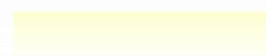# Food and Nutrition situation in the Sahel and West Africa

October – December 2017 & June – Auguts 2018

Baoua Issoufou, CILSS/AGRHYMET

Plan

1. How the analysis process is done?

2. Overview on existing data

3. Outcomes on the zones classification

4. Population estimation per phase

5. Majors difficulties

6. recommendations

1. How the actual analysis process is conducted?

- CH analyses carried out in the Gulf of Guinea countries from 09 to 13 October 2017,

- In Nigeria from 23 October to 03 November 2017

- in the Sahel countries from 13 to 18 November 2017, with the exception of Burkina Faso, which took place from 23 to 28 October 2017.

- National analyses were carried out by national EWS and their partners with the facilitation of CILSS and its partners (WFP, FAO, UNICEF, FEWS NET, OXFAM, AAH, Save the Children, GSU/IPC, IFRC.

- National analyses were technically revised and consolidated by the CH Regional Technical Committee in Bamako, Mali, from 20 to 25 November 2017.

Funded et Technical partners

1. How the actual analysis process is conducted?

- Most data FSN Outcomes and Contributing Factors come from the reports of the National, Regional and International Food and Nutrition Security Information Systems.

- But there is a variability on data availability country to country

2. Point on existing data required by CH process

Countries with difficulties in data collection

Pays	Consommation Alimentaire	EME	Nutrition	Mortalité
Bénin	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA,Proxy	EME		
Burkina Faso	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA	EME	MAG	
Cap Vert	HEA, Proxy			
Côte d'Ivoire	HEA (2 régions)			
Gambie	HEA, Proxy			
Ghana	HEA, Proxy			
Guinée	Proxy			
Guinée Bissau	Proxy			
Libéria	Proxy			
Mali	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA	EME	MAG	CDR et U5MR
Mauritanie	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA	EME	MAG	
Niger	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA (partiellement)	EME	MUAC, Mediane MAG	
Nigeria	SCA, HHS, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA pour Adamawa, Borno et Yobe Proxy pour les 14 autres Etats	EME	MAG	CDR et U5MR
Sénégal	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA	EME		
Sierra Léone	SCA, Proxy		MAG	
Togo	Proxy, HEA			
Tchad	SCA, HDDS, HEA, rCSI, HEA	EME	MAG	CDR et U5MR

2. Point on existing data required by CH process

Pays	Dangers et vulnérabilité			Disponibilité			Accès aux aliments			Utilisation des aliments
	Sécurité Civile, inondation, feux de brousse autres	Anomalie de Pluviométrie	Accès aux ressources pastorales	Production agricole	ICN, Bilan fourrager	Stock ménage	Variation des prix	Distance Marché, flux	TDE	Accès à l'eau potable , MDO, SD/Nut
Bénin, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, Gambie, Cap Vert	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓
Burkina Faso	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Guinée		✓		✓	✓		✓			✓
Guinée Bissau		✓		✓	✓		✓			✓
Libéria		✓		✓	✓		✓			✓
Mali	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mauritanie		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Niger	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Nigéria	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sénégal		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sierra Léone		✓		✓	✓		✓			✓
Tchad	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Togo		✓		✓	✓		✓			✓

3. Identification of area at Food and Nutrition insecurity for the Current & Projected situation
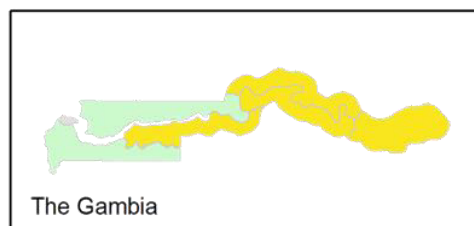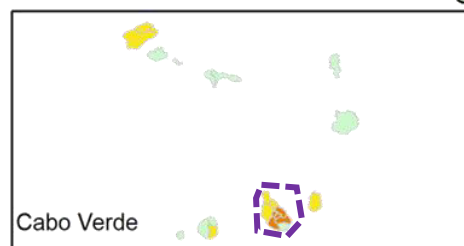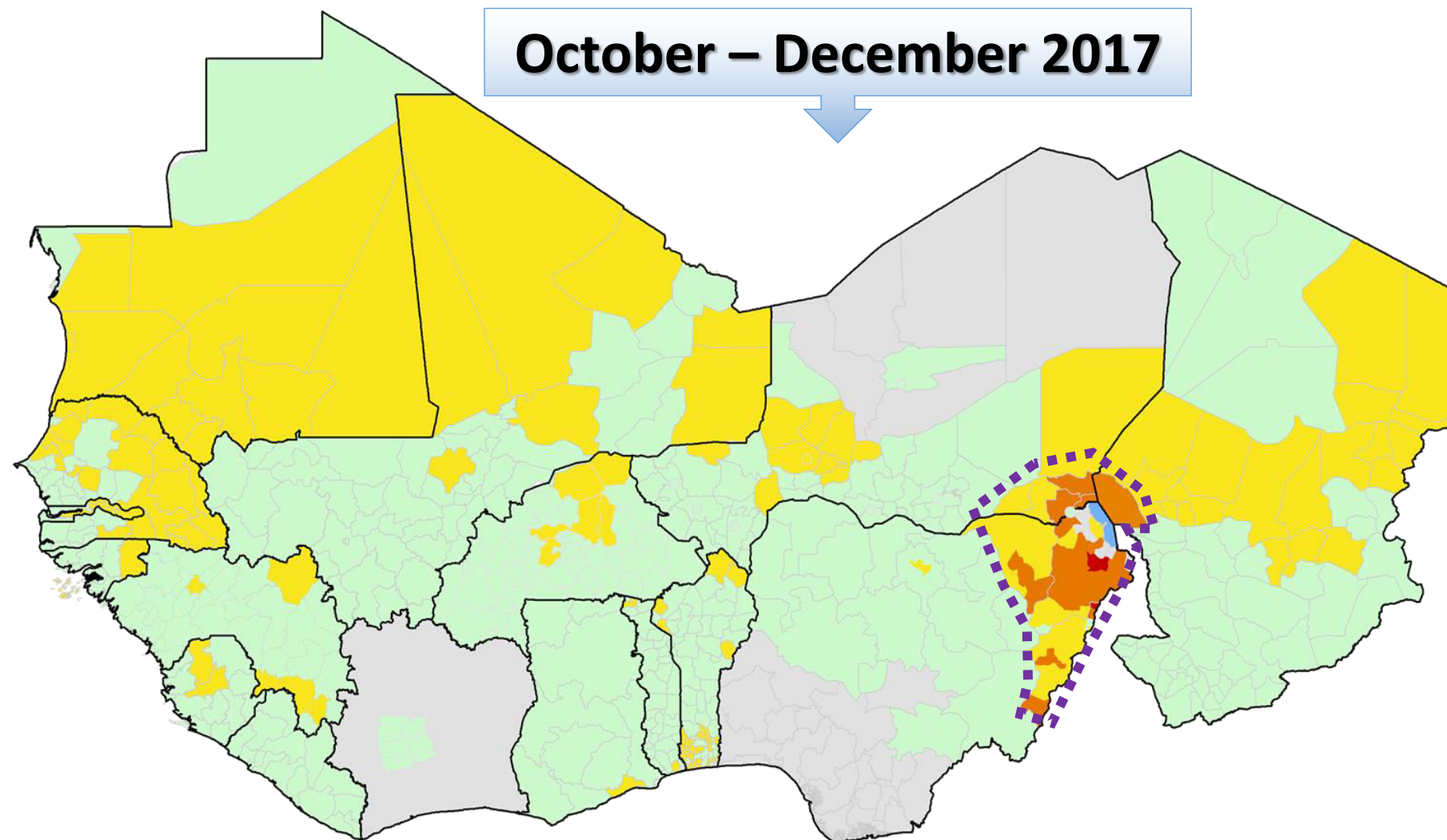
Analyzed Zones in the 17 countries

Country	Current	Projected
Benin	77	77
Burkina Faso	45	45
Cabo Verde	22	22
Cote d'Ivoire	10	10
The Gambia	6	6
Ghana	10	10
Guinea	33	33
Guinea Bissau	8	8
Liberia	15	15
Mali	55	55
Mauritania	13	13
Niger	75	75
Nigeria	105	105
Senegal	42	42
Sierra Leone	13	13
Chad	69	69
Togo	35	35
Total	633	633

Not analyzed area

- **Cote d'Ivoire** : 9 zones in the Current & Projected
- **Niger** : 5 zones in the Current
- **Nigeria** : 4 zones in the Current & Projected

Phase	Current	Projected
Minimal	427	317
Under Presure	154	207
Crisis	32	85
Emergency	2	11
Famine	0	0
Total	615	620

October – December 2017

Non analysée | Minimale | Sous pression | Crise | Urgence | Famine | Lac Tchad

Cabo Verde

The Gambia

June – August 2018

| | Non analysée | | Minimale | | Sous pression | | Crise | | Urgence | | Famine | | Lac Tchad |
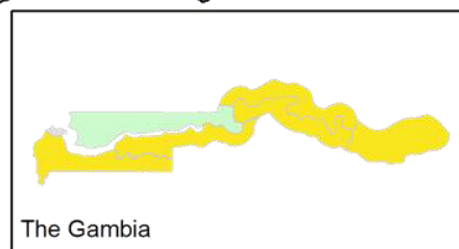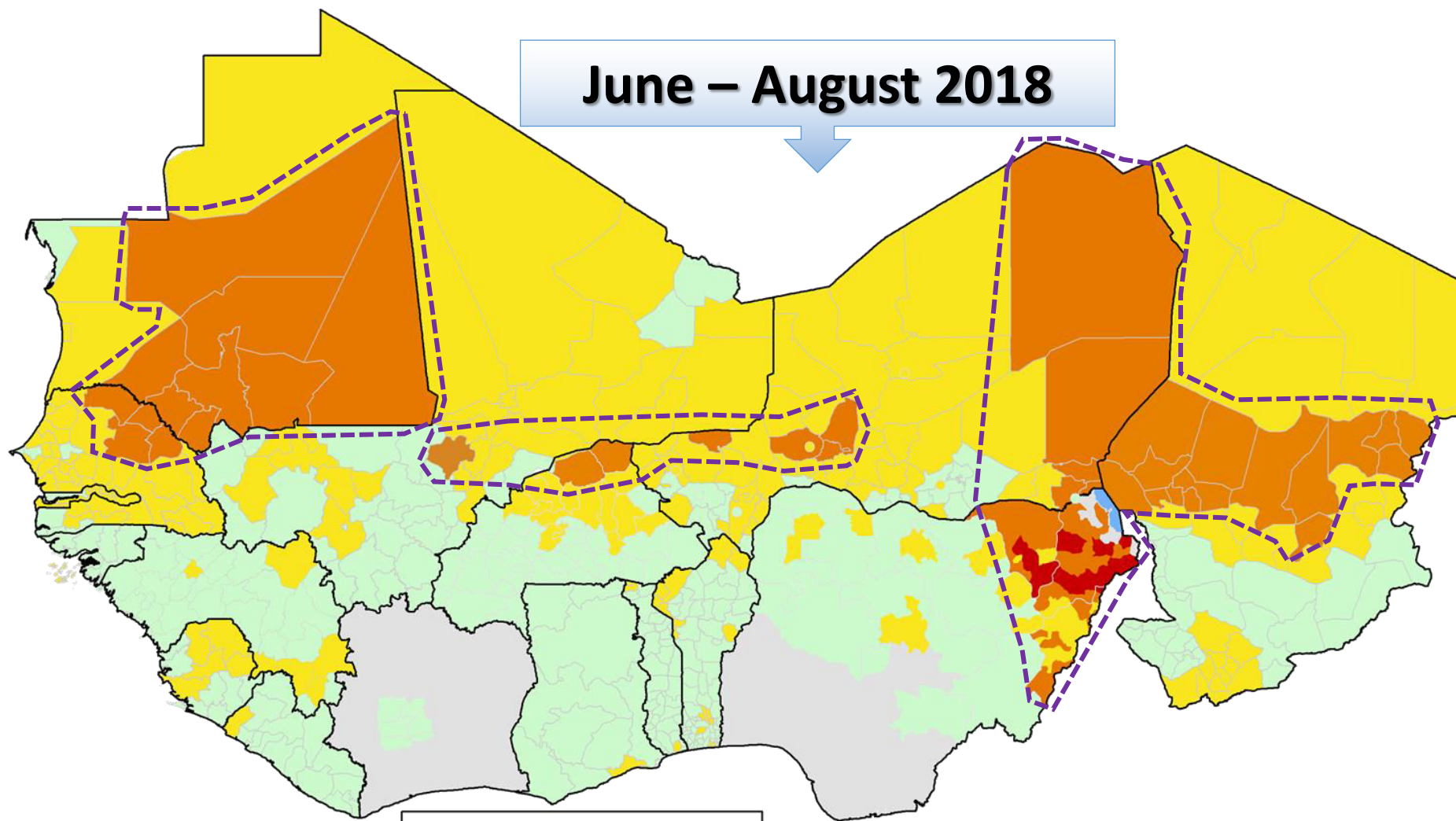
March– May 2017
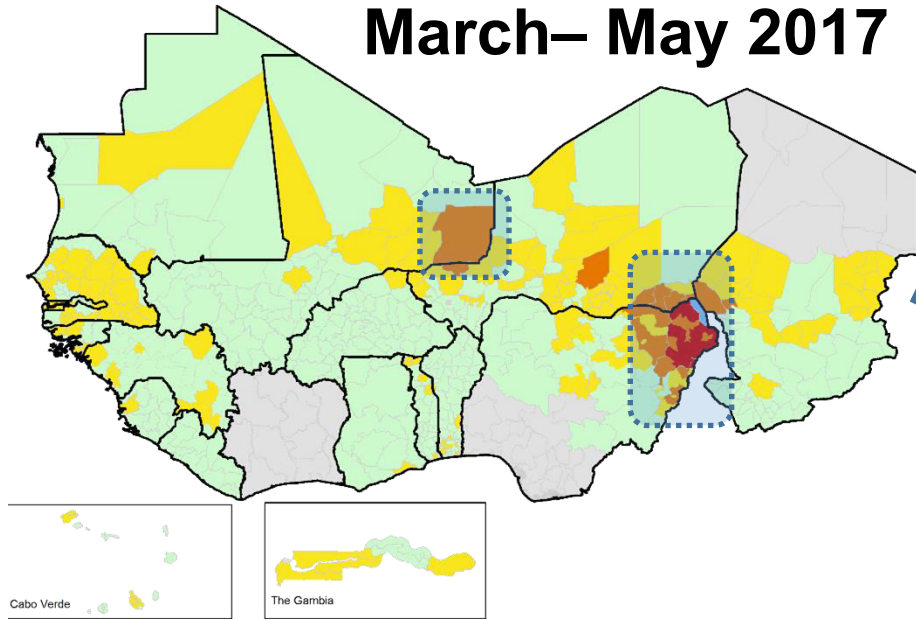
June-August 2017

October – december 2017

June-August 2018

Cabo Verde

The Gambia
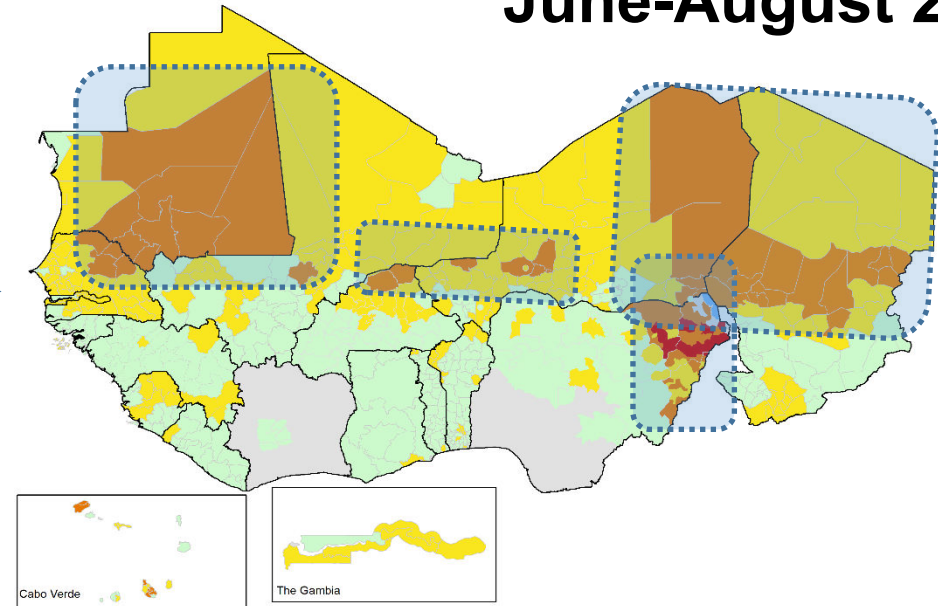
| Non analysée | Minimale | Sous pression | Crise | Urgence | Famine | Lac Tchad |

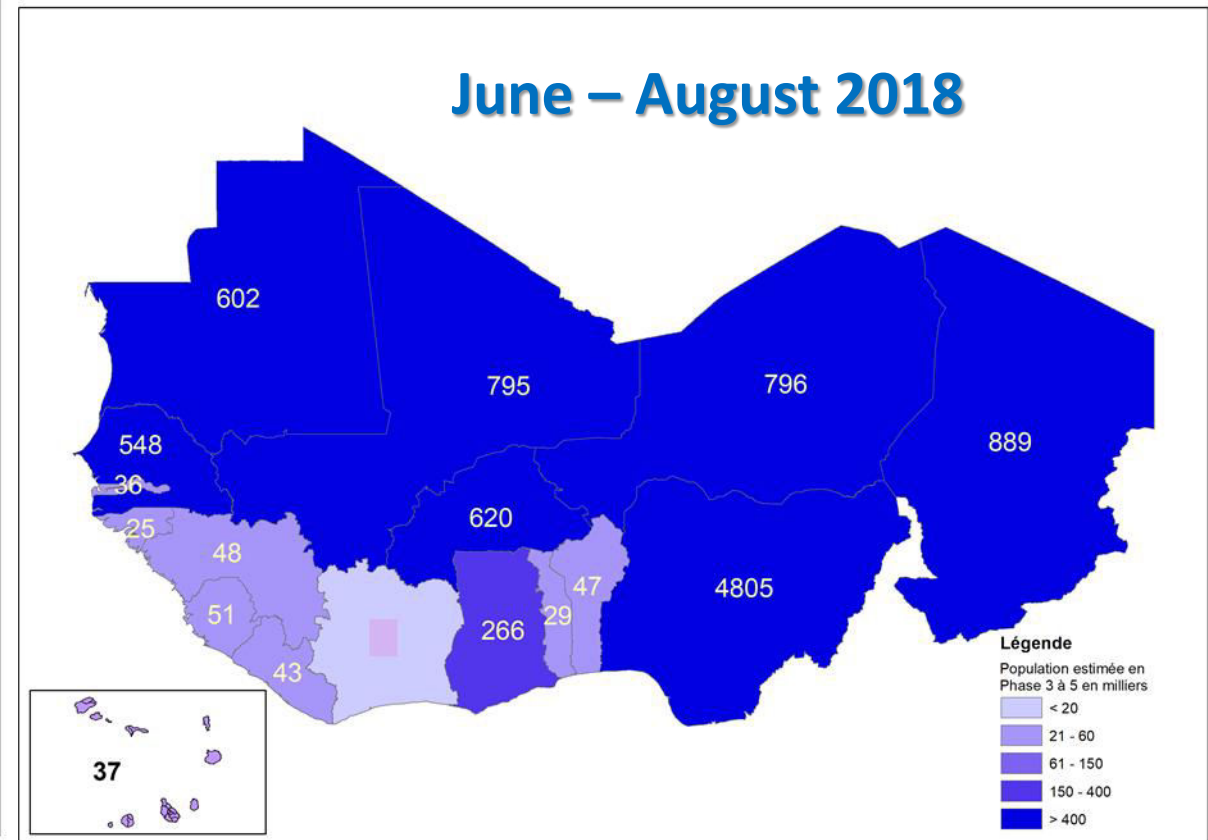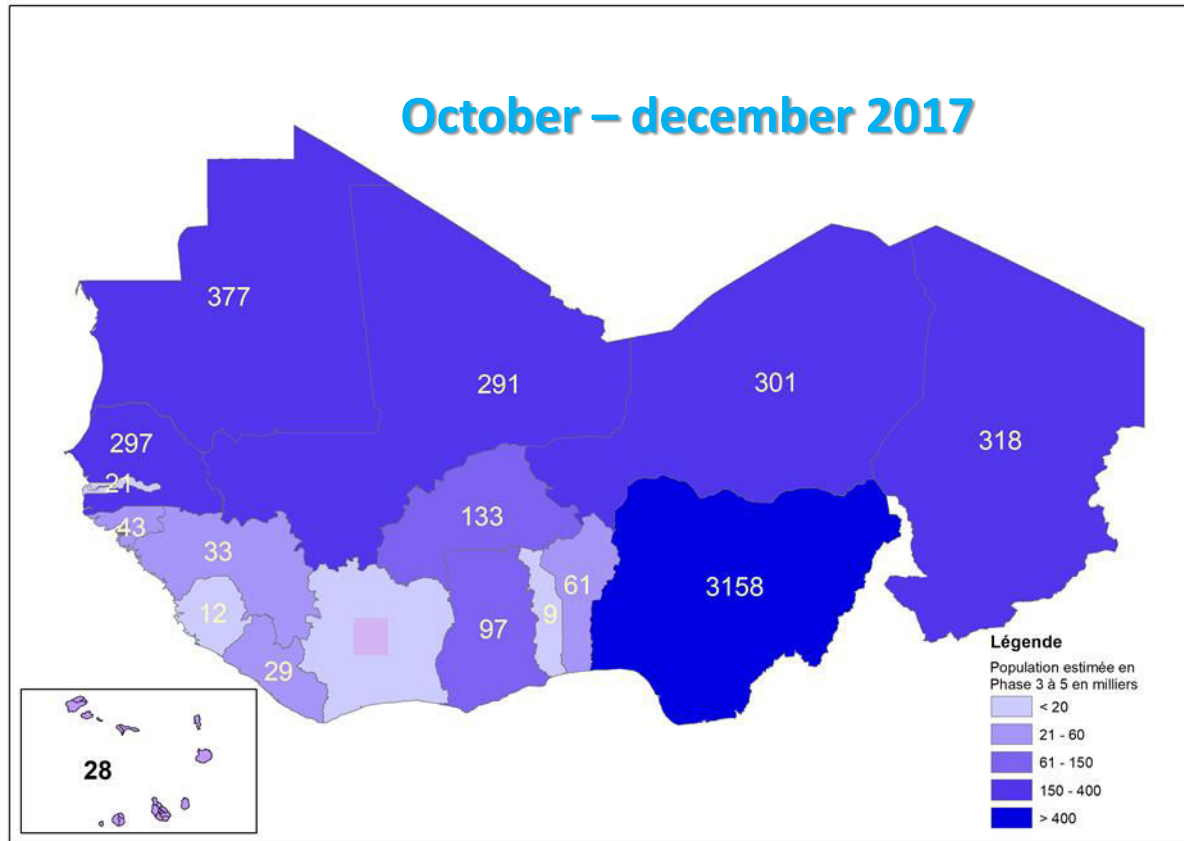# 4. Estimation of populations per phase in Current and Projected

Periode : October – december 2017

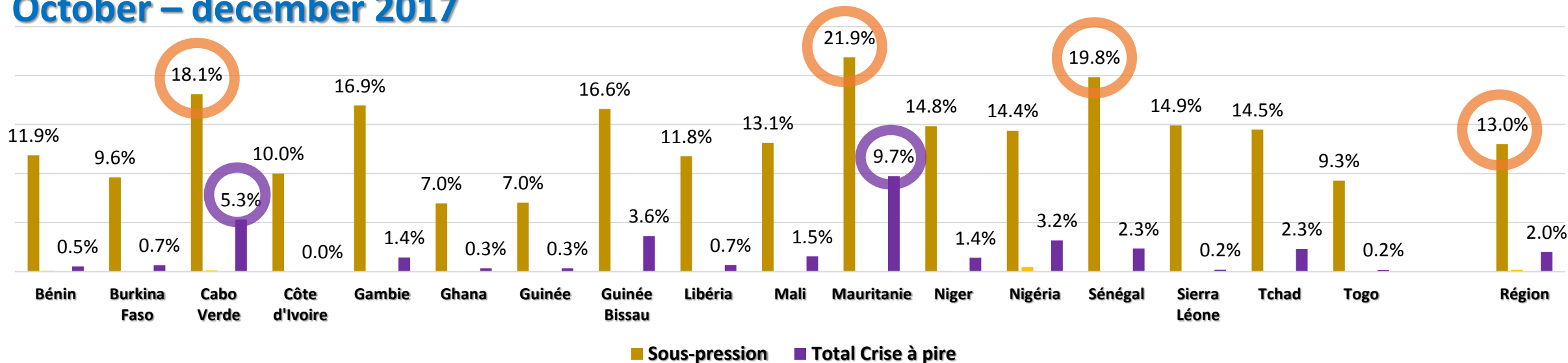| Pays	Population totale	Total zones	Population totale en Phase 1	Population totale en Phase 2	Population totale en Phase 3	Population totale en Phase 4	Population totale en Phase 5	Population totale en Phase 3 à 5
Bénin	11 555 615	77	10 124 088	1 370 869	51 310	9 347	-	60 657
Burkina Faso	20 139 442	45	18 070 988	1 935 554	132 899	-	-	132 899
Cabo Verde	537 661	22	411 925	97 251	27 842	644	-	28 486
Côte d'Ivoire	862 344	10	776 110	86 234	-	-	-	-
Gambie	1 445 152	6	1 179 412	244 837	20 903	-	-	20 903
Ghana	28 956 245	10	26 843 605	2 015 715	96 925		-	96 925
Guinée	9 729 042	33	9 013 080	682 578	33 384		-	33 384
Guinée Bissau	1 195 097	8	953 699	198 235	43 163		-	43 163
Libéria	4 243 477	15	3 715 566	499 125	28 786		-	28 786
Mali	18 876 001	55	16 107 388	2 477 873	290 740		-	290 740
Mauritanie	3 893 774	13	2 664 339	850 812	378 623		-	378 623
Niger*	21 330 894	75	17 577 972	3 161 298	295 713	5 720	-	301 433
Nigéria	99 339 348	108	81 903 242	14 277 924	2 701 278	455 058	1 846	3 158 182
Sénégal	12 663 562	42	9 856 399	2 510 475	296 687	-	-	296 687
Sierra Léone	6 356 470	13	5 396 620	948 086	11 764	-	-	11 764
Tchad	13 855 374	69	11 532 528	2 004 863	314 555	3 428	-	317 983
Togo	5 408 942	35	4 898 220	501 594	9 128		-	9 128
Total Région	260 388 441	636	221 025 181	33 863 324	4 733 701	474 197	1 846	5 209 745

Periode : June – Ausgust 2018

Pays	Population totale	Population totale en Phase 1	Population totale en Phase 2	Population totale en Phase 3	Population totale en Phase 4	Population totale en Phase 5	Population totale en Phase 3 à 5
Bénin	11 555 615	10 262 836	1 246 058	45 955	766	-	46 721
Burkina Faso	20 139 442	16 887 417	2 631 631	597 297	23 097	-	620 394
Cabo Verde	537 661	398 475	102 500	35 466	1 220		36 686
Côte d'Ivoire	862 344	732 992	129 352	-	-	-	-
Gambie	1 445 152	1 091 345	317 406	36 401	-	-	36 401
Ghana	28 956 245	26 240 033	2 450 407	265 805		-	265 805
Guinée	9 729 042	8 786 430	894 691	47 922		-	47 922
Guinée Bissau	1 195 097	986 301	183 914	24 882		-	24 882
Libéria	4 243 477	3 573 781	626 208	43 489		-	43 489
Mali	18 876 001	14 783 107	3 298 151	775 171	19 572	-	794 743
Mauritanie	3 893 774	2 332 494	959 048	568 458	33 774	-	602 232
Niger	21 330 894	16 102 044	4 432 354	774 089	22 407		796 496
Nigéria	99 339 348	76 069 999	18 464 161	3 990 118	802 535	12 536	4 805 189
Sénégal	12 663 562	8 896 128	3 219 217	540 487	7 731	-	548 217
Sierra Léone	6 356 470	5 110 929	1 194 582	50 958	-	-	50 958
Tchad	13 855 374	10 340 176	2 625 776	788 176	101 247	-	889 423
Togo	5 408 942	4 853 056	527 044	28 842	-	-	28 842
Total Région	**260 388 441**	**207 447 544**	**43 302 498**	**8 613 515**	**1 012 348**	**12 536**	**9 638 398**

Population estimation in phase 3 to 5

October – december 2017

June – August 2018

% of population analyzed in phase 2 and 3 to 5

October – december 2017

Sous-pression   Total Crise à pire

June – August 2018

Sous-pression   Total Crise à pire
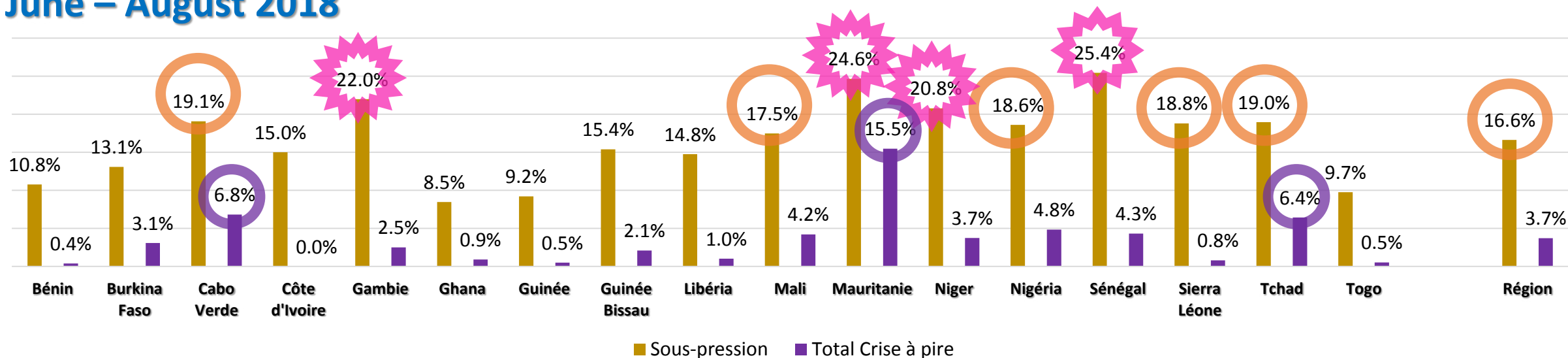
5. Majors difficulties

- Truncated capacity on data collection in most of costal countries;

- Limited financial capacity to continue the technical development and to support the CH workshop in the countries and at regional level .

6. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Governments and partners

are recommended to

- Provide humanitarian assistance and give priority to the populations in CH phase 3, 4 and 5 in order to save their lives, protect their livelihoods as well as prevent loss of assets and reduce acute malnutrition;

- Implement interventions aimed at supporting the resilience of people facing stressed food insecurity (CH Phase 2) e.g. by **supporting livestock productivity** and increasing the asset levels of the population

The Governments and partners

are recommended to ;

- implement immediat interventions to address the current and projected food and nutrition insecurity;

- Priority should be given to the populations and countries most affected during the period October-December 2017 in order to prevent a deterioration of food insecurity during the lean season (June-August 2018).

CILSS, Governments and partners

- Strengthen the information system to collect the data required for the different cycles of the analysis.

- Strengthen the capacity of national and regional members and units of the Cadre Harmonisé.

- Include financial resources in the national budget for the organization of national workshops on the Cadre Harmonisé

THANKS