Wicket – JDBC TUTORIAL 6

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- A major problem with the application as implemented so far is that the data the user enters do not persist.
- Every time, the application starts with an empty collection and added movies are lost when the application is shut down. In this chapter we will see how to store the data in a database.

SQL & JDBC

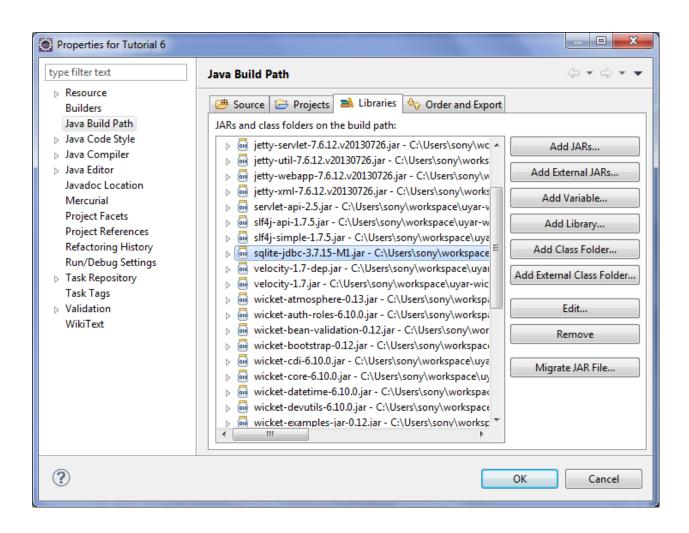
((

The Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) API is the industry standard for database-independent connectivity between the Java programming language and a wide range of databases SQL databases and other tabular data sources, such as spreadsheets or flat files. The JDBC API provides a call-level API for SQL-based database access.

JDBC technology allows you to use the Java programming language to exploit "Write Once, Run Anywhere" capabilities for applications that require access to enterprise data. With a JDBC technology-enabled driver, you can connect all corporate data even in a heterogeneous environment.

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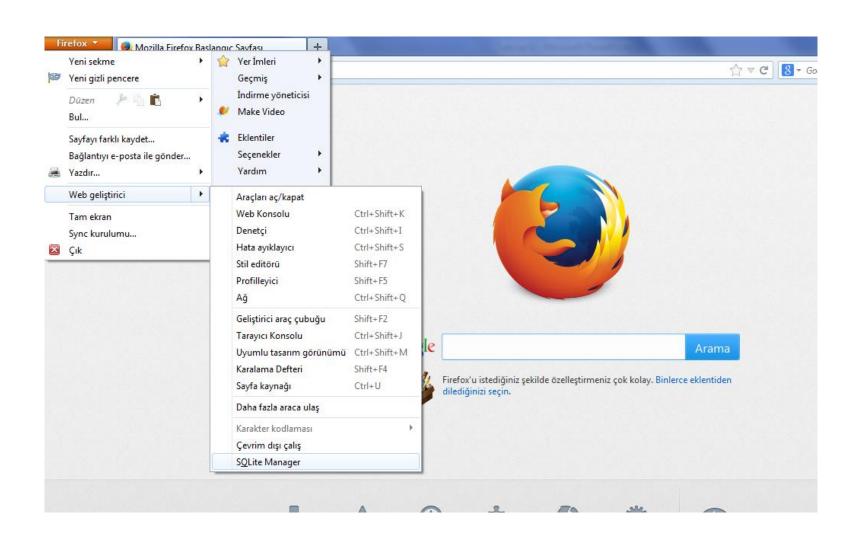
- uses SQLite for database => add SQLite JDBC driver.
- Download the JDBC driver JAR file for SQLite from the following page, put it in the lib directory, and add it to the project classpath:
- http://www.xerial.org/trac/Xerial/wiki/SQLiteJ
 DBC

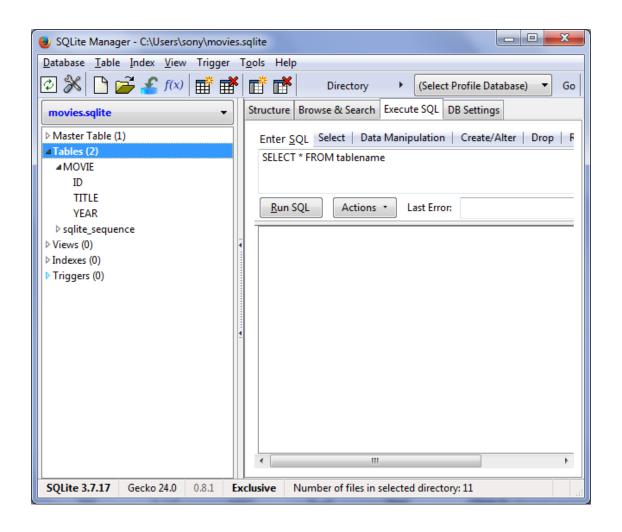


- You can use the SQLite Manager add-on for Firefox to manage SQLite databases:
- https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/sqlite-manager/
- Next, create a database with the name movies.sqlite in your home directory and create a table in it using the following SQL statement:

```
CREATE TABLE MOVIE

( ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
   TITLE VARCHAR(80) NOT NULL,
   YEAR INTEGER )
```





- Add a Java interface with the name IMovieCollection.
- The interface has to declare the methods.

```
package wicket.quickstart;
import java.util.List;

public interface IMovieCollection {
   public List<Movie> getMovies();
   public void addMovie(Movie movie);
   public void deleteMovie(Movie movie);
   public void updateMovie(Movie movie);
}
```

 The MovieCollection class based on lists already implements this interface; we just have to acknowledge this by changing the class definition:

```
public MovieCollection implements IMovieCollection
{
    ...
}
```

 We also have to change the code pieces that refer to the MovieCollection class so that they will use the IMovieCollection interface.

```
public class WicketApplication extends WebApplication {
  private IMovieCollection collection;
  @Override
  public Class<? extends WebPage> getHomePage() {
    return HomePage.class;
 @Override
  public void init() {
    super.init();
    this._collection = new MovieCollection();
 public IMovieCollection getCollection() {
    return this._collection;
```

 Movie objects have identifiers. Getter and setter methods are also defined.

· Movie.java

Id Property,

Constructor,

Getter & setter s

```
public class Movie {
    private int id = -1;
    private String title;
    private int year;
    ...

public Movie(int anId, String aTitle, int aYear) {
        this(aTitle);
        this.setId(anId);
        this.setYear(aYear);
    }

public int getId() {
        return this.id;
    }

public void setId(int anId) {
        this.id = anId;
    }

...
}
```

MovieCollectionJDBC class

Movies were on the list, and add, delete operations were performed on list:

Should be modified for DB

Sqlite jdbc driver

Connection is performed and kept in local variable **db**

```
public class MovieCollectionJDBC implements IMovieCollection {
  private Connection _db;
  public MovieCollectionJDBC(String dbFilePath) {
    try {
      Class.forName("org.sqlite.JDBC");
    } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
      throw new UnsupportedOperationException(e.getMessage());
 try {
      String jdbcURL = "jdbc:sqlite:" + dbFilePath;
      this._db = DriverManager.getConnection(jdbcURL);
    } catch (SQLException ex) {
      throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
  public List<Movie> getMovies() { ...}
  public void addMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
  public void deleteMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
 public void updateMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
```

MovieCollection.java – get Movies

```
public class MovicCollection {
   private List<Movie> movies;
   public MovieCollection() {
        this.movies = new LinkedList<Movie>();
}
   public List<Movie> getMovies() {
        return this.movies;
}
   public void addMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.add(aMovie);
}
   public void deleteMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.remove(aMovie);
}
```

```
public List<Movie> getMovies()
    List<Movie> movies = new LinkedList<Movie>();
   try |
        String query = "SELECT ID, TITLE, YR FROM MOVIE";
        Statement statement = this.db.createStatement();
        ResultSet result = statement.executeQuery(query);
        while (result.next()) (
            int id = result.getInt("ID");
            String title = result.getString("TITLE");
            int year = result.getInt("YR");
            movies.add(new Movie(id, title, year));
     catch (SQLException ex)
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
    return movies;
```

· MovieCollection.java - add Movie

```
public class MovieCollection {
    private List<Movie> movies;
    public MovieCollection() {
        this.movies = new LinkedList<Movie>();
    }
    public List<Movie> getMovies() {
        return this.movies;
    }
    public void addMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.add(aMovie);
    }
    public void deleteMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.remove(aMovie);
    }
}
```

```
public void addMovie(Movie aMovie) {
    try {
        String query = "INSERT INTO MOVIE(TITLE, YR) VALUES(?, ?)";
        PreparedStatement statement = this.db.prepareStatement(query);
        statement.setString(1, aMovie.getTitle());
        statement.setInt(2, aMovie.getYear());
        statement.executeUpdate();
    } catch (SQLException ex) {
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
    }
}
```

MovieCollection.java – delete Movie

```
public class MovieCollection {
    private List<Movie> movies;
    public MovieCollection() {
        this.movies = new LinkedList<Movie>();
}
    public List<Movie> getMovies() {
        return this.movies;
}
    public void addMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.add(aMovie);
}
    public void deletaMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.remove(aMovie);
}
```

```
public void deleteMovie(Movie aMovie) {
    try {
        String query = "DELETE FROM MOVIE WHERE (ID = ?)";
        PreparedStatement statement = this.db.prepareStatement(query);
        statement.setInt(1, aMovie.getId());
        statement.executeUpdate();
    } catch (SQLException ex) {
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
    }
}
```

MovieCollection.java – update Movie

```
public class MovieCollection {
    private List<Movie> movies;
    public MovieCollection() {
        this.movies = new LinkedList<Movie>();
}
    public List<Movie> getMovies() {
        return this.movies;
}
    public void addMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.add(aMovie);
}
    public void deleteMovie(Movie aMovie) {
        this.movies.remove(aMovie);
}
```

```
public void updateMovie(Movie aMovie) {
    try {
        String query = "UPDATE MOVIE SET TITLE=?, YR=? WHERE (ID=?)";
        PreparedStatement statement = this.db.prepareStatement(query);
        statement.setString(1, aMovie.getTitle());
        statement.setInt(2, aMovie.getYear());
        statement.setInt(3, aMovie.getId());
        statement.executeUpdate();
    } catch (SQLException ex) {
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
}
```

Eskiden MovieEditForm da sadece yeni film ekliyorduk. Varolan filmlerde update yapılmalı, yeni film ekleme kısmı da kalmalı => sayfaya parametre gönder!



Eskiden MovieEditForm da sadece yeni film ekliyorduk. Varolan filmlerde update yapılmalı, yeni film ekleme kısmı da kalmalı => sayfaya parametre gönder!

Add movies link cliked:

- + Home
- + List movies
- Add movie

Title:	
Үеаг:	0
Save	

List movies link cliked:

 Home List movies Add movie 	Home List movies Add movie
Movie List	Deneme
Deneme (4567)	Year: 4567
Unknown (2011)	Edit
Delete	

	н		m	
*		-	111	1

- List movies
- Add movie

Title:	Deneme
Year:	4567
Save	

TML Changes

- Change behavior of MoviePage : Add Edit link
- Change behavior of «MovieEditPage»

HTML:

Edit

JAVA:

```
public class MovieDisplayPage extends BasePage {
  private Movie _movie;
  public MovieDisplayPage(Movie movie) {
    this. movie = movie;
    this.add(new Label("title", movie.getTitle()));
    this.add(new Label("year", movie.getYear().toString()));
    Link editLink = new Link("edit_link") {
      @Override
      public void onClick() {
        MovieDisplayPage parent = (MovieDisplayPage) this.getParent();
        this.setResponsePage(new MovieEditPage(parent.getMovie(), false));
                                                    =Not a new movie
    this.add(editLink);
  public Movie getMovie() {
    return this._movie;
```

★ HTML Changes

- Change behavior of MoviePage : Add Edit link
- 2. Change behavior of «MovieEditPage»

```
HTML : same ...
JAVA
```

```
public final class MovieEditPage extends BasePage {
    public MovieEditPage(Movie aMovie) {
        this.add(new MovieEditForm("movie_edit", aMovie,true));
    }
    public MovieEditPage(Movie aMovie, boolean newMovieFlag) {
        this.add(new MovieEditForm("movie_edit", aMovie, newMovieFlag));
    }
}
```

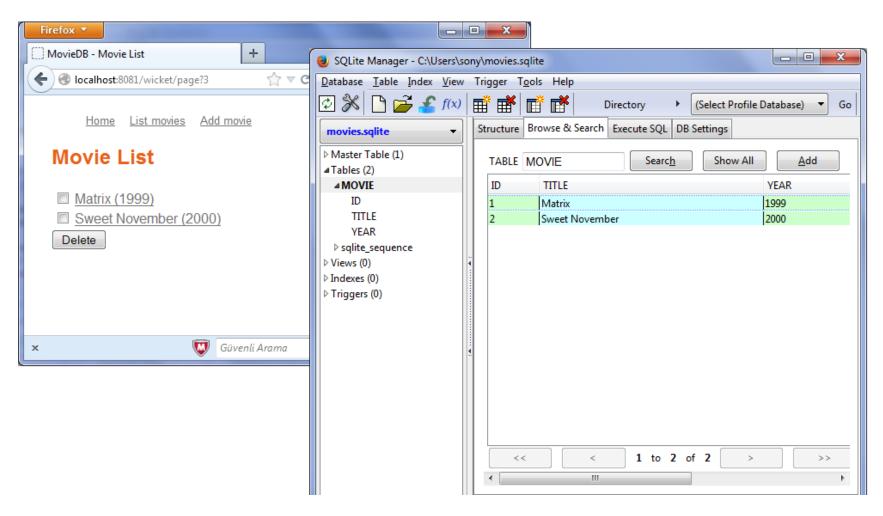
send parameter to Form Handler ..

Note: take a look: it is not a PageParameters

Change behavior of «MovieEditForm»

```
public class MovieEditForm extends Form {
   private boolean newMovie;
    public MovieEditForm(String id, Movie aMovie, boolean newMovieFlag
        super (id);
        CompoundPropertyModel model - new CompoundPropertyModel(aMovie);
        this.setModel (model):
        this.add(new TextField("title"));
        this.add(new TextField("year"));
        this.newMovie = newMovieFlag:
    @Override
    public void onSubmit() {
        Movie movie = (Movie) this.getModelObject();
        Application app = (Application) this.getApplication():
        MovieCollection collection = app.getCollection();
        if (this.newMovie) {
            collection.addMovie(movie);
            collection.updateMovie(movie);
        this.setResponsePage (new MoviePage (movie));
```

Sample run and DB check



MySQL Equivalent

- uses MySQL => add MySQL JDBC driver
- Download from: http://www.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/
- Add jar file to your project's library
- Create data base movies.db in home directory and create a table

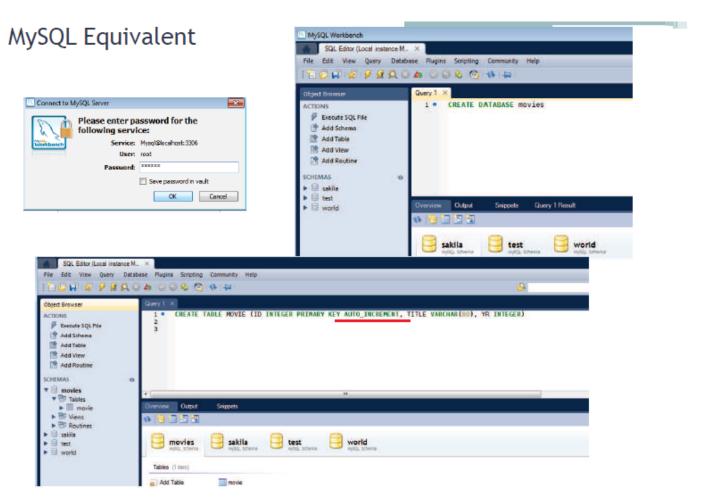
```
CREATE TABLE MOVIE (ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, TITLE VARCHAR(80), YR INTEGER)
```

```
( Note: SQLite was automatically incrementing but MySQL command should aslso include AUTO _INCREMENT for ID field. <a href="http://www.sqlite.org/faq.html#q1">http://www.sqlite.org/faq.html#q1</a>
)
```

 Can use MySQL Workbench to manage MySQL databases: http://www.mysql.com/downloads/workbench/

(do not forget to run WB as Administrator)

MySQL Equivalent



MovieCollectionJDBC class

MovieCollectionJDBC.java

public class MovieCollectionJDBC implements IMovieCollection {
 private Connection _db;

MySql jdbc driver

Connection is performed and kept in local variable **db**

```
public MovieCollectionJDBC(String dbFilePath) {
  try {
    Class.forName("com.mysql.JDBC.driver");
  } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
    throw new UnsupportedOperationException(e.getMessage());
try {
    String userName="root";
    String password="rootPass";
    String url="jdbc:mysql://localhost/movies";
    this._db = DriverManager.getConnection(url,userName,password);
  } catch (SQLException ex) {
    throw new UnsupportedOperationException(ex.getMessage());
public List<Movie> getMovies() { ...}
public void addMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
public void deleteMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
public void updateMovie(Movie movie) { ... }
```

MySQL Equivalent

Sampe Run and DB Check

