Exercise 1: Toothbrush Holder



Introduction

This lesson focuses on designing a sheet metal part from the flattened state. In this case, you create a sheet metal part and then insert bend lines on which to fold the part.

Learning Intentions

At the end of these exercises, you should be able to:

- Create a sheet metal part, using Base Flange, Extruded Cut, Sketched Bend and Edit
 Material commands
- Create a drawing of the sheet metal part

Prerequisite Knowledge

Previous knowledge of the following commands is required to complete this lesson; **Sketch** (Line, Centerline, Circle, Add Relations, Smart Dimension,), **Extrude Boss/Base,** and **Edit Materials.** A basic knowledge of the drawing environment is also required

Creating the Sheet Metal Part

Getting Started

In order to begin working with **Sheet Metal** you must first activate the sheet metal tab on the command manager.

To activate this tab, right click on the command manager. Choose **Sheet Metal** from the dropdown list.



The Sheet Metal tab is now active on the command manager.



Note: The Sheet Metal commands are also available from the drop down menu by selecting "Insert" and "Sheet Metal"...

Creating a sketch

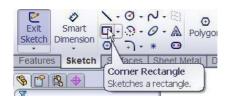
Begin by creating a sketch to generate the rectangular piece of acrylic required to manufacture the artefact.

Because the material sits on the horizontal plane while we carry out the work, we will create a sketch on the **Top Plane**. Left click on the 'Top' plane and click on the sketch icon



From the Sketch toolbar, select the **Corner Rectangle**.

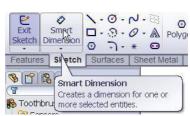
Left click on the Origin, move the cursor diagonally and left click on the opposite vertex to create the rectangle.

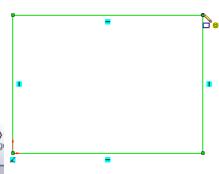


(Press 'Esc' to exit the Corner Rectangle command)

Note: the automatic relations that are added to the sketch. If these are not shown, go View/Sketch Relations

on the dropdown menu
Select **Smart Dimension** from
the Sketch toolbar and
dimension the rectangle as
shown.





Remember always to dimension from the shortest to the longest distances.

The sketch lines turn black when fully defined

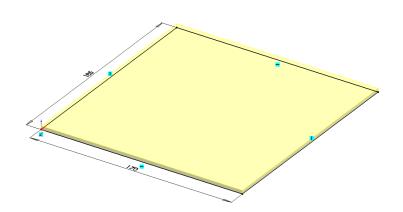


Exit the sketch

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Sheet Metal

To create a sheet metal feature, click the **Sheet Metal** tab on the Feature Command Manager and choose **Base Flange**Enter a value of 3mm for **thickness** in the Base Flange options dialog box





About Base Flange

A base flange is the first feature in a new sheet metal part. When you add a base flange feature to a SolidWorks part, the part is marked as a sheet metal part. Bends

are added wherever appropriate, and sheet metal specific features are added to the Feature Manager design tree.

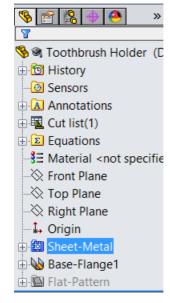
The Base-Flange feature is created from a sketch. The sketch can be a single open, single closed or multiple-enclosed profiles. There can be only one base flange feature in a SolidWorks part. The thickness and bend radius of the Base-Flange feature become the default values for the other sheet metal features.

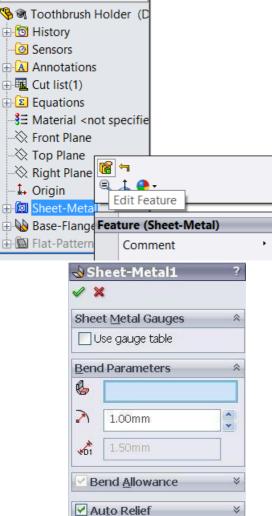
When a base flange feature is created a number of items are added to the feature manager design tree.

Sheet-Metal1 Feature:

- is automatically added above the Base flange feature. It holds the default sheet metal settings such as sheet metal thickness, radius etc.
- will remain at the top of the feature manager design tree (under'Origin')
- Right click on Sheet-Metal 1 and choose Edit
 Feature. The sheet metal settings may be changed here.

Set the bend radius to 1mm in the Bend Parameters
Choose **OK**





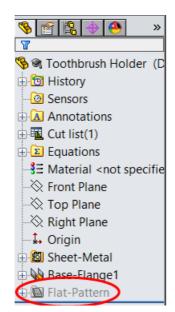
Flat-Pattern Feature

This is added below the base flange feature. It has a couple of special properties that are not found with other features.

Unlike other features, flat-pattern will remain at the bottom of the tree.

Other sheet metal features, when added, will appear overhead even though they are added after its creation. Secondly, the feature is suppressed when added to the design tree.

We will look further at this feature as we work through this exercise.

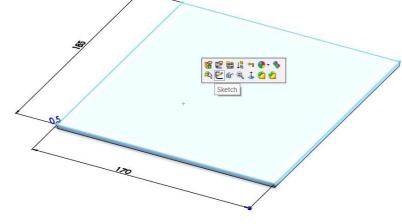


Creating the Rectangular Holes

A sketch needs to be created on the top face of the Base Flange so that the rectangular holes can be formed. Right click on the top face and select the sketch icon

Select **Normal To** from the view selector (press spacebar)

Select the 'Centerline' command from the Sketch Toolbar (use the down arrow beside Line command)

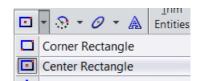




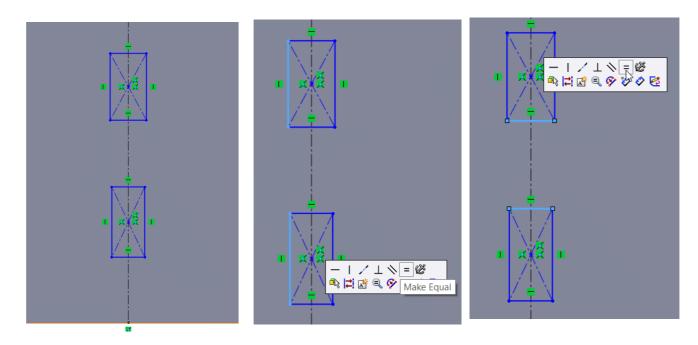
Hover over the edge of the base flange and the midpoint will appear.

Sketch the vertical centerline

Using the Center rectangle command draw two rectangles as shown

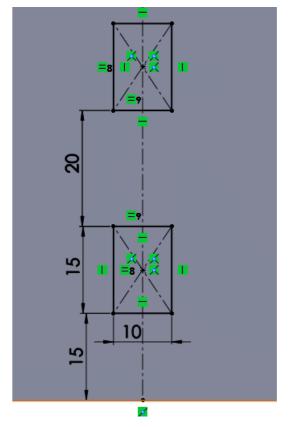


Add an equal relations to two vertical lines (hold the Ctrl button and select the lines) Then add an equal relation to two horizontal lines.



Dimension the sketch as shown below. Note that the sketch is fully defined.

Exit the sketch



Extruded Cut

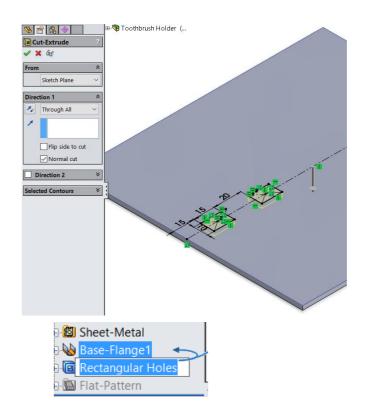
Select Extruded Sheet Metal Toolbar



Select the sketch containing the rectangles and select **Through All** as the end condition.

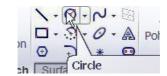


Double click on the 'Extrude 1' feature and rename as **Rectangular holes**



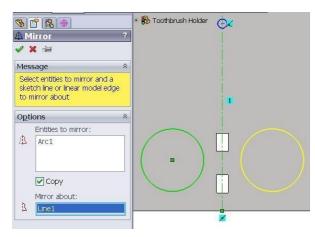
Circular Holes

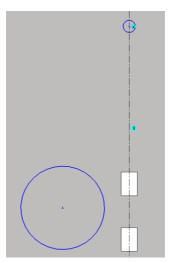
Create a sketch on the top face of the base flange. Draw a vertical centerline as described earlier. Select the 'Circle' command from the sketch toolbar

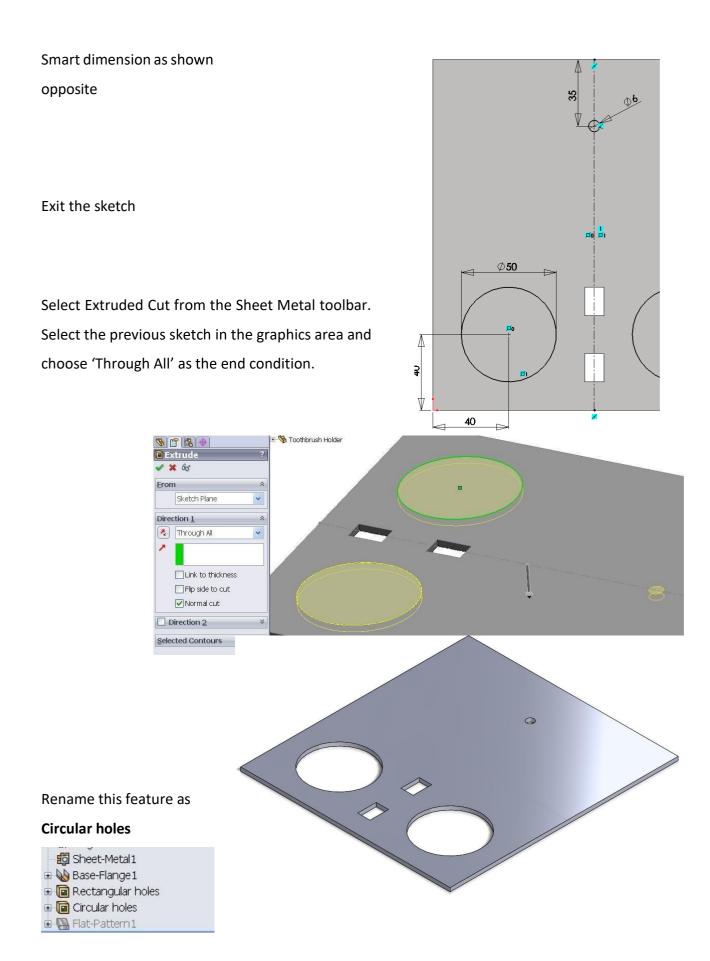


Create two circles, one of which is coincident with the centreline and one larger near the rectangular holes

Use 'Mirror Entities' to create a circle on the right of the centerline







Shaping of Holder

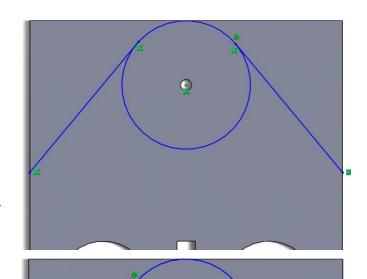
Create a sketch on the top face of the base flange as shown

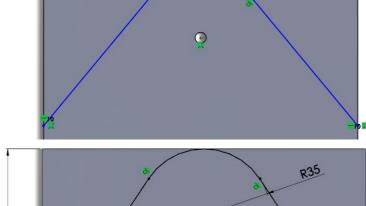
The circle should have its centre coincident with the existing hole and tangential to the edge.

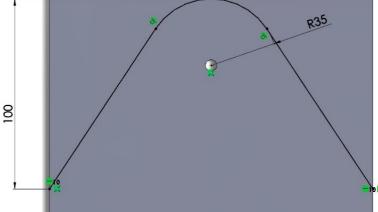
The lines should start coincident with the edge and be have an auto tangent relation to the circle.

Power trim the inside portion of the circle Apply a Horizontal relation between the endpoints of the line segments and the points of tangency in turn.

Dimension the sketch as shown opposite.



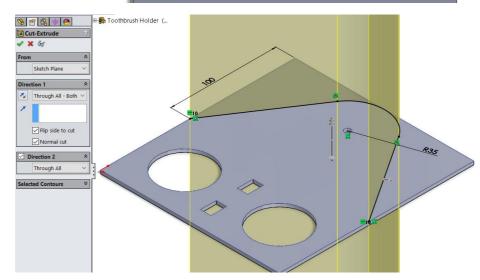




Extruded Cut

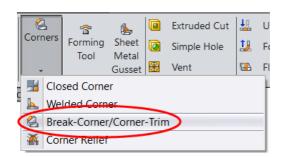
Select **Extruded Cut** from the Sheet Metal toolbar. Select **Through - All-Both** as the direction.

Rename feature as **Shaping**

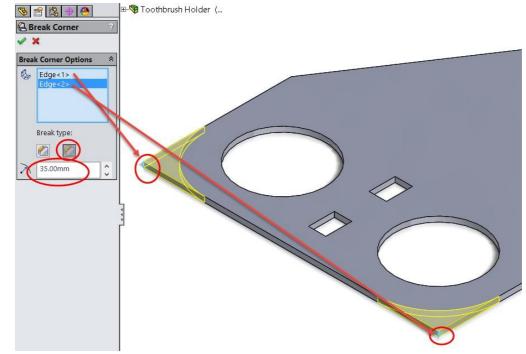


Fillets

Select the 'Break-Corner/Corner-Trim' from the **'Sheet**Metal' toolbar



Choose the settings in the property manager as shown

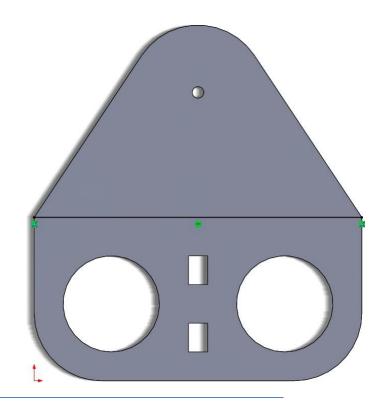


Sketched Bend

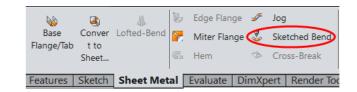
Create a sketch on the top face of the base flange.

Using the line command, sketch a line coincident with the endpoints of the shaping ending line.

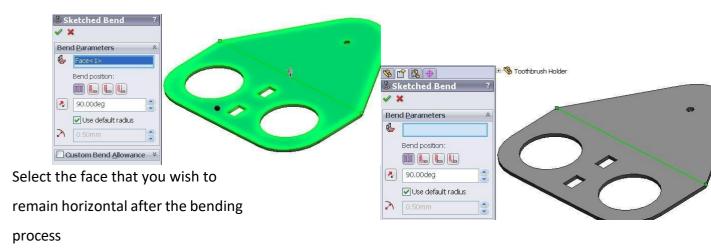
This line will be used as the bend line



Select 'Sketched Bend' from the Sheet MetalToolbar.



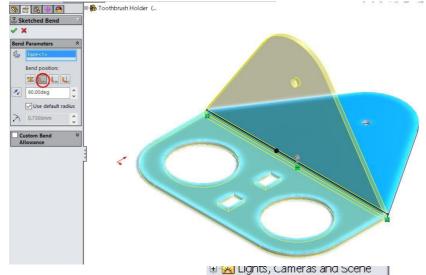
Select the bending line



Select 'Material Inside' as the Bend Position

Select 90° as the bending angle

Choose the default radius as the bending radius



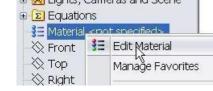
Edit Material

Right click on **Materials <not specified>** in the Design Tree and select **Edit Material**

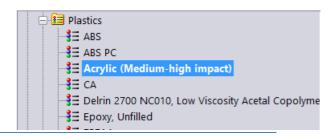
Acrylic (Medium-high impact) and choose

Apply and Close

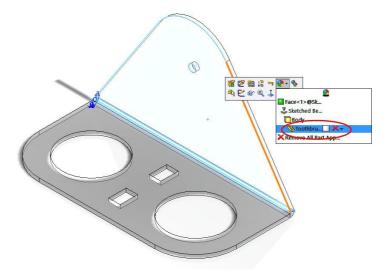
Scroll down to the **Plastics** folder and select



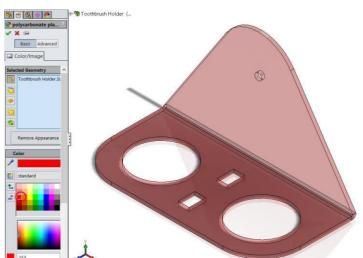
Material



Right click on any face of the toothbrush holder go to the appearances icon and select the **Part** to apply an appearance



Select a colour from the swatch In the Appearances Property Manager

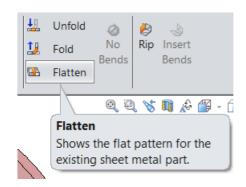


Flat-pattern

It is added to the bottom of the feature manager design tree when we create a sheet metal part. As sheet metal features are added to the part it remains at the bottom. You will also notice that it is greyed out or suppressed.

Unsuppress: Right click on the feature and choose Flatpattern. Unsuppress from the pop-up toolbar Or

Select Flatten from the sheet metal toolbar



The sheet metal model flattens out into the surface development used to create it.

The bend line is also displayed.

Click on **Flatten** in the sheet metal toolbar to suppress the sheet metal feature

Save you work



Creating a drawing of the Toothbrush Holder

Drawing Templates

These templates are used when creating presentation drawings. Parameters include sheet size, orientation etc. The template may include a border, title block projection symbol, and text. When a presentation drawing is to be created using a part model, the template is the starting point.

Getting Started

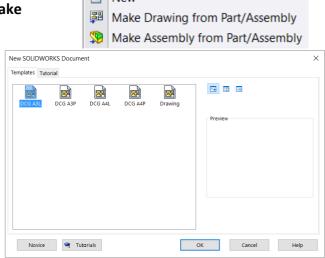
With the 'Toothbrush Holder' part file open, select **Make Drawing from Part/Assembly**.

Select Drawing and then click Advanced

Choose the drawing template you wish to use from the list displayed, for example **DCGA4L**

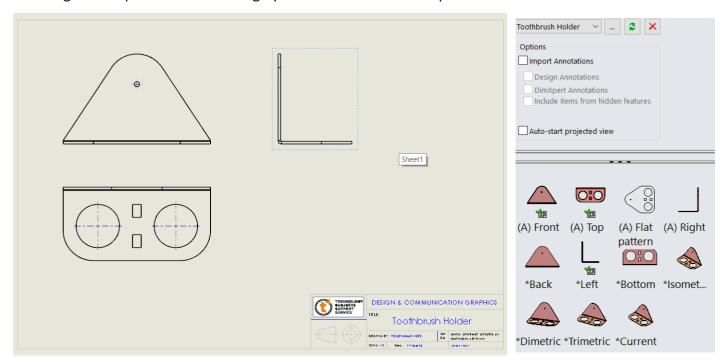
Choose OK

Save the drawing. It will automatically save as same name as part.



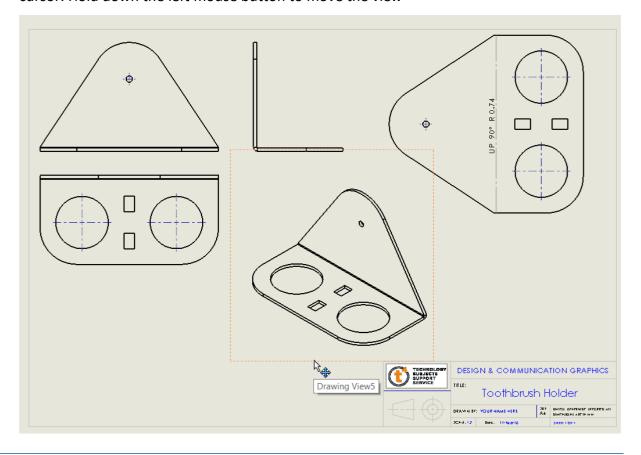
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Drag and drop in the three orthographic views from the view palette



Drag and drop in an Isometric view and Flat pattern view

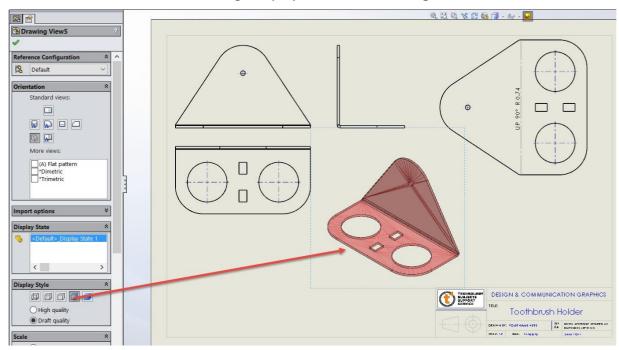
The view can be re-positioned by hovering over box until the pan symbol appears beside the cursor. Hold down the left mouse button to move the view



The view can be displayed in a number of ways

- Wireframe Displays all edges.
- Hidden lines visible Displays all edges, hidden lines are visible
- Hidden lines removed Displays edges that are visible at the chosen angle;
 obscured lines are removed.
- Shaded with edges Displays items in shaded mode with hidden lines removed.
- **Shaded** Displays items in shaded mode.

Click on the isometric view to change display to Shaded with edges

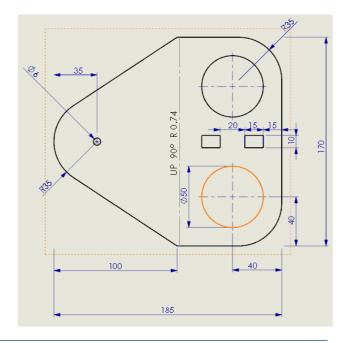


Select **Model Items** in the Annotation tab



Select flat pattern view to import all dimensions.

Move dimensions to improve their appearance

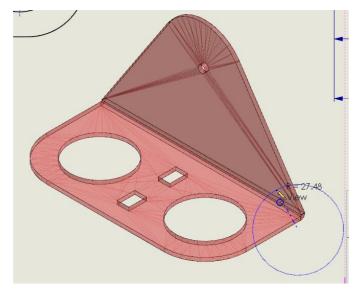


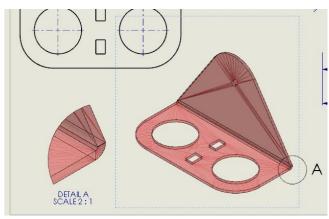
Detail View

Select Detail View tool and sketch a circle around the bend of isometric view as shown

The view can then be positioned on the sheet. The scale can be changed to **2:1**







Editing the title block

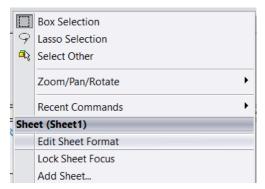
Technology'.

Right click on a clear area of the drawing sheet

Select **Edit Sheet Format**, the drawing views will disappear as
the sheet background is being viewed

Double click on 'Design and Communication Graphics'

While the text is highlighted, type in 'Leaving Certificate



You can also edit the font type, size and colour while text is highlighted.

Press 'Esc' when you have edited the text.

You can reposition the text box by left

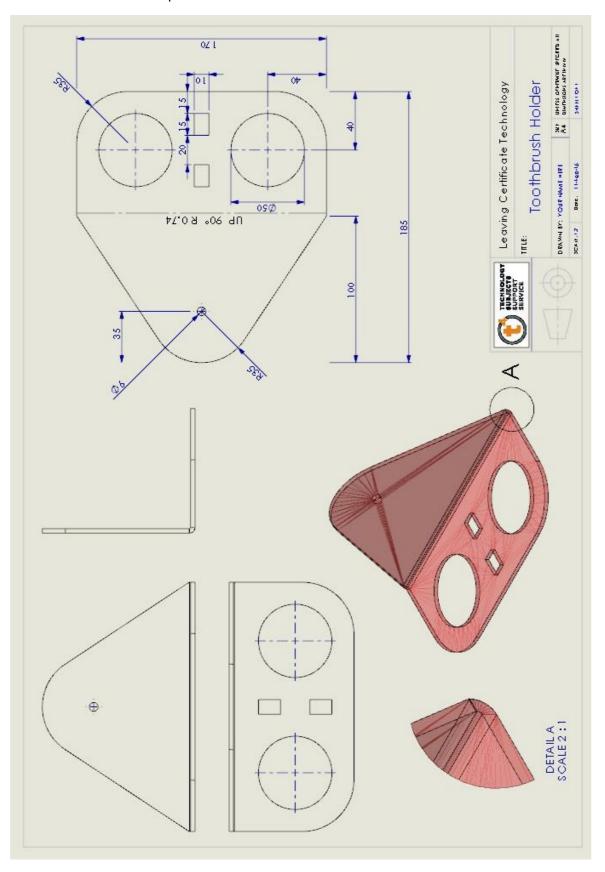
clicking on the text and dragging it into the required position

When finished, right click on the drawing sheet and select **Edit Sheet**, the drawing views reappear. Save your work

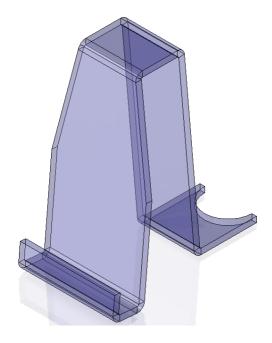




The exercise is now complete



Exercise 2: Phone Holder



Introduction

This lesson focuses on designing a sheet metal part from the flattened state to include a series of bends.

Learning Intentions

At the end of these exercises, you should be able to:

- Create a sheet metal part, using Base Flange, Extruded Cut, Sketched Bend and Edit
 Material commands
- Create a drawing worksheet of the exercise

Prerequisite Knowledge

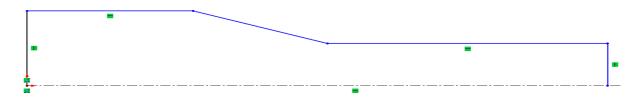
Introduction to sheet metal commands including a basic knowledge of SolidWorks from the previous exercises (toothbrush holder and childs toy)

Creating the Sheet Metal Part

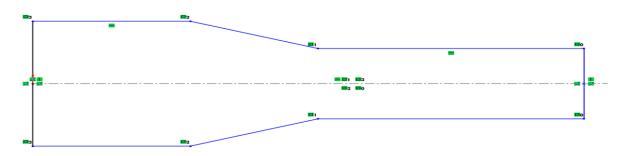
Creating the Sketch



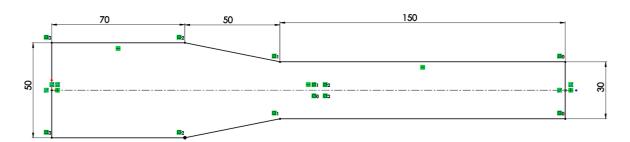
Draw the following sketch on the **Top Plane**



Mirror the sketch. Mirror Entities



Dimension the sketch as shown

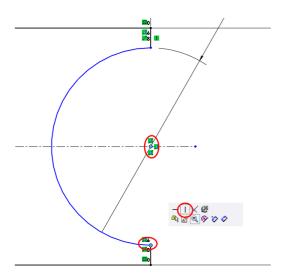


Add a **R.25mm** circle at end and trim excess lines. Add a vertical relation to the circle centre and an endpoint of the trimmed line.

<u>Trim</u>

Save your work.

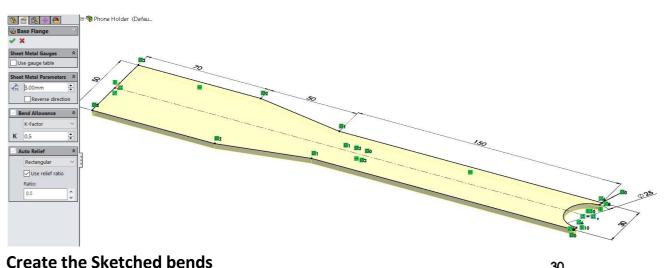
The sketch should be fully defined.



Create the sheet metal feature

Select the **Sheet Metal** tab and select Base Flange Flange The material thickness is **3mm**.

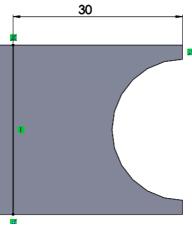




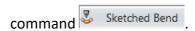
NOTE:

The bends will be created in a logical sequence that would occur in "real-life", if you had to make the holder. This will allow the file to be used as a teaching tool to explain the bending sequence

Draw a new sketch on the surface as shown



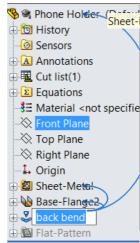
Select the **Sketched Bend**

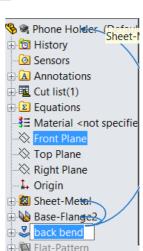


Bend Parameters:

- end to be the fixed face
- **85** degree bend
- Material Outside bend position

Click OK

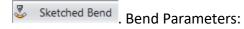




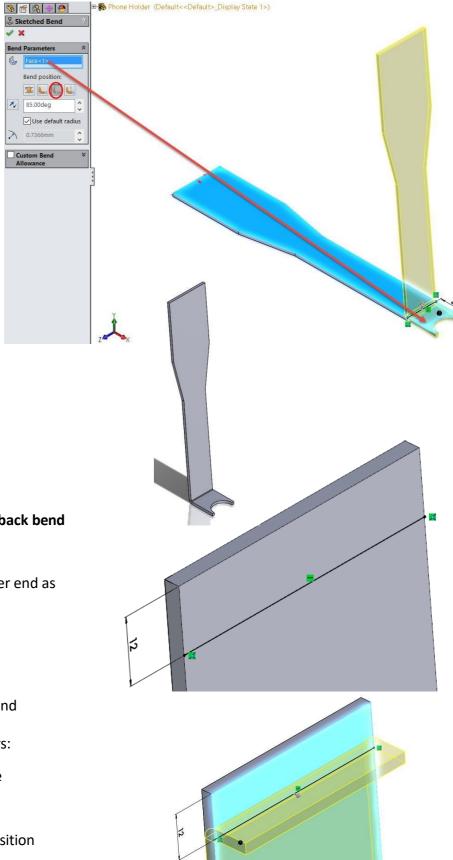
Change name of bend feature to back bend (press Fn + F2)

Create another sketch on the other end as shown

Select the **Sketched Bend** command



- Centre to be the fixed face
- 90 degree bend
- Material Outside bend position

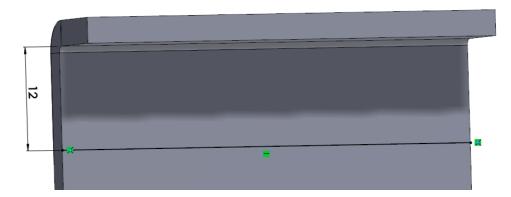


Click OK

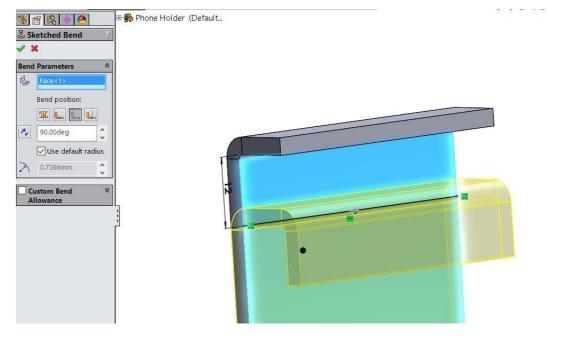
Change name of bend feature to Front bend 1

Draw another sketch close to previous.

Dimension from the bend surface not the curvature edge



Repeat the sketched bend exercise to form the J shape on front of phone holder using the same parameters



Click OK 🗸.

Change name of bend feature to Front bend 2



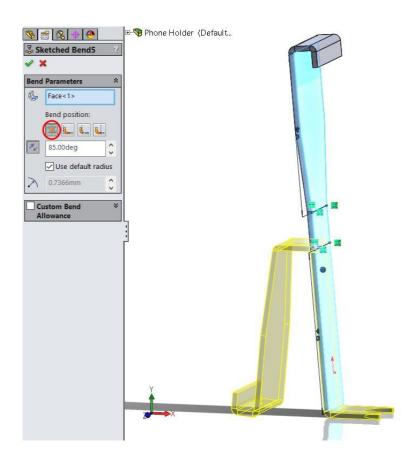
Draw a final sketch for the two top bends

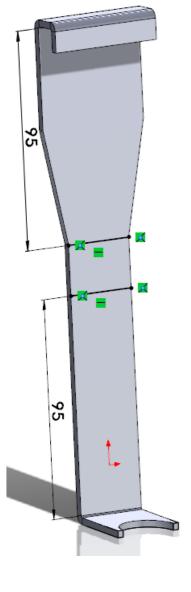
Select the **Sketched Bend** command Sketched Bend



Bend Parameters:

- Rear surface to be the fixed face
- 85 degree bend
- Bend centreline bend position



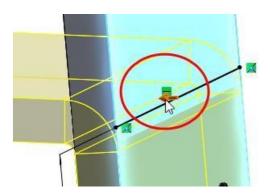


You may need to change direction of bend by selecting the arrow on the screen

Click OK 🗹.

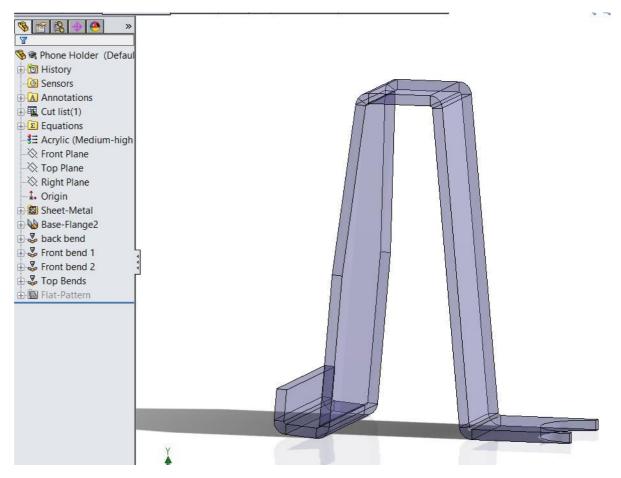
Rename bend feature to Top Bends

Save your work



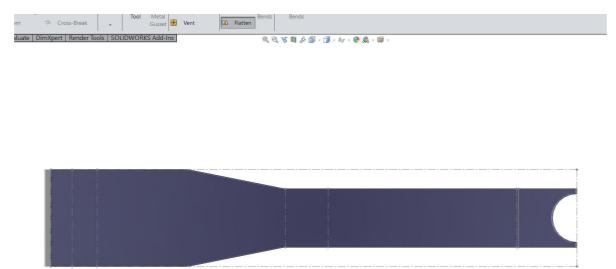
Edit the material to **Acrylic (Medium-high impact).** Edit the appearance to a blue colour.

(see previous exercise for further information)

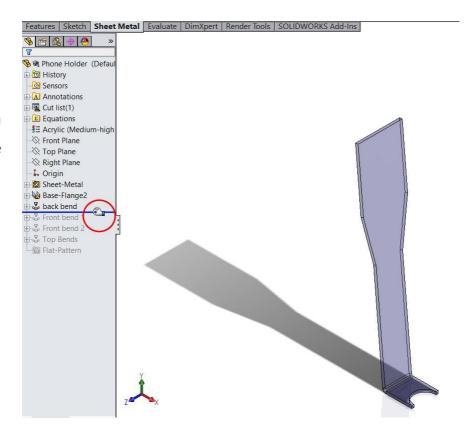


Your **Phone Holder** is now complete

You can use the Flatten feature to show in the flattened state

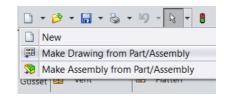


The **Roll back** command allow you to show the sequence of bends. Bring the cursor to the design tree blue line, hold down the left mouse button and move over features to roll back the development of the part.

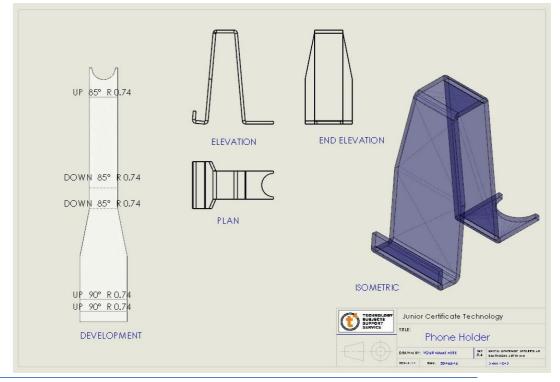


Creating the Drawings & Worksheets

As in the previous exercise a drawing can be created of the orthographic, isometric and developed views. Save your drawing in the folder created earlier. The sheet template is DCG A4L

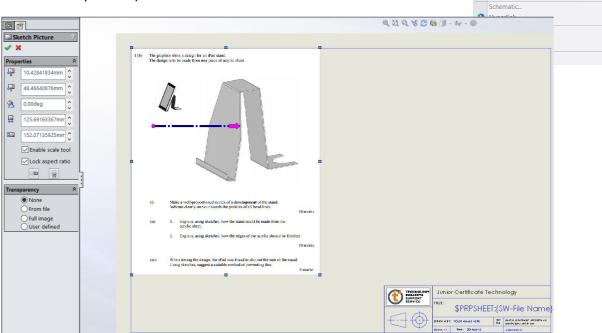


The sheet format can be edited as in the earlier exercise



Creating Worksheets

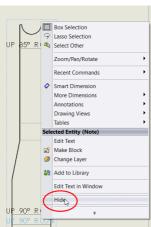
The question (JC Technology 2012 HL Part B) can be inserted as an image into a sheet, once it has been saved as a picture (use print screen or snip it tool)



To create a worksheet for Part (i),

 drag and drop the flattened view of the part into the space. The text can be hidden by right clicking and select Hide.





Insert Tools Window Help 👂 🗋 🕶 🤌

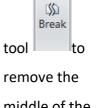
Model Items...

Annotations Tables Sheet...

Picture...

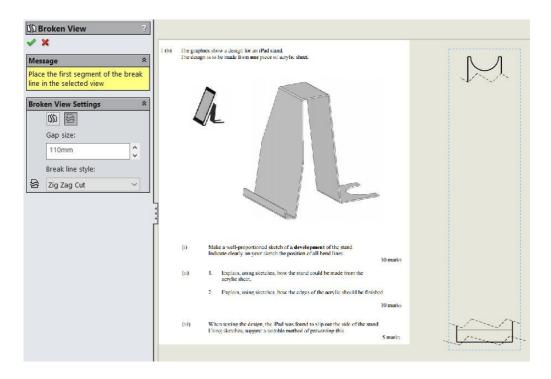
Make Section Line
Object...

• Use the Break



middle of the view, increase the gap to 110mm

 Add text to sheet

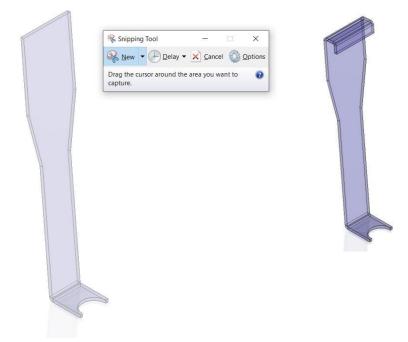




Add another sheet for Part (ii)

Save a number of roll back views using the windows Snipping Tool Insert them into the drawing sheet.

Add some text to complete the worksheet. Add a sketch line to divide the sheet





Further sheets can be added to complete the other parts of the question