



# AON7430 30V N-Channel MOSFET

### **General Description**

The AON7430 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  with low gate charge. This device is suitable for high side switch in SMPS and general purpose applications.

#### **Features**

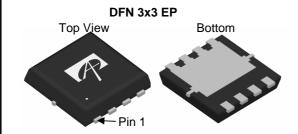
 $V_{DS}(V) = 30V$ 

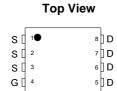
 $I_D = 34A$   $(V_{GS} = 10V)$ 

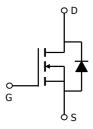
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 12m\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 10V)

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 16m\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 4.5V)

100% UIS Tested 100%  $R_g$  Tested







Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted **Parameter** Symbol Maximum Units Drain-Source Voltage  $V_{DS}$ 30  $V_{GS}$ ±20 V Gate-Source Voltage T<sub>C</sub>=25℃ 34 Continuous Drain T<sub>C</sub>=100℃ Current 21 Α  $I_D$ Pulsed Drain Current C 80  $I_{DM}$ Continuous Drain T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ 13 Α Current A T<sub>A</sub>=70℃ 10.2  $I_{DSM}$ Avalanche Current C 22 Α  $I_{AR}$ Repetitive avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>  $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{R}}}$ 24 mJ T<sub>C</sub>=25℃ 23  $P_D$ W Power Dissipation B T<sub>C</sub>=100℃ 9 T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ 3.1  $P_{DSM}$ W Power Dissipation A T<sub>△</sub>=70℃ 2 Junction and Storage Temperature Range -55 to 150  ${\mathfrak C}$  $T_J$ ,  $T_{STG}$ 

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	Р	30	40	℃/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	60	75	℃/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case B	Steady-State	$R_{ heta JC}$	4.5	5.4	℃/W			

#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Тур	Max	Units				
STATIC PARAMETERS										
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	30			V				
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =30V, $V_{GS}$ =0V $T_{J}$ =55 $^{\circ}$ C			1 5	μΑ				
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=\pm 20V$			100	nA				
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1.5	1.9	2.5	V				
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V	80			Α				
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		10	12					
		T,=125℃		16	19	mΩ				
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		13	16	mΩ				
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_D$ =20A		45		S				
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V				
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				25	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS			-	-					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		610	760	910	pF				
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, f=1MHz	88	125	160	pF				
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		40	70	100	pF				
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	0.8	1.6	2.4	Ω				
SWITCHII	NG PARAMETERS									
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge		11	14	17	nC				
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A	5	6.6	8	nC				
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> -10V, V <sub>DS</sub> -13V, I <sub>D</sub> -20A	1.9	2.4	2.9	nC				
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge		1.8	3	4.2	nC				
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			4.4		ns				
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_{L}$ =0.75 $\Omega$ ,		9		ns				
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		17		ns				
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	]		6		ns				
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs	5.6	7	8	ns				
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs	6.4	8	9.6	nC				

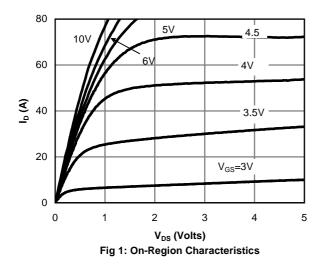
A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in  $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on R  $_{\theta JA}$  t  $\leq$  10s value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 150°C may be u sed if the PCB allows it.

- C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C.
- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedence which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150°C.
- G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25℃. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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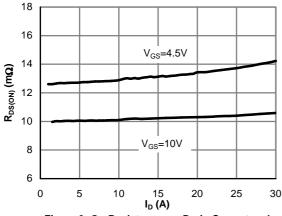
B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



30 V<sub>DS</sub>=5V 25 20 **€**15 10 125℃ 5 25℃ 0 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 4 1 V<sub>GS</sub>(Volts)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics



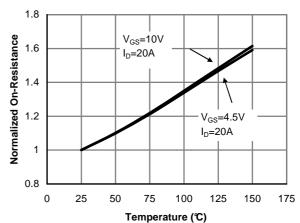
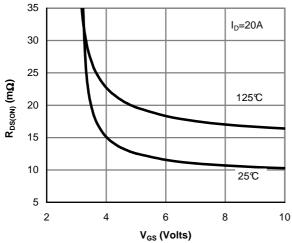


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction
Temperature



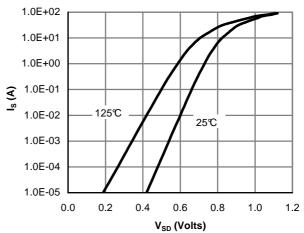


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

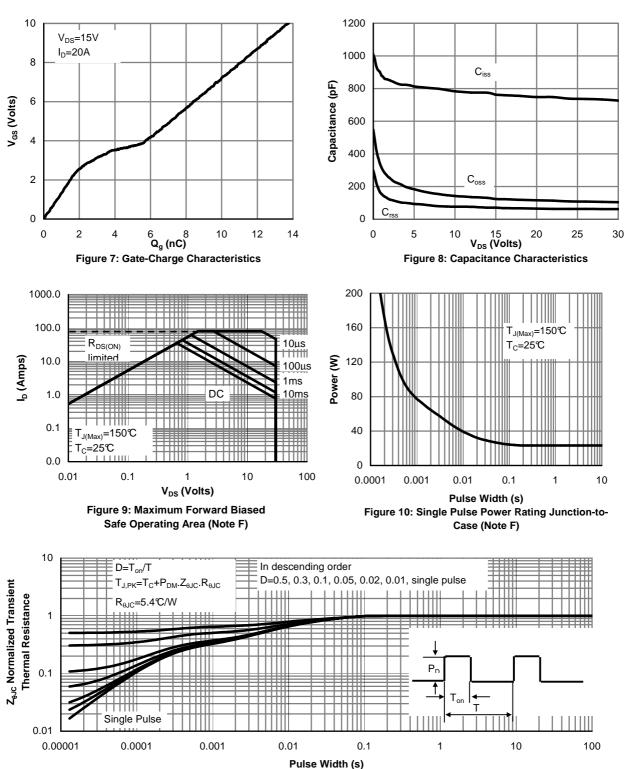
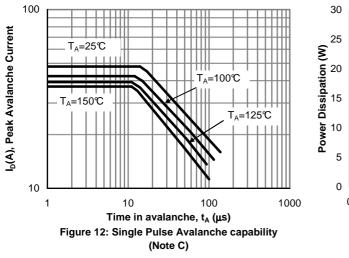


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



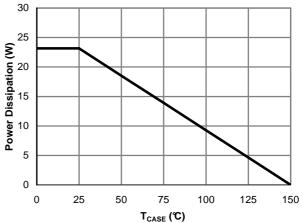


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note F)

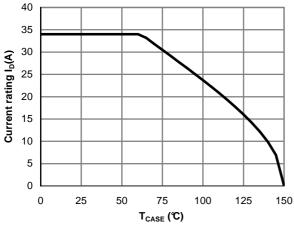


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note F)

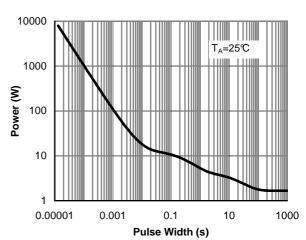


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

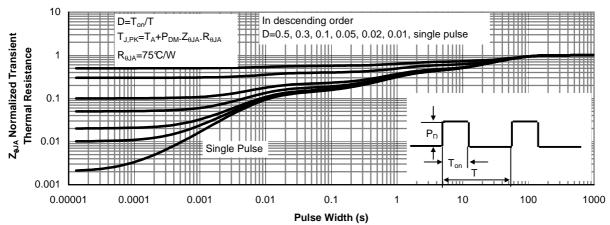
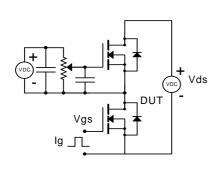
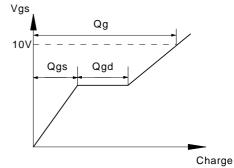


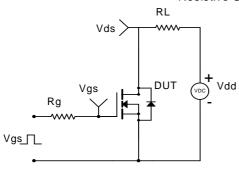
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

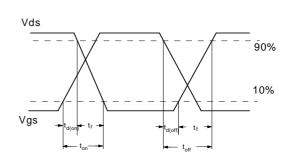
# Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



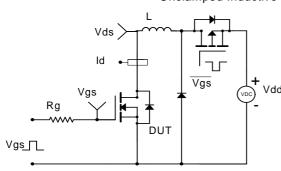


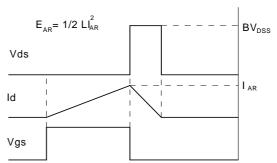
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

