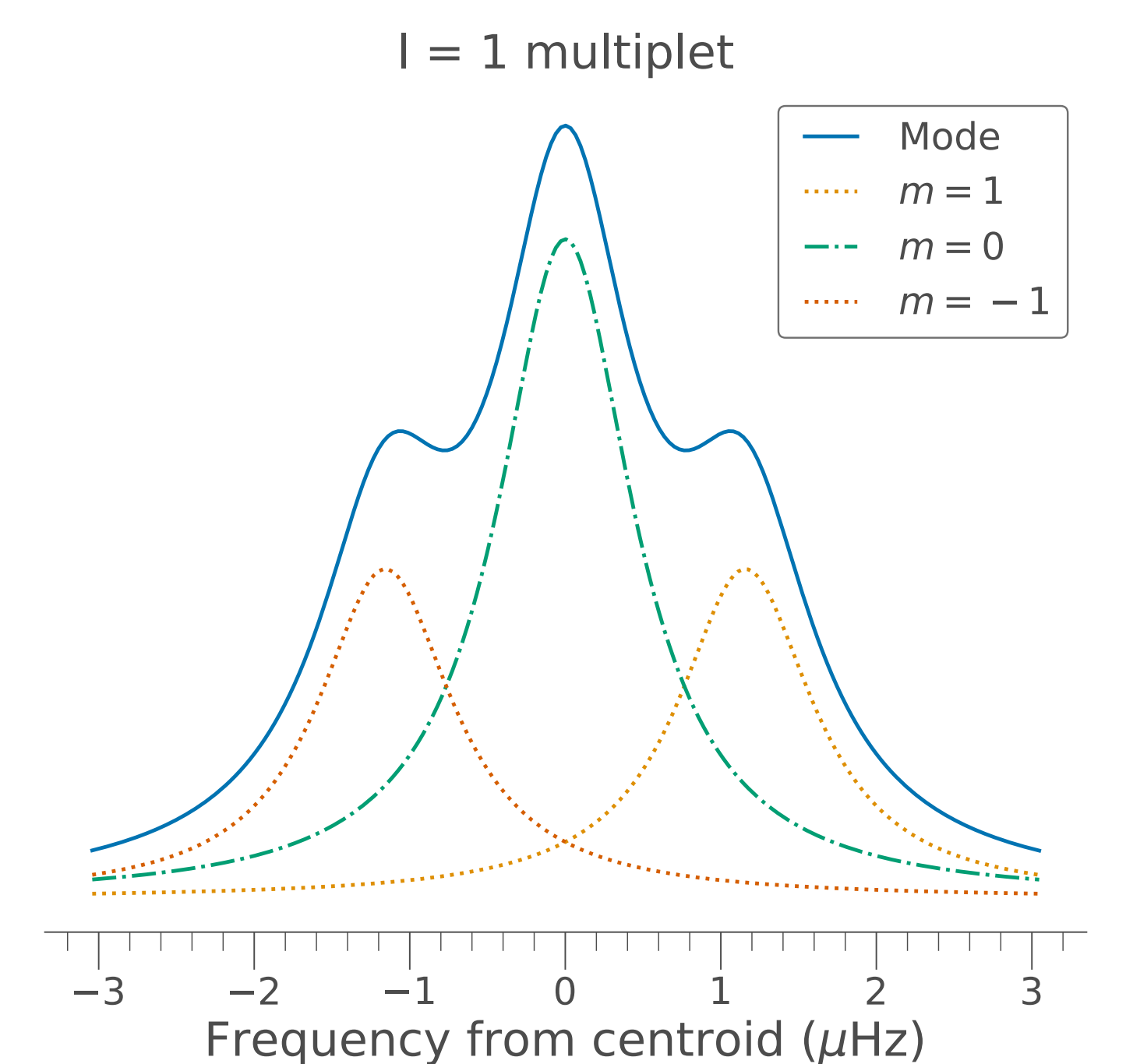
- We use the **Davies+16**, **Lund+17**, **Silva Aguirre+15,17** samples for their ages and locations of individual frequencies.
- We obtain rotation periods for **54 stars** (so far!) by fitting a holistic model to the $l = \{0, 1, 2\}$ p-modes, treating the mode frequencies as **latent variables**.
- We fit the classical Barnes+07 gyrochronology relation with **Gaia BP-RP** colours using **latent variables** to treat uncertainties in the three observables.

RESULTS SO FAR



ROTATIONAL SPLITTING

- The **rotation** and **inclination** of a star change how modes appear.
- The examples below are for a star with a period of 10 days and an inclination of 45°.



WHATS NEXT?

- Improving** the fitting process with Gaussian Process priors on **linewidth** and **height**.
- Fitting** an improved gyrochronology model that treats **mass**, **metallicity**, and the **heteroskedastic** uncertainties.
- Comparing** our data to evolutionary models and clusters to figure out when (if?) rotation stops slowing.



UNIVERSITY OF
BIRMINGHAM



STELLAR ASTROPHYSICS CENTRE

[ojhall94.github.io](https://github.com/ojhall94)

github.com/ojhall94

@asteronomer

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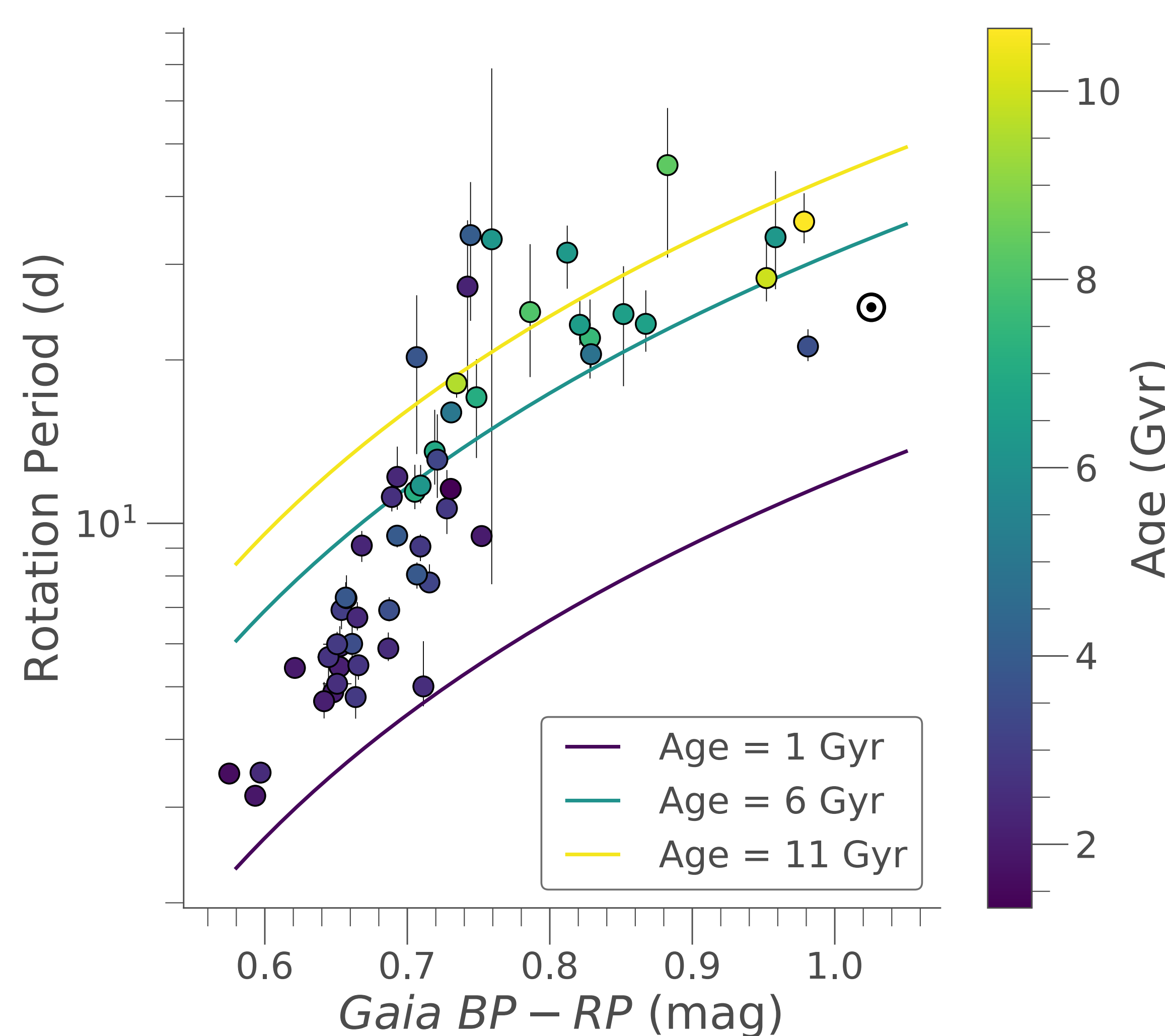
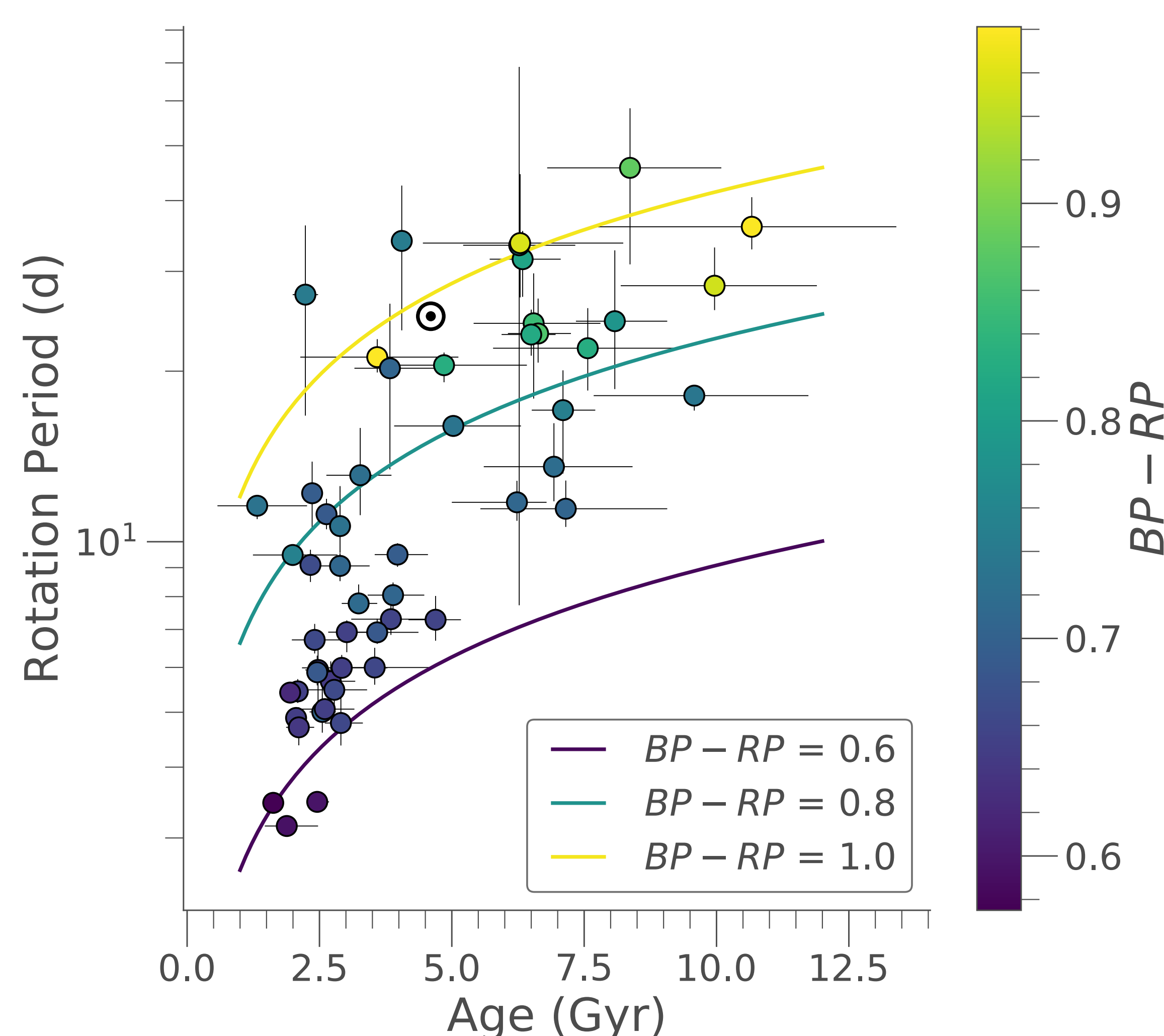
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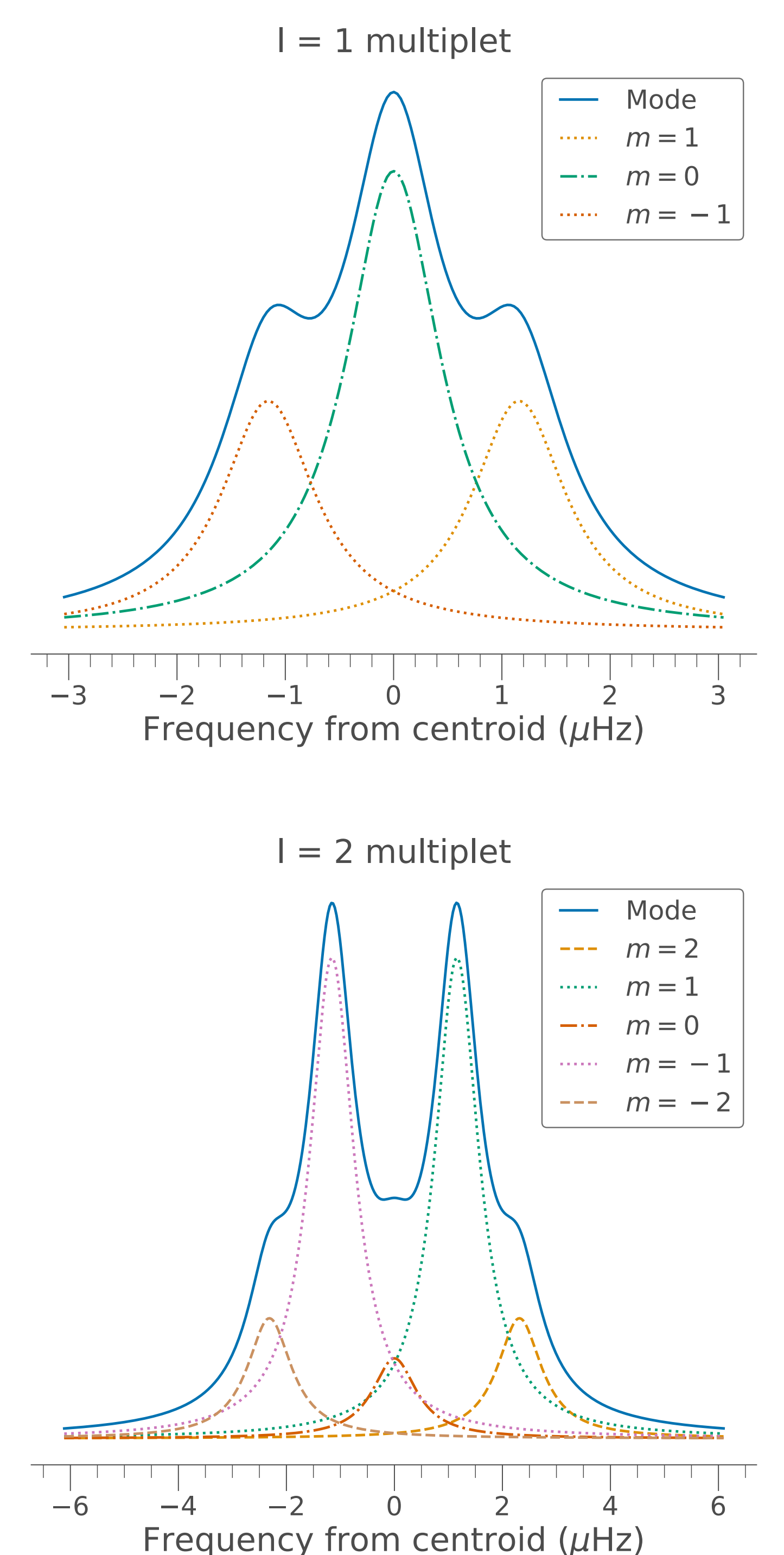
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