
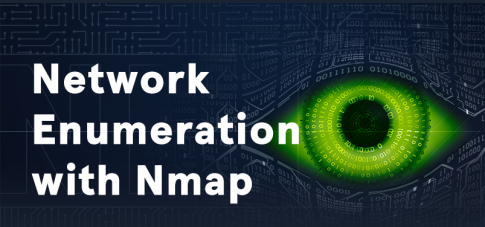







Targets compromised: 65

Ranking: Top 5%

MODULE

PROGRESS

	<div>Intro to Academy</div> <div>8 Sections Fundamental General</div> <div>Your first stop in Hack The Box Academy to become acquainted with the platform, its features, and its learning process.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>Network Enumeration with Nmap</div> <div>12 Sections Easy Offensive</div> <div>Nmap is one of the most used networking mapping and discovery tools because of its accurate results and efficiency. The tool is widely used by both offensive and defensive security practitioners. This module covers fundamentals that will be needed to use the Nmap tool for performing effective network enumeration.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>File Transfers</div> <div>10 Sections Medium Offensive</div> <div>During an assessment, it is very common for us to transfer files to and from a target system. This module covers file transfer techniques leveraging tools commonly available across all versions of Windows and Linux systems.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>Using the Metasploit Framework</div> <div>15 Sections Easy Offensive</div> <div>The Metasploit Framework is an open-source set of tools used for network enumeration, attacks, testing security vulnerabilities, evading detection, performing privilege escalation attacks, and performing post-exploitation.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>Getting Started</div> <div>23 Sections Fundamental Offensive</div> <div>This module covers the fundamentals of penetration testing and an introduction to Hack The Box.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>Penetration Testing Process</div> <div>15 Sections Fundamental General</div> <div>This module teaches the penetration testing process broken down into each stage and discussed in detail. We will cover many aspects of the role of a penetration tester during a penetration test, explained and illustrated with detailed examples. The module also covers pre-engagement steps like the criteria for establishing a contract with a client for a penetration testing engagement.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>
	<div>Vulnerability Assessment</div> <div>17 Sections Easy Offensive</div> <div>This module introduces the concept of Vulnerability Assessments. We will review the differences between vulnerability assessments and penetration tests, how to carry out a vulnerability assessment, how to interpret the assessment results, and how to deliver an effective vulnerability assessment report.</div>	<div>100% Completed</div> <div></div>



Footprinting

21 Sections Medium Offensive

This module covers techniques for footprinting the most commonly used services in almost all enterprise and business IT infrastructures. Footprinting is an essential phase of any penetration test or security audit to identify and prevent information disclosure. Using this process, we examine the individual services and attempt to obtain as much information from them as possible.

100% Completed



Shells & Payloads

17 Sections Medium Offensive

Gain the knowledge and skills to identify and use shells & payloads to establish a foothold on vulnerable Windows & Linux systems. This module utilizes a fictitious scenario where the learner will place themselves in the perspective of a sysadmin trying out for a position on CAT5 Security's network penetration testing team.

100% Completed



Information Gathering - Web Edition

19 Sections Easy Offensive

This module equips learners with essential web reconnaissance skills, crucial for ethical hacking and penetration testing. It explores both active and passive techniques, including DNS enumeration, web crawling, analysis of web archives and HTTP headers, and fingerprinting web technologies.

100% Completed



Password Attacks

22 Sections Medium Offensive

Passwords are still the primary method of authentication in corporate networks. If strong password policies are not in place, users will often opt for weak, easy-to-remember passwords that can often be cracked offline and used to further our access. We will encounter passwords in many forms during our assessments. We must understand the various ways they are stored, how they can be retrieved, methods to crack weak passwords, ways to use hashes that cannot be cracked, and hunting for weak/default password usage.

45.45% Completed

