Spring Cloud简介

Spring Cloud 为开发人员提供了快速构建分布式系统的一些工具,包括配置管理、服务发现、断路器、路由、微代理、事件总线、全局锁、决策竞选、分布式会话等等。它运行环境简单,可以在开发人员的电脑上跑。另外说明spring cloud是基于springboot的.

版本:

spring Boot 2.0.3.RELEASE
Spring Cloud Finchley.RELEASE

创建服务注册中心

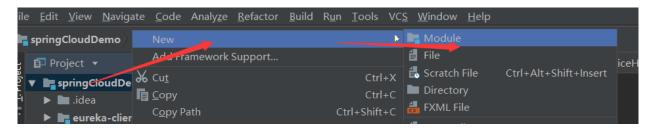
采用的是Eureka作为服务注册与发现的组件。

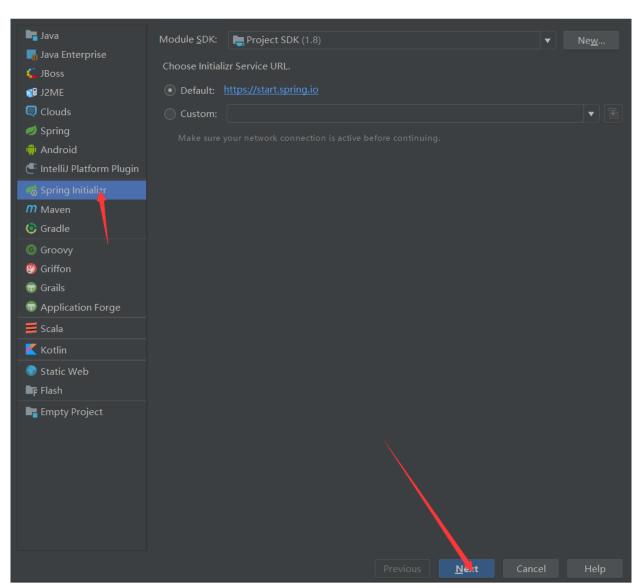
1.创建一个maven主工程,这个pom.xml文件作为父pom文件,其他module工程继承该pom,如下:

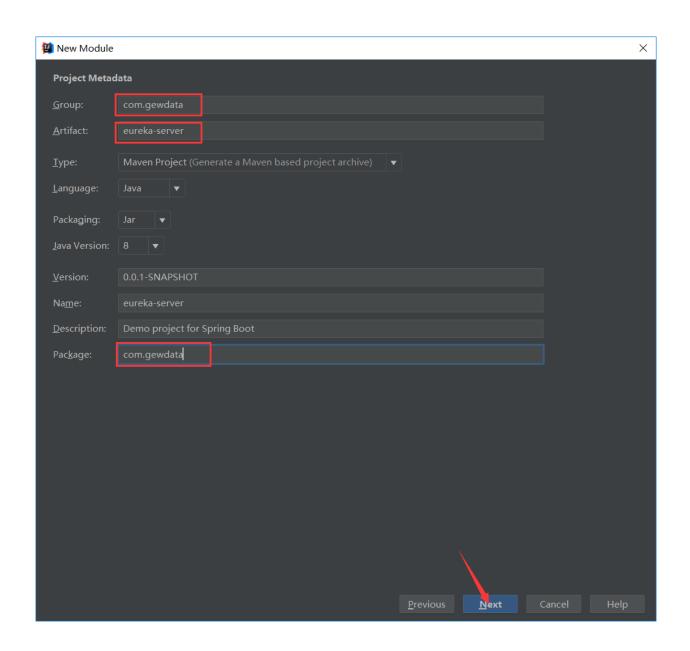
```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
3 cproject xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.
w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apach
e.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
6
   <groupId>com.gewdata
   <artifactId>springCloudDemo</artifactId>
8
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
9
10
   <packaging>pom</packaging>
11
   <name>springCloudDemo</name>
12
   <description>Demo project for Spring Boot</description>
13
14
   <parent>
15
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId>
17
   <version>2.0.3.RELEASE
   <relativePath/>
19
20
   </parent>
21
   cproperties>
22
```

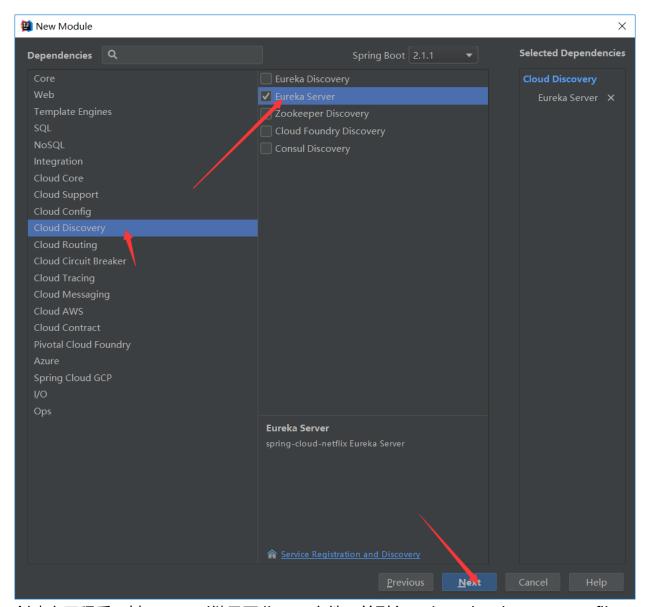
```
ng>
   <java.version>1.8</java.version>
25
   <spring-cloud.version>Finchley.RELEASE</spring-cloud.version>
26
   </properties>
27
28
   <dependencies>
29
30
   <dependency>
31
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
32
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
33
   <scope>test</scope>
34
   </dependency>
36
   </dependencies>
38
39
   <dependencyManagement>
40
   <dependencies>
41
   <dependency>
42
   <groupId>org.springframework.cloud
43
   <artifactId>spring-cloud-dependencies</artifactId>
44
   <version>${spring-cloud.version}
45
   <type>pom</type>
46
   <scope>import</scope>
47
   </dependency>
48
   </dependencies>
49
50
   </dependencyManagement>
51
   <build>
  <plugins>
53
54
   <plugin>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
56
   </plugin>
57
   </plugins>
58
   </build>
59
60
61 </project>
```

2.创建2个model工程,一个model工程作为服务注册中心(Eureka Server),另一个服务作为客户端(Eureka Client),如下图所示:









创建完工程后,其pom.xml继承了父pom文件,并引入spring-cloud-starter-netflix-eureka-server的依赖:

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 cproject xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.
w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apach
e.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
5
   <groupId>com.gewdata
6
   <artifactId>eureka-server</artifactId>
8
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
9
   <packaging>jar</packaging>
10
    <name>eureka-server</name>
11
    <description>Demo project for Spring Boot</description>
12
13
```

```
14
   <parent>
   <groupId>com.gewdata
   <artifactId>springCloudDemo</artifactId>
16
    <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
17
18
   </parent>
19
20
   <dependencies>
21
   <dependency>
22
   <groupId>org.springframework.cloud
    <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-netflix-eureka-server</artifactId>
24
   </dependency>
25
   </dependencies>
26
27
28 </project>
```

3.启动一个服务注册中心:

```
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.cloud.netflix.eureka.server.EnableEurekaServer;

SpringBootApplication

EnableEurekaServer

public class EurekaServerApplication {

public static void main(String[] args) {

SpringApplication.run(EurekaServerApplication.class, args);
}

}
```

4.eureka是一个高可用的组件,它没有后端缓存,每一个实例注册之后需要向注册中心发送心跳(因此可以在内存中完成),在默认情况下erureka server也是一个eureka client ,必须要指定一个 server。eureka server的配置文件appication.yml:

```
1 server:
2 port: 8761
3 
4 eureka:
5 instance:
6 hostname: localhost
7 client:
8 registerWithEureka: false
```

```
9  fetchRegistry: false
10  serviceUrl:
11  defaultZone: http://${eureka.instance.hostname}:${server.port}/eureka/
12
13  spring:
14  application:
15  name: eurka-server
```

通过eureka.client.registerWithEureka:false和fetchRegistry:false来表明自己是一个eureka server.

5.启动服务,访问http://localhost:8761出现界面。

创建服务提供者

当client向server注册时,它会提供一些元数据,例如主机和端口,URL,主页等。 Eureka server 从每个client实例接收心跳消息。 如果心跳超时,则通常将该实例从注册 server中删除。

1.创建一个spring boot项目,同上;

2.pom.xml文件如下:

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 cproject xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.
w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apach
e.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
5
   <groupId>com.gewdata
6
   <artifactId>eureka-client1</artifactId>
   <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
8
   <packaging>jar</packaging>
9
10
    <name>eureka-client1
11
    <description>Demo project for Spring Boot</description>
12
13
14
   <parent>
    <groupId>com.gewdata
15
    <artifactId>springCloudDemo</artifactId>
16
    <version>0.0.1-SNAPSHOT
17
    </parent>
18
19
```

```
20
    <dependencies>
21
    <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.cloud
22
    <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-netflix-eureka-client</artifactId>
23
    </dependency>
24
    <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot
26
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
27
28
    </dependency>
    </dependencies>
29
    <build>
31
32
   <plugins>
   <plugin>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot
34
    <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
    </plugin>
36
    </plugins>
37
   </build>
38
39
40 </project>
```

3.通过注解@EnableEurekaClient 表明自己是一个eurekaclient:

```
package com.gewdata;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
4 import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
5 import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
6 import org.springframework.cloud.netflix.eureka.EnableEurekaClient;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
8 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
9 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
10
11 @SpringBootApplication
12 @EnableEurekaClient
   @RestController
   public class EurekaClient1Application {
14
15
    public static void main(String[] args) {
16
    SpringApplication.run(EurekaClient1Application.class, args);
17
18
    }
```

```
20 @Value("${server.port}")
21 private String port;
22
23 @RequestMapping("/hi")
24 public String home(@RequestParam(value = "name", defaultValue = "gewdat a") String name) {
25 return "hi " + name + " ,i am from port:" + port;
26 }
27 }
```

4.application.yml配置文件如下:

```
server:
port: 8762

spring:
application:
name: eureka-client1

# 注册时需要知道server的地址eureka.client.service-url.defaultZone
eureka:
client:
serviceUrl:
defaultZone: http://localhost:8761/eureka/
```

5.启动工程,打开http://localhost:8761,可以发现有个服务已经注册在服务中了。