

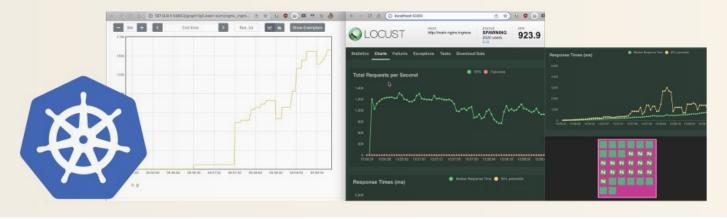


How do you deal with peaks of traffic in Kubernetes?

You can use an autoscaler, but how should you configure and test it?

Let's dive into it.

AUTOSCALING INGRESS CONTROLLERS MKUBERNETES



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To autoscale the Ingress controller based on incoming requests, you need:

- Metrics (e.g. the requests per second)
- ② A metrics collector (to store the metrics)
- ③ An autoscaler (to act on the data)

SCALING BASED ON NUMBER OF HTTP REQUESTS

prometheus exporters 1 Expose metrics

2 Collect & store > metrics server

3 Autoscaler horizontal pod autoscaler vertical pod autoscaler cluster autoscaler

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Let's start with metrics

The nginx-ingress can be configured to expose Prometheus metrics

The official documentation has a page dedicated to it kubernetes.github.io/ingress-nginx/...

You can use `nginx_connections_active` to count the number of active requests

Stub status metrics		1
Name	Туре	Description
nginx_connections_accepted	Counter	Accepted client connections.
nginx_connections_active	Gauge	Active client connections.
nginx_connections_handled	Counter	Handled client connections.
nginx_connections_reading	Gauge	Connections where NGINX is rea header.
nginx_connections_waiting	Gauge	Idle client connections.
nginx_connections_writing	Gauge	Connections where NGINX is writed back to the client.

https://kubernetes.github.io/ingress-nginx/user-guide/monitoring/

https://github.com/nginxinc/nginx-prometheus-exporter

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Next, you need a way to scrape the metrics

As you've already guessed, you can install Prometheus to do so

Since Nginx-ingress uses annotations for Prometheus, I installed the server without the Kubernetes operator

Community helm chart without CRDs —

\$ helm install prometheus prometheus-community/prometheus

NAME: prometheus NAMESPACE: default STATUS: deployed

REVISION: 1

TEST SUITE: None

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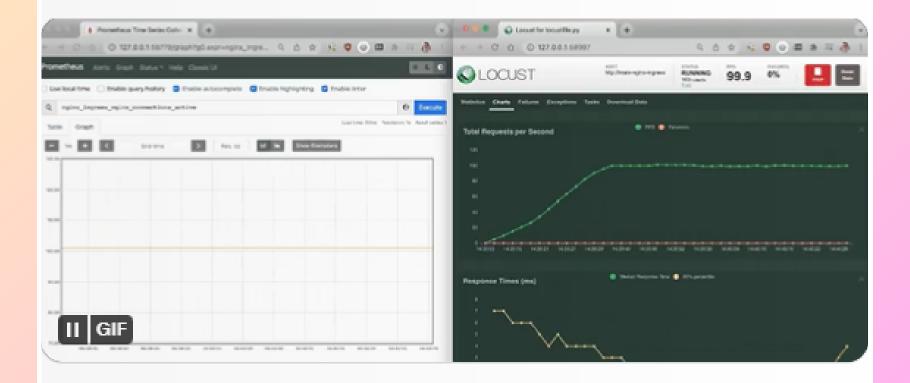




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I used Locust to generate some traffic to the Ingress to check that everything was running smoothly

With the Prometheus dashboard open, I checked that the metrics increased as more traffic hit the controller



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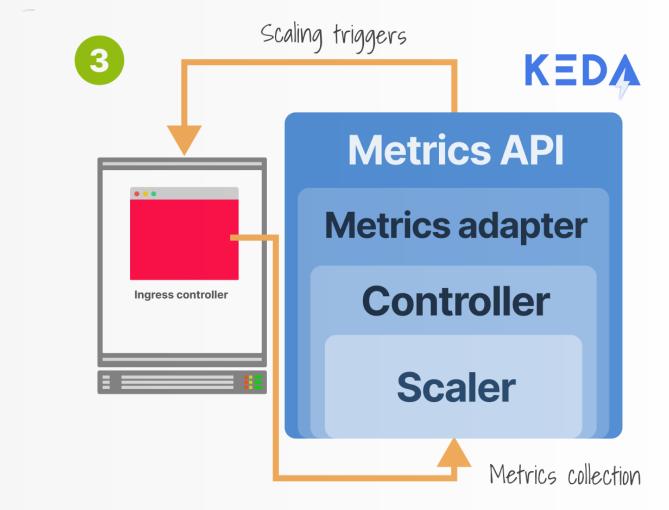


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The last piece of the puzzle is the autoscaler

I decided to go with KEDA because:

- ① It's an autoscaler with a metrics server (so I don't need to install 2 different tools)
- ② It's easier to configure than the Prometheus adapter
- 3 I can use the HPA with PromQL



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Once I installed KEDA, I only had to create a ScaledObject, configure the source of the metrics (Prometheus), and scale the Pods (with a PromQL query)

KEDA connects the dots and automatically creates the HPA for me

The Scaledobject creates the Horizontal Pod Autoscaler resource!

```
apiVersion: keda.sh/v1alpha1
                                                Ingress deployment
kind: ScaledObject
metadata:
name: nginx-scale
spec:
scaleTargetRef:
                                                                Prometheus scaler
  kind: Deployment
  name: main-nginx-ingress
minReplicaCount: 1
maxReplicaCount: 20
cooldownPeriod: 30
pollingInterval: 1
triggers:
 - type: prometheus 

  metadata:
    serverAddress: http://prometheus-server
    metricName: nginx_connections_active_keda
      sum(avg_over_time(nginx_ingress_nginx_connections_active{app="main-nginx-ingress"}[1m]))
     threshold: "100"
                                                 PromaL
```

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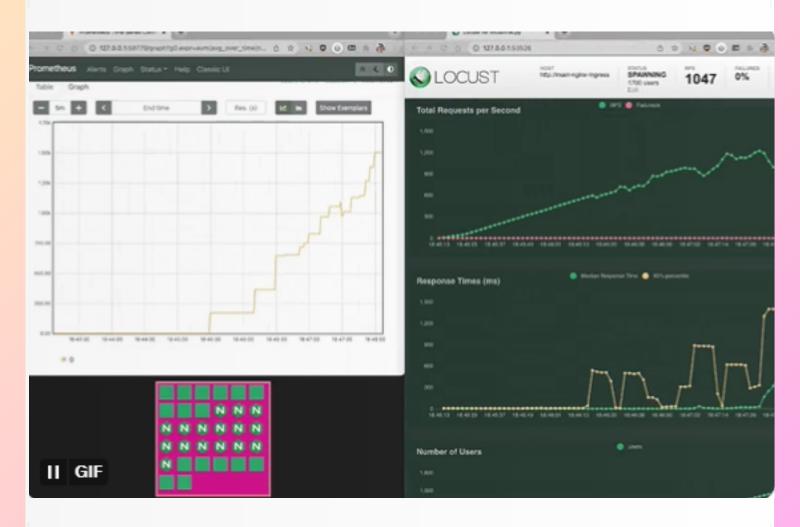


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I repeated the tests with Locust and watched the replicas increase as more traffic hit the Nginx Ingress controller!

Can this pattern be extended to any other app?

Can you autoscale all microservices on the number of requests received?



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Unless they expose the metrics, the answer is no

However, there's a workaround

KEDA ships with an HTTP add-on to enable HTTP scaling github.com/kedacore/http-...

How does it work!?

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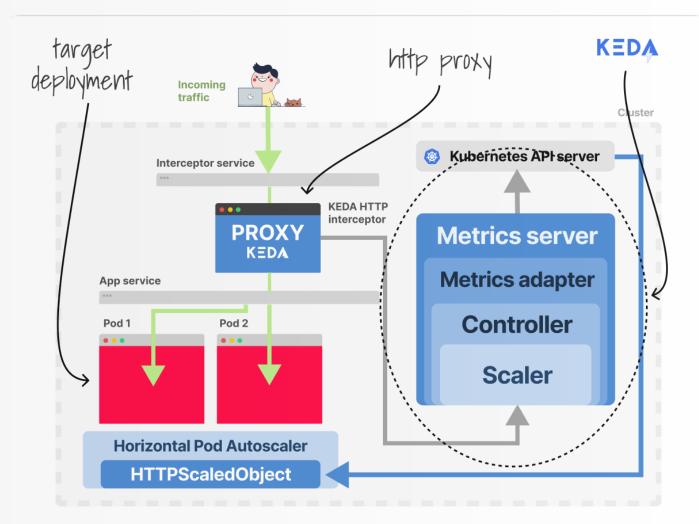


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KEDA injects a sidecar proxy in your pod so that all the HTTP traffic is routed first

Then it measures the number of requests and exposes the metrics

With that data at hand, you can trigger the autoscaler finally



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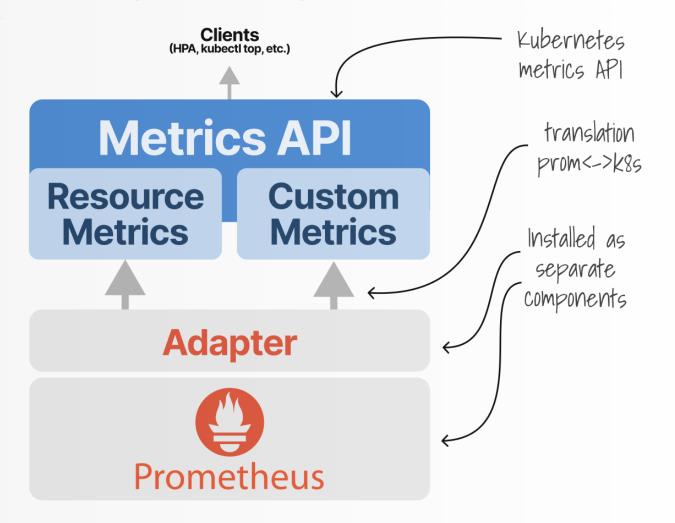
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KEDA is not the only option, though

You could install the Prometheus Adapter

The metrics will flow from Nginx to Prometheus, then the Adapter will make them available to Kubernetes

From there, they are consumed by the HPA



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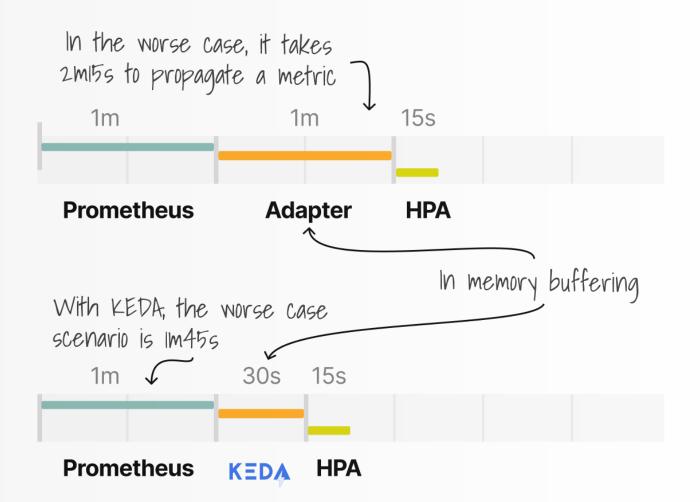


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Is this better than KEDA?

They are similar, as both have to query and buffer metrics from Prometheus

However, KEDA is pluggable and the Adapter works exclusively with Prometheus



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Is there a competitor to KEDA?

A promising project called the Custom Pod Autoscaler aims to make the pod autoscaler pluggable

However, the project focuses more on how those pods should be scaled (i.e. algorithm) than the metrics collection

custom-pod-autoscaler.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

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During my research, I found these links helpful:

- keda.sh/docs/2.10/scal...
- sysdig.com/blog/kubernete...
- github.com/nginxinc/nginx...
- learnk8s.io/scaling-celery...

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And finally, if you've enjoyed this thread, you might also like:

- The Kubernetes workshops that we run at Learnk8s learnk8s.io/training
- This collection of past threads twitter.com/danielepolenci...
- The Kubernetes newsletter I publish every week learnk8s.io/learnkubernet...

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