

## GitOps-Driven Platform Engineering:

Mastering Cluster Fleet Management





Staff DevOps Engineer



Lead Platform Engineer

#### \$ WHOAMI



**Michael Fornaro** 

Staff DevOps Engineer
Easygo



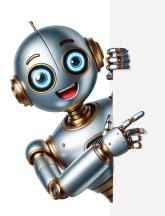
Olga Mirensky

**Lead Platform Engineer**Macquarie Group



#### Stepping back...

Cloud is complicated! Teams are swamped.



Platforms can help.

#### What is Platform Engineering ?!



#### **User Experience**

Consistent interface to meet where they are



## Security and Compliance

Standardized and compliant by default



#### **Golden Paths**

Self-service infra using templates and automation



#### Management

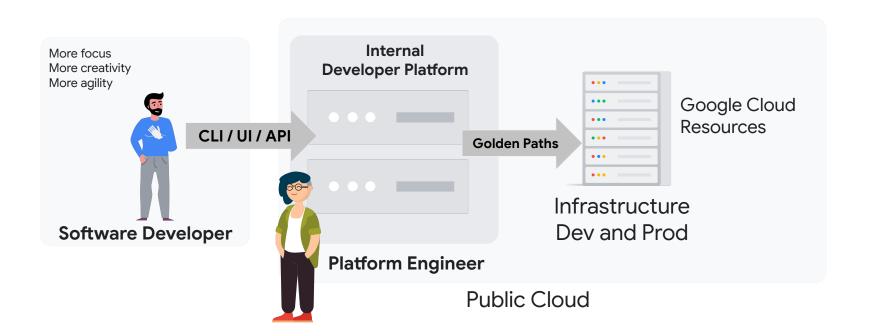
Self-service capabilities and upgrades



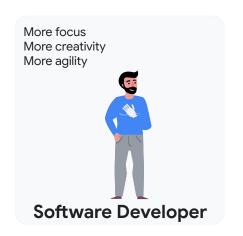
#### Platform as a Product

User-centric thinnest viable platform

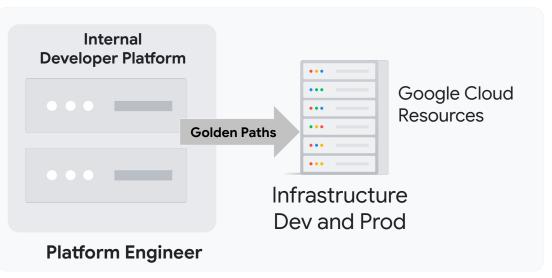
## Platform Engineering



### Platform Engineering







**Public Cloud** 



# Archetypes Introduction

#### Let's Go: Car Shopping

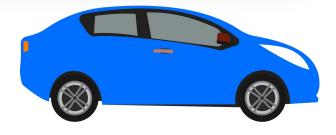
"I need a new <vehicle>!"

#### Really:

- A. I want to **go fast**
- B. I need to carry lots of stuff
- C. I don't want to **spend** much







#### Refinement

Once you pick a **type**, you can choose a **make** and **model**.



#### Customization

Then, you choose the one for you.



Maybe you make it even **more** for you.





NOT Car Shopping!



#### Too Much Choice can be Disastrous

What we think we want

VS

How it actually turns out



https://simpsons.fandom.com/wiki/The\_Homer

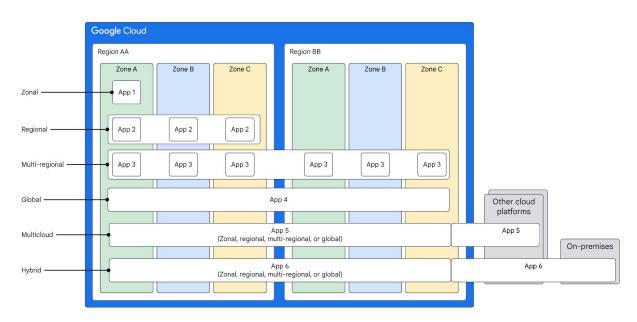
"the type of car Americans really want, not the kind we tell them they want"



A <u>deployment archetype</u> is an abstract, provider-independent model that you use as the foundation to build application-specific *deployment architectures* that meet your business and technical requirements

goo.gle/app-archetypes

#### Deployment Archetypes



goo.gle/app-archetypes

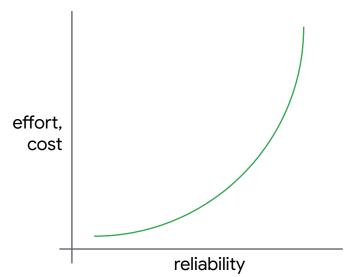


# From Abstract Model to Implementation



```
achetype.yaml
 2 apiVersion: company/apps/vlalphal
 3 kind: Application
 4 metadata:
      name: whereami-frontend # Namespace, Service, Deployment, KSA, GSA, and repo names based on this.
        application-group: "whereami" # Multiple Services belong to an application-group
        template: "golang" # Supported values are golang, python, java, javascript
        deployment-strategy: "global" # Strategies supported are multi-zonal, multi-regional, and global
        # Supported regions are us-west2, us-central1 (examples)
        # The "global" strategy ignores this field
       locations: ["us-west2", "us-central1"]
        ports: ["8080", "443"]
       dockerfile: "/path/to/Dockerfile" # Path to the Dockerfile.
       strategy: "canary" # Supported values are Rolling, Blue-Green and Canary, default is Rolling
        frequency: "daily" # Supported values are Hourly, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Monthly, Quarterly, default is Daily
          databases: ["sql", "spanner"] # Supported values are "sql", "firestore", "spanner", "redis"
        availability: "99.999%" # Target uptime percentage.
        latency: "200ms" # Maximum acceptable response time.
         errorRate: "0.5%" # Target maximum error rate percentage.
        throughput: "5000qps" # Queries per second.
         durability: "99.99%" # Data durability percentage.
        recoveryTimeObjective: "30m" # Maximum time to recover services.
```

48

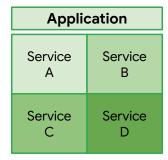


## How to use Archetypes?

Services can be deployed to a single archetype

Applications can use services across multiple archetypes

Service A



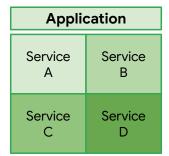
## How to use Archetypes?

Services can be deployed to a single archetype

Applications can use services across multiple archetypes

Applications should be designed for graceful degradation

Service A



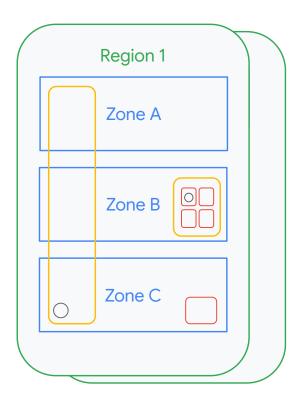
Application

Service A Service B

Service C Service D

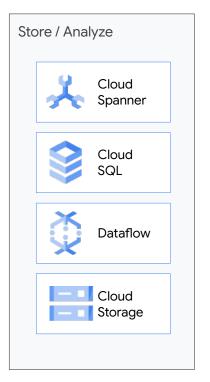
#### **Cloud Failure Domains: Regions, Zones**

Clusters, Pods, Apps, Functions, VMs

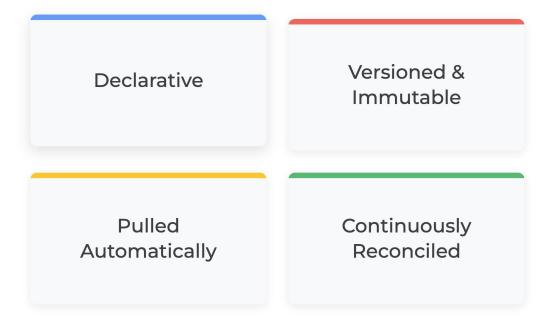


## **Products** expose their failure domains differently



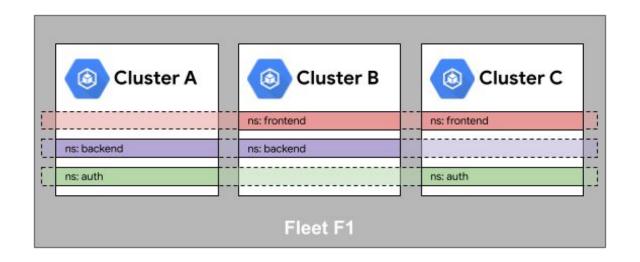


### What is GitOps?



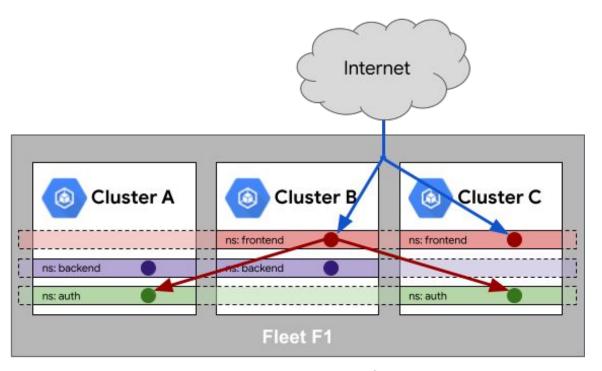
https://opengitops.dev/

#### What are Fleets of Clusters?



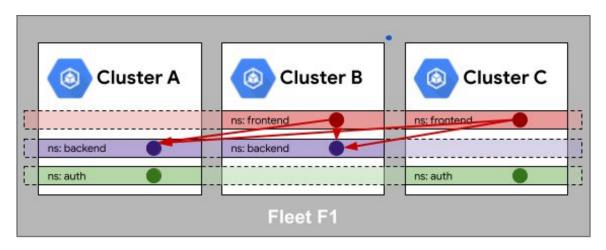
Namespace sameness in a fleet

#### What are Fleets of Clusters?



Service sameness in a fleet

#### What are Fleets of Clusters?

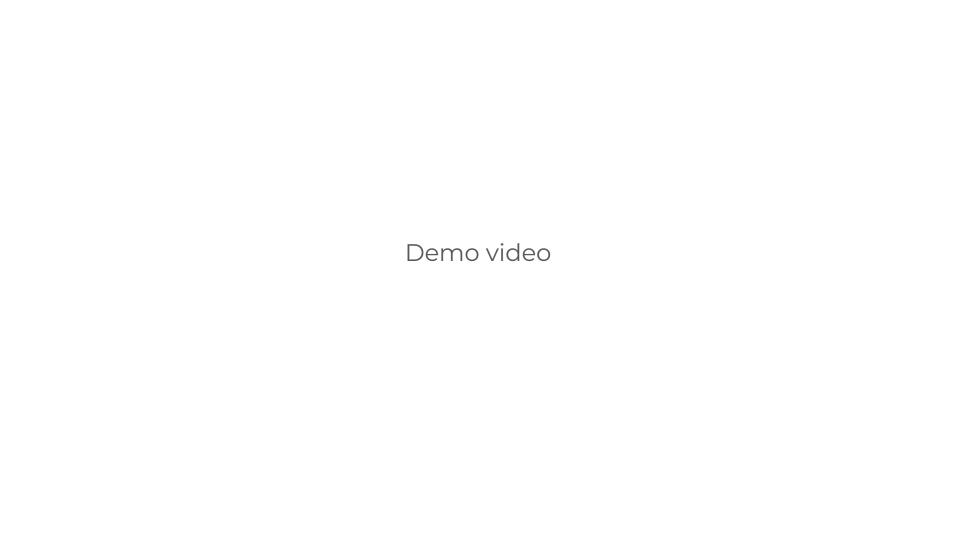


Identity sameness inside a fleet

## Mastering Cluster Fleet Management







#### Unpacking the Demo - Principles

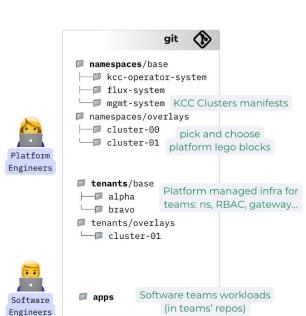
#### **Platform Engineer**

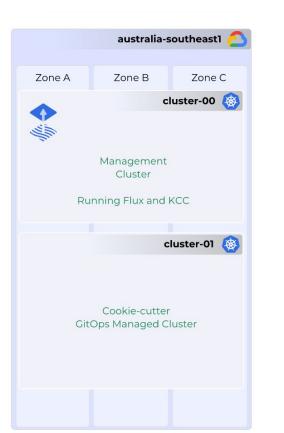
- Cookie-cutter reproducible clusters
- Clusters on-demand: Testing
   Environments, Disaster Recovery.
- Golden paths and guardrails
- Scalable

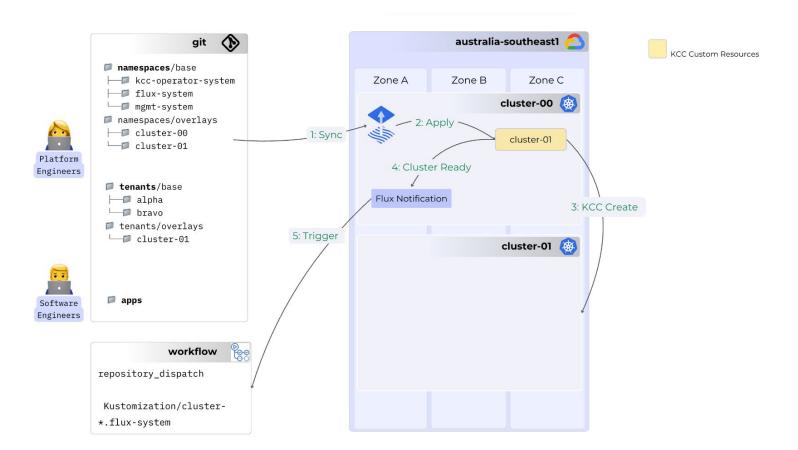


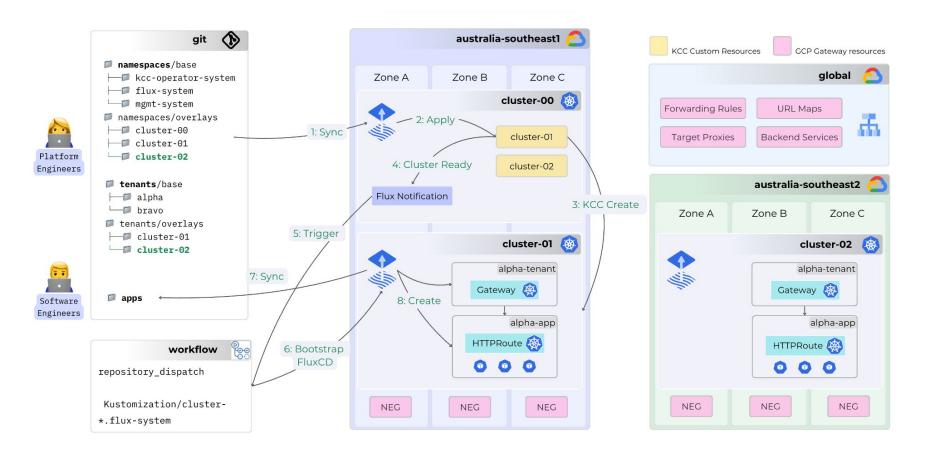
#### **Application Developer**

- Infrastructure management decoupled from Application
- App placement based on archetype
- Scale seamlessly to 5 or 500 clusters









Unlock the power of archetypes

Unlock the power GitOps

Scale kubernetes configuration







#### **Conclusion & Links**

- https://fluxcd.io/flux/
- https://control-plane.io/posts/d2-reference-architecture-guide/
- https://rawkode.academy/read/fluxcd-the-inevitable-choice/
- https://slsa.dev/spec/v1.2-rc1/use-cases
- https://cloud.google.com/architecture/deployment-archetypes
- https://opengitops.dev/
- https://platformengineering.org/blog/what-is-platform-engineering

#### Let's Connect!



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