

Iris Dataset Background

- The Iris dataset is one of the most famous datasets in statistics and machine learning.
- It was introduced in 1936 by Ronald A. Fisher, a British statistician.
- The dataset was originally used in his paper:
"The use of multiple measurements in taxonomic problems".
- Fisher collected data about three species of Iris flowers:
 - * Iris setosa
 - * Iris versicolor
 - * Iris virginica
- Each flower sample has 4 measurements (features):
 1. Sepal length
 2. Sepal width
 3. Petal length
 4. Petal width
- There are 150 samples total (50 per species).
- The dataset was originally collected from the Gaspé Peninsula in Canada.
- Why it matters:
 - * It's small and clean — easy to practice on.
 - * It's historically important — used in early examples of discriminant analysis.
 - * It's widely available in scikit-learn and other libraries.