

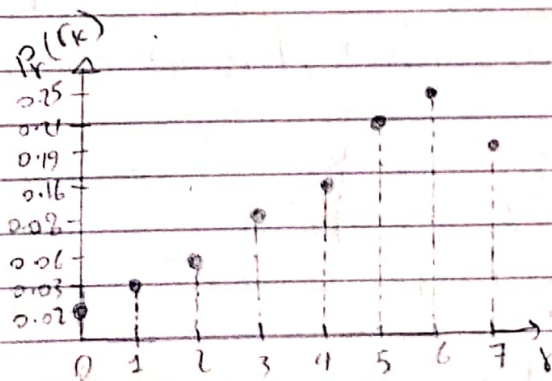
* Histogram Equalization Example:

	r_k	n_k	$P_r(r_k) = n_k / MN$
$S_0 = T(r_0) = 7 \sum_{j=0}^0 P_r(r_j) = 7 \times 0.02 = 0.14$ ≈ 0	$r_0 = 0$	83	$83/4096 = 0.02$
$S_1 = 7 \times (0.02 + 0.03) = 0.35$ ≈ 0	$r_1 = 1$	120	$120/4096 = 0.03$
$S_2 = 7 \times (0.02 + 0.03 + 0.06) = 0.77$ ≈ 1	$r_2 = 2$	240	$240/4096 = 0.06$
	$r_3 = 3$	329	$329/4096 = 0.08$
	$r_4 = 4$	656	$656/4096 = 0.16$
	$r_5 = 5$	855	$855/4096 = 0.21$
$S_3 = 7 \times (0.11 + 0.08) = 1.33 \approx 1$	$r_6 = 6$	1023	$1023/4096 = 0.25$
$S_4 = 7 \times (0.19 + 0.16) = 2.45 \approx 2$	$r_7 = 7$	790	$790/4096 = 0.19$

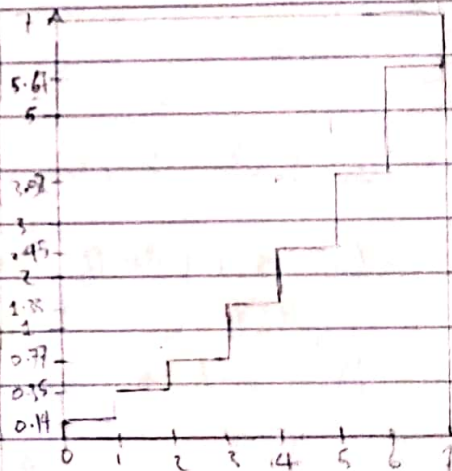
$$S_5 = 7 \times (0.35 + 0.21) = 3.92 \approx 4$$

$$S_6 = 7 \times (0.56 + 0.25) = 5.67 \approx 6$$

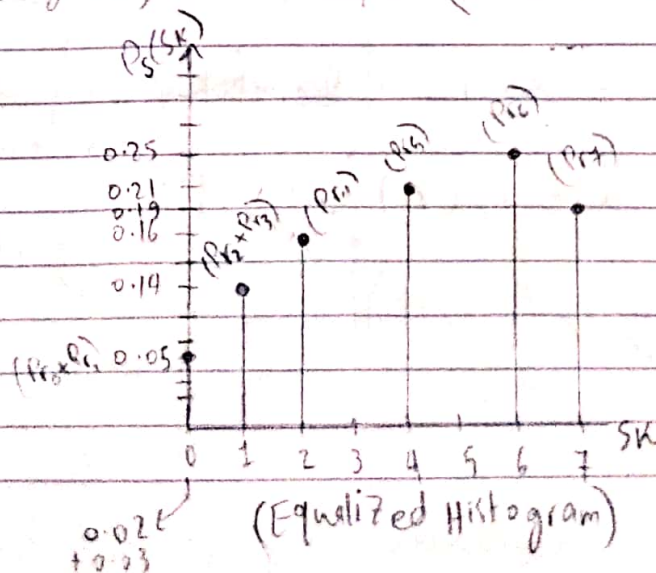
$$S_7 = 7 \times (0.81 + 0.19) = 7$$



(Original Histogram)



(Transformation Function)



(Equalized Histogram)