Planning a Web Site

- **❖Who is your target audience?**
- **❖What are major objectives of web site?**
- ❖ Examine similar sites for ideas
- **❖Develop consistent design theme**
 - **◆**External css files for common themes
- ❖Develop intuitive navigation system
 - ◆Best to limit links in group to maximum of 5
 - ◆Best to make all info 3 clicks from home page
 - ◆Best to create matching folder structure
 - ◆ Create site map to plan navigation structure

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Navigation

- **❖Navigation Road signs:**
 - ◆Make links clear and understandable
 - ◆Return to home obvious
 - **◆**Current location obvious
 - **◆Be Consistent**
- *30 Second Rule:
 - ◆Download Page with images (<100 kBytes)
 - ◆Understand Page (Links)

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Search Engine Cataloging

- Search engines generally use the Meta tags for cataloging purposes
- Meta tags are located in the head section

<meta name="description"

content="Web Design Course " /> </head>

Villeau>

❖ Instructs search engine not to index web page

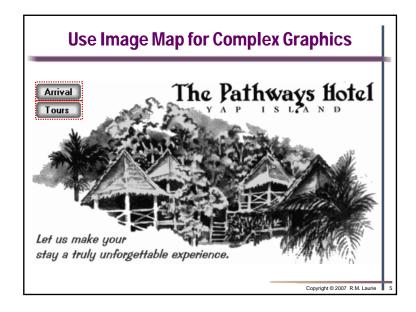
<meta name="robots" content="noindex,nofollow" />

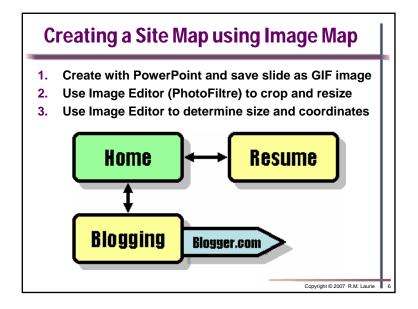
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Image Maps

- ❖ Multiple "hot spots" (clickable areas) on image
- Client Side Image Maps
 - ◆ Supported by browsers since Version 3.0
 - ◆ Processing done by client browser
 - ♦ Uses HTML elements only no CSS or JavaScript
- ❖ Server Side Image Maps
 - ◆ Works on even oldest of web browsers
 - ◆ Requires a CGI script to function
 - ◆ Beyond scope of this course
 - Client processing is better because no server

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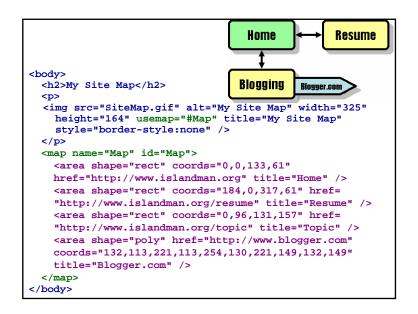
Client Image Map Syntax

- The img element has an optional usemap attribute which provides the reference to the image map.
- The map element specifies the image map. Use both name and id attributes for maximum browser support. <map name="Map" id="Map"> </map>
- The area elements specify the shape and dimensions of the hot spot area and includes coordinates. Use title attributes to create hover tips. <area shape="rect" coords="0,96,131,157" href= "http://www.islandman.org/topic" title="Topic" /> <area shape="poly" href="http://www.blogger.com" coords="132,113,221,113,254,130,221,149,132,149" title="Blogger.com" />

Hot Spot Shapes

- The area elements are empty elements encapsulated within the map element tags
- The shape attribute can specify three different hot spot shapes with appropriate dimensions
 - ◆ Rectangular Hot Spots <area shape=rect coords="0,0,15,45" href="?" /> A rectangle is defined using two points, top-left corner, and bottom-right corner of the rectangle.
 - ◆ Circular Hot Spots <area shape=circle coords="20,20,10" href="?" /> A circle is defined by its center and radius.
 - ◆ Polygon Hot Spots
 <area shape=poly coords="10,50,15,20, 20,50" />
 A polygon is built up by a list of coordinates. They are all connected in the order presented, and last coordinate pair is connected to the first. This triangle has vertices at (10,50), (15,20), (20,50).

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Timed Tunnels Transitions

- * Provide clickable hyperlink to go to the next page
- Timed automatic transition between html documents is accomplished using a Meta Element

<meta http-equiv="refresh" content="5;
URL=diduno2.htm">

- http-equiv="refresh"
 Refresh display loading a different HTML file
- ◆ content="5; URL=diduno2.htm"
- Commence loading document at specified URL in 5 seconds
- ◆ Important to set time delay long enough to load entire page
- ◆ Best to use Text Only or very small images
- Provide an clickable hyperlink as an alternative for user

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Tunnels

- ❖A tunnel is a linear series of HTML documents that the user passes through
- Tunnels are a good for photo album tour
 - ◆Minimizes image load requirements
 - ◆You can pre-load images for the next photo in sequence by including its image tag and setting height and width attributes to "1".
- Question and answer tunnels
 - Ask Question
 - ◆Provide Answer

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