

21 When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?

- a) $\beta_0, \beta_1, \dots, \beta_r$ are the *regression coefficients*.
- b) Linear regression is about determining the *best predicted weights* by using the *method of ordinary least squares*.
- c) E is the random interval
- d) Both a and b

Answer d

22)

What indicates that you have a *perfect fit* in linear regression?

- a) The value $R^2 < 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$
- b) The value $R^2 = 0$, which corresponds to $SSR = 1$
- c) The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to $SSR = 1$
- d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to $SSR = 0$

Answer d

23)

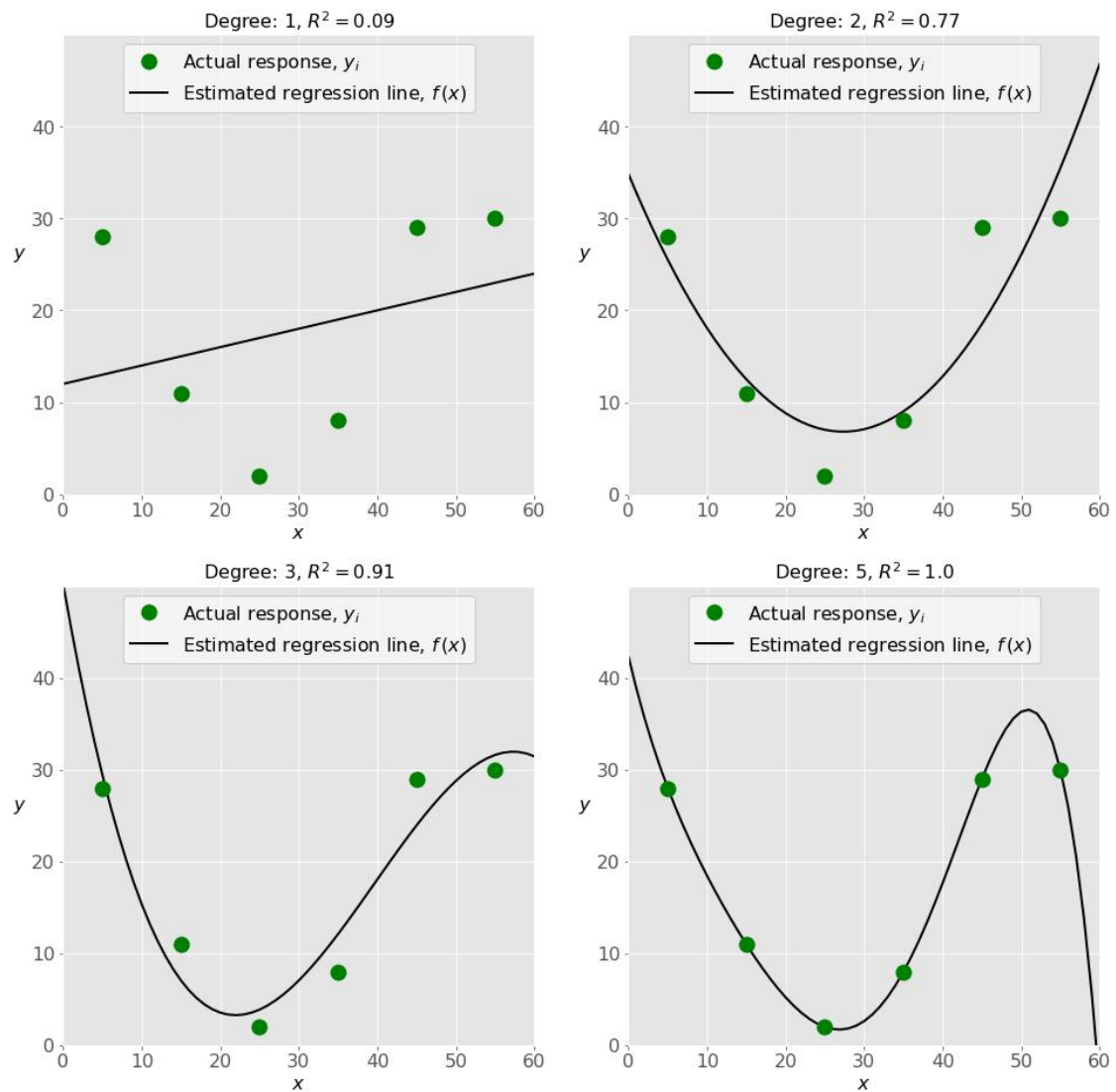
In simple linear regression, the value of *what* shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the y axis?

- a) Y
- b) B_0
- c) B_1
- d) F

Answer b

24)

Check out these four linear regression plots: Which one represents an *underfitted* model?



- a) The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

Answer a

25)

There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:

- **a.** Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
- **b.** Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
- **c.** Apply the model for predictions.
- **d.** Import the packages and classes that you need.
- **e.** Create a regression model and fit it with existing data.

However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order? a) e, c,

a, b, d

b) e, d, b, a, c

c) d, e, c, b, a

d) d, b, e, a, c

Answer d

26) Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn?

a) Fit

b) fit_intercept

c) normalize

d) copy_X

e) n_jobs

f) reshape

Answer f

27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of

inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?

a) Multiple linear regression

b) Simple linear regression

c) Polynomial regression

Answer c

28) You should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:

A) You want graphical representations of your data.

b) You're working with nonlinear terms.

c) You need more detailed results.

d) You need to include optional parameters.

Answer C

29) _____ is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers comprehensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier

transforms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive.

a) Pandas

b) Numpy

c) Statsmodel

d) scipy

Answer b

30) _____ is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures.

- a) Bokeh
- b) Seaborn
- c) Matplotlib
- d) Dash

Answer b

41)

Among the following identify the one in which dimensionality reduction reduces.

- a) Performance
- b) statistics
- c) Entropy
- d) Collinearity

Answer d

42) Which of the following machine learning algorithm is based upon the idea of bagging?

- a) Decision Tree
- b) Random Forest
- c) Classification
- d) SVM

Answer b

43) Choose a disadvantage of decision trees among the following.

- a) Decision tree robust to outliers
- b) Factor analysis
- c) Decision Tree are prone to overfit
- d) all of the above

Answer c

44)

What is the term known as on which the machine learning algorithms build a model based on sample data?

- a) Data Training
- b) Sample Data
- c) Training data
- d) None of the above

Answer c

45)

Which of the following machine learning techniques helps in detecting the outliers in data?

- a) Clustering
- b) Classification
- c) Anamoly detection
- d) All of the above

Answer c

46)Identify the incorrect numerical functions in the various function representation of machine learning.

- a) Support Vector
- b) Regression
- c) Case based
- d) Classification

Answer c

47)

Analysis of ML algorithm needs

- a) Statistical learning theory
- b) Computational learning theory
- c) None of the above
- d) Both a and b

48)

Identify the difficulties with the k-nearest neighbor algorithm.

- a) Curse of dimensionality
- b) Calculate the distance of test case for all training cases
- c) Both a and b
- d) None

Anwer c

49)

The total types of the layer in radial basis function neural networks is _____

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

Answer c

50

Which of the following is not a supervised learning

- a) PCA
- b) Naïve bayes
- c) Linear regression
- d) K means

Answer a