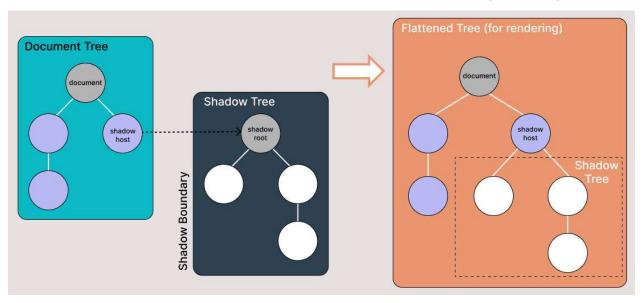
36. Handle Shadow DOM Elements

Shandow DOM

- DOM is Document Object Model generated by browser when loading a website.
- Shadow DOM provides encapsulation in HTML by isolating styles and behavior for specific parts of a document.
- It allows hidden DOM trees, starting with a Shadow Root, where elements can be added like in the regular DOM.
- Shadow DOM acts as a separate DOM within the main DOM, preventing interference with other code.

Document ⇒ Shadow host ⇒ Shadow root ⇒ Shadow Tree(Elements)



XPath cannot handle shadow dom elements. Only CSS can handle shadow dom elements.

Shadow Host

- → The Shadow Host is the regular DOM element to which the Shadow DOM is attached.
- → This is the element where the shadow tree starts.

Shadow Tree

→ The DOM tree inside the Shadow DOM.

Shadow Root

- → The Shadow Root is root node of the Shadow DOM tree. It's the point where the shadow tree begins.
- → When you attach a Shadow DOM to an element, the shadow root is created as the entry point to that hidden DOM structure.

Shadow Boundary

→ The place where the Shadow DOM ends and the regular DOM begins.

Note

→ Inside the Shadow Host, Shadow Root serves as parent element for all nodes in the Shadow DOM.

Locating Shadow Dom Elements

→ Selenium cannot directly access Shadow DOM elements with default methods we need to use Javascript or Shadow Dom selectors

shadow_host = driver.find_element_by_css_selector('#shadow_host')

Approach - 1 ⇒ by Javascript

shadow_root = driver.execute_script('return arguments[0].shadowRoot', shadow_host)

```
Approach - 2 \Rightarrow by Shadow Dom selectors
      shadow root = shadow host.shadow root
      shadow content = shadow root.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR, '#shadow content')
                                   ShadowDOMDemo 1.pv
import time
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
opt = webdriver.ChromeOptions()
opt.add_experimental_option("detach",True)
opt.add_argument("--start-maximized")
driver = webdriver.Chrome(options=opt)
driver implicitly wait(10)
driver.get("https://dev.automationtesting.in/shadow-dom")
                                loacting shadow dom element
                                     locate shadow host
shadow host = driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#shadow-root")
                                     locate shadow root
                                   Approach 1 - javascript
shadow root = driver_execute_script("return arguments[0].shadowRoot",shadow_host)
                             Approach -2 - shadow dom selectors
shadow_root = shadow_host.shadow_root
shadow element = shadow root.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#shadow-element")
print(shadow_element.is_displayed())
                             loacting Nested shadow dom element
shadow host 1 = driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#shadow-root")
shadow_root_1 = shadow_host_1.shadow_root
shadow_host_2 = shadow_root_1.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"#inner-shadow-dom")
shadow root 2 = shadow host 2.shadow root
ele =shadow_root_2.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"#nested-shadow-element")
print(ele.text)
                            loacting Multi-nested Shadow Element
shadow host 1 = driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#shadow-root")
shadow root 1 = shadow host 1.shadow root
shadow host 2 = shadow root 1.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR, "#inner-shadow-dom")
shadow_root_2 = shadow_host_2.shadow_root
shadow host 3 = shadow root 2.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR,"#nested-shadow-dom")
shadow root 3 = driver.execute script("return arguments[0].shadowRoot",shadow host 3)
ele =shadow_root_3.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR,"#multi-nested-shadow-element")
print(ele.text)
driver.quit()
                                   ShadowDOMDemo 2.py
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
```

```
options = webdriver.ChromeOptions()
options.add_experimental_option("detach", True)
driver = webdriver.Chrome(options=options)
driver.get("https://books-pwakit.appspot.com/")
driver_maximize_window()
          <u>Locate the shadow Dom element by CSS Selector</u> → <u>NoSuchElement Exception</u>
driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR, "#input").send keys("WELCOME")
                               1.Locate the shadow host element
shadow host = driver.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR, "book-app[apptitle='BOOKS']")
                                   2.Access the shadow root
                                  Approach - 1 ⇒ by Javascript
shadow_root = driver.execute_script("return arguments[0].shadowRoot", shadow_host)
                            Approach - 2 ⇒ by Shadow Dom selectors
shadow_root = shadow_host.shadow_root
            3.Find the actual input element within the Shadow DOM and interact with it
input box = shadow root.find element(By.CSS SELECTOR, "#input")
input box.send keys("Welcome")
driver quit()
                                  NestedShadowDOMDemo.py
from selenium import webdriver
from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
options = webdriver.ChromeOptions()
options.add experimental_option("detach", True)
driver = webdriver.Chrome(options=options)
driver.get("https://shop.polymer-project.org/")
driver.implicitly wait(10)
driver.maximize window()
                                        Shadow Host 1
shadow host1 = driver.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR, "shop-app[page='home']")
                                        Shadow Root 1
shadow_root1 = shadow_host1.shadow_root
                              Shadow Host 2 within Shadow Root 1
shadow_host2 = shadow_root1.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR, ".iron-selected")
                                        Shadow Root 2
shadow_root2 = shadow_host2.shadow_root
                        Find the button within Shadow Root 2 and click it
button = shadow_root2.find_element(By.CSS_SELECTOR, "a[aria-label=\"Men's Outerwear Shop
Now\"]")
button.click()
driver quit()
```