Tomohisa OKADA

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Ready?

```
1.1 R(Studio)
```

```
    R
```

 \bullet RStudio R R

• OK

1.2 Tips!

• R

1. R by

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{2.} & \text{R by & \&} \\ & \text{Tidyverse} & \text{R} \end{array}$

1.3 R(Studio)

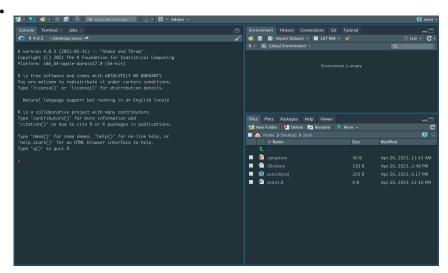
- (https://posit.co/download/rstudio-desktop/)
- 1:Install R R
- 2:Install RStudio RStudio
- · F

Go!!

•

2.1 RStudio

• RStudio



2.2

•

- Console
- •

8

- > 1+1 Enter mac return
- [1] 2
- 2 1+1 [1] 1

2.3 R

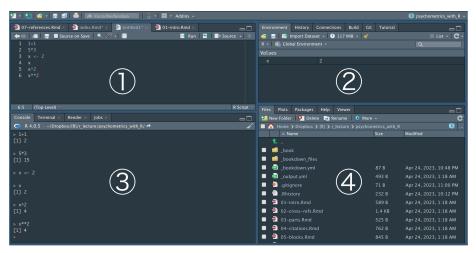
- Rstudio
- R

${f R}$

- RStudio R Script
- $\begin{array}{cc} \bullet & & R \\ & \text{untitled1} & & R \end{array}$

RStudio

•



2.4.

```
\mathbf{R}
            untitled 1
   • 1 1+1 ctrl+Enter\ mac\ command+return
                ([1] 2)
   • R
           ctrl+s mac command+s
                   test.R
           \mathbf{R}
                         test.R
                \mathbf{R}
               {\rm test.R}
   • R
   • 2 5-2
               ctrl+Enter
   • 2
           ([1] 3)
               \mathbf{ctrl} + \mathbf{Enter}
   • 1
            ([1] 2)
                   ctrl+Enter
                ctrl + shift + Enter\ mac\ command + shift + return
                           ctrl+Enter
\mathbf{R}
  1.
  2.
  3.
```

 $\mathbf{2.4}$

• R

• New Directry \rightarrow New Project

• Create Project

.Rproj

• mac Document sugoi_project

.

10

1. .Rproj Rstudio

2.

2.5

• zemi

• zemi

• zemi.Rproj

% zemi

```
1.
         in R
  2.
        in R
3.1
: +
1 + 1
## [1] 2
: -
5 - 2
## [1] 3
4 * 5
## [1] 20
:/
8 / 2
## [1] 4
: ^ ** 4<sup>2</sup>
```

```
4 ^ 2
## [1] 16
4 ** 2
## [1] 16
3.2
                 1
x <- 1 # <-
              1
OK
   • X
      \mathbf{X}
                 OK
## [1] 1
y <- 1
z <- 2
y * z # 1*2
## [1] 2
x <- 1 #x 1
## [1] 1
 ^{1}tidyverse
```

3.3.

```
x <- 2 #x 2
## [1] 2
x <- 2+5
x # 7
## [1] 7
z <- 2 #z 2
z < -z + 1 #z = 21 z
z # z
## [1] 3
•
• moji
# " "
moji <- " "
moji
## [1] " "
\{-\} - x 3 y 6 - x y 2 45
3.3
• R
 • sqrt()
 • ()
sqrt(2)
## [1] 1.414214
 • xxx()
• ( )
```

```
• sqrt(2) 2 1.414214
     log()
        10
log(10)
## [1] 2.302585
  \bullet 2 base=10 10
log(10, base = 10)
## [1] 1
                help()
      () help()
               help(log)
      log()
      Rstudio
3.4
  • R
3.4.1
    1
     c()
  • 5 2,4,2,3,5 v
v <- c(2, 4, 2, 3, 5) #
## [1] 2 4 2 3 5
 • 2,3,4,5,6
v <- c(2:6) # n:m n m
## [1] 2 3 4 5 6
```

3.4.

```
=
v+2 #
## [1] 4 5 6 7 8
2*v #
## [1] 4 6 8 10 12
  • v v-2 v/2 v^2
 • R
  • 2
v1 \leftarrow c(1, 2)
v2 \leftarrow c(2, 4)
• +
• 1 2 (2 4)
v1 + v2
## [1] 3 6
 • * 1 2
v1 * v2
## [1] 2 8
• R %*%
v1 %*% v2
## [,1]
## [1,] 10
# v1 3 v2 2
# v2 1 v1
v1 <- c(1, 2, 3) #3
```

```
v2 <- c(2, 4) #2
v1 + v2 #
## Warning in v1 + v2: longer object length is not a multiple of shorter object
## length
## [1] 3 6 5
  • v1 v2 -/^
     1 \qquad 2
          n
          n 	 x[n]
          v=c(2,4,2,3,5)
   • 2
         4
               v[2]
v[2]
## [1] 3
  • 2
         (4,2,3) v[2:4]
v[2:4]
## [1] 3 4 5
3.4.2
            \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}
                        Μ
                            matrix()
# 1:6 c(1:6) 1,2,3,4,5,6
# 6 2 (row) 3 (col)
\#byrow = T 6
\#byrow = T
M <- matrix(1:6, nrow = 2, ncol = 3, byrow = T)
##
        [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]
          1 2 3
## [2,] 4 5 6
```

3.4.

```
v1 \leftarrow c(1,2,3)
v2 <- c(1,1,1) #2 v1 v2
rbind(v1, v2) #v1 v2 (row)
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## v1 1 2 3
## v2 1 1 1
cbind(v1, v2) #v1 v2 (column)
## v1 v2
## [1,] 1 1
## [2,] 2 1
## [3,] 3 1
rbind(M, v1) #
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## 1 2 3
##
     4 5 6
## v1 1 2 3
• x x[
# 21 M21
M21 \leftarrow M[2,1]
# 2
M[2,]
## [1] 4 5 6
# 1
M[,1]
## [1] 1 4
# 1,2 1,3
M[c(1,2),c(1,3)]
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1 3
## [2,] 4 6
```

```
• n n + - **
M # 23
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 1 2 3
## [2,] 4 5 6
M2 \leftarrow matrix(c(1,2,0,1,0,2), nrow = 3, ncol = 2, byrow = T) # 32
M2 # 23
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1 2
## [2,] 0 1
## [3,] 0 2
# MN
M %*% M2
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1 10
## [2,] 4 25
# MN
M2 %*% M
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 9 12 15
## [2,] 4 5 6
## [3,] 8 10 12
v <- c(1,2,3) #
# %*%
v %*% M2 # M2%*%v
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1 10
```

3.5

rbind() cbind()

•

3.5.

•

```
( x
summary(x)
max(x)
                                           \mathbf{X}
min(x)
                                           \mathbf{X}
mean(x)
                                           \mathbf{X}
median(x)
                                           \mathbf{x}
var(x)
                                           Х
sd(x)
                                           \mathbf{X}
sum(x)
                                           \mathbf{x}
range(x)
                                           \mathbf{X}
length(x)
                                           \mathbf{x}
sort(x)
sort(x, decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
• 5
age <- c(36, 16, 43, 18, 22) #5
```

```
• age summary(age) #
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 16 18 22 27 36 43
```

[1] 5

- age min(), median(),sd(),sum(),range(),sort()
- •
- M

•

(x)		
matrix(0, nrow=2, ncol=3)	2 3	
diag(5)	5×5	
$\operatorname{diag}(X) < 1$	X	1
t(X)	X	
solve(X)	X	
$\det(X)$	X	
rowSums(X)	X	
colSums(X)	X	
RowMeans(X)	X	
$\operatorname{colMeand}(X)$	X	

• M

3.6

• a 149cm, b 153cm, c 169cm, d 174cm

• a 36kg, b 48kg, c 61kg, d 65kg

1. 4 h

2. h

3. 1cm 0.39

6. M b

7. w h2

```
4.1
4.2 OK

• R
•
•
•
•
- function ( ) {
}

• a/(1-x) ax
• inf_geo()

inf_geo <- function (a, x) {
a/(1-x)
}

#a=1 x=0.8
inf_geo(1, 0.8)

## [1] 5</pre>
```

22 CHAPTER 4.

```
4.2

. R

4.3

. install.packages()

. tidyverse 1

. tidyverse R

# install.packages("tidyverse") # " "

. tidyverse

# RStudio
library(tidyverse) # " "

. install.packages()

. library() Rstudio

. R library()
```

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{tidyverse}$

```
1.
          in R
  2.
           in R
                                 \mathbf{R}
                                                        data.frame()
      age\_vector
                     gender_vector
age <- c(18, 21, 22, 23, 34) #
gender <- c("female", "male", "female", "female") #</pre>
first_dataframe <- data.frame(age, gender)</pre>
first_dataframe
##
     age gender
## 1 18 female
## 2 21
           male
## 3 22
           male
## 4 23 female
## 5 34 female
1 18
      2 21 ...
                             Excel
                                        R
                               $
                                                       first\_dataframe
{\tt first\_dataframe\$gender}
## [1] "female" "male"
                                    "female" "female"
                           "male"
mean(first_dataframe$age)
```

24 CHAPTER 5.

[1] 23.6

- income 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000
- city "ibaraki", "takatsuki", "takatsuki",
- income city income_data
- income_data income
- RStudio

5.1

Chapter 2

CSV .csv Excel .xlsx, .xls

1

5.2

5.2.1 CSV .csv

CSV read.csv sotsuron.csv

data_original <- read.csv("sotsuron.csv")</pre>

csv data_original

data_original

- read.csv data

5.3

"Environment" data head(data) str(data)