2.2. Morphing Potential

Dmytro Panasenko

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1 Morphing Potential

The morphing potential is a central concept in Unified Configuration Theory, capturing the dynamic transitions between quantum configurations. It formalizes how one configuration deforms into another, governed by geometric rules rather than probabilistic collapse. This potential is not an external field—it is intrinsic to the configuration space itself.

Our dedicated release,

Quantum Configuration Morphing: Geometric Transitions in Quantum Space

provides the full formalism, including:

- Tensor-based morphing equations and boundary conditions

- Visual diagrams of configuration transitions and collapse pathways

- Integration with measurement theory and contextuality

- Bilingual README and reproducible LaTeX blocks for outreach and publication

In UCT, morphing potential serves several key roles:

- It defines the allowed transitions between configurations, including collapse, superposition, and entanglement.

- It encodes geometric constraints that reflect quantum uncertainty and measurement outcomes.

- It provides a visual and modular framework for quantum evolution, replacing abstract operators with morphable structures.

This approach reframes quantum dynamics as a geometric process, where evolution is governed by curvature, morphing, and configuration topology. The morphing potential thus becomes a bridge between quantum foundations and visual logic, enabling both rigorous analysis and intuitive outreach.

Morphing Potential

Curvature Flow

Vault Configuration

Excited Configuration
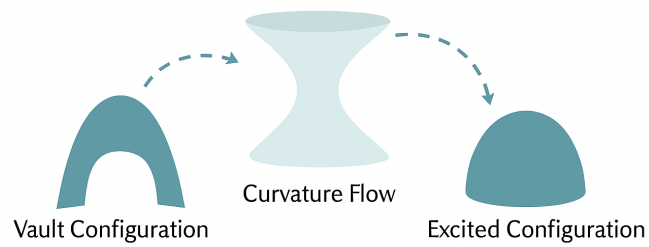
Unified Configuration Theory reframes behavior through
dynamic transitions between configuration spaces, governned
by morphing potential intrinsic to the quantum vacuum.

Figure 1: Unified Configuration Theory illustrates morphing potential through dynamic transitions between configuration spaces. Arrows indicate curvature flow, collapse boundaries, and zones of uncertainty, entanglement, and vacuum structure.