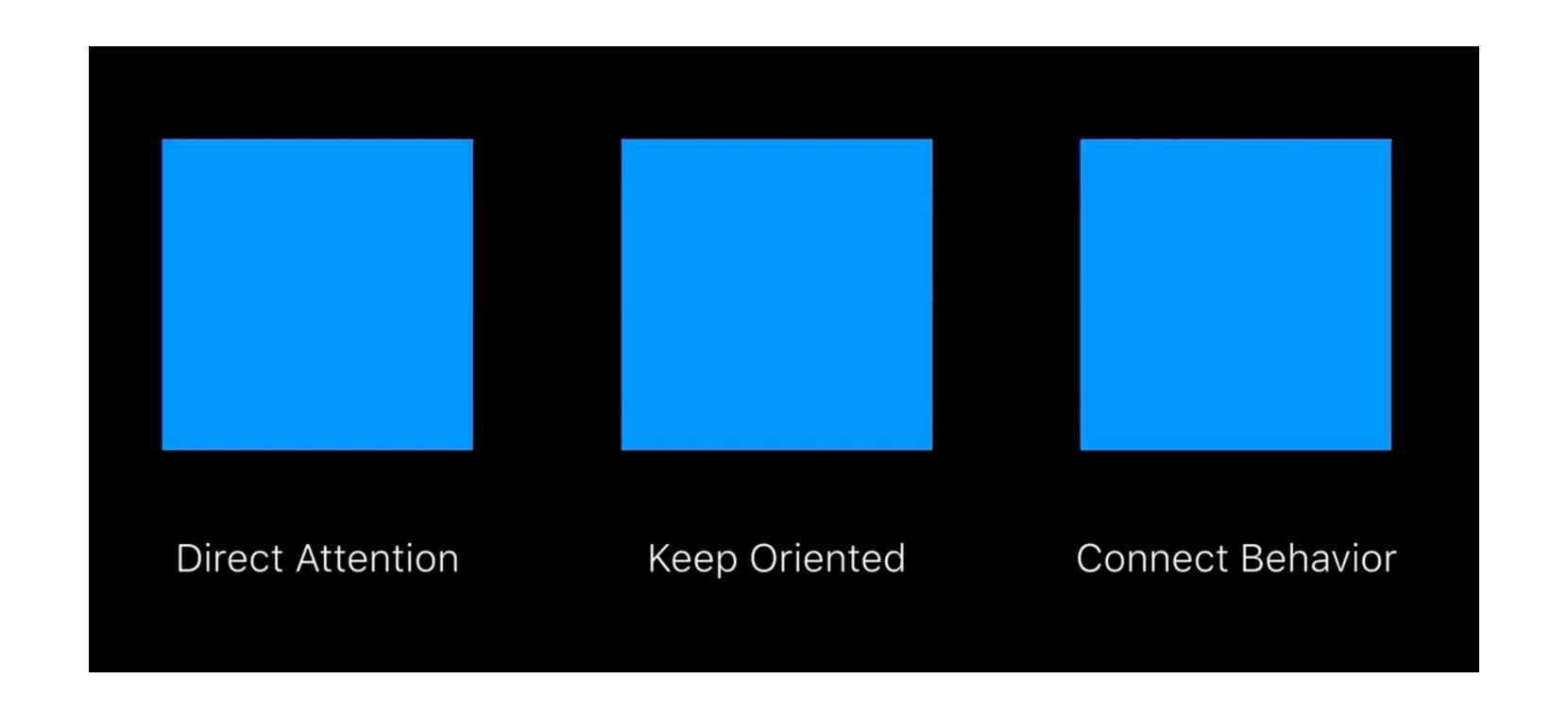


Why Animate?

Animations should:

- Direct the user's attention
- Keep the user oriented
- Connect user behaviors



What Can Be Animated?

- frame
- bounds
- center
- transform
- alpha
- backgroundColor

Animation Closures

The **UlView** class defines several class methods where you can update the animatable properties

```
animate(withDuration:animations:)animate(withDuration:animations:completion:)animate(withDuration:delay:options:animations:completion:)
```

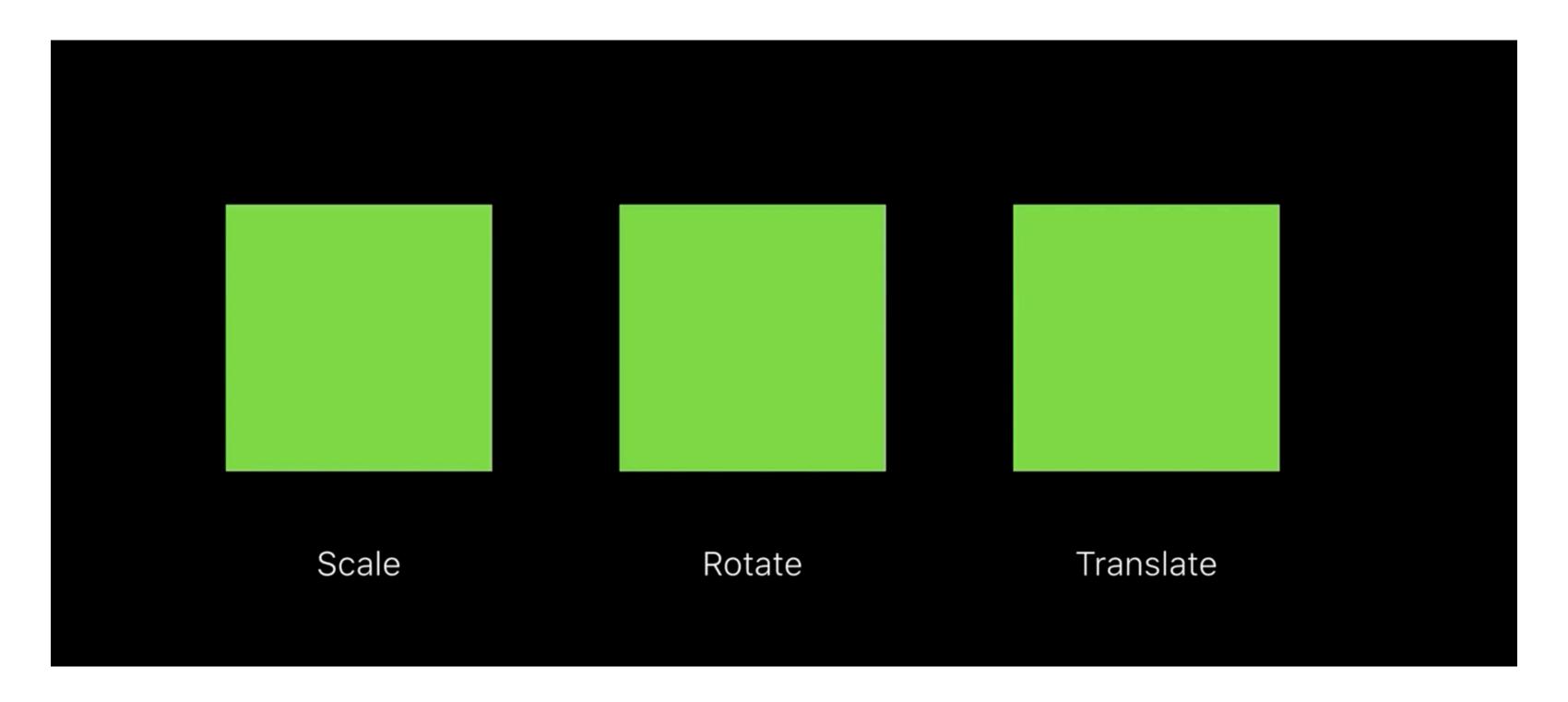
Example of changing view's alpha:

```
UIView.animate(withDuration: 2.0) {
    aView.alpha = 0.3
}
```

The Transform Property

Instance of the structure CGAffineTransform.

The **transform** property can be used to change the scale, rotate, or move the view without calculating changes to the view's frame.



Transform

Туре	Initializer	Parameter Description
Scale	<pre>init(scaleX: CGFloat, y: CGFloat)</pre>	The factors by which to scale your view.
Rotate	<pre>init(rotationAngle : CGFloat)</pre>	The angle (in radians) by which to rotate your view. Positive Value = Counterclockwise
Translate	<pre>init(translationX: CGFloat, y: CGFloat)</pre>	The value by which to move (shift) your view.

```
// Double the height and width of the view
let scaleTransform = CGAffineTransform(scaleX: 2.0, y: 2.0)
```

Transform in action

```
UIView.animate(withDuration: 2.0) {
    square.backgroundColor = .orange

let scaleTransform = CGAffineTransform(scaleX: 2.0, y: 2.0)
    let rotateTransform = CGAffineTransform(rotationAngle: .pi)
    let translateTransform = CGAffineTransform(translationX: 200, y: 200)
    let comboTransform = scaleTransform.concatenating(rotateTransform).concatenating (translateTransform)
    square.transform = comboTransform
}
```

Dynamic Animation

UIDynamicAnimator - an object that provides physics-related animations **UIDynamicBehavior -** object that describes animation's behavior

List of all UIDynamicBehavior types:

- UISnapBehavior
- UIPushBehavior
- UlFieldBehavior
- UICollisionBehavior
- UIGravityBehavior
- UIAttachmentBehavior

Dynamic Animation Example



```
import UIKit
class SecondViewController: UIViewController {
    @IBOutlet private weak var appleImageView: UIImageView!
    private lazy var animator = UIDynamicAnimator(referenceView: view)
    private lazy var snapping = UISnapBehavior(item: appleImageView, snapTo: view.center)
    @IBAction func handleApplePan(_ sender: UIPanGestureRecognizer) {
        switch sender.state {
        case .began:
            animator.removeBehavior(snapping)
       case .changed:
            let translation = sender.translation(in: view)
            let center = appleImageView.center
            appleImageView.center = CGPoint(x: center.x + translation.x,
                                            y: center.y + translation.y)
            sender.setTranslation(.zero, in: view)
       case .ended, .failed, .cancelled:
            animator.addBehavior(snapping)
       default:
            break
```

Same Using Transform



```
import UIKit
class SecondViewController: UIViewController {
    @IBOutlet private weak var appleImageView: UIImageView!
    @IBAction func handleApplePan(_ sender: UIPanGestureRecognizer) {
        switch sender.state {
        case .changed:
            let translation = sender.translation(in: view)
            appleImageView.transform = CGAffineTransform(translationX: translation.x,
                                                         y: translation.y)
        case .ended, .failed, .cancelled:
            UIView.animate(withDuration: 0.3,
                           delay: 0,
                           usingSpringWithDamping: 0.5,
                           initialSpringVelocity: 0.5,
                           animations: {
                self.appleImageView.transform = .identity
            })
        default:
            break
```