20. Customized Locators - CSS Selector

CSS Selectors

- 1. If we want to identify an element in a complex web page only one attribute is not enough different combinations of id, class, attribute along with **Tag Name** are used.
- 2. **CSS** (Cascading Style Sheets) Selectors in Selenium are used to identify and locate web elements based on their id, class attributes and other attributes.
- 3. CSS is a preferred locator strategy as it is simpler to write and faster as compared to XPath.
- 4. Tag is optional in CSS Selector.

We can write CSS selectors in different ways

CSS Selector	Syntax	
	with tag_name	without tag_name
tag id	tagname#valueofId	#valueofId
tag class	tagname.valueofClass	.value of Class
tag attribute	tagname[attribute=value]	[attribute=value]
tag class attribute	tagname.valueofClass[attribute=value]	.valueofClass[attribute=value]

CSSSelector.py

```
from selenium import webdriver
```

from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By

options = webdriver.ChromeOptions()

options.add_experimental_option("detach",True)

driver = webdriver.Chrome(options=options)

driver.get("https://demowebshop.tricentis.com/")

driver.maximize_window()

driver implicitly wait(10)

tagname & id

 $driver.find_element (By. CSS_SELECTOR, "input\#small-search terms"). send_keys ("T-shirts")$

driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#small-searchterms").send keys("T-shirts")

tagname & class

driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"input.search-box-text").send_keys("T-shirts")

driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,".search-box-text").send_keys("T-shirts")

tagname & attribute

driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"input[value='Search store']").send_keys("T-shirts")

driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"input[name='q']").send keys("T-shirts")

taq & class & attribute

driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"input.search-box-text[value='Search

store']").send_keys("T-shirts")

driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,".search-box-text[value='Search

store']").send keys("T-shirts")

driver.quit()