

```

public void add(E item)
{
    MaxHeapData<E> found = search(item);
    if(found != null)
        theData.get(getByIndex(item)).increment();
    else {
        theData.add(new MaxHeapData<E>(item));

        int child = theData.size()-1;
        int parent = (child-1) / 2;

        while (parent>=0 && ((Comparable) theData.get(parent).getData()).compareTo(theData.get(child).getData()) < 0) {

            swap(parent,child);
            child = parent;
            parent = (child - 1) / 2;
        }
    }
}

```

Search() = $T_b(n) = \theta(1)$, $T_w = O(n)$

$T_b(n) = \theta(1)$

While loop = $T_B = \theta(1)$, $T_w = \theta(\log n)$, $T(n) = O(\log n)$

$T(n) = O(\log n + n)$

```

public void remove(E item) throws Exception
{
    @SuppressWarnings("unused")
    E found = null;
    int findIndex = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < theData.size(); i++) {
        E curr = (E) theData.get(i).getData();
        if (((Comparable) curr).compareTo(item) == 0) {
            found = curr;
            findIndex = i;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (findIndex == -1) {
        throw new Exception("Error : There is no " + item + " so it cannot be deleted");
    }

    if (theData.get(findIndex).getdataFrequency() > 1) {
        theData.get(findIndex).decrement();
    } else {
        while (findIndex < theData.size()-1){
            swap(findIndex, findIndex+1);
            findIndex++;
        }
        theData.remove(theData.size()-1);
    }
}

```

For= $T(n) = T_b(n) = \theta(1)$, $T_w = O(n)$

if = $\theta(1)$

Else = $T(n) = O(\log n)$

$T_b(n) = \theta(1)$, $T_w = \theta(n \cdot \log n)$

$T(n) = O(n \cdot \log n)$

```

private int find(Node<E> localRoot, E target){
    if(localRoot == null)
        return -1;

    int compResult = target.compareTo(localRoot.dataHeap.getFirst());
    if(localRoot.dataHeap.search(target) != null)
        return localRoot.dataHeap.search(target).getdataFrequency();

    else if(compResult < 0) return find(localRoot.left, target);
    else return find(localRoot.right, target);
}

```

Find traversal = $T(n)=O(\log n)$

Search() = $T_b(n)=\theta(1)$, $T_w=O(n)$

$T_b(n)=\theta(1)$

$T_w(n)=O(n)$

$T_{avr}(n)=O(\log n)$

```

private void preOrderTraverseAdd(Node<E> node,E item) {

    if (node == null) {
        return;
    } else {
        if(node.dataHeap.search(item) != null) {
            node.dataHeap.add(item);
        }

        preOrderTraverseAdd(node.left,item);
        preOrderTraverseAdd(node.right,item);
    }
}

```

PreOrder = $T(n)=O(\log n)$

Search() = $T_b(n)=\theta(1)$, $T_w=O(n)$

$T_b(n)=\theta(1)$

$T_w(n)=O(n.\log n)$

$T(n)=O(n.\log n)$

```

private void preOrderTraverseMode(Node<E> node) {

    if (node == null) {
        return;
    } else {
        if(node.dataHeap.findMode()>addReturnFrequency) {
            mode=node.dataHeap.getMode();
            addReturnFrequency=node.dataHeap.getModeFrequency();
        }
        preOrderTraverseMode(node.left);
        preOrderTraverseMode(node.right);
    }
}

```

$Tw(n)=Tb(n) = O(n)$

```

private Node<E> add(Node<E> localRoot, E item){

    if(localRoot == null)
    {
        addReturn = true;
        checkTraversal=false;
        addReturnFrequency =1;
        return new Node<>(item);
    }
    else if(find(item) != -1) {
        preOrderTraverseAdd(localRoot, item);
        return localRoot;
    }
    if(localRoot.dataHeap.getSize() < maxHeapSize){
        addReturn = true;
        localRoot.dataHeap.add(item);
        addReturnFrequency=localRoot.dataHeap.search(item).getdataFrequency();
        return localRoot;
    }

    int compResult = item.compareTo(localRoot.dataHeap.getFirst());

    if(compResult < 0){
        localRoot.left = add(localRoot.left, item);
        return localRoot;
    } else{
        localRoot.right = add(localRoot.right,item);
        return localRoot;
    }

}

```

Find() $=O(n)$

Traversal = $T_w(n) = O(n)$, $T(n)$ (amortized) $=O(\text{amortized})(\log n)$

$T_b(n) = \theta(1)$

$T_w(n) = O(n \cdot n)$

$T(n) = O(n \cdot \log n)$

```

private Node<E> remove(Node<E> localRoot, E item) throws Exception{
    if(localRoot == null){
        removeReturn = null;           //item is not in the tree.
        return localRoot;
    }

    if(localRoot.dataHeap.search(item) != null)
    {
        removeReturn = (E) localRoot.dataHeap.search(item).getData();
        removeReturnFrequency =localRoot.dataHeap.search(item).getdataFrequency()-1;
        localRoot.dataHeap.remove(item);
        if(localRoot.dataHeap.getSize() == 0) {
            if(localRoot.left == null){
                return localRoot.right;
            }else if(localRoot.right == null){
                return localRoot.left;
            }else{
                if(localRoot.left.right == null){
                    localRoot.dataHeap = localRoot.left.dataHeap;
                    localRoot.left = localRoot.left.left;
                    return localRoot;
                } else{
                    localRoot.dataHeap = findLargestChild(localRoot.left);
                    return localRoot;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    else {
        return localRoot;
    }
}
else {
    int compResult = item.compareTo(localRoot.dataHeap.getFirst());

    if(compResult < 0){
        localRoot.left = remove(localRoot.left, item);
        return localRoot;
    }else{
        localRoot.right = remove(localRoot.right, item);
        return localRoot;
    }
}
}

```

Treversal = $O(\text{amortized})(\log n)$

Tb(n) = $\theta(2)$, because heapDepth=2

Tw(n) = $O(n \cdot 2^n)$ 2^n for total search heap

T(n) = $O(\log n \cdot 2^{\log n})$

