Tanm: Dir V vektör uzcyladd

CI VI tavzt - tavn=0

denklemini saglayar yalar yalar

G=Cz===Cn=0

Skalerlari saglayarso VIIVzI-; Va

vektörlerme linder lagimsizdir

denir.

Tanım: Bir V vektör uzcyladd

CI VI+CzVzt - tavn=0

denklemini saglayan hepsi birden

Sifir olmoyan CIICzI-, ca skalerleri

versa VIIVzI-, Va vektörlerine lineer başımlıdır

denir.

Dirk: 1) & [1], []] reltablishin 127 do

linear beginnil olupolundiques aloudism.

c. [] + c. [2] = 0

[c, +2c.] = [0]

c. +c.=0 => c,=c.=0

c. +x.=0 | lnear beginnsinder

2) { [] , [] , []] | []] | [] | [] | [] | [] | []] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [] | [

6. Hafta

3/15

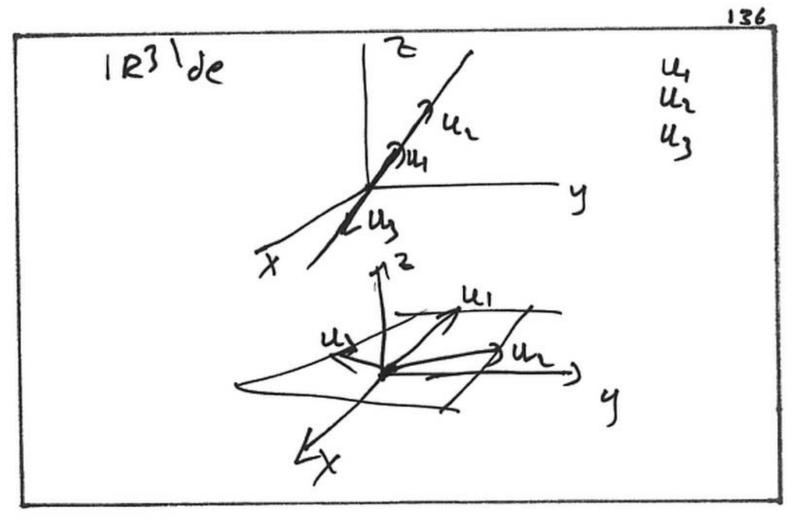
5) P_3 de $\{x^2-3x+4, x^2-2x+1, x+1\}$ rectionain

ti-ear begins 12 olop olandiquu orașticam. $C_1(x^2-3x+4)+C_2(x^2-2x+1)+G(x+1)=0$ $=0.x^2+0x+0.1$ $(C_1+C_2)=0$ $C_1+C_2=0$ $C_1+C_2=0$ $C_1+C_2=0$ $C_1+C_2=0$ $C_1+C_3=0$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
-3 & -7 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & -3 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}
\sim
\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$$



8: \(\(\frac{21213}{21213}\)\T, \(\left(1,3)\right)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\right)\)
\(\left(2)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\)\The \(\left(1,-5,3)\)\Th

Toorem! VIIVz 1-1 VA bir V vektör uzcyında

Lettirler olsun. Bir V Espan (VIIVz 1-1) VA

Vektörünün VIIVz 1-1, VA lerin lineer

birlerimi olorak tek türlü yazılabil
Mosi igin gorek ve yeter sert

VIIVz 1-1, VA lerin lineer boğumusız

Olmasıdır.

Tonim! C^ [a16] ile [a16] orerliqued 1.
toeulori sürebli olon fenksiyenlor
konzeni gösterelm.

C [[[] bis ve the vag ider. Agrical C [[]] him & alt vagidir.

([] [] [] bis ve the vagidir.

([] [] [] bis tiption, for ve the resident in the land beginners of memory beginners of memory beginners of the transfer of the liver beginners is the transfer of the transfer of the liver beginners in the denkle minis seglogon repsi bindon siter of memory con circa in a statement with the order.

Esthquin loribit terration to avoid or min addimination of the continuation of the co

matris spakleminin asicar olneyen cown

[2] ile ayadır. Du yürden fictsinten

ch-1) [a,b] de Innear bağımlı ine

tx eta1b] rain

fix) ... fa(x)

fi(x) ... fa(x)

dir.

Tonin! fifti-ifn chitaib] nin elevalori
olson ve Coib] Doinde W[fitu-fil)
fontsigonun

W [fifti-ifn] (x) = |ficx) --- ficx|
	finity --- ficx
	finity --- ficx
	finity --- finity
	fontingonum filti-infain
Wrons ti you! don's.	

Teoren: filtz - itu E C(206) olsun.

Eger W [filtz - itu] (xolto olacak

setildo xo e [aib] versu filtz - itu

lineer beginnsiz dir.

filtz ifu lar c(1-1) [aib) livoor beginnsiz lix

C [aib] do do Inveer beginnsiz dir.

ört: 1) ex, e-x ([-3,3])

ex, e-x ([-1]))

| ex ex = -2 to

$$e^{x_{1}}e^{x_{2}} c_{1} c_{1} c_{1} c_{1} c_{2} c_{1} c_{$$

6. Hafta

10/15

BAZ ~ BOYUT

Tanım: Bir V vektör uzeyinde dsayıdıki sortları sayleyan unvzinva vettörlerne V vektör uzoyı Tain bir bordir (tabon) denir.

2) VIIVZIII VA liveer boginesiz

5rk: 1) 123 de Seilez, e3 602 obtain qui

e1=[8] e2=[0] e3=[0]

c1 e1 + c2 e2 + c3 e3 e0

c1 = c2 = c3 = 0

e1, e2, e3 | reer la juai.

fe1, e2, e3 | yi gorer (12)

Seilez, e3 | standart (dogal) bor

danio

$$\begin{cases}
\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \mu \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
= \begin{bmatrix} 143 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
= \begin{bmatrix} 143 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \chi \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0$$

6. Hafta

12/15

3) Pside \$1, x,x2) nin bor old. que
li recor limitation old. queteill misti

axithx+c & Ps

axithx+c = &1 + px + 8xi

x=ac p=b 8=ac

bu vettirlor Psiù gover

{1, x,x2} Psin bir bondir.

bu bora dogal (stendort) bon,

Coerel derab | RM nin Jogal (stendar)

lore ei, ez, ..., en dir. Pn nin

degal bore 1, x, x², ..., xm-) dir.

Tooren: Bir V nebtör ugeye Fin SVIIVER. VIII

germe timesi IN V deki herhangi

m veltör m>n ise linear bogimlidir.

Sonac: Eger SVI, vz, ..., Vn) ve SUIIVZ...., Um)

bir V vektör vzryinin iti bozi ihe

m=n dir.

Tanin: V bir nettor vroys elsum. Vlain bir
bour a tome vettor iderigaso Vlain
boyutu a'dir denir. Vlain sos alt
vreymen boyutuno Older denir. Eger
V vettor vroys sonlu nettor komesi
ilo geriliyorso sonlu boyutly diger
durumo soncu boyutly diger
Tromon: Eger V boyutu sitindin boyuk bir vettor
vroys sie
i) linear boyutusir horlengi a a vettor

ii) V'yi geren herlangi A vektör
linear bağlungırdır.

int: 1) 1123 (ener, ez) bayutu 1'tar.

2) Rexe bayutu 4'tar

3) Pz in bayutu 3'tar

are 1 okrak 112" nin bayutu n,

RMXN nin bayutu n dir.

Pn'nin bayutu n dir.

6. Hafta

14/15

Teoron: Egor V, boyutu sıtırdan boyük bir
vettir uzayı ile
i) Elevenlerin sizi vebter kuncsi Vyi gelemez.
ii) Elevenlerin seyisi Alden tabit İnder
bejinsiz ve tterlerin tungi Vlain
bir bezi olnaşı Rin geneşletilebilir.
ii) Blevenlerin seyis Alden böyük vebter
ler tusi | neer beginsa olana.

ISE

6. Hafta

15/15