MyMacros package documentation

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Fonts in math mode

normal: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\mathrm: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\mathbf: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\bm: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

\mathfrak: abcdefghijtlmnopqrstuvwxyz \mathsf: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

normal: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \mathrm: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\mathbf: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

ackslashbm: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\mathbb: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\mathcal: \ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \mathfrak: \ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

 $\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}} {\bf Mathscr:} \qquad {\it ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ}$

\mathsf: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Letter modifiers

\bar: $ar{a} \ ar{b} \ ar{c} \ ar{d} \ ar{e} \ ar{f} \ ar{g} \ ar{h} \ ar{i} \ ar{j} \ ar{k} \ ar{l} \ ar{m} \ ar{n} \ ar{o} \ ar{p} \ ar{q} \ ar{r} \ ar{s} \ ar{t} \ ar{u} \ ar{v} \ ar{w} \ ar{x} \ ar{y} \ ar{z}$

 $ar{A}\,ar{B}\,ar{C}\,ar{D}\,ar{E}\,ar{F}\,ar{G}\,ar{H}\,ar{I}\,ar{J}\,ar{K}\,ar{L}\,ar{M}\,ar{N}\,ar{O}\,ar{P}\,ar{Q}\,ar{R}\,ar{S}\,ar{T}\,ar{U}\,ar{V}\,ar{W}\,ar{X}\,ar{Y}\,ar{Z}$

\overline: $\overline{a}\ \overline{b}\ \overline{c}\ \overline{d}\ \overline{e}\ \overline{f}\ \overline{q}\ \overline{h}\ \overline{i}\ \overline{j}\ \overline{k}\ \overline{l}\ \overline{m}\ \overline{n}\ \overline{o}\ \overline{p}\ \overline{q}\ \overline{r}\ \overline{s}\ \overline{t}\ \overline{u}\ \overline{v}\ \overline{w}\ \overline{x}\ \overline{y}\ \overline{z}$

 $\overline{A}\,\overline{B}\,\overline{C}\,\overline{D}\,\overline{E}\,\overline{F}\,\overline{G}\,\overline{H}\,\overline{I}\,\overline{J}\,\overline{K}\,\overline{L}\,\overline{M}\,\overline{N}\,\overline{O}\,\overline{P}\,\overline{Q}\,\overline{R}\,\overline{S}\,\overline{T}\,\overline{U}\,\overline{V}\,\overline{W}\,\overline{X}\,\overline{Y}\,\overline{Z}$

\tilde: $\widetilde{a}\ \widetilde{b}\ \widetilde{c}\ \widetilde{d}\ \widetilde{e}\ \widetilde{f}\ \widetilde{g}\ \widetilde{h}\ \widetilde{i}\ \widetilde{j}\ \widetilde{k}\ \widetilde{l}\ \widetilde{m}\ \widetilde{n}\ \widetilde{o}\ \widetilde{p}\ \widetilde{q}\ \widetilde{r}\ \widetilde{s}\ \widetilde{t}\ \widetilde{u}\ \widetilde{v}\ \widetilde{w}\ \widetilde{x}\ \widetilde{y}\ \widetilde{z}$

 $\widetilde{A}\,\widetilde{B}\,\widetilde{C}\,\widetilde{D}\,\widetilde{E}\,\widetilde{F}\,\widetilde{G}\,\widetilde{H}\,\widetilde{I}\,\widetilde{J}\,\widetilde{K}\,\widetilde{L}\,\widetilde{M}\,\widetilde{N}\,\widetilde{O}\,\widetilde{P}\,\widetilde{Q}\,\widetilde{R}\,\widetilde{S}\,\widetilde{T}\,\widetilde{U}\,\widetilde{V}\,\widetilde{W}\,\widetilde{X}\,\widetilde{Y}\,\widetilde{Z}$

\narrowtilde: $\tilde{a} \ \tilde{b} \ \tilde{c} \ \tilde{d} \ \tilde{e} \ \tilde{f} \ \tilde{g} \ \tilde{h} \ \tilde{i} \ \tilde{j} \ \tilde{k} \ \tilde{l} \ \tilde{m} \ \tilde{n} \ \tilde{o} \ \tilde{p} \ \tilde{q} \ \tilde{r} \ \tilde{s} \ \tilde{t} \ \tilde{u} \ \tilde{v} \ \tilde{w} \ \tilde{x} \ \tilde{y} \ \tilde{z}$

 $\tilde{A}\,\tilde{B}\,\tilde{C}\,\tilde{D}\,\tilde{E}\,\tilde{F}\,\tilde{G}\,\tilde{H}\,\tilde{I}\,\tilde{J}\,\tilde{K}\,\tilde{L}\,\tilde{M}\,\tilde{N}\,\tilde{O}\,\tilde{P}\,\tilde{Q}\,\tilde{R}\,\tilde{S}\,\tilde{T}\,\tilde{U}\,\tilde{V}\,\tilde{W}\,\tilde{X}\,\tilde{Y}\,\tilde{Z}$

\hat: $\widehat{a} \ \widehat{b} \ \widehat{c} \ \widehat{d} \ \widehat{e} \ \widehat{f} \ \widehat{g} \ \widehat{h} \ \widehat{i} \ \widehat{j} \ \widehat{k} \ \widehat{l} \ \widehat{m} \ \widehat{n} \ \widehat{o} \ \widehat{p} \ \widehat{q} \ \widehat{r} \ \widehat{s} \ \widehat{t} \ \widehat{u} \ \widehat{v} \ \widehat{w} \ \widehat{x} \ \widehat{y} \ \widehat{z}$

 $\widehat{A}\,\widehat{B}\,\widehat{C}\,\widehat{D}\,\widehat{E}\,\widehat{F}\,\widehat{G}\,\widehat{H}\,\widehat{I}\,\widehat{J}\,\widehat{K}\,\widehat{L}\,\widehat{M}\,\widehat{N}\,\widehat{O}\,\widehat{P}\,\widehat{Q}\,\widehat{R}\,\widehat{S}\,\widehat{T}\,\widehat{U}\,\widehat{V}\,\widehat{W}\,\widehat{X}\,\widehat{Y}\,\widehat{Z}$

\narrowhat: $\hat{a} \; \hat{b} \; \hat{c} \; \hat{d} \; \hat{e} \; \hat{f} \; \hat{g} \; \hat{h} \; \hat{i} \; \hat{j} \; \hat{k} \; \hat{l} \; \hat{m} \; \hat{n} \; \hat{o} \; \hat{p} \; \hat{q} \; \hat{r} \; \hat{s} \; \hat{t} \; \hat{u} \; \hat{v} \; \hat{w} \; \hat{x} \; \hat{y} \; \hat{z}$

 $\hat{A}\,\hat{B}\,\hat{C}\,\hat{D}\,\hat{E}\,\hat{F}\,\hat{G}\,\hat{H}\,\hat{I}\,\hat{J}\,\hat{K}\,\hat{L}\,\hat{M}\,\hat{N}\,\hat{O}\,\hat{P}\,\hat{Q}\,\hat{R}\,\hat{S}\,\hat{T}\,\hat{U}\,\hat{V}\,\hat{W}\,\hat{X}\,\hat{Y}\,\hat{Z}$

\dot: $\dot{a}\ \dot{b}\ \dot{c}\ \dot{d}\ \dot{e}\ \dot{f}\ \dot{g}\ \dot{h}\ \dot{i}\ \dot{j}\ \dot{k}\ \dot{l}\ \dot{m}\ \dot{n}\ \dot{o}\ \dot{p}\ \dot{q}\ \dot{r}\ \dot{s}\ \dot{t}\ \dot{u}\ \dot{v}\ \dot{w}\ \dot{x}\ \dot{y}\ \dot{z}$

 $\dot{A}\dot{B}\dot{C}\dot{D}\dot{E}\dot{F}\dot{G}\dot{H}\dot{I}\dot{J}\dot{K}\dot{L}\dot{M}\dot{N}\dot{O}\dot{P}\dot{Q}\dot{R}\dot{S}\dot{T}\dot{U}\dot{V}\dot{W}\dot{X}\dot{Y}\dot{Z}$

\ddot: $\ddot{a} \ddot{b} \ddot{c} \ddot{d} \ddot{e} \ddot{f} \ddot{q} \ddot{h} \ddot{i} \ddot{j} \ddot{k} \ddot{l} \ddot{m} \ddot{n} \ddot{o} \ddot{p} \ddot{q} \ddot{r} \ddot{s} \ddot{t} \ddot{u} \ddot{v} \ddot{w} \ddot{x} \ddot{y} \ddot{z}$

 $\ddot{A}\ddot{B}\ddot{C}\ddot{D}\ddot{E}\ddot{F}\ddot{G}\ddot{H}\ddot{I}\ddot{J}\ddot{K}\ddot{L}\ddot{M}\ddot{N}\ddot{O}\ddot{P}\ddot{Q}\ddot{R}\ddot{S}\ddot{T}\ddot{U}\ddot{V}\ddot{W}\ddot{X}\ddot{Y}\ddot{Z}$

Common notation

Differentials can be written with \dd.

$$a dx + b dy$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx \qquad \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x) d\mu(x)$$

Integrals can be typeset with \int, \iint, \oint and \dint.

$$\int_{a}^{b} \sin x \, dx \qquad \qquad \iint_{A} f(x, y) \, d\lambda(x, y) \qquad \qquad \oint_{\gamma} \ln z \, dz \qquad \qquad \oint_{Q} f(x) \, dx$$

The commands \Re and \Im have been redefined.

$$Re(z)$$
 $Im(z)$

For probability theory we have \P r, \P and \P ar.

$$\mathbb{P}[X \in A] \qquad \qquad \mathbb{E}[X^2] \qquad \qquad \operatorname{Var}[X]$$

For common arrows we have \to, \into and \onto. For setting symbols above and below other symbols use \overset and \underset.

$$f: A \to B$$
 $A \hookrightarrow B$ $A \xrightarrow{f} B$

Multiline quantifiers can be written with \substack.

$$\sum_{\substack{i \in \mathbb{Z} \\ i \text{ odd}}} \frac{1}{i^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$

$$p(x,y) = \sum_{\substack{i,j \in \mathbb{Z} \\ i,j \geqslant 0 \\ i+j \le 100}} x^i y^j$$

Use \loc to denote local spaces: $L^1_{loc}(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

The following commands use the variant version, \epsilon, \phi, \emptyset, \leq and \geq.

$$\varepsilon$$
 φ \varnothing \leqslant \geqslant

The old symbols can still be accessed with \leq and \leq .

The following $\mbox{\mbox{$\backslash$}}$ variables can be accessed with \N , \Z , \Q , \R , \C , \K , \P , \V and \I .

Additionally, \1 can be used to write 1. The old \P can still be accessed with \pilcrow: \(\P \).

The \prep can be used to write the \perp before the variable: $^{\perp}V$. The \comp and \trans can be used to write set complement and matrix transpose: A^{c} and A^{T} . The \div and \ndiv can be used to denote divisibility: $a \mid b$ and $a \nmid b$.

You can use the dcases* environment to write nice conditional expressions.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} & \text{if } x \text{ is even} \\ 3x + 1 & \text{if } x \text{ is odd} \end{cases}.$$

Latin abbreviations

The Latin abbreviations can be written with $\ensuremath{\text{ie}}$, $\ensuremath{\text{eg}}$, $\ensuremath{\text{cf}}$, $\ensuremath{\text{etc.}}$, e.g., e.g.,

Enumerate

We can create an ordered list.

- i. First item
- ii. Second item
 - (a) First subitem
- iii. Third item

We can also include some text in the middle and resume with the list.

- iv. Fourth item
- v. Fifth item

Similarly, we can create an unordered list.

- An item
- Another item

Fixes

The spacing is correct when using a comma as a decimal separator, but also when using the comma as a separator normally when including a space.

$$\pi = 3,1415926535\dots \tag{1,2}$$

The spacing of delimiters is fixed, *i.e.*, it is safe to use \left and \right.

$$\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 $\qquad \qquad \alpha\left(\int_A f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x\right) \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-1}{x^2-2}\right)$

The \setminus and \smallsetminus now looks like this: $A \setminus B$ and $A \setminus B$.

In addition to \texteuro (\in) or the \in symbol, you can use \euro (\in).

Theorem environments

Theorem 1.1. Let R be a ring. If $A, B \in R$ are such that AB = BA, then

$$(A+B)(A-B) = A^2 - B^2.$$

Lemma 1.2 (Euclid [1, page 3]). Here is a named lemma.

Proof. This is the proof of the above lemma.

⇒ Denote this direction with \ProofRightarrow.

E Denote this direction with \ProofLeftarrow.

Proof of Theorem 1.1. This is the proof for the above theorem.

$$(A+B)(A-B) = AA - AB + BA - BB$$

(By commutativity of A and B)

$$= AA - AB + AB - BB$$

(By canceling the terms)

$$= A^2 - B^2$$

References

 $[1]\;$ Euclid, "Some paper," $Annals\;of\;Mathematics,\;400 \mathrm{BCE}.$