
Introduction to structural equation modeling and mixed models in

Day 9 – Part 2: SEM

Oksana Buzhdygan

oksana.buzh@fu-berlin.de

- Interactions in SEM
 - ✓ Single Interactions in sub-models
 - ✓ Multigroup Analysis (model-wide interactions)
-

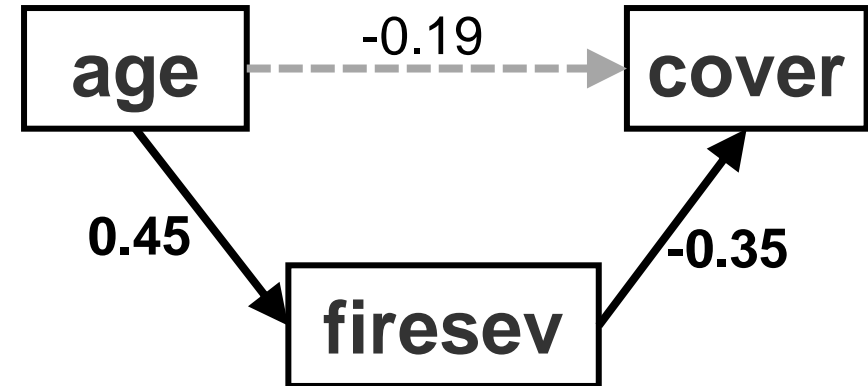
- Interactions in SEM
 - ✓ **Single Interactions in sub-models**
 - ✓ Multigroup Analysis (model-wide interactions)
-

Interactions

- reproduces a single variance-covariance matrix



```
# Keeley data  
library(piecewiseSEM)  
data(keeley)
```



Data: Grace, J.B. and Keeley, J.E. 2006. A structural equation model analysis of postfire plant diversity in California shrublands. *Ecological Applications* 16:503-514

Interactions

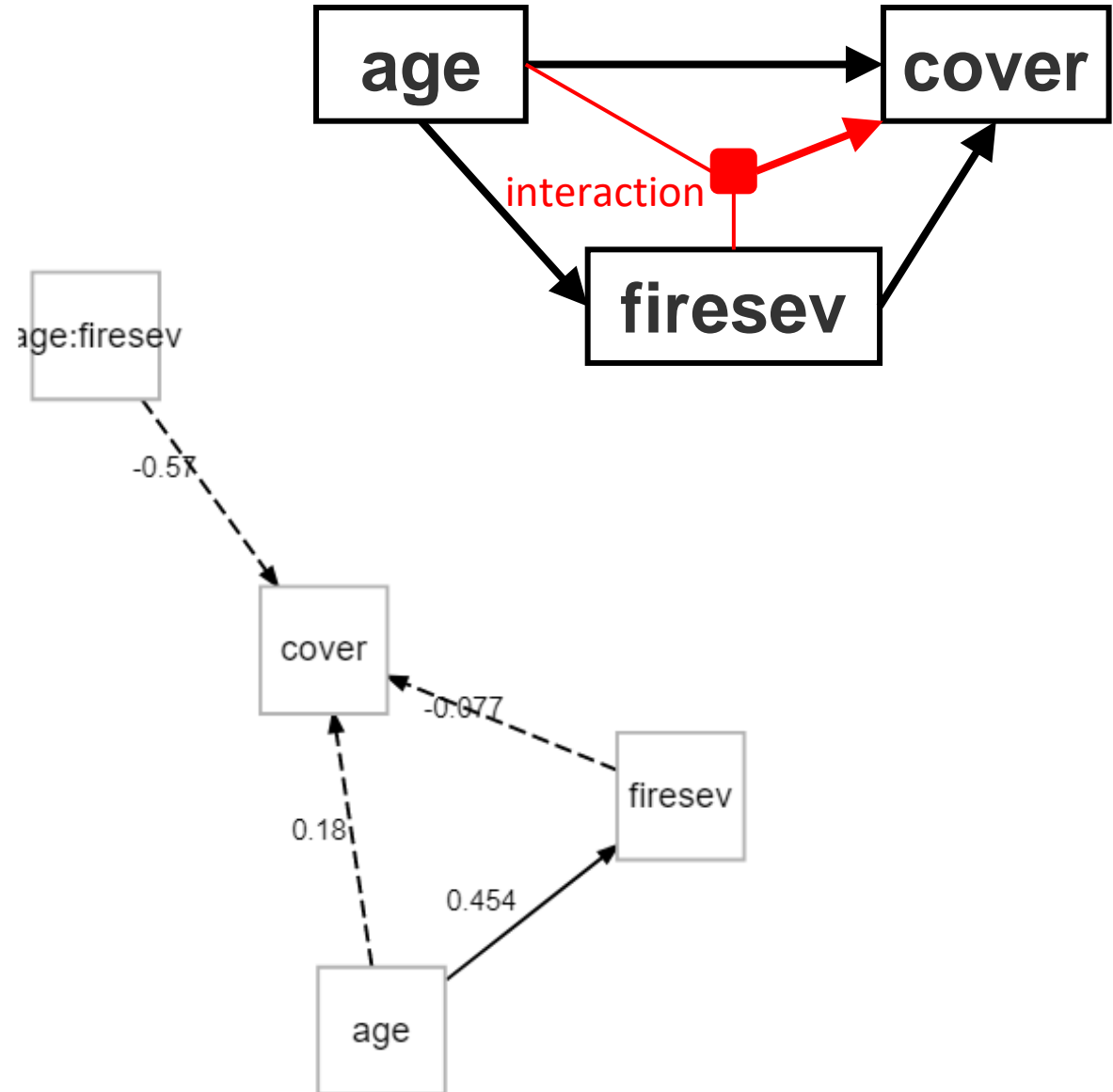
```
library(piecewiseSEM)

data(keeley)

psem_m1 <- psem(
  lm(cover ~ age*firesev, data = keeley),
  lm(firesev ~ age, data = keeley)
)

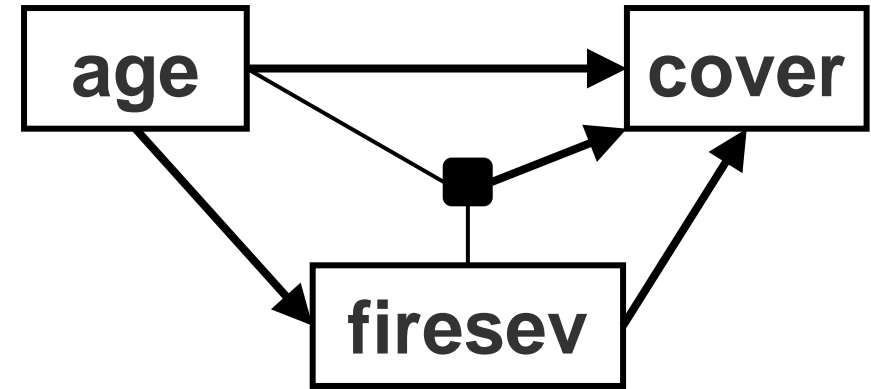
plot(psem_m1)
```

Does the effect of fire severity on plant cover depends on plant age?



Interactions

```
psem_m1 <- psem(  
  lm(cover ~ age*firesev, data = keeley),  
  lm(firesev ~ age, data = keeley))  
  
fisherC(psem_m1) # This is saturated model (no DF)  
LLchisq(psem_m1)  
  
> Fisher.C df P.Value  
1 NA 0 NA  
> Chisq df P.Value  
1 0 0 1
```



Interactions

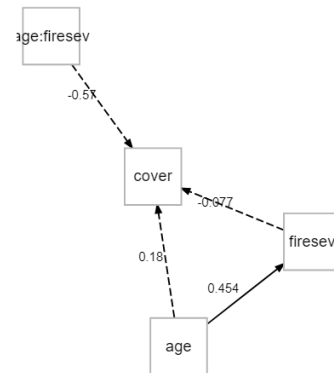
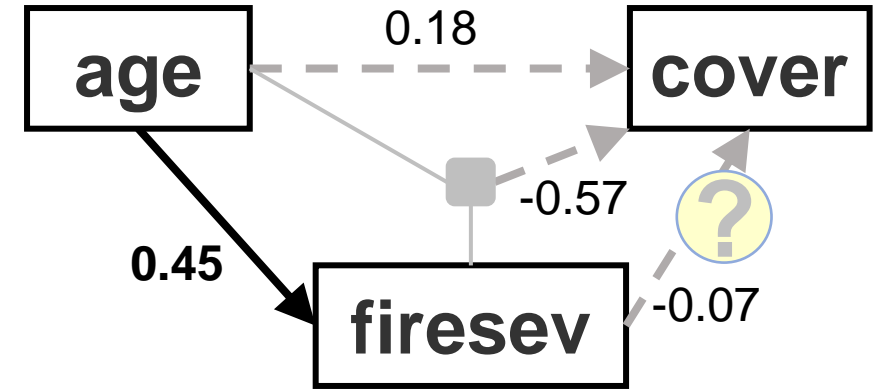
```
psem_m1 <- psem(
  lm(cover ~ age*firesev, data = keeley),
  lm(firesev ~ age, data = keeley))

fisherC(psem_m1) # This is saturated model (no DF)
LLchisq(psem_m1)

> Fisher.C df P.Value
1 NA 0 NA
> Chisq df P.Value
1 0 0 1
```

```
coefs(psem_m1)
>
  Response    Predictor Estimate Std.Error DF Crit.Value P.Value Std.Estimate
1    cover          age   0.0045  0.0067 86    0.6786  0.4992    0.1800
2    cover    firesev -0.0149  0.0398 86   -0.3729  0.7101   -0.0774
3    cover age:firesev -0.0021  0.0014 86   -1.5263  0.1306   -0.5700
4  firesev          age   0.0597  0.0125 88    4.7781  0.0000    0.4539 ***
```

```
with(keeley, cor(age, age*firesev))
>
[1] 0.8687952 # we have collinearity
```



Centering data helps
remove collinearities.

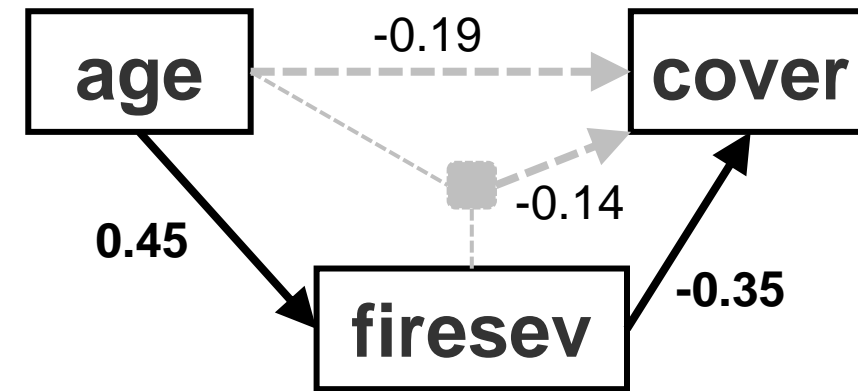
Interactions

Centering data helps
remove collinearities.

Centering for Interactions

```
data2 <- data.frame(age_c=scale(keeley$age, scale=FALSE),  
                    firesev_c=scale(keeley$firesev, scale=FALSE),  
                    cover=keeley$cover)
```

```
with(data2, cor(age_c, age_c*firesev_c))  
>  
[1] -0.06792114
```



```
psem_m2 <- psem(  
  lm(cover ~ age_c*firesev_c, data = data2),  
  lm(firesev_c ~ age_c, data = data2))
```

```
> coefs(psem_m2)
```

	Response	Predictor	Estimate	Std.Error	DF	Crit.Value	P.Value	Std.Estimate	
1	cover	age_c	-0.0050	0.0027	86	-1.8810	0.0634	-0.1985	
2	cover	firesev_c	-0.0684	0.0203	86	-3.3752	0.0011	-0.3561	**
3	cover	age_c:firesev_c	-0.0021	0.0014	86	-1.5263	0.1306	-0.1438	
4	firesev_c	age_c	0.0597	0.0125	88	4.7781	0.0000	0.4539	***

Interactions

lavaan

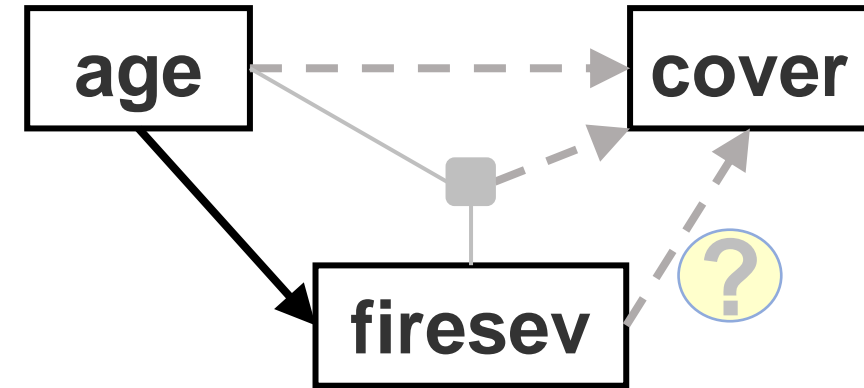
```
# Interactions using lavaan
```

```
library(lavaan)
sem_m1 <- '
  firesev ~ age
  cover ~ firesev + age + firesev:age
'
sem_fit1 <- sem(sem_m1, data=keeley)
```

```
summary(sem_fit2, standardize = T)
```

Regressions:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
firesev ~						
age	0.060	0.012	4.832	0.000	0.060	0.454
cover ~						
firesev	-0.015	0.020	-0.751	0.453	-0.015	-0.079
age	0.005	0.005	0.941	0.347	0.005	0.183
firesev:age	-0.002	0.001	-3.073	0.002	-0.002	-0.580



Interactions

lavaan

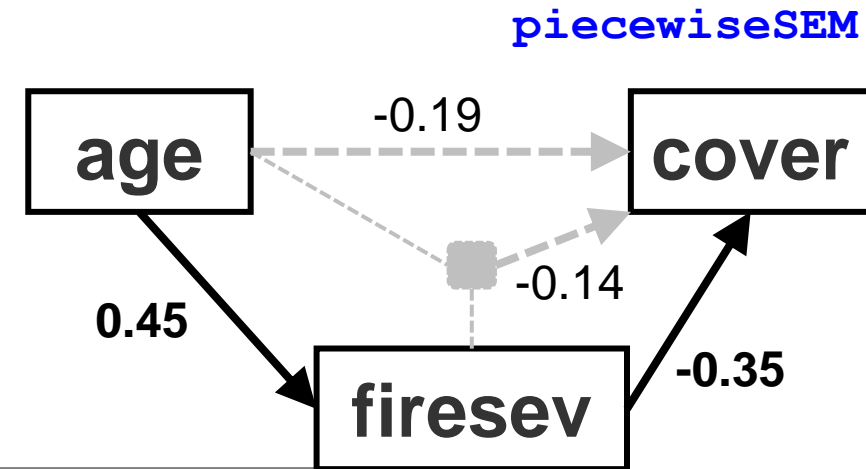
```
# use centered data
```

```
sem_m2<-'  
  firesev_c ~ age_c  
  cover ~ firesev_c + age_c + firesev_c:age_c  
'  
sem_fit2 <- sem(sem_m2, data=data2)
```

```
summary(sem_fit2, standardize = T)
```

Regressions:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
firesev_c ~						
age_c	0.060	0.012	4.832	0.000	0.060	0.454
cover ~						
firesev_c	-0.068	0.020	-3.455	0.001	-0.068	-0.356
age_c	-0.005	0.003	-1.923	0.055	-0.005	-0.198
firesev_c:age_c	-0.002	0.001	-1.562	0.118	-0.002	-0.144



Interactions

lavaan

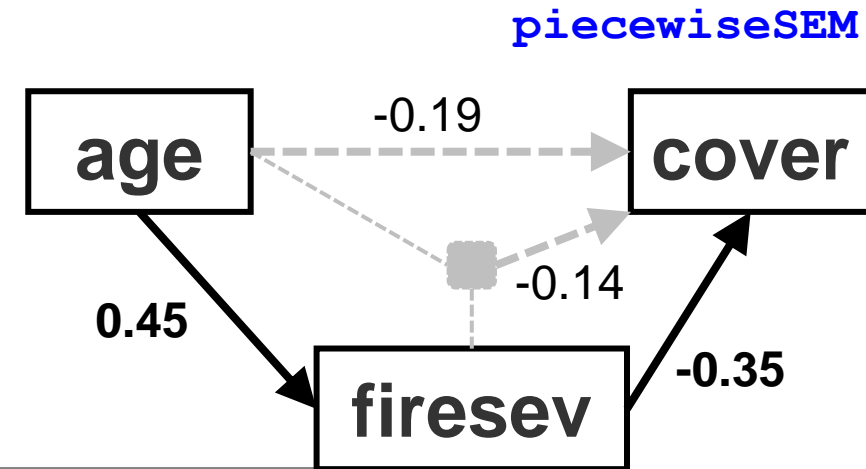
```
# use centered data
```

```
sem_m2<-'  
  firesev_c ~ age_c  
  cover ~ firesev_c + age_c + firesev_c:age_c  
'  
sem_fit2 <- sem(sem_m2, data=data2)
```

```
summary(sem_fit2, standardize = T)
```

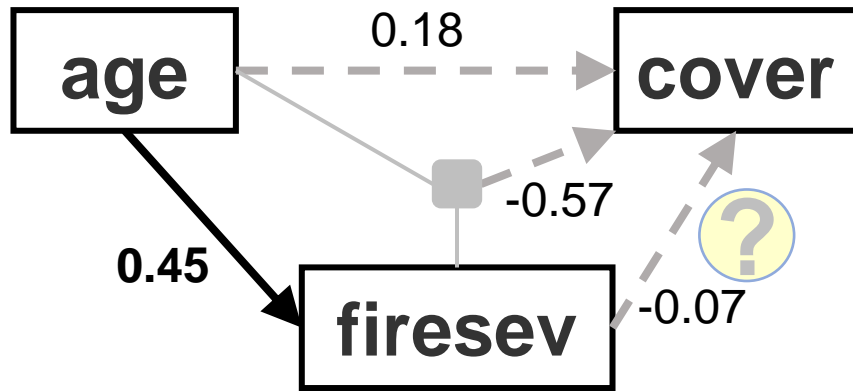
Regressions:

	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv	Std.all
firesev_c ~						
age_c	0.060	0.012	4.832	0.000	0.060	0.454
cover ~						
firesev_c	-0.068	0.020	-3.455	0.001	-0.068	-0.356
age_c	-0.005	0.003	-1.923	0.055	-0.005	-0.198
firesev_c:age_c	-0.002	0.001	-1.562	0.118	-0.002	-0.144



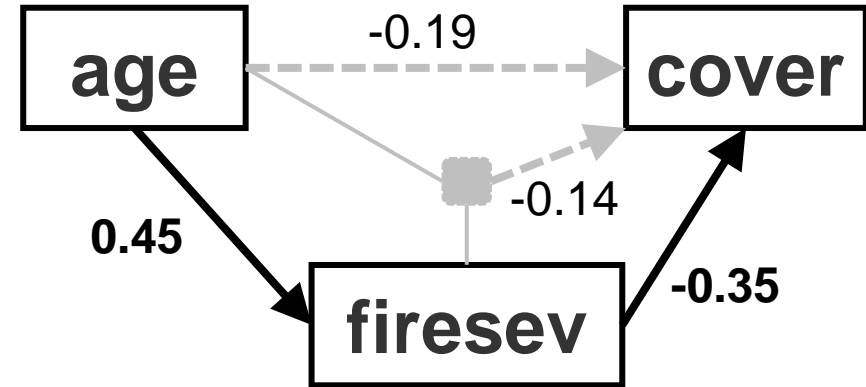
Interactions

Uncentered



Additive paths estimate the effect of one variable in the absence of the other.

Centered

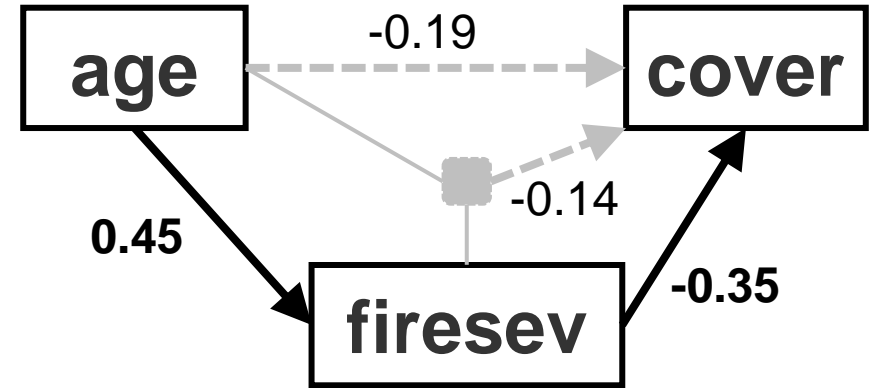


Additive paths estimate the effect of one variable at the average level of the other

**Fire severity has no effect when age = 0 versus
fire severity has an effect at the mean level of age.**

Result for interaction: the effect of fire severity on plant cover does not differ with plant age.

Interactions



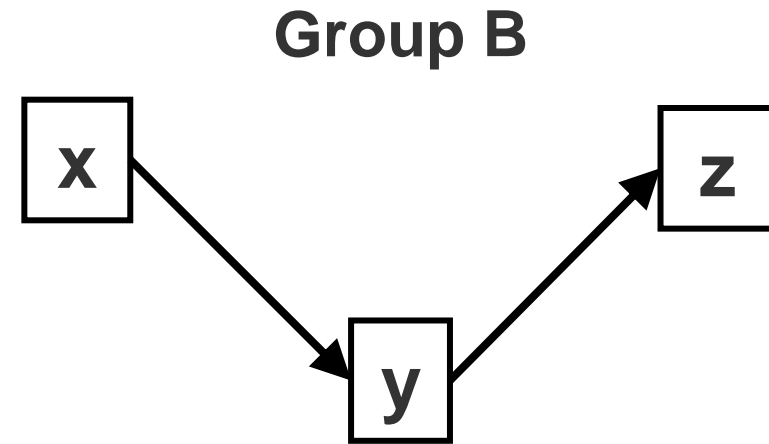
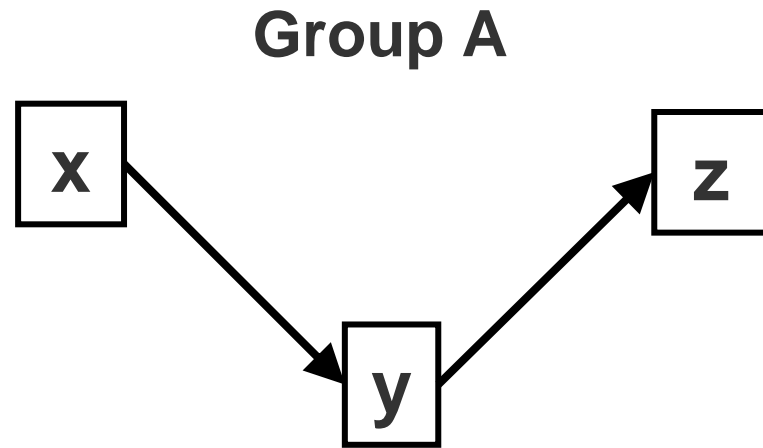
Result for interaction: the effect of fire severity on plant cover does not differ with plant age.

Fire severity is expected to have the same magnitude of effect regardless of what is the age of plant.

Multigroup Analysis

A **multigroup** model is a “model-wide” interaction:

- Instead of focusing on a single response, the interaction is applied across the entire SEM model;
- It asks if not just one but *all* coefficients are the same or different across groups;
- It identifies which paths have the same effect across groups and which paths vary depending on the group.



- Interactions in SEM
 - ✓ Single Interactions in sub-models
 - ✓ **Multigroup Analysis (model-wide interactions)**
-

Global vs. Local Estimations

Properties:	Covariance-based SEM	Piecewise SEM
Interactions (test whether effect of one variable vary with another variable)	Allows testing interactions	Allows testing interactions
Multigroup Analysis (test whether some or all effects in the SEM vary by the grouping variable)	back-and-forth manual process of relaxing and constraining paths in <i>lavaan</i>	<i>piecewiseSEM</i> tests constraints and automatically selects the best output for the data

Multigroup Analysis

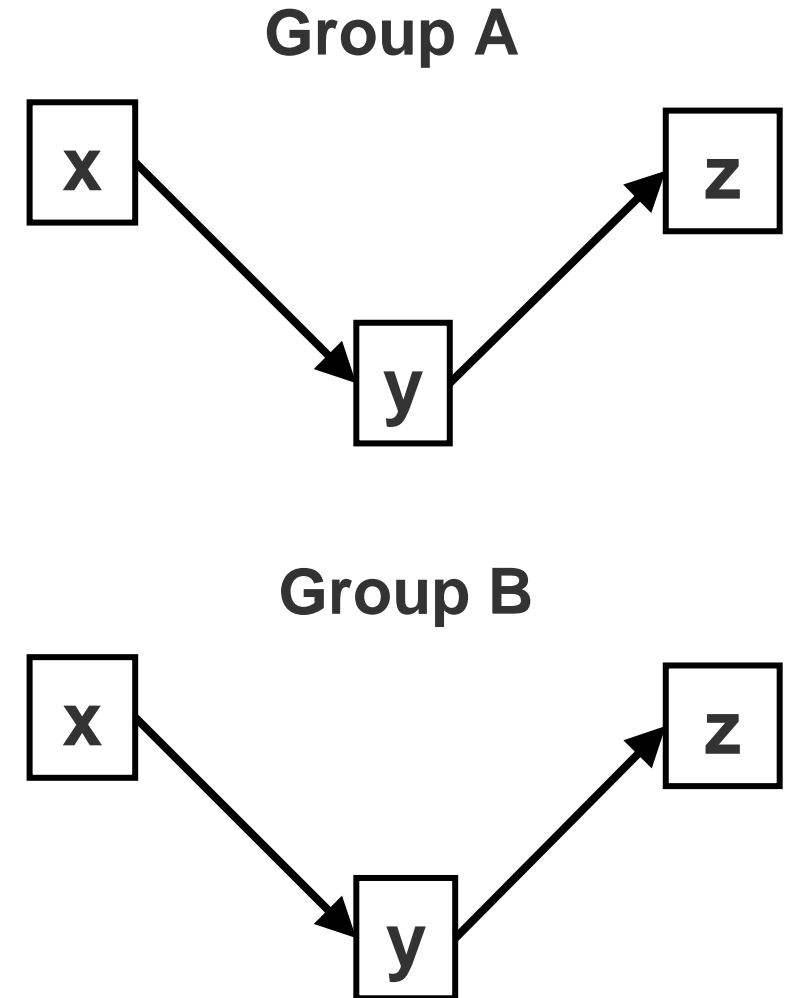
```
data3 <- read.csv("Data/SEMdata2.csv")

anova(lm(y ~ x * Group, data3))
>
Response: y
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
x	1	8.2740	8.2740	97.9518	2.475e-16	***
Group	1	0.2772	0.2772	3.2811	0.07321	.
x:Group	1	0.3974	0.3974	4.7051	0.03254	*
Residuals	96	8.1091	0.0845			


```
anova(lm(z ~ y * Group, data3))
>
Response: z
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
y	1	15.8899	15.8899	176.3764	<2e-16	***
Group	1	0.0366	0.0366	0.4066	0.5252	
y:Group	1	0.1271	0.1271	1.4107	0.2379	
Residuals	96	8.6487	0.0901			



Multigroup Analysis

```
library(piecewiseSEM)
```

```
psem_model <- psem(  
  lm(y ~ x, data3),  
  lm(z ~ y, data3))
```

```
multigroup(psem_model, group = "Group")
```

Interaction variable

```
>
```

```
Groups = Group [ A, B ]
```

```
---
```

```
Global goodness-of-fit:
```

```
Fisher's C = 0.301 with P-value = 0.86 and on 2 degrees  
of freedom
```

```
---
```

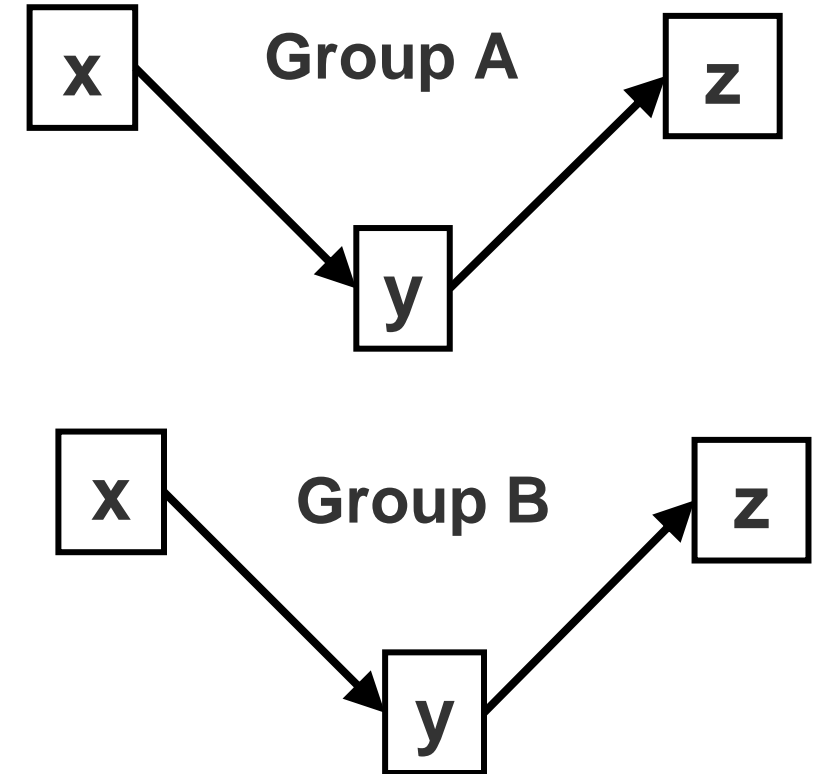
```
Model-wide Interactions:
```

Response	Predictor	Test.Stat	DF	P.Value
y	x:Group	8.3	1	0.0325 *
z	y:Group	15.5	1	0.2379

```
y -> z constrained to the global model
```

```
---
```

estimates the effect of y on z using the entire dataset and report that single constrained coefficient across all groups



Day 9 Task 1

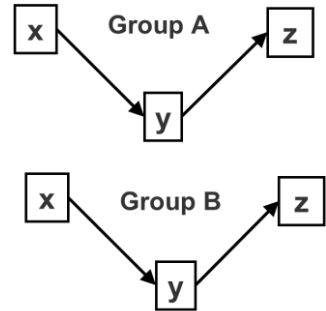
```
>
...
Group [A] coefficients:

  Response Predictor Estimate Std.Error DF  Crit.Value P.Value Std.Estimate
        y         x   0.7712   0.1662 48     4.6387      0      0.5563 ***
        z         y   0.9652   0.0726 98    13.2931      0      0.6895 *** c

Group [B] coefficients:

  Response Predictor Estimate Std.Error DF  Crit.Value P.Value Std.Estimate
        y         x   1.2404   0.1379 48     8.9963      0      0.7923 ***
        z         y   0.9652   0.0726 98    13.2931      0      0.8914 *** c

Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05      c = constrained
```



Day 9 Task 2

The Effects of Grazing on Finnish Coastal Meadows



Photo: Jorma Pessa

```
# meadow data
```

```
library(pieewiseSEM)
```

```
data(meadows)
```

grazed is our grouping variable

```
> str(meadows)
```

```
'data.frame': 354 obs. of 4 variables:
```

```
$ grazed: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
$ mass : num 461.6 704.8 1278.8 76.4 ...
```

```
$ elev : num 19.2 18.8 12.5 38.2 37.4 ...
```

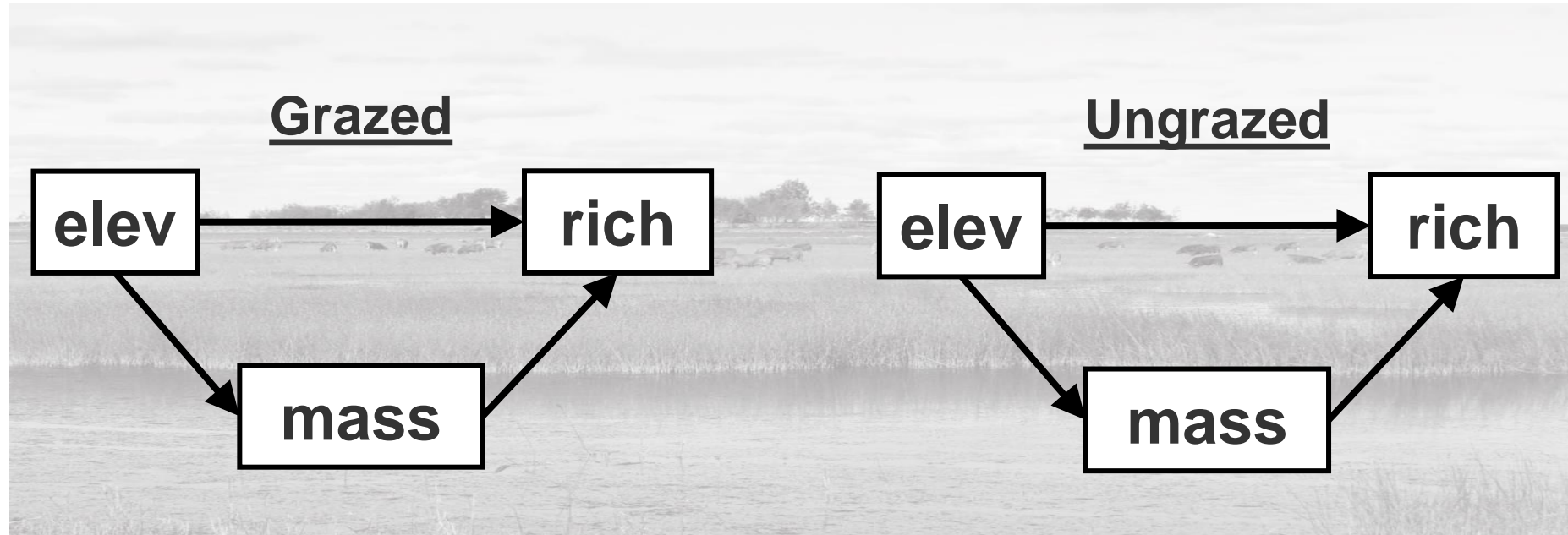
```
$ rich : int 6 2 1 6 14 12 6 10 10 17 ...
```

Data:

Jutila, H. (1997) Vascular plant species richness in grazed and ungrazed coastal meadows, SW Finland. - Ann. Bot. Fenn. 34:245-263.

Grace, J.B. and Jutila, H. (1999) The relationship between species density and community biomass in grazed and ungrazed coastal meadows. Oikos, 85:398-408.

Hypothetical model



Task:

Perform the multigroup analysis for this hypothetical SEM model using *piecewiseSEM*