

AXP2101 Single Cell NVDC PMU with E-gauge

1. Features

- 3.9V–5.5V Input Operating Range and Support single Cell Battery
- Battery fuel gauge: Egauge 3.0
- Support TWIS(Two Wire Serial Interface) and RSB(Reduced Serial Bus)
- 100mA-1A Linear charger, CV accuracy +/-0.5%
- Single input to support USB input
- High battery discharge efficiency with 50 mohm battery discharge MOSFET up to 4A
- High integration includes all MOSFETS, current sensing and loop compensation
- Power off current <20uA (BATFET off, RTCLDO output on)
- 4 DCDC
 - DCDC1:1.5~3.4V, IMAX=2A;
 - DCDC2: 0.5~1.2V, 1.22~1.54V, IMAX=2A
 - DCDC3: 0.5~1.2V, 1.22~1.54V, 1.6~3.4V, IMAX=2A
 - DCDC4:0.5~1.2V, 1.22~1.84V,IMAX=1.5A,for DDR;
- 11 LDOS
 - RTCLDO1~2: 1.8V/2.5V/3V/3.3V, 30mA; Support RTCLDO1 supplied by backup battery(button battery)
 - ALDO1~4: analog LDO,0.5~3.5V, 0.1V/step, IMAX=300mA,
 - ALDO3 AND ALDO4 are low noise LDO
 - BLDO1~2: analog LDO,0.5~3.5V, 0.1V/step, IMAX=300mA, high PSRR LDO
 - CPUSLDO: for CPUs, 0.5~1.4V, IMAX=30mA
 - DLDO1~2: analog LDO or power switch, 0.5~3.5V/0.5~1.4V, IMAX=300mA
- startup sequence and default voltage of DCDC/LDO setting
- Protection
 - Input Over-Voltage Protection
 - Battery Thermistor Sense Hot/Cold Charge Suspend
 - Programmable Safety Timer for Charger
 - Die Thermal Balance for Charger
 - Thermal Shutdown
 - DCDC Over-Voltage/Under-Voltage

protection

2. Applications

- SDV, Car DVR, IPC, smart doorbell, smart speaker

3. Description

AXP2101 is a highly integrated power management IC(PMIC) targeting at single cell Li-battery(Li-ion or Li-polymer) applications that require multi-channel power conversion outputs. It provides an easy and flexible power management solution for multi-core processors to meet the complex and accurate requirements of power control.

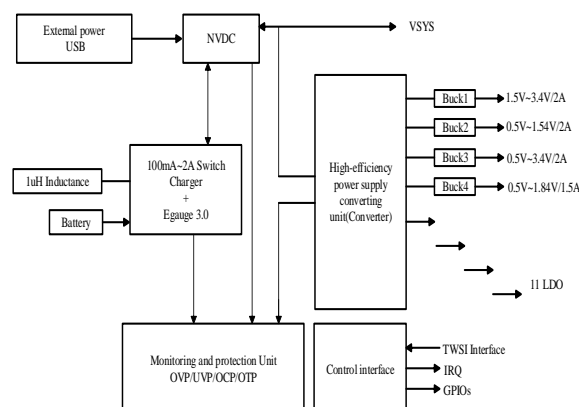
AXP2101 supports Linear charge. Besides, it supports 15 channel power outputs which include 4 channel DC-DC and 11 channel LDO . To ensure the security and stability of the system, AXP2101 provides multiple channels 14-bit ADC for voltage/temperature monitor and integrates protection circuits such as over-voltage protection(OVP), over-current protection(OCP) and over-temperature protection(OTP). Moreover, AXP2101 features a unique E-Gauge™(Fuel Gauge) system, making power gauge easy and exact.

AXP2101 supports TWIS and RSB for system to dynamically adjust output voltages, charge current and configure interrupt condition.

Device Information

Part Number	Package	Body Size
AXP2101	QFN-40	5mm * 5mm

Simplified Application Diagram



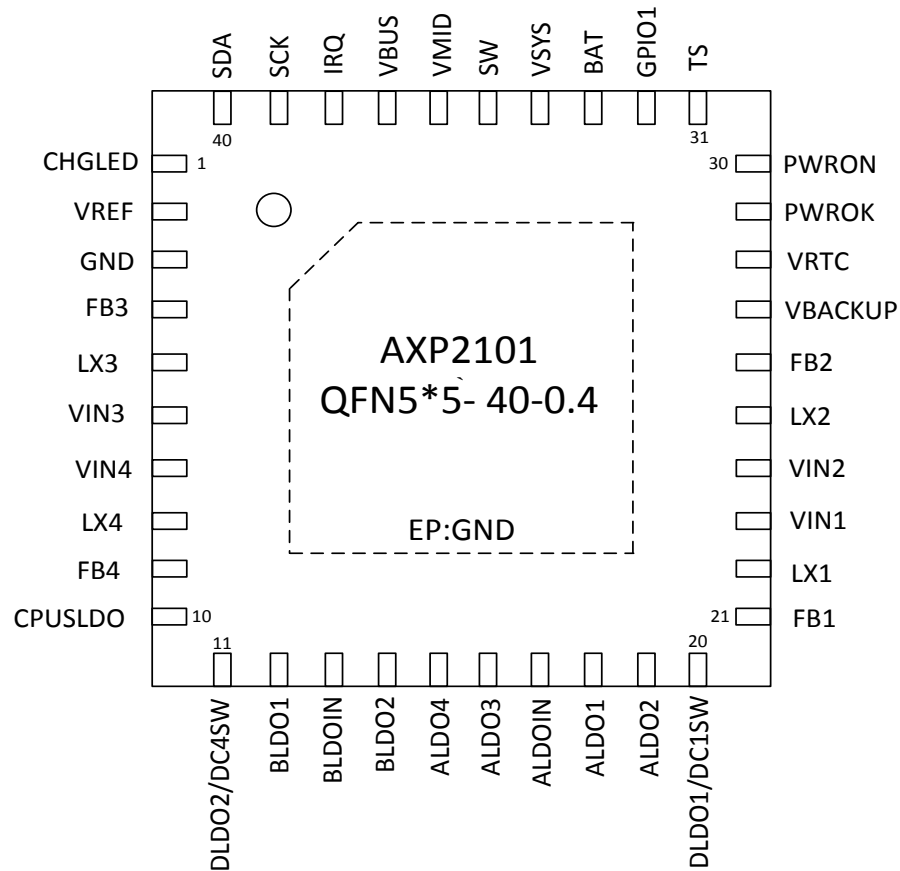
4. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
V 0.1	April 28,2019	Initial version

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5. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Description

NO.	Pin Name	Type	Description
1	CHGLED	AO	Charge status output to indicate various charger operation.
2	VREF	P	Internal reference voltage
3	GND	AI	Analog ground for interrupt analog and digital circuits.
4	FB3	P	DCDC3 feedback pin
5	LX3	P	Inductor pin for DCDC3
6	VIN3	P	DCDC3 input source
7	VIN4	P	DCDC4 input souce
8	LX4	P	Inductor pin for DCDC4
9	FB4	P	DCDC4 feedback pin and Switch input source
10	CPULDOS	P	Output pin of CPULDOS
11	DLDO2/DC4SW	DO	Output pin of DLDO2,and can be configured as the Output pin of DC4SW
12	BLDO1	P	Output pin of BLDO1
13	BLDOIN	P	BLDO input source
14	BLDO2	P	Output pin of BLDO2

15	ALDO4	P	Output pin of ALDO4
16	ALDO3	P	Output pin of ALDO3
17	ALDOIN	P	ALDO input source
18	ALDO1	P	Output pin of ALDO1
19	ALDO2	P	Output pin of ALDO2
20	DLDO1/DC1SW	P	Output pin of DLDO1, and can be configured as the Output pin of DC1SW
21	FB1	P	DCDC1 feedback pin
22	LX1	P	Inductor pin for DCDC1
23	VIN1	P	DCDC1 input source
24	VIN2	P	DCDC2 input source
25	LX2	P	Inductor pin for DCDC2
26	FB2	AI	DCDC2 feedback pin
27	VBackup	P	input pin of backup battery
28	VRTC	P	RTC power output
29	PWROK	DIO	Power good indication output
30	PWRON	DIO	Power On-Off key input, Internal 100k pull up to VINT
31	TS	AI	Temperature qualification voltage input. Connect a negative temperature coefficient thermistor from TS to GND. A current source is injected to TS pin and convert TS voltage to a digital code. Charging suspends when TS pin is out of range. Besides, TS can be connected to external input signal.
32	GPIO1	DIO	Output pin of GPIO1 and can be configed to RTCLDO or FB5 of DCDC5
33	BAT	P	Battery connection point. The internal BATFET is connected between BAT and SYS. Connect a 1uF capacitor closely to the BAT pin.
34	VSYS	P	System connection point. The internal BATFET is connected between BAT and SYS. When the battery falls below the minimum system voltage, switch-mode converter keeps SYS above the minimum system voltage. Connect two 22uF capacitors closely to the SYS pin.
35	SW	P	Inductor pin for buck
36	VMID	P	VMID Power output
37	VBUS	P	Vbus input
38	IRQ	DIO	Open-drain interrupt Output. Connect the IRQ to a logic rail via a 4.7kΩ resistor. The IRQ pin sends a low level signal to host to report charger device status and fault.
39	SCK	DI	Data pin for serial interface, need a 2.2KΩ Pull High.
40	SDA	DIO	Clock pin for serial interface, need a 2.2KΩ Pull High.
EP	EP	GND	Exposed Pad, need to be connected to system ground

6. Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Over operating free-air temperature range(unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
VBUS	Voltage range(with respect to GND)	-0.3	12	V
Others pin (exp vbus,pgnd, gnd)		-0.3	7	V
		-0.3	7	V
PGND to GND		-0.3	0.3	V
T _a	Operating Temperature Range	-40	85	°C
T _j	Junction Temperature Range	-40	125	°C
T _s	Storage Temperature Range	-65	150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10sec)		30	°C

(1)Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _{ESD}	Human body model(HBM) ⁽¹⁾	± 4000	V
	Charged device model(CDM) ⁽²⁾	± 750	V

(1) Reference:ESDA/JEDEC JS-001-2014. JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) Reference:ESDA/JEDEC JS-002-2014. JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage(VBUS)	3.9	5.5	V
I _{IN}	Input current(VBUS)		2	A
I _{SYS}	Output current		2	A
V _{BAT}	Battery voltage		4.4	V
I _{BAT}	charging current		1	A

6.4 Thermal Information

Thermal Metric ⁽¹⁾		VALUE	UNIT
θ _{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	30	°C/W
θ _{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	10.8	
θ _{JC}	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	22.8	

(1)Thermal metrics are calculated refer to JEDEC document JESD51.

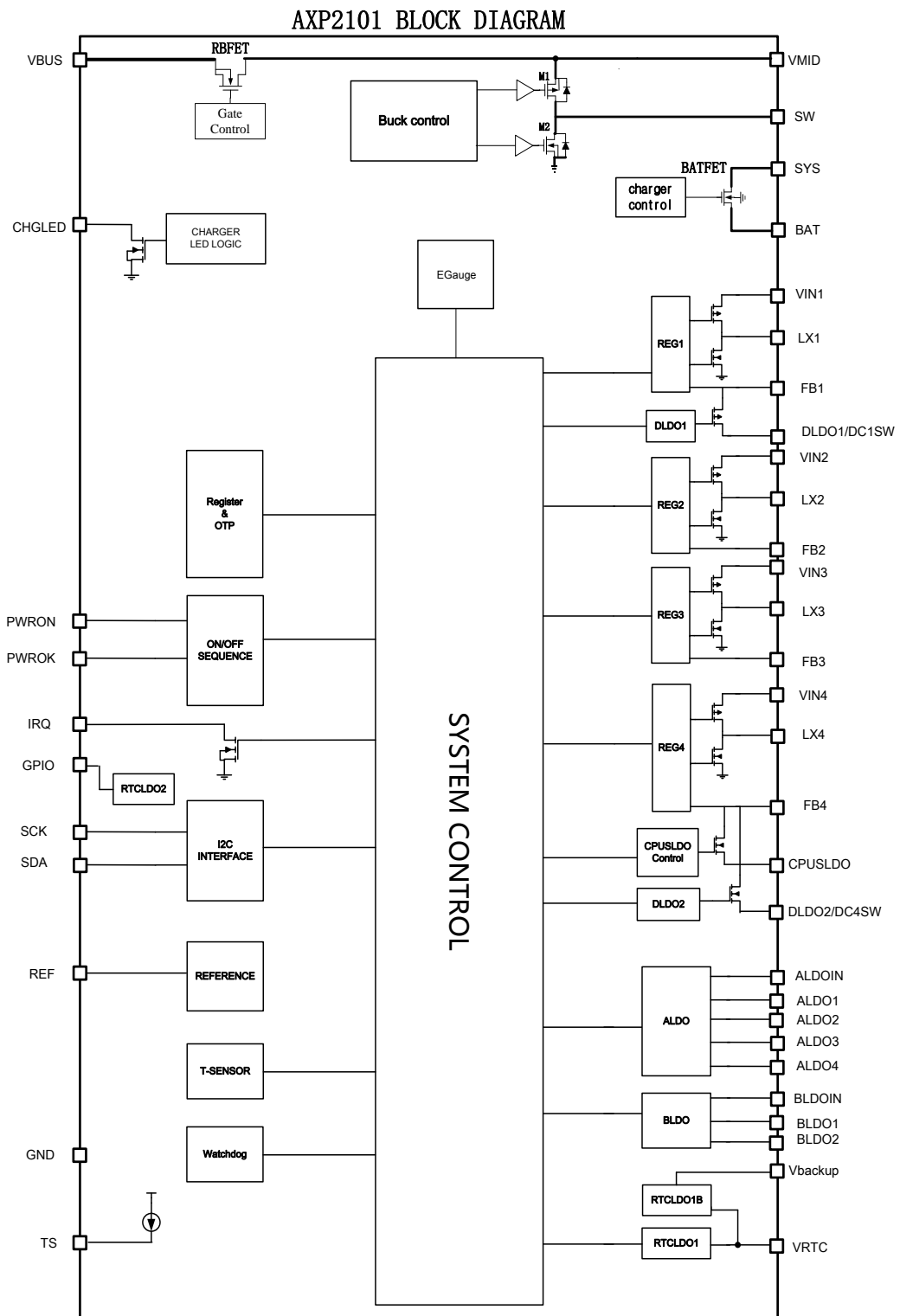
7. Detail Description

7.1 Overview

AXP2101 is a highly integrated power management IC(PMIC) targeting at single cell Li-battery(Li-ion or Li-polymer) applications that require multi-channel power conversion outputs. It provides an easy and flexible power management solution for multi-core processors to meet the complex and accurate requirements of power control. AXP2101 supports 100mA-1A Linear charge. Besides, it supports 15 channel power outputs which include 4 channel DC-DC and 11 channel LDO . To ensure the security and stability of the system, AXP2101 provides multiple channels 16-bit ADC for voltage/temperature monitor and integrates protection circuits such as over-voltage protection(OVP), over-current protection(OCP) and over-temperature protection(OTP). Moreover, AXP2101 features a unique E-Gauge™(Fuel Gauge) system, making power gauge easy and exact. AXP2101 supports TWSI and RSB for system to dynamically adjust output voltages, charge current and configurate interrupt condition.

AXP2101 is available in 5mm x 5mm 40-pin QFN package.

7.2 Function Block Diagram



7.3 Serial Interface Communication

AXP2101 supports TWSI protocol and performs as a TWSI slave device with default address 0x68/0x69. When AXP2101 powers on, SCK/SDA pin of TWSI will be pulled up to IO Power and then Host can adjust and monitor AXP2101 with rich feedback information.

Besides, AXP2101 supports RSB for Allwinner platform with address 0x01D1 or 0x0273 by customer.

Note: "Host" here refers to system processor.

7.4 Power Path

VBUS as the charger input, connecting to VSYS pin through a Linear charger, provides power to system and charges battery through BATFET. Charge current can be adjusted automatically according to the feedback current which is detected with an internal resistor. When system current(I_{SYS}) changes, the detected current will change, and then the current change signal will feed back to charge loop to adjust the charge current to the setting value.

When battery voltage is above V_{SYS} , BATFET is turned on and PMU enters supplement mode. When in supplement mode, if the discharge current is lower than 1A, PMU controls the voltage(V_{DS}) between system and battery and keeps V_{DS} at 30mV to avoid entering and exiting supplement mode repeatedly. As discharge current increases, PMU adjusts BATFET to be fully on and V_{DS} increases linearly. If an adapter is not inserted, system current is provided only by battery. At this time, BATFET is at fully on state.

7.5 Power On/Off and reset

7.5.1 Power on reset(POR)

AXP2101 is powered from the higher voltage between VBUS and BAT. When VBUS voltage(V_{VBUS}) is higher than V_{VBUS_UVLOZ} or BAT voltage(V_{BAT}) is higher than V_{BAT_UVLOZ} , the sleep comparator, battery depletion comparator and BATFET driver are active. All registers are reset to the default value. TWSI communication is active and Host can communicate with PMU.

7.5.2 Power up from BAT

If only battery is present and V_{BAT} is higher than depletion threshold(V_{BAT_DPLZ}), BATFET, connecting battery to system, is off by default and need to be turned on by pressing the PWRON key or inserting an adapter.

7.5.3 Power up from VBUS

When VBUS is inserted, PMU detects the input voltage to start up the reference voltage and the bias circuit. When V_{VBUS} is higher than V_{VBUS_UVLOZ} , the VBUS insertion IRQ is sent and the register bit reg49H[7] is set to 1 to indicate VBUS is inserted. Then PMU detects the input source whether it is good or not. If Vbus is good, the RBFET is open and Vsyst is working.

7.5.3.1 Good source condition

PMU needs to check the current capability of the input source. Only when the input source meets the following requirements can it start the buck converter.

- a. VBUS voltage lower than V_{ACOV}
- b. VBUS voltage higher than $V_{VBUSMIN}$ when pulling I_{BADBUS} (typical 30mA)

Once the input source meets the requirements above, the register bit reg00H[5](VBUS_GD) is set to 1 to indicate the input source is good.

7.5.3.3 Set input voltage limit(V_{INDPM})

AXP2101 supports wide range of input voltage(3.9V~5.5V). V_{INDPM} can be set through reg15H[3:0]. The range of V_{INDPM} is from 3.88V to 5.08V and the step is 80mV.

When VBUS voltage reaches V_{INDPM} , the charge current will decrease automatically until the current is zero. If I_{SYS} is over the input power supply capability, V_{SYS} will drop. If V_{BAT} is above V_{SYS} , PMU will enter the supplement mode.

7.5.4 System power on/off management

PMU has power off and power on status. When at off state, all voltage outputs are turned off except RTCLDO . At this time, the total power consumption is typically 25uA.

7.5.4.1.Power on-off Key (POK)

EN/PWRON pin can be configured as PWRON pin or EN pin by customization. The default is PWRON pin. The Power on-off Key (POK) can be connected between PWRON pin and GND of AXP2101. AXP2101 can automatically identify the four status(Long-press ,Short-press ,Negative edge, Positive edge) and then correspond respectively.

7.5.4.2.Power on

1.When EN/PWRON pin is configured as PWRON pin, power on sources include:

- (1).POK. AXP2101 can be powered on by pressing and holding POK for a period of time that longer than "ONLEVEL".
- (2).VBUS low go high. The function can be configured by customization.
- (3).VBAT low go high. The function can be configured by customization.
- (4).IRQ Low level. IRQ pin is low level for more than 16ms, AXP2101 will be powered on.The function can be configured by customization
- (4).Battery is charged to normal ($V_{bat}>3.3V$ and is charging).The function can be configured by customization

2.When EN/PWRON pin is used as EN pin , AXP2101 can be powered on by EN pin from low go high(0.6V).

After power on, DC-DC and LDO will be soft booted in preset timing sequence. When IRQ low level power on, AXP2101 can be configured for fast power on by REG2B, and the DCDC/LDOS start sequence can be configured by REG28~REG2B.

7.5.4.3.Power Off

1.When EN/PWRON pin is configured as PWRON pin, power off sources include:

- (1).POK. AXP2101 can be powered off by pressing and holding POK for a period of time that longer than "OFFLEVEL". The function can be configured by REG22H[1] and REG22H[3:2] decides whether the PMU auto turns on or not when it shuts down after OFFLEVEL POK.
- (2).Write "1" to REG10H[0] .
- (3).VSYSGOOD high go low. When VSYS<VOFF or VBUS>7V, AXP2101 will be powered off. The default of VOFF is 2.6V which can be configured by REG24H[2:0].
- (4).The output voltage of DCDC is 15% lower than the setting value. The function can be configured by REG23H[4:0].
- (5).The output voltage of DCDC is much larger than their setting. The function can be configured by REG23H[5].
- (6).Die temperature is over the warning level2(145℃). The function can be configured by REG22H[2].

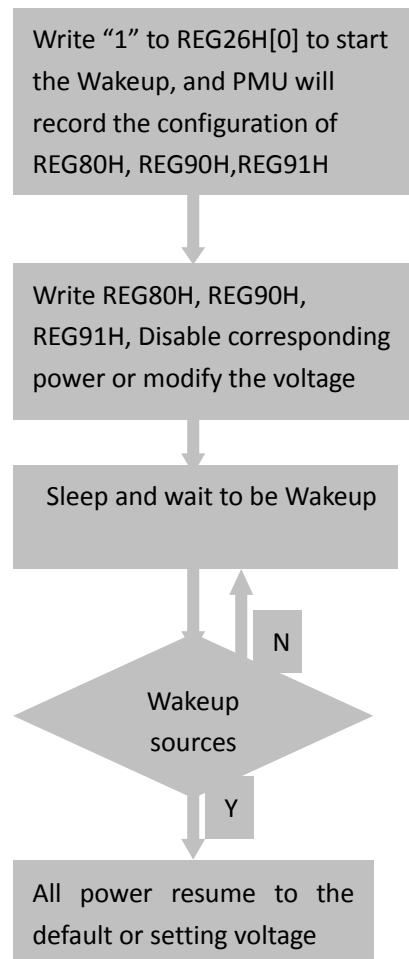
7.5.4.4.Sleep and wakeup

When the running system needs to enter Sleep mode, Maybe one or several power outputs should be disabled or changed to other voltage. Wakeup can be initiated by the following sources:

- 1.Software wakeup (REG26H[1] is set to 1)
- 2.IRQ pin wakeup(REG 26H[4]=1 and IRQ pin is low level for more than 16ms)

These sources will make the all PMU power outputs resume to the default voltage or the setting voltage, which is configured by REG26H[2], and all shutdown powers will resume by the startup sequence.

See the control process under sleep and wakeup modes as below:



7.5.4.5.Reset

The PMU has system reset and power on reset.

- System reset

System reset means the registers will be reset when PMU is powered on. When at system reset state, all voltage outputs are turned off except RTCLDO and VREF. There are three ways of system reset.

(1).PWROK drive low.

The PWROK pin can be used as the reset signal of application system. During AXP2101 startup, PWROK outputs low level, which will be pulled up to startup the system after output voltage reaches the regulated value.

When application system works normally, If the PWROK pin is driven low by external key or other reasons, the PMU will be restarted. The function can be configured by REG10H[3].

(2).Write "1" to REG10H[1] to restart the PMU.

(3).Watchdog timeout . The function can be configured by REG18[0] and REG19[5:4]

- Power on reset

Power on reset means the registers will be reset when PMU is powered up. When at power on reset state, all voltage outputs are turned off including RTCLDO and VREF.

7.6 Multi-Power Outputs

The following table has listed the multi-power outputs and their functions of AXP2101.

Output Path	Type	Default Voltage	Startup Sequence	Application Suggestion	Load Capacity(Max)
DCDC1	BUCK	3.3V	3	IO/USB	2000mA
DCDC2	BUCK	0.9V	3	CPU	2000mA
DCDC3	BUCK	0.9V	2	VSYS	2000mA
DCDC4	BUCK	1.1V	1	DDR	1500mA
ALDO1	LDO	1.8V	3	N/A	300mA
ALDO2	LDO	2.8V	OFF	N/A	300mA
ALDO3	LDO	3.3V	3	N/A	300mA
ALDO4	LDO	2.9V	OFF	N/A	300mA
BLDO1	LDO	1.8V	OFF	N/A	300mA
BLDO2	LDO	2.8V	OFF	N/A	300mA
DLDO1	LDO	3.3V	OFF	N/A	300mA
DLDO2	LDO	1.2V	OFF	N/A	300mA
VCPUS	LDO	0.9V	1	CPUs/Reference of DDR	30mA
RTC-LDO1	LDO	1.8V	Always on	RTC	30mA
RTC-LDO2	LDO	OFF	OFF	N/A	30mA

AXP2101 includes 4 synchronous step-down DCDCs, 11 LDOs and one switch. The work frequency of DC-DC 1/4 is 3MHz and DCDC2/3 is 1.5MHz. External small inductors and capacitors can be connected. In addition, 4-ch DCDCs can be set in fixed PWM mode or auto mode (automatically switchable according to the load). See register REG81H.

DCDC2/3 has DVM enable option. In DVM mode, when there is a change in the output voltage, DCDC will change to the new targeted value step by step. It supports two kinds of DVM slope: 1step/15.625us and 1step/31.250us. The slope can be chosen by REG80H[5].

AXP2101 can configure the default voltage, the startup sequence and other control of all power output.

Startup sequence: The startup sequence has eight levels from 0 to 7. When the sequence is 0, it means the output is booted at the first step. When the sequence code is 1, it means the output is booted at the second step. When the sequence is 7, it means the output is not booted.

Default voltage setting: The default voltage of each channel can be set to each step within the output range.

7.7 Charger

7.7.1 Characteristics

- Range of input voltage:3.9V~5.5V, PWM charger, supports single cell Li-battery
- Pre-charge current settable($I_{PRE-CHG}$, reg61[3:0]), default:125mA, range: 0mA~200mA,step:25mA
- Fast charge current settable(I_{CHG} , reg62[4:0]), default:1024mA, range: 0mA~200mA,step:64mA, 200~1000mA,step:100mA,
- Target charge voltage settable(V_{REG} , reg64[2:0]), default:4.2V, range: 4.0v/4.1v/4.2v/4.35v/4.4v/4.6v
- Accuracy of target voltage: $\pm 0.5\%$ (testing ambient temperature:25℃,target voltage:4.2V)

7.7.2 Charging condition

- VBUS is present and available, $V_{VBUS} > V_{BAT} + V_{SLEEPZ}$
- Input source detection finishes(reg00H[5]=1)
- Charging is enabled(reg18H[1]=1)
- Die temperature is lower than T_{SHUT}
- When TS pin is used to detect battery temperature, battery temperature is within the chargeable range
- V_{BAT} is lower than V_{BAT_OVP}
- No charger safety timer fault

7.7.3 Charging process

When PMU meets all charging conditions, it can complete the whole charging process without the participation of Host. The charging status can be known from the register bits reg01H[2:0]. The default values of charging parameters are shown as following. Host can modify registers to optimize the values through TWSI.

Table 7-1

Parameter	Default value
Charging voltage	4.208V
Charging current	1.024A
Pre-charging current	125mA
Termination current	125mA
Temperature profile	Cold/hot
Safety timer	12hours

7.7.3.1. Pre-charge

When V_{BAT} is lower than $V_{BATLOWV}$ (3V), the charger is under pre-charge mode where charging current is limited to a value of $I_{PRE-CHG}$. Safety time is set through reg67H[1:0] and its default value is 50 minutes. If pre-charge process times out, PMU will stop charging and send a corresponding IRQ to Host. The function of safety timer can be disabled through reg67H[2].

7.7.3.2.Constant current charge

Once V_{BAT} is higher than $V_{BATLOWV}$ and lower than V_{REG} , the charger is under constant current charge mode. It will charge with constant current I_{CHG} .

7.7.3.3.Constant voltage charge

When V_{BAT} reaches target voltage(V_{REG}), the charger enters constant voltage charge mode. In this stage, the charger keeps the output voltage constant and step down charging current gradually, in order to fully charge battery.

When V_{BAT} is above V_{RECHG} and the charging current reduces under termination current(I_{TERM}), AXP2101 reports charger done, stops charging(charger enable bit is still 1) and turns off BATFET. Meanwhile, IRQ is sent to Host.

When AXP2101 is in regulation of input current, input voltage or temperature, the function of charging termination configured through reg63[4] is temporarily disabled and the speed of safety timer slows down. Whether to set safety timer during DPM or thermal regulation depends on reg67H[7].

7.7.3.4.Re-charge

After charge done, if V_{BAT} falls below V_{RECHG} , PMU will automatically enable charger without reinserting adapter. No matter whether V_{BAT} is above V_{RECHG} or not, the charger is enabled when an adapter is inserted.

7.7.3.5.Battery detection

As long as an AC adapter is present and usable, battery detection will be enabled to detect whether battery is connected. Battery detection function is enabled by default and can be disabled through reg68H[0]. If the function is disabled, PMU considers that battery is always present. The detection result is saved in reg00H[3]

7.7.4 Charging protection

7.7.4.1. charger safety timer

Once starting pre-charge mode, PMU will enable timer1. If PMU can not enter constant current charge mode from pre-charge within 50min(set through reg67H[1:0]), PMU will enter battery safe mode and send IRQ to indicate the battery may be damaged.

When the charger enters into constant current charge mode, PMU will enable timer2. If PMU can not finish the whole charge cycle within 12 hours(set through reg67H[5:4]), PMU will enter battery safe mode and send IRQ to indicate the battery may be damaged.

Timing speed of timer1 or timer2 is relevant with actual charge current. The smaller the actual charge current, the slower timing speed is.

7.7.4.2. Battery safe mode

In battery safe mode, the charger always charges with 10mA current. PMU can quit battery safe mode with one of the following methods:

- $V_{BAT} > V_{RECHG}$
- Adapter removal
- Charger enable bit(reg18H[1]) is reset to 1
- Safety timer1 enable bit or safety timer2 enable bit is reset to 1

7.7.4.3. PMU die temperature protection

AXP2101 has built-in temperature protection function through ADC to monitor internal temperature.

Under charging mode, the temperature point of thermal regulation can be set through reg65H[1:0]. When die temperature rises up to the setting point, the charging current will be decreased to decrease heat. When thermal regulation works, actual charge current is lower than the setting value and thermal regulation status(reg00H[1]) is set to 1. If die temperature rises up to $T_{SHUT}(145^{\circ}\text{C})$, IRQ is sent, PMU is poweroff. When die temperature falls below hysteresis threshold(120°C), PMU is not poweron automatically.

7.7.4.4. Battery temperature protection

AXP2101 can monitor battery temperature, when TS pin is used to detect battery temperature and parallel with charger(reg50H[4]=0). The battery temperature sensitive resistor is connected between TS pin and GND. The suggestion resistance should be 10Kohm at 25°C ambient temperature. Through TS pin, PMU outputs constant current which can set through reg50H[1:0] to adapt different resistance. When the resistance is 10Kohm, the current should be set to 50uA. The enable bit of TS current source is configured through reg50H[3:2]. When current passes through the temperature sensitive resistor, PMU gets a detected voltage and calculates its value through ADC circuit. Take for example, TH11-3H103F temperature sensitive resistor of Mitsubishi Company. Using 50uA current source, the relationship among temperature, equivalent resistance, detected voltage and ADC data is as following.

Table 7-2

Temperature	equivalent resistance	detected voltage	ADC DATA
-20°C	63.00Kohm	3.150V	189Ch
-15°C	50.15Kohm	2.508V	1398h
-10°C	40.26Kohm	2.013V	FBAh
-5°C	32.55Kohm	1.628V	CB8h
0°C	26.49Kohm	1.325V	A5Ah
5°C	21.68Kohm	1.084V	878h
10°C	17.78Kohm	0.889V	6F2h
15°C	14.63Kohm	0.732V	5B8h
20°C	12.07Kohm	0.604V	4B8h
25°C	10.00Kohm	0.500V	3E8h
30°C	8.320Kohm	0.416V	340h
35°C	6.954Kohm	0.348V	2B8h
40°C	5.839Kohm	0.292V	248h
45°C	4.924Kohm	0.246V	1ECh
50°C	4.171Kohm	0.209V	1A2h
55°C	3.549Kohm	0.177V	162h
60°C	3.032Kohm	0.152V	130h

During battery charging process, if TS pin voltage is lower than VHTF-CHG or higher than VLTF-CHG(VHTF-CHG and VLTF-CHG can be set through reg55H and reg54H. The default value of VLTF-CHG is set around 0℃ and VHTF-CHG around 45℃), which indicates battery temperature is too high or too low, then the charger is paused and IRQ is sent to notify Host. When battery temperature is back to the normal range, the charger will recovery automatically.

During battery discharging mode, if TS pin voltage is lower than VHTF-WORK or higher than VLTF-WORK(VHTF-WORK and VLTF-WORK can be set through reg57H and reg56H. The default value of VLTF-WORK is set around -10℃ and VHTF-WORK around 55℃), which indicates battery temperature is too high or too low, then the boost is paused and IRQ is sent to notify Host. When battery temperature is back to the normal range, the boost will recovery automatically.

High temperature protection threshold hysteresis for VHTF-CHG and VHTF-WORK can be set through reg53H. Low temperature protection threshold hysteresis for VLTF-CHG and VLTF-WORK can be set through reg52H. The range of temperature detection can be expanded by adding more resistors.

Some battery may have no temperature sensitive resistor. Under this situation, TS pin can be pulled down to GND with a 10Kohm resistor externally or set as external input of ADC through register.

Use TS pin current source and obtain TS pin data according to the following table:

7.7.5 Charging indication

CHGLED pin uses open-drain/push-pull output method. It is internally pulled up to LDO. Its output drive capability is above 10mA. Detail function control is shown as the following table.

Table 7-4

REG69H[2:1]= 00 (Type A CHGLED) Open Drain	Hi-Z	No charging(conditions are not met or battery charged)
	25% 1Hz pull low/Hi-Z jump	Charger internal abnormal alarm(including timer out、die temperature over temperature、 battery temperature out of charging range)
	25% 4Hz pull low/Hi-Z jump	Input source or battery over voltage
	Pull low	Charging
REG69H[2:1]= 01 (Type B CHGLED) Open Drain	Hi-Z	No VBUS, and power supply by battery
	25% 1Hz pull low/Hi-Z jump	Charging
	25% 4Hz pull low/Hi-Z jump	Alarm, including input source or battery over voltage, battery temperature out of charging range, timer out,die temperature over temperature
	Pull low	No battery or charge finished, and power supply by VBUS
REG90H[2:0]=10 Cfg chgled	The output status is controlled by REG69H[5:4]	

Note: LED is on when CHGLED is low.

7.8 BATFET

BATFET connects system and battery. The on-resistance is low to 50mohm(point to point).

7.9 RBFET

RBFET connects VMID and VBUS. The on-resistance is low to 100mohm(point to point). It supports input and output current limit function. In charger mode, the input current limit value of RBFET is set through reg16H[2:0].

7.10 ADC

AXP2101 has a low speed 14Bit SAR ADC for measuring BAT voltage, Vbus voltage , Vsys voltage, TS voltage and die temperature.

Table 7-5

No.	Channel function	000H	001H	002H	...	FFFH
0	BAT voltage	0mV	1mV	2mV	...	8.192V
1	Vbus voltage	0mV	1mV	2mV	...	8.192V
2	Vsys voltage	0mV	1mV	2mV	...	8.192V
3	TS voltage	0mV	0.5mV	1mV	...	4.096V
4	die temperature	0mV	0.1mV	2mV	...	0.8192V

Note: ADC data is 14 bits. In order to get the complete data, TWSI must read the high 6 bits firstly and then the low 8 bits.

7.11 E-Gauge

The Fuel Gauge comprises of 3 modules: Rdc calculation module; OCV (Open Circuit Voltage) and Coulomb counter module; and calibration module. The Fuel Gauge system is able to export information about battery capacity percentage (regA4H), Battery Voltage (reg34H, reg35H). The Fuel Gauge can be enabled or disabled through reg18H[3]. The Battery low warning level can be set in reg1AH, and IRQ will be sent out to alert the platform when the battery capacity percentage is lower than the warning level set in reg1AH.

Once a default battery is selected for a particular design, it is highly recommended to calibrate the battery to achieve better Fuel Gauge accuracy. Once the calibration data are available, user can write the calibration information to battery parameter (REGA1) on each boot. Additionally, the Fuel Gauge system is capable to learn the battery characteristic on each full charge cycle. Information such as battery maximum capacity and Rdc will be updated automatically over time.

7.12 IRQ /BACKUP

7.12.1 IRQ

AXP2101 has an IRQ pin which is used to indicate whether there interrupt events occur.

PMU Interrupt Controller monitors the trigger events such as over voltage, over current, PWRON pin signal, over temperature and so on. When the events occur and their IRQ enabled bits are set to 1 (Refer to registers reg40H/41H/42H), corresponding IRQ status will be set to 1 (Refer to registers reg48H/49H/4AH), and IRQ pin will be pulled down. When Host detects triggered IRQ signal, Host will scan through the IRQ Status registers and respond accordingly. Meanwhile, Host will reset the IRQ status by writing "1" to status bit.

7.12.2 BACKUP

AXP2101 has an backup pin which is used to connect backup battery . It is the source of RTCLDO1 when pmu only has backup battery.

When PMU is poweron, the backup battery also can be charged by configuring reg18H[2] . The charger is working in linear mode with 100uA charge current and the termination voltage can be configured by reg6AH in range from 2.6V to 3.3V(default 2.9V) .

The backup pin also can be configure for the RTCLDO2 by customization.

8. Register

8.1 Register List

Address	Description	R/W
0X00	PMU status1	R
0X01	PMU status2	R
0X03	PMU CHIP ID	R
0X04-0X08	DATA_BUFFER	RW
0X10	PMU common config	RW
0X12	BATFET control	RW
0X13	Die temperature control	RW
0X14	Minimum system voltage control	RW
0X15	Input voltage limit control	RW
0X16	Input current limit control	RW
0X17	Reset the fulegauge	RW
0X18	Charger, fulegauge, watchdog on/off control	RW
0X19	Wathdog control	RW
0X1A	Low Battery warning threshold setting	RW
0X20	PWRON status	R
0X21	PWROFF status	R
0X22	PWROFF_EN	RW
0X23	PWROFF of DCDC OVP/UVp control	RW

Address	Description	R/W
0X24	Vsys voltage for PWROFF threshold setting	RW
0X25	PWROK setting and PWROFF sequence control	RW
0X26	Sleep and wakeup control	Rw
0X27	IRQLEVEL/OFFLEVEL/ONLEVEL setting	RW
0X28	Fast pwron setting	Rw
0X29	Fast pwron setting	RW
0X2A	Fast pwron setting	RW
0X2B	Fast pwron setting and control	RW
0X30-0X33	ADC Channel enable control	RW
0X34-0X3F	ADC data	RW
0X40-0X42	IRQ Enable	RW
0X48-0X4A	IRQ Status	RW
0X50	TS pin CTRL & GPADC mode CTRL	RW
0X52	TS/GPADC_HYSL2H setting	RW
0X53	TS/GPAC_HYSH2L setting	RW
0X54	VLTF_CHG setting	RW
0X55	VHTF_CHG setting	RW
0X56	VLTF_WORK setting	Rw
0X57	VHTF_WORK setting	Rw
0X58	JIETA standard Enable control	Rw
0x59-0X5B	JIETA standard setting	Rw
0X61	Iprechg charger setting	RW
0X62	ICC charger setting	RW
0X63	Iterm charger setting and control	RW
0X64	CV charger voltage setting	RW
0X65	Thermal regulation threshold setting	RW
0X67	Charger timeout setting and control	RW
0X68	Battery detection control	RW
0X69	CHGLED setting and control	RW
0X6A	Button battery charge termination voltage setting	RW
0X80	DCDCS ON/OFF and DVM control	RW
0X81	DCDCS force PWM control	RW
0X82-0X86	DCDCs voltage setting	RW
0X90-0X91	LDOS ON/OFF control	RW
0X92-0X9A	LDOS voltage setting	RW
0XA1	Battery parameter	RW
0XA2	Fule guage control	RW
0XA4	Battery percentage data	R

8.2 Register Description

Reg_Name	Addr	Type	Default	Reset Type	Description
comm_stat0	0x00				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
vbus_good	5	RO	0	POR	VBUS good indication 0: not good 1: good
batfet_stat	4	RO	0	POR	BATFET state 0: close 1: open
bat_prst_stat	3	RO	0	POR	Battery present state 0: absent 1: present
bat_active_mode	2	RO	0	POR	Battery in Active Mode 0: in Normal 1: in Active Mode
therm_regu_stat	1	RO	0	POR	Thermal regulation status 0: normal 1: in thermal regulation
ilim_stat	0	RO	0	POR	Current Limit state 0: not in current limit state 1: in current limit state
comm_stat1	0x01				
reserved	7	RO	0	/	
bat_curr_dir	6:5	RO	0	POR	Battery Current Direction 00: Standby 01: charge 10: discharge 11: reserved
sys_stat	4	RO	0	POR	System status indication 0: System is power off. 1: System is power on.
vindpm_stat	3	RO	0	POR	VINDPM status 0: not in VINDPM 1: VINDPM

chg_stat	2:0	RO	0	POR	charging status 000: tri_charge 001: pre_charge 010: constant charge(CC) 011: constant voltage(CV) 100: charge done 101: not charging 11X: reserved
chip_id	0x03				
chip_id_h	7:6	RO	0h	POR	
chip_version	5:4	RO	0h	POR	00: A version 01: B version
chip_id_l	3:0	RO	0h	POR	{chip_id_h, chip_id_l} 01_0111: axp2101
data_buff0	0x04				
data_buff0	7:0	RW	00h	POR	data buffer
data_buff1	0x05				
data_buff1	7:0	RW	00h	POR	data buffer
data_buff2	0x06				
data_buff2	7:0	RW	00h	POR	data buffer
data_buff3	0x07				
data_buff3	7:0	RW	00h	POR	data buffer
comm_cfg	0x10				
reserved	7:6	RW	0b	/	
dchg_off_en	5	RW	1b	POR	Internal off-discharge enable for DCDC & LDO & SWITCH 0: disable 1: enable
reserved	4	RW	1b	/	
pwrok_restart_en	3	RW	0b	POR	PWROK PIN pull low to Restart the System 0: disable 1: enable
pon_shut_en	2	RW	0b	POR	PWROK 16s to shut the PMIC enable 0: disable 1: enable
soft_sys_restart	1	RWAC	0b	POR	Restart the SoC System, POWOFF/POWON and reset the related registers 0: normal 1: reset
soft_pwoff	0	RWAC	0b	POR	Soft PWROFF 0: Normal 1: PWROFF Config
batfet_ctrl	0x12				

reserved	7:4	RO	0	/	
batfet_pwroff_en	3	RW	EFUSE	POR	BATFET enable when POWEROFF and Battery only 0: disable 1: enable
reserved	2	RO	0	/	
batfet_ocp_en	1	RW	EFUSE	POR	BATFET Close when OCP(>6A) for 100us 0: disable 1: enable
reserved	0	RO	0	/	
die_temp_cfg	0x13				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
die_otp_thld	2:1	RW	01b	POR	DIE Over Temperature Protection Level1 Config 00: 115deg 01: 125deg 10: 135deg 11: reserved
die_temp_det	0	RW	1b	POR	DIE Temperature Detect Enable 0: disable 1: enable
vsys_min	0x14				
reserved	7	RO	0	/	
ln_vsys_dpm	6:4	RW	110b	POR	Linear Charger Vsys voltage dpm 4.1+N*0.1 V 000: 4.1V 001: 4.2V 010: 4.3V 011: 4.4V 100: 4.5V 101: 4.6V 110: 4.7V 111: 4.8V
reserved	3:0	RO	0	/	
vimdpm_cfg	0x15				
reserved	7:4	RO		/	
vindpm_cfg	3:0	RW	0110b	POR	VINDPM config: 3.88+N*0.08 V 0000: 3.88V 0001: 3.96V 0010: 4.04V 0011: 4.12V 0100: 4.20V 0101: 4.28V

					0110: 4.36V 0111: 4.44V 1000: 4.52V 1001: 4.60V 1010: 4.68V 1011: 4.76V 1100: 4.84V 1101: 4.92V 1110: 5.00V 1111: 5.08V
iin_lim	0x16				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
iin_lim	2:0	RW	001b	POR	Input current limit 000: 100mA 001: 500mA 010: 900mA 011: 1000mA 100: 1500mA 101: 2000mA 110-111: reserved
reset_cfg	0x17				
reserved	7:4	RO	0	/	
reset_guage	3	RWAC	0b	POR	reset the gauge 0: normal 1: reset
reset_lgc_gauge	2	RW	0b	POR	reset the gauge besides registers 0: normal 1: reset
reserved	1:0	RO	0	/	
module_en	0x18				
reserved	7:4	RO	0	/	
gauge_en	3	RW	1b	POR	Gauge Module enable 0: disable 1: enalbe
btn_chg_en	2	RW	0b	System Reset	Button Battery charge enable 0: disable 1: enable
chg_en	1	RW	1b	System Reset	Cell Battery charge enable 0: disable 1: enable
watchdog_en	0	RW	0b	System Reset	Watchdog Module enable 0: disable 1: enalbe

watchdog_cfg	0x19				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
wd_rst_cfg	5:4	RW	0b	POR	Watchdog Reset Config 00: IRQ only 01: IRQ and System Reset 10: IRQ, System Reset and Pull down PWROK 1s 11: IRQ, System Reset, DCDC/LDO PWROFF & PWRON
watchdog_clr	3	RWAC	0b	POR	watchdog clear signal 0: normal 1: clear
watchdog_cfg	2:0	RW	110b	POR	TWSI watchdog timer config 000: 1s 001: 2s 010: 4s 011: 8s 100: 16s 101: 32s 110: 64s 111: 128s
gauge_thld	0x1A				
warn_thld	7:4	RW	1010b	POR	low battery warning threshold 5-20%, 1% per step 0000: 5% 0001: 6% 1111: 20%
shutdown_thld	3:0	RW	0001b	POR	low battery shutdown threshold 0-15%, 1% per step 0000: 0% 0001: 1% 1111: 15%
pwron_stat	0x20				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
en_pwron_stat	5	RO	0b	System Reset	POWERON always high when EN Mode as POWERON Source 0: no 1: yes
bat_pwron_stat	4	RO	0b	System Reset	Battery Insert and Good as POWERON Source 0: no 1: yes
chg_pwron_stat	3	RO	0b	System Reset	Battery Voltage > 3.3V when Charged as

					Source 0: no 1: yes
vbus_pwron_stat	2	RO	0b	System Reset	Vbus Insert and Good as POWERON Source 0: no 1: yes
irq_pwron_stat	1	RO	0b	System Reset	IRQ PIN Pull-down as POWERON Source 0: no 1: yes
btn_pwron_stat	0	RO	0b	System Reset	POWERON low for onlevel when POWERON Mode as POWERON Source 0: no 1: yes
pwroff_stat	0x21				
dot_pwroff_stat	7	RO	0b	POR	Die Over Temperature as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
dcov_pwroff_stat	6	RO	0b	POR	DCDC Over Voltage as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
dcuv_pwroff_stat	5	RO	0b	POR	DCDC Under Voltage as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
vbov_pwroff_stat	4	RO	0b	POR	VBUS Over Voltage as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
vsuv_pwroff_stat	3	RO	0b	POR	Vsys Under Voltage as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
en_pwroff_stat	2	RO	0b	POR	POWERON always low when EN Mode as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
sw_pwroff_stat	1	RO	0b	POR	Software config as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
btn_pwroff_stat	0	RO	0b	POR	POWERON Pull down for offlevel when POWERON Mode as POWEROFF Source 0: no 1: yes
pwroff_en	0x22				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
dot_pwroff_en	2	RW	1b	POR	DIE Over-Temperature (LEVEL2) as POWEROFF Source enable

					0: disable 1: enable
btn_pwroff_en	1	RW	EFUSE	POR	PWRON > OFFLEVEL as POWEROFF Source enable 0: disable 1: enable
btn_pwroff_mode	0	RW	EFUSE	POR	Function Select when btn_pwroff_en=1 and button power-off occur 0: Power-off 1: Restart
dcdc_pwroff_en	0x23				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
dcdc_ovp_en	5	RW	1b	POR	DCDC 120%(130%) high voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc5_uvp_en	4	RW	1b	POR	DCDC5 85% low voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc4_uvp_en	3	RW	1b	POR	DCDC4 85% low voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc3_uvp_en	2	RW	1b	POR	DCDC3 85% low voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc2_uvp_en	1	RW	1b	POR	DCDC2 85% low voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc1_uvp_en	0	RW	1b	POR	DCDC1 85% low voltage turn off PMIC function 0: disable 1: enable
voff_thld	0x24				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
voff_thld	2:0	RW	EFUSE	POR	Battery Voltage for POWEROFF 2.6~3.3V, 0.1V/step, 8steps 000: 2.6V 001: 2.7V

					111: 3.3V
pwr_time_ctr1	0x25				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
pwrok_chk_en	4	RW	1b	POR	Check the PWROK Pin enable after all dc/dc/lldo output valid 128ms 0: disable 1: enable
pwroff_dly_en	3	RW	1b	POR	POWEROFF Delay 4ms after PWROK disable 0: disable 1: enable
pwroff_seq_ctrl	2	RW	0b	POR	POWEROFF Sequence Control 0: At the same time 1: the reverse of the Startup
pwrok_dly	1:0	RW	EFUSE	POR	Delay of PWROK after all power output good 00: 8ms 01: 16ms 10: 32ms 11: 64ms
sleep_cfg	0x26				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
irq_wakup_en	4	RW	0b	POR	IRQ Pin low to Wakeup 0: disable 1: enable
pwrok_wakup_ind	3	RW	1b	POR	PWROK be low-level enable when Wakup 0: disable 1: enable
wakup_cfg_sel	2	RW	0b	POR	DCDC/LDO Voltage Select when Wakup 0: The Default 1: The voltage before wakup
wakup_en	1	RWLC	0b	System Reset	Wake Up enable 0: disable 1: enable
sleep_en	0	RWLC	0b	System Reset	SLEEP enable 0: disable 1: enable
ponlevel	0x27				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
irqlevel	5:4	RW	01b	POR	IRQLEVEL config 00: 1s 01: 1.5s 10: 2s 11: 2.5s
offlevel	3:2	RW	01b	POR	OFFLEVEL config

					00: 4s 01: 6s 10: 8s 11: 10s
onlevel	1:0	RW	EFUSE	POR	ONLEVEL config 00: 128ms 01: 512ms 10: 1s 11: 2s
fast_pwron_cfg0	0x28				
dc4dc4_fstart_seq	7:6	RW	0b	POR	DCDC4 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
dc4dc3_fstart_seq	5:4	RW	0b	POR	DCDC3 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
dc4dc2_fstart_seq	3:2	RW	0b	POR	DCDC2 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
dc4dc1_fstart_seq	1:0	RW	0b	POR	DCDC1 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
fast_pwron_cfg1	0x29				
aldo3_fstart_seq	7:6	RW	0b	POR	ALDO3 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
aldo2_fstart_seq	5:4	RW	0b	POR	ALDO2 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
aldo1_fstart_seq	3:2	RW	0b	POR	ALDO1 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
dc4dc5_fstart_seq	1:0	RW	0b	POR	DCDC5 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
fast_pwron_cfg2	0x2A				
cpusldo_fstart_seq	7:6	RW	0b	POR	CPUSLDO Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
blldo2_fstart_seq	5:4	RW	0b	POR	BLDO2 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code

					11: disable
bldo1_fstart_seq	3:2	RW	0b	POR	BLD01 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
aldo4_fstart_seq	1:0	RW	0b	POR	ALD04 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
fast_pwron_cfg3	0x2B				
fast_pwron_en	7	RW	0b	POR	Fast Power On Enable 0: disable 1: enable
fast_wakup_en	6	RW	0b	POR	Fast Wake up Enable 0: disable 1: enable
reserved	5:4	RO	0b	/	
dldo2_fstart_seq	3:2	RW	0b	POR	DLD02 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
dldo1_fstart_seq	1:0	RW	0b	POR	DLD01 Fast Power On Start Sequence 00~10: Start Sequence Code 11: disable
adc_ch_en0	0x30				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
gpadc_ch_en	5	RW	0b	POR	general purpose ADC channel enable 0: disable 1: enable
tdie_ch_en	4	RW	0b	POR	die temperature measure ADC channel enable 0: disable 1: enable
vsys_ch_en	3	RW	0b	POR	system voltage measure ADC channel enable 0: disable 1: enable
vbus_ch_en	2	RW	0b	POR	vbus voltage measure ADC channel enable 0: disable 1: enable
ts_ch_en	1	RW	1b	POR	TS pin measure ADC channel enable 0: disable 1: enable
vbat_ch_en	0	RW	1b	POR	battery voltage measure ADC channel enable 0: disable

					1: enable
vbat_h	0x34				
ch_dbg_en_l	7:6	RW	0b	POR	ch_dbg_en_l is ch_dbg_en[1:0] ch_dbg_en: 000: disable 001: vbat use all channels 010: ts use all channels 011: vbus use all channels 100: vsys use all channels 101: tdie use all channels 110: gpadc use all channels 111: reserved
vbat_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	vbat[13:8]
vbat_l	0x35				
vbat_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	vbat[7:0]
ts_h	0x36				
adc_lf_en	7	RW	1b	POR	ADC in low frequency sample mode when PWROFF and Battery only enable(64s) 0: disable 1: enable
ch_dbg_en_h	6	RW	0b	POR	ch_dbg_en_h is ch_dbg_en[2]
ts_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	ts[13:8]
ts_l	0x37				
ts_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	ts[7:0]
vbus_h	0x38				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
vbus_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	vbus[13:8]
vbus_l	0x39				
vbus_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	vbus[7:0]
vsys_h	0x3A				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
vsys_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	vsys[13:8]
vsys_l	0x3B				
vsys_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	vsys[7:0]
tdie_h	0x3C				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
tdie_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	tdie[13:8]
tdie_l	0x3D				
tdie_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	tdie[7:0]
gpadc_h	0x3E				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
gpadc_h	5:0	RO	0b	POR	gpadc[13:8]
gpadc_l	0x3F				

gpadc_l	7:0	RO	0b	POR	gpadc[7:0]
irq_en0	0x40				
socwl2_irq_en	7	RW	1b	System Reset	SOC drop to Warning Level2 IRQ(socwl2_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
socwl1_irq_en	6	RW	1b	System Reset	SOC drop to Warning Level1 IRQ(socwl1_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
gwdt_irq_en	5	RW	1b	System Reset	Gauge Watchdog Timeout IRQ(gwdt_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
newsoc_irq_en	4	RW	1b	System Reset	Gauge New SOC IRQ(lowsoc_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bcot_irq_en	3	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Over Temperature in Charge mode IRQ(bcot_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bcut_irq_en	2	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Under Temperature in Charge mode IRQ(bcut_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bwot_irq_en	1	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Over Temperature in Work mode IRQ(bwot_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bwut_irq_en	0	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Under Temperature in Work mode IRQ(bwut_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
irq_en1	0x41				
vininsert_irq_en	7	RW	1b	System Reset	VBUS Insert IRQ(vininsert_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
vremove_irq_en	6	RW	1b	System Reset	VBUS Remove IRQ(vremove_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
binsert_irq_en	5	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Insert IRQ(binsert_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bremove_irq_en	4	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Remove IRQ(bremove_irq) enable

					0: disable 1: enable
pons_irq_en	3	RW	1b	System Reset	POWERON Short PRESS IRQ(ponsp_irq_en) enable 0: disable 1: enable
ponl_irq_en	2	RW	1b	System Reset	POWERON Long PRESS IRQ(ponlp_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
ponn_irq_en	1	RW	0b	System Reset	POWERON Negative Edge IRQ(ponne_irq_en) enable 0: disable 1: enable
ponp_irq_en	0	RW	0b	System Reset	POWERON Positive Edge IRQ(ponpe_irq_en) enable 0: disable 1: enable
irq_en2	0x42				
wdexp_irq_en	7	RW	0b	System Reset	Watchdog Expire IRQ(wdexp_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
ldooc_irq_en	6	RW	1b	System Reset	LDO Over Current IRQ(ldooc_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bocp_irq_en	5	RW	0b	System Reset	BATFET Over Current Protection IRQ(bocp_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
chgdn_irq_en	4	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery charge done IRQ(chgdn_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
chgst_irq_en	3	RW	1b	System Reset	Charger start IRQ(chgst_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
dotl1_irq_en	2	RW	1b	System Reset	DIE Over Temperature level1 IRQ(dotl1_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
chgte_irq_en	1	RW	1b	System Reset	Charger Safety Timer1/2 expire IRQ(chgte_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
bovp_irq_en	0	RW	1b	System Reset	Battery Over Voltage Protection

					IRQ(bovp_irq) enable 0: disable 1: enable
irq0	0x48				
socwl2_irq	7	RW1C	0b	POR	SOC drop to Warning Level IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq when SOC >= Warning Level or SOC < Shutdown Level to clear it
socwl1_irq	6	RW1C	0b	POR	SOC drop to Shutdown Level IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq when SOC >= Shutdown Level to clear it
gwdt_irq	5	RW1C	0b	POR	Gauge Watchdog Timeout IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
newsoc_irq	4	RW1C	0b	POR	Gauge New SOC IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
bcot_irq	3	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery Over Temperature in Charge mode IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Temperature to normal to clear it
bcut_irq	2	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery Under Temperature in Charge mode IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Temperature to normal to clear it
bwot_irq	1	RW1C	0b	System Reset	Battery Over Temperature in Work mode IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Temperature to normal to clear it
bwut_irq	0	RW1C	0b	System Reset	Battery Under Temperature in Work mode IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Temperature to normal to clear it
irq1	0x49				
vininsert_irq	7	RW1C	0b	POR	VBUS Insert IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq VBUS Remove to clear it
vremove_irq	6	RW1C	0b	POR	VBUS Remove IRQ

					0: no irq 1: irq VBUS Insert to clear it
binsert_irq	5	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery Insert IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Remove to clear it
bremove_irq	4	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery Remove IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Insert to clear it
pons_irq	3	RW1C	0b	System Reset	POWERON Short PRESS IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
ponl_irq	2	RW1C	0b	System Reset	POWERON Long PRESS IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
ponn_irq	1	RW1C	0b	System Reset	POWERON Negative Edge IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
ponp_irq	0	RW1C	0b	System Reset	POWERON Positive Edge IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
irq2	0x4A				
wdexp_irq	7	RW1C	0b	POR	Watchdog Expire IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
ldooc_irq	6	RW1C	0b	System Reset	LDO Over Current IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq LDO Current to normal to clear it
bocp_irq	5	RW1C	0b	POR	BATFET Over Current Protection IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
chgdn_irq	4	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery charge done IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery charge start to clear it
chgst_irq	3	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery charge start IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery charge done to clear it
dotl1_irq	2	RW1C	0b	POR	DIE Over Temperature level1 IRQ 0: no irq

					1: irq DIE Temperature to normal to clear it
chgte_irq	1	RW1C	0b	POR	Charger Safety Timer1/2 expire IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq
bovp_irq	0	RW1C	0b	POR	Battery Over Voltage Protection IRQ 0: no irq 1: irq Battery Voltage to normal to clear it
ts_cfg	0x50				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
ts_func	4	RW	EFUSE	POR	TS PIN function select: 0: TS pin is the battery temperature sensor input and will affect the charger 1: TS pin is the external fixed input and doesn't affect the charger
ts_src_en	3:2	RW	EFUSE	POR	TS current source on/off enable 00: off 01: on when TS channel of ADC is enabled 10: on only when TS channel is working and off when others channel is working 11: always on
ts_curr	1:0	RW	10b	POR	current source to TS pin config 00: 20uA 01: 40uA 10: 50uA 11: 60uA
ts_hysl2h	0x52				
ts_hysl2h	7:0	RW	2h	POR	hysteresis for TS from low go to normal Thys = N*16mV (default 32mV)
ts_hysh2l	0x53				
ts_hysh2l	7:0	RW	1h	POR	hysteresis for TS from high go to normal Thys = N*4mV (default 4mV)
vltf_chg	0x54				
vltf_chg	7:0	RW	29h	POR	VLTF in voltage of charge config VLTF = N*32 mV (default is about 0deg) This is also T1 of JEITA
vhtf_chg	0x55				
vhtf_chg	7:0	RW	58h	POR	VHTF in voltage of charge config VHTF = N*2 mV (default is about 55deg) This is also T4 of JEITA
vltf_work	0x56				
vltf_work	7:0	RW	3Eh	POR	VLTF in voltage of work config VLTF = N*32 mV (default is about -10deg)

vhtf_work	0x57				
vhtf_work	7:0	RW	4Ch	POR	VHTF in voltage of work config VHTF = N*2 mV (default is about 60deg)
jeita_cfg	0x58				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
jeita_en	0	RW	EFUSE	POR	JEITA Standard Enable 0: disable 1: enable
jeita_cv_cfg	0x59				
reserved	7	RO	0	/	
jwarm_ifall	6	RW	0b	POR	Current fall of Warm in JEITA Standard 0: 100% 1: 50%
reserved	5	RO	0	/	
jcool_ifall	4	RW	1b	POR	Current fall of Cool in JEITA Standard 0: 100% 1: 50%
jwarm_vfall	3:2	RW	01b	POR	Voltage fall of Warm in JEITA Standard 00: 0mV 01: 4.1/4.2/4.35/4.4V 的 1 档位 10: 4.1/4.2/4.35/4.4V 的 2 档位 11: reserved
jcool_vfall	1:0	RW	00b	POR	Voltage fall of Cool in JEITA Standard 00: 0mV 01: 4.1/4.2/4.35/4.4V 的 1 档位 10: 4.1/4.2/4.35/4.4V 的 2 档位 11: reserved
jeita_cool	0x5A				
jeita_cool	7:0	RW	37h	POR	Cool Temperature(T2) in voltage of charge config VHTF = N*16 mV (default is about 10deg)
jeita_warm	0x5B				
jeita_warm	7:0	RW	1Eh	POR	Warm Temperature(T3) in voltage of charge config VHTF = N*8 mV (default is about 45deg)
ts_cfg_data_h	0x5C				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
ts_cfg_data_h	5:0	RW	2h	POR	ts_cfg_data[13:8]
ts_cfg_data_l	0x5D				
ts_cfg_data_l	7:0	RW	58h	POR	ts_cfg_data[7:0], ts_cfg_data is TS Voltage configured by MCU when ts_ch_en = 0b

chg_cfg	0x60				
reserved	7:2	RO	0	/	
vrechg_rechg_en	1	RW	1b	POR	Recharge with Battery Voltage below Vrechg enable 0: disable 1: enable
gauge_rechg_en	0	RW	0b	POR	Recharge with Egaug SOC Level enable 0: disable 1: enable
iprechg_cfg	0x61				
reserved	7:4	RO	0	/	
iprechg_cfg	3:0	RW	0101b	POR	Precharge current limit: 25*N mA 0000: 0mA 0001: 25mA 0010: 50mA 0011: 75mA 0100: 100mA 0101: 125mA 0110: 150mA 0111: 175mA 1000: 200mA 1001~1111: reserved
icc_cfg	0x62				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
icchg_cfg	4:0	RW	{EFUSE, 0b , EFUSE}	POR	constant current charge current limit: 25*N mA if N<=8 200+100*(N-8) mA if N>8 00000: 0mA 00100: 100mA 00101: 125mA 00110: 150mA 00111: 175mA 01000: 200mA 01001: 300mA 01010: 400mA 01011: 500mA 01100: 600mA 01101: 700mA 01110: 800mA 01111: 900mA 10000: 1000mA others: reserved
item_cfg	0x63				

reserved	7:5	RO	0b	/	
iterm_en	4	RW	1b	System Reset	Charging termination of current enable 0: disable 1: enable
iterm_cfg	3:0	RW	0101b	POR	Termination current limit: 25*N mA 0000: 0mA 0001: 25mA 0010: 50mA 0011: 75mA 0100: 100mA 0101: 125mA 0110: 150mA 0111: 175mA 1000: 200mA 1001~1111: reserved
chg_v_cfg	0x64				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
vterm_cfg	2:0	RW	011b	POR	Charge voltage limit 000: 4.6V 001: 4.0V 010: 4.1V 011: 4.2V 100: 4.35V 101: 4.4V 11X: reserved
tregu_thld	0x05				
reserved	7:2	RO	0	/	
tregu_thld	1:0	RW	10b	System Reset	Thermal regulation threshold 00: 60deg 01: 80deg 10: 100deg 11: 120deg
chg_tmr_cfg	0x07				
tmr_dt_en	7	RW	1b	POR	safety timer1/2 setting during DPM or thermal regulation 0: safety timer not slowed during input DPM or thermal regulation 1: safety timer slowed during input DPM or thermal regulation
chg_tmr2_en	6	RW	1b	POR	charge done safe timer enable 0: disable 1: enable
chg_tmr2_cfg	5:4	RW	10b	POR	charge done safety timer config

					00: 5hours 01: 8hours 10: 12hours 11: 20hours
reserved	3	RO	0	/	
chg_tmrl_en	2	RW	1b	POR	pre-charge safe timer enable 0: disable 1: enable
chg_tmrl_cfg	1:0	RW	10b	POR	pre-charge safe timer config 00: 40mins 01: 50mins 10: 60mins 11: 70mins
bat_det	0x68				
reserved	7:1	RO	0	/	
bat_det_en	0	RW	1b	POR	battery detection enable 0: disable 1: enable
chgled_cfg	0x69				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
chgled_out_ctrl	5:4	RW	00b	System Reset	CHGLED pin output whe the register of chgled_func is set to 10b 00: Hiz; 01: Low/Hiz 25%/75% duty 1Hz; 10: Low/Hiz 25%/75% duty 4Hz; 11: drive low;
reserved	3	RO	0	/	
chgled_func	2:1	RW	EFUSE	POR	CHGLED pin display function config 00: dispaly with type A function 01: display with type B function 10: output controlled by the register of chgled_out_ctrl 11: reserved
chgled_en	0	RW	1b	POR	CHGLED pin enable 0: disable CHGLED pin function 1: enable CHGLED pin function
btn_chg_cfg	0x6A				
reserved	7:3	RO	0	/	
btn_chg_cfg	2:0	RW	011b	POR	Button Battery charge termination voltage 2.6~3.3V, 100mV/step, 8steps 000: 2.6V 001: 2.7V 010: 2.8V

					011: 2.9V 100: 3.0V 101: 3.1V 110: 3.2V 111: 3.3V
dcdc_cfg0	0x80				
reserved	7	RO	0b	/	
dcdc_fccm	6	RW	0b	System Reset	force DCDC work in CCM mode 0: disable 1: enable
dvm_speed	5	RW	0b	System Reset	DVM voltage ramp control 0: 15.625 us/step 1: 31.250 us/step
dcdc5_en	4	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC5 enable 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc4_en	3	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC4 enable 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc3_en	2	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC3 enable 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc2_en	1	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC2 enable 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc1_en	0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC1 enable (EFUSE.aldo1_start_seq=7 时 default=0, 否则 default=1) 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc_cfg1	0x81				
dcdc_fspd_en	7	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC frequency spread enable 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc_fspd_ctrl	6	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC frequency spread range ctrl 0: 50KHz 1: 100kHz
dcdc4_mode	5	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC4 PWM/PFM Control 0: Auto Switch 1: Always PWM
dcdc3_mode	4	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC3 PWM/PFM Control 0: Auto Switch 1: Always PWM
dcdc2_mode	3	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC2 PWM/PFM Control 0: Auto Switch

					1: Always PWM
dcdc1_mode	2	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC1 PWM/PFM Control 0: Auto Switch 1: Always PWM
dcdc_uvp_dbc	1:0	RW	00b	POR	DCDC UVP debounce time config 00: 60us 01: 120us 10: 180us 11: 240us
dcdc1_cfg	0x82				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
dcdc1_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC1 output voltage config 1.5~3.4V, 100mV/step, 20steps 00000: 1.5V 00001: 1.6V 10011: 3.4V 10100~11111: reserved
dcdc2_cfg	0x83				
dcdc2_dvm_en	7	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC2 DVM enable control 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc2_out	6:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC2 output voltage config 0.5~1.2V, 10mV/step, 71steps 1.22~1.54V, 20mV/step, 17steps 0000000: 0.50V 0000001: 0.51V 1000110: 1.20V 1000111: 1.22V 1001000: 1.24V 1010111: 1.54V 1011000~1111111: reserved
dcdc3_cfg	0x84				
dcdc3_dvm_en	7	RW	0b	System Reset	DCDC3 DVM enable control 0: disable 1: enable
dcdc3_out	6:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	DCDC3 output voltage config 0.5~1.2V, 10mV/step, 71steps 1.22~1.54V, 20mV/step, 17steps 1.6~3.4V, 100mV/step, 19steps 0000000: 0.50V 0000001: 0.51V

					<p>.....</p> <p>1000110: 1.20V</p> <p>1000111: 1.22V</p> <p>1001000: 1.24V</p> <p>.....</p> <p>1010111: 1.54V</p> <p>1011000: 1.60V</p> <p>1011001: 1.70V</p> <p>.....</p> <p>1101011: 3.40V</p> <p>1101100~1111111: reserved</p>
dcdc4_cfg	0x85				
reserved	7	RO	0	/	
dcdc4_out	6:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	<p>DCDC4 output voltage config</p> <p>0.5~1.2V, 10mV/step, 71steps</p> <p>1.22~1.84V, 20mV/step, 32steps</p> <p>0000000: 0.50V</p> <p>0000001: 0.51V</p> <p>.....</p> <p>1000110: 1.20V</p> <p>1000111: 1.22V</p> <p>1001000: 1.24V</p> <p>.....</p> <p>1100110: 1.84V</p> <p>1100111~1101000: reserved</p>
dcdc5_cfg	0x86				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
slow_compen	5	RW	0b	System Reset	<p>slow down dcdc5 frequency compensation enable</p> <p>0: disable</p> <p>1: enable</p>
dcdc5_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	<p>DCDC5 output voltage config</p> <p>1.4~3.7V, 100mV/step, 24steps</p> <p>00000: 1.4V</p> <p>00001: 1.5V</p> <p>.....</p> <p>10111: 3.7V</p> <p>11000~11111: reserved</p>
dcdc_oc_cfg	0x87				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
dcdc3_oc	5:4	RW	EFUSE	POR	<p>DCDC3 OC threshold config:</p> <p>00: 3A</p> <p>01: 3.5A</p> <p>10: 4A</p>

					11: 5A
dcdc2_oc	3:2	RW	EFUSE	POR	DCDC2 OC threshold config: 00: 2.5A 01: 3A 10: 3.5A 11: 4A
dcdc1_oc	1:0	RW	EFUSE	POR	DCDC1 OC threshold config: 00: 2.5A 01: 3A 10: 3.5A 11: 4A
ldo_en_cfg0	0x90				
dldo1_en	7	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	dldo1 enable 0: disable 1: enable
cpusldo_en	6	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	cpusldo enable 0: disable 1: enable
blldo2_en	5	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	blldo2 enable 0: disable 1: enable
blldo1_en	4	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	alldo1 enable 0: disable 1: enable
alldo4_en	3	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	alldo4 enable 0: disable 1: enable
alldo3_en	2	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	alldo3 enable 0: disable 1: enable
alldo2_en	1	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	alldo2 enable 0: disable 1: enable
alldo1_en	0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	alldo1 enable (EFUSE.alldo1_start_seq=7 时 default=0, 否则 default=1) 0: disable 1: enable
ldo_en_cfg1	0x91				
reserved	7:1	RO	0	/	
dldo2_en	0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	dldo2 enable 0: disable 1: enable
alldo1_cfg	0x92				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	

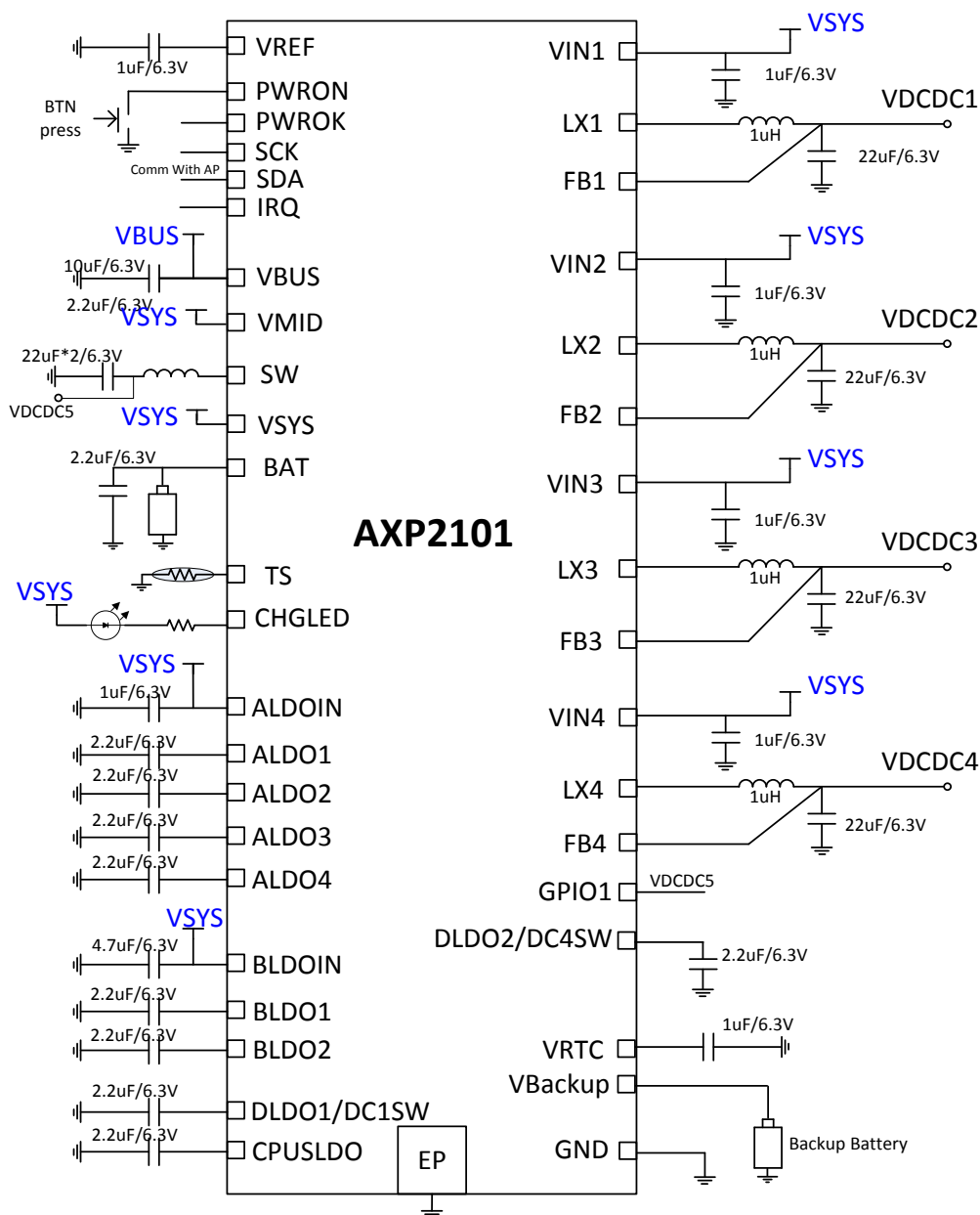
aldo1_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	aldo1 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
aldo2_cfg	0x93				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
aldo2_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	aldo2 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
aldo3_cfg	0x94				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
aldo3_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	aldo3 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
aldo4_cfg	0x95				
reserved	7:6	RO	0	/	
aldo4_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	aldo4 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
blldo1_cfg	0x96				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
blldo1_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	blldo1 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
blldo2_cfg	0x97				

reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
blldo2_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	blldo2 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
cpusldo_cfg	0x98				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
cpusldo_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	cpusldo output voltage config 0.5~1.4V, 50mV/step, 20steps 00000: 0.50V 00001: 0.55V 10011: 1.40V 10100~11111: reserved
dldo1_cfg	0x99				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
dldo1_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	dldo1 output voltage config 0.5~3.5V, 100mV/step, 31steps 00000: 0.5V 00001: 0.6V 11110: 3.5V 11111: reserved
dldo2_cfg	0x9A				
reserved	7:5	RO	0	/	
dldo2_out	4:0	RW	EFUSE	System Reset	dldo2 output voltage config 0.5~1.4V, 50mV/step, 20steps 00000: 0.50V 00001: 0.55V 10011: 1.40V 10100~11111: reserved
ip_ver	0x00				
ip_ver	7:0	RO	01h	POR	Egauge IP version
brom	0x01				
brom	7:0	RW	xx	POR	Battery parameter ROM
config	0x02				
reserved	7:6	RO	0b	/	reserved
reserved	5	RW	0b	POR	reserved
rom_sel	4	RW	0b	POR	ROM or SRAM select 1: select sram;

					0: select rom;
reserved	3:1	RO	0b	/	reserved
bromup_en	0	RW	0b	POR	brom writer control 1:enable 0:disable
soc	0x04				
soc	7:0	RO	00h	POR	battery percentage

9.Application Information

9.1 Typical Application



10.Package and Ordering Information

10.1 Package Information

AXP2101 package is QFN5*5, 40-pin. Figure 10-1 shows AXP2101 package.

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Figure 10-1 Package Information

10.2 Marking information


Figure 10-2 shows AXP2101 marking.

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Figure 10-2 AXP2101 Marking

Table 10-1 describes AXP2101 marking information.

Table 10-1 AXP2101 Marking Definitions

No.	Marking	Description	Fixed/Dynamic
1	AXP2101	Product name	Fixed
2	LLLLLCB	Lot number	Dynamic
3	XXX1	Date code	Dynamic
4		X-POWERS logo	Fixed
5	White dot	Package pin 1	Fixed

10.3 Carrier

Table 10-2 shows AXP2101 tray carrier information

Table 10-2 Tray Carrier Information

Item	Color	Size
Aluminum foil bags	Silvery white	540mm x 300mm x 0.14mm
Pearl cotton cushion(Vacuum bag)	White	12mm x 680mm x 185mm
Pearl cotton cushion (The Gap between vacuum bag and inside box)	White	Left-Right:12mm x 180mm x 85mm Front-Back:12mm x 350mm x 70mm
Inside Box	White	396mm x 196mm x 96mm
Outside Box	White	420mm x 410mm x 320mm

Figure 10-3 shows tray dimension drawing of AXP2101.

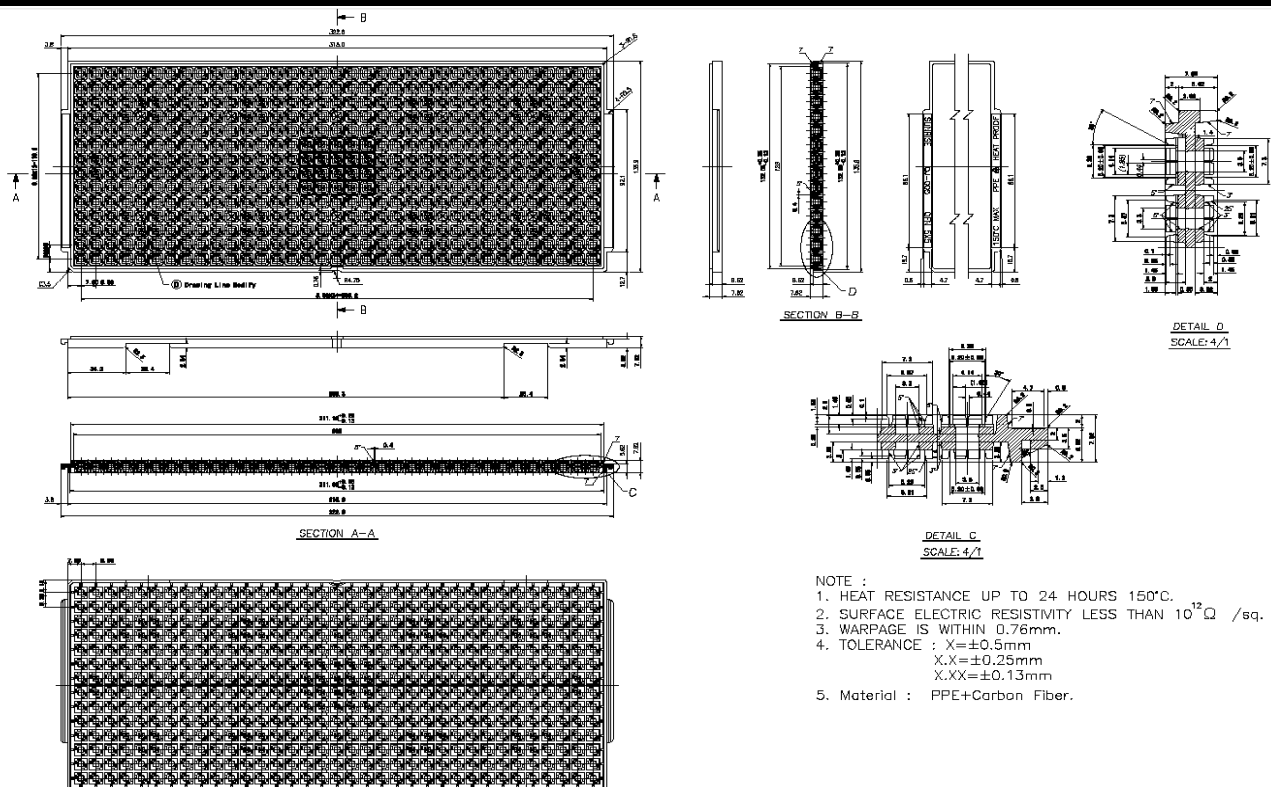


Figure 10-3 Tray Dimension Drawing

Table 10-3 shows AXP2101 packing quantity.

Table 10-3 Packing Quantity Information

Type	Quantity	Part Number
Tray	490pcs/Tray 10Trays/package	AXP2101

10.4 Storage

10.4.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level(MSL)

A package's MSL indicates its ability to withstand exposure after it is removed from its shipment bag, a low MSL device sample can be exposed on the factor floor longer than a high MSL device sample. ALL MSL are defined in Table 10-4.

Table 10-4 MSL Summary

MSL	Out-of-bag floor life	Comments
1	Unlimited	≤30°C /85%RH
2	1 year	≤30°C /60%RH
2a	4 weeks	≤30°C /60%RH
3	168 hours	≤30°C /60%RH
4	72 hours	≤30°C /60%RH
5	48 hours	≤30°C /60%RH
5a	24 hours	≤30°C /60%RH
6	Time on Label(TOL)	≤30°C /60%RH

AXP2101 device samples are classified as MSL3.

10.4.2 Bagged Storage Conditions

The shelf life of AXP2101 are defined in Table 10-5.

Table 10-5

Packing mode	Vacuum packing
Storage temperature	20°C~26°C
Storage humidity	40%~60%RH
Shelf life	6 months

10.4.3 Out-of-bag Duration

It is defined by the device MSL rating. The out-of-bag duration of AXP2101 is as follows.

Table 10-6 Out-of-bag Duration

Storage temperature	20°C~26°C
Storage humidity	40%~60%RH
Moisture Sensitivity Level(MSL)	3
Floor life	168 hours

For no mention of storage rules in this document, please refer to the latest *IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020C*.

10.5 Baking

It is not necessary to bake AXP2101 if the conditions specified in Section 16.4.2 and Section 16.4.3 have not been exceeded. It is necessary to bake AXP2101 if any condition specified in Section 10.4.2 and Section 10.4.3 have been exceeded.

It is necessary to bake AXP2101 if the storage humidity condition has been exceeded. We recommend that the device sample removed from its vacuum bag more than 2 days should be baked to guarantee production.

Table 10-7 Baking Conditions

Surrounding	Bake@125°C	Note
Nitrogen	8 hours	Recommended condition. Not exceed 3 times.
Air	2 hours	Acceptable condition. Not exceed 3 times.

CAUTION: If baking is required, the devices must be transferred into trays that can be baked to at least 125°C. Devices should not be baked in tape and reel carriers at any temperature

11. Reflow Profile

The reflow profile recommended in this document is a lead-free reflow profile that is suitable for pure lead-free technology of lead-free solder paste.

Figure 10-1 shows the typical reflow profile of AXP2101 device sample.

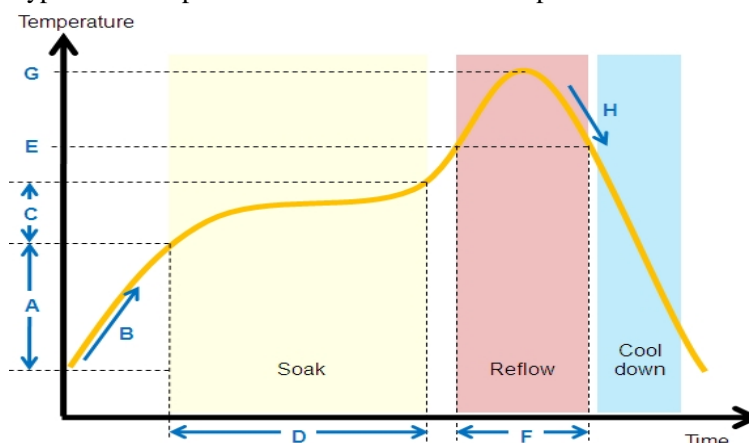


Figure 11-1 AXP2101 Typical Reflow Profile

Reflow profile conditions of AXP2101 device sample is given in Table 11-1.

Table 11-1 AXP2101 Reflow Profile Conditions

QTI typical SMT reflow profile conditions (for reference only)		
	Step	Reflow condition
Environment	N2 purge reflow usage (yes/no)	Yes, N2 purge used
	If yes, O2 ppm level	O2 < 1500 ppm
A	Preheat ramp up temperature range	25℃ -> 150℃
B	Preheat ramp up rate	1.5~2.5 ℃/sec
C	Soak temperature range	150℃ -> 190℃
D	Soak time	80~110 sec
E	Liquidus temperature	217℃
F	Time above liquidus	60-90 sec
G	Peak temperature	240-250℃
H	Cool down temperature rate	≤4℃/sec

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