#### NLP course 2021

# Homework 2

#### Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis

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# Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis

A gentle introduction



ABSA aims to **identify the aspect terms** of given target entities (in our case **restaurants** and **laptops**) and the **sentiment expressed towards each aspect**.



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- 1. aspect term identification
- 2. aspect term polarity classification



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It is usually consists of the following subtasks:

- 1. aspect term identification
- 2. aspect term polarity classification
- 3. aspect category identification
- 4. aspect category polarity classification



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- 3. aspect category identification



ABSA aims to **identify the aspect terms** of given target entities (in our case **restaurants** and **laptops**) and the **sentiment expressed towards each aspect**.

It is usually consists of the following subtasks:

- 1. aspect term identification  $\rightarrow$  **a**
- 2. aspect term polarity classification  $\rightarrow \mathbf{b}$
- 3. aspect category identification  $\rightarrow$  **c**
- 4. aspect category polarity classification  $\rightarrow$  **d**

For the sake of simplicity, let's call them **a**, **b**, **c** and **d** 



Input: I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza.



Input: I love their **pasta** but I hate their **Ananas Pizza**.



Input: I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza.

Output: {(pasta, positive); (Ananas Pizza, negative)}



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Output: {(pasta, positive); (Ananas Pizza, negative)}

Multi-word aspect terms should be treated as single terms!



#### Examples

Input: Ananas Pizza was great to see, but not to taste!

Output: {(Ananas Pizza, conflict)}

Used when there is more than one contrasting polarity



# Examples

Input: I will come back for sure!

Output: {}

There can be samples with no aspect terms at all!



# ABSA: aspect category identif. + classif. (c + d)

Input: The people there is so kind and the taste is

exceptional

Output: {(staff, positive); (food, positive)}



# The homework

Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis





#### The homework

- a) aspect term identification
- b) aspect term polarity classification
- c) aspect category identification
- d) aspect category polarity classification

**Mandatory** 

Extra!



- Mandatory (a + b)
  - Subtasks a (aspect term identification) and b (aspect term polarity classification) are mandatory and will be evaluated separately, i.e. both will be scored and must surpass a (very low) baseline to pass.
  - Instead, the overall score (a + b) will be computed on both and it will count for the quantitative evaluation (see evaluation slide, page X)
- Extra (c + d)
  - Subtasks c (aspect category identification) and d (aspect category polarity classification) have no constraints, will not count on the quantitative evaluation but towards the extra points and must surpass a (medium) baseline to be considered as extra.

Example (subtask **a**): given a sentence, identify the aspect terms

I hate their pasta but I love their pizza — model a — {pasta, pizza}



Example (subtask **a**): given a sentence, identify the aspect terms

I hate their pasta but I love their pizza — model a — {pasta, pizza}

Hint: check out the notebook #6 (in particular, the NER part!)



Example (subtask **b**):

given a sentence and an aspect term, identify the polarity towards the aspect term

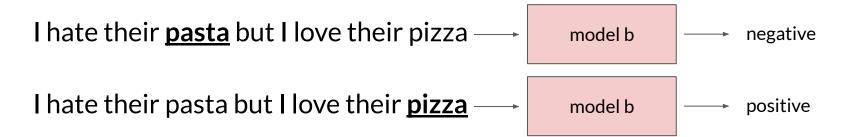
I hate their <u>pasta</u> but I love their pizza — model b — negative

I hate their pasta but I love their <u>pizza</u> — model b — positive



Example (subtask **b**):

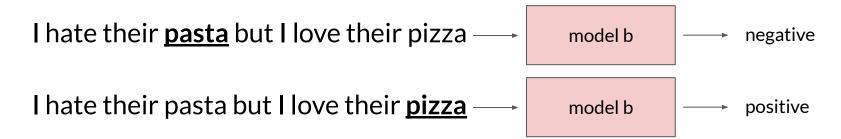
given a sentence and an aspect term, identify the polarity towards the aspect term



Hint 1: you should indicate where the target word is in the sentence. There are many ways to do this, either a simple 0/1 flag, a trainable flag embedding, special tokens, etc. Be creative!

Example (subtask **b**):

given a sentence and an aspect term, identify the polarity towards the aspect term

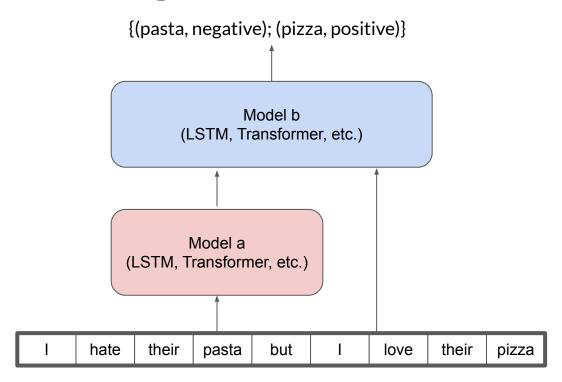


Hint 1: you should indicate where the target word is in the sentence. There are many ways to do this, either a simple 0/1 flag, a trainable flag embedding, special tokens, etc. Be creative! Hint 2: the formulation is similar to WiC, you could start from your WiC architecture!

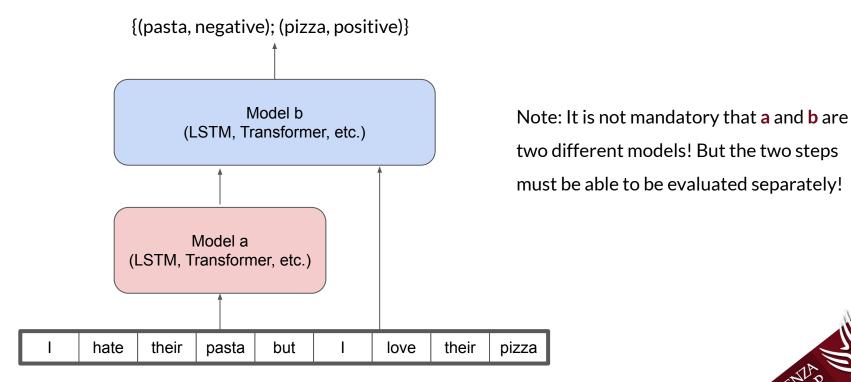
# Modeling ABSA



#### Modeling ABSA



## Modeling ABSA



#### ABSA: evaluation (model\_ab)

The performance of a ABSA system is usually measured in terms of Macro F1.

"I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza."

Gold Term:	pasta	Ananas Pizza	Pred Term:	Ananas Pizza	their	pasta
Gold Sentiment:	positive	negative	Pred Sentiment:	negative	positive	neutral

Precision = 100 \* tp / (tp + fp)

Recall = 100 \* tp / (tp + fn)

F1 = 2 \* precision \* recall / (precision + recall)



#### ABSA: evaluation (model\_ab)

The performance of a ABSA system is usually measured in terms of Macro F1.

"I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza."

Even if aspect is correct!

Gold Term:	pasta	Ananas Pizza	Pred Term:	Ananas Pizza	their	pasta
Gold Sentiment:	positive	negative	Pred Sentiment:	negative	positive	neutral

Precision = 100 \* tp / (tp + fp) = 100 \* 1 / (1+2) = 33.33%

Recall = 100 \* tp / (tp + fn) = 100 \* 1 / (1+1) = 50%

F1 = 2 \* precision \* recall / (precision + recall) = 39,6%

True positive

False positive

False negative

For **model b** evaluation is the same but aspects are given.

"I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza."

Gold Term:	pasta	Ananas Pizza	Pred Term:	Ananas Pizza	their	pasta
Gold Sentiment:	positive	negative	Pred Sentiment:	negative	positive	neutral

Precision = 100 \* tp / (tp + fp) = 100 \* 1 / (1+2) = 50%Recall = 100 \* tp / (tp + fn) = 100 \* 1 / (1+1) = 50%F1 = 2 \* precision \* recall / (precision + recall) = 50% True positive

False positive

False negative

Model c + d evaluation is the same as model a + b, but for a given set of categories.

For model a + b and model c + d the performances per sentiment and category will be given.

Performance for aspect extraction will be computed from **model a + b** (non aspect words do not count and only exact matches are considered).

Output will give **Precision**, **Recall** and **F1**, as well as **True Positives**, **False Negatives** and **False Positives**.



Example for **model b** (with a Random baseline):

```
MODEL: ASPECT SENTIMENT
Aspect Sentiment Evaluation
       ALL
                TP: 264:
                               FP: 397:
                                            FN: 396
               (m avg): precision: 39.94; recall: 40.00; f1: 39.97 (micro) (M avg): precision: 25.47; recall: 25.79; f1: 25.58 (Macro)
                                                                      precision: 55.81; recall: 53.33; f1: 54.55;
       positive:
                       TP: 192;
                                       FP: 152;
                                                      FN: 168;
                                                                                                                              344
                      TP: 49; FP: 132;
                                               FN: 107;
                                                              precision: 27.07; recall: 31.41; f1: 29.08;
       negative:
                   TP: 23; FP: 98; FN: 102;
                                                      precision: 19.01; recall: 18.40; f1: 18.70;
       neutral:
       conflict:
                       TP: 0; FP: 15; FN: 19; precision: 0.00; recall: 0.00; f1: 0.00;
```

Example for **model a + b** (with a Random baseline):

```
MODEL: ASPECT SENTIMENT + ASPECT EXTRACTION
Aspect Extraction Evaluation
       Aspects TP: 37;
                               FP: 729;
                                               FN: 622
               precision: 4.83;
                                       recall: 5.61; f1: 5.19
Aspect Sentiment Evaluation
        ALL
                TP: 15:
                               FP: 753:
                                               FN: 645
               (m avg): precision: 1.95;
                                               recall: 2.27;
                                                              f1: 2.10 (micro)
                (M avg): precision: 1.22;
                                               recall: 1.44:
                                                              f1: 1.32 (Macro)
        positive:
                       TP: 11; FP: 407;
                                              FN: 349;
                                                              precision: 2.63;
                                                                                      recall: 3.06:
                                                                                                      f1: 2.83;
                                                                                                                      418
       negative:
                   TP: 3; FP: 204;
                                               FN: 153;
                                                              precision: 1.45;
                                                                                      recall: 1.92;
                                                                                                      f1: 1.65:
                                                                                                                      207
                                                              precision: 0.79;
                                                                                                                      127
        neutral:
                     TP: 1; FP: 126;
                                               FN: 124;
                                                                                      recall: 0.80;
                                                                                                      f1: 0.79;
        conflict:
                       TP: 0; FP: 16; FN: 19; precision: 0.00;
                                                                      recall: 0.00;
                                                                                      f1: 0.00;
                                                                                                      16
```

Example for **model c + d** (with a Random baseline):

```
Category Extraction Evaluation
       ALL
                              FP: 419;
                                              FN: 351
                TP: 193:
               (m avg): precision: 31.54;
                                              recall: 35.48; f1: 33.39 (micro)
               (M avg): precision: 25.70;
                                              recall: 29.36; f1: 27.29 (Macro)
       anecdotes/miscellaneous:
                                      TP: 80: FP: 149:
                                                              FN: 111:
                                                                              precision: 34.93:
                                                                                                     recall: 41.88; f1: 38.10;
                                                                                                                                     229
       price: TP: 12; FP: 64; FN: 41; precision: 15.79;
                                                              recall: 22.64; f1: 18.60;
                                      FN: 132;
                                                      precision: 41.63;
                                                                                                             221
       food: TP: 92; FP: 129;
                                                                              recall: 41.07; f1: 41.35;
                       TP: 9: FP: 77; FN: 67; precision: 10.47; recall: 11.84; f1: 11.11;
       ambience:
Category Sentiment Evaluation
       ALL
                TP: 88;
                              FP: 549;
                                              FN: 575
               (m avg): precision: 13.81;
                                              recall: 13.27; f1: 13.54 (micro)
               (M avg): precision: 7.99;
                                              recall: 7.46: f1: 7.70 (Macro)
                                                              precision: 20.05;
       positive:
                       TP: 75; FP: 299;
                                              FN: 301;
                                                                                      recall: 19.95; f1: 20.00;
                                                                                                                     374
       negative:
                       TP: 9: FP: 140:
                                              FN: 158:
                                                              precision: 6.04;
                                                                                      recall: 5.39;
                                                                                                    f1: 5.70;
                                                                                                                     149
                       TP: 4; FP: 64; FN: 85; precision: 5.88;
                                                                      recall: 4.49;
                                                                                      f1: 5.10;
       neutral:
                                                                                                     68
       conflict:
                       TP: 0: FP: 46: FN: 31: precision: 0.00:
                                                                      recall: 0.00:
                                                                                     f1: 0.00:
                                                                                                     46
```

## Submission

What you will receive & How to submit



#### What you will receive: data format

The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:



#### What you will receive: data format

The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:

```
"text": "I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza. ",

"targets": [

[13, 17], "pasta", "positive"],

[[36, 47], "Ananas Pizza", "negative"]

],

"categories": [

("food", "conflict")

],
```

The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:

Target aspects (there may be 0 or more)



The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:

```
"text": "I love their pasta but I hate their Ananas Pizza. ",
"targets": [

[13, 17], "pasta", "positive"],

[[36, 47], "Ananas Pizza", "negative"]

[boundaries, surface form,

sentiment]

"categories": [

("food", "conflict")

],
```

The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:

Categories data, only for restaurants data for the extra task

The dataset is a JSON file where each entry contains the following fields:



# What you will receive: files

We will provide you a folder with the following structure:

```
nlp2021-hw2/
    data/
    hw2/
        model.py
        simple_test.py
        stud/
    model/
    requirements.txt
    test.sh
```

You are allowed to edit only the items in bold.

We will use Docker for evaluation. As far as you **do not change** any file but those we marked in bold, **if test.sh runs** on your side, it will run on ours as well. Find the code repository <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>. You can use **simple\_test.py** to test your predict functions.

# What you will receive: datasets

In the data/ folder you will find two datasets:

- restaurants,
- laptops

with the same annotation scheme.

Keep in mind that only restaurants is annotated for tasks **c** + **d**, so the evaluation will be performed using just restaurants data.

i.e. if you use just one model for  $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d}$ , make sure not to backpropagate laptops data for task  $\mathbf{c} + \mathbf{d}$  or it may affect performance. Both datasets should be used to train model b and  $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$  and will be evaluated jointly.

# What we expect from you

- The zip folder we gave you (but populated :))
- Put your training code (if you used Colab, download the notebook .ipynb and place it) in hw2/stud/
- If you use any additional library, modify the requirements.txt file as needed (click <u>here</u> for info)
- Use the data (train, dev and test) in the data folder; use each file as defined in the standard ML conventions (train for training, dev for model selection, ...)
- Put everything your model needs (vocabulary, weights, ...) inside the model/ folder, and be sure to properly load them in your model

# What we expect from you

- 1. In hw2/stud/implementation.py implement the StudentModel class
  - Load your model and use it in the predict method
  - You must respect the signature of the predict method
  - You can add other methods (i.e. the constructor)
- 2. In hw2/stud/implementation.pyimplement the build\_model function, initializing your StudentModel class.
- 3. Use test.sh to check that everything works
- 4. Add your report.pdf to the folder (yes, export it in pdf even if you are using Word!)
- 5. Name the zip folder lastname\_studentid\_hw2.zip
  - Ex: Luigi D'Andrea will submit a file named dandrea\_1234567\_hw2.zip

#### Submission instructions



- Upload the zip on your **institutional** Drive and make it link-shareable and public to anyone (an automatic script will download it).
- Make sure it is accessible via an incognito page of your browser!
- Do **NOT modify** the folder structure
- You have to submit the homework through the submission form on Google Classroom. You will be asked to fill a form with the requested information and the **link** to the zip you uploaded on Drive.

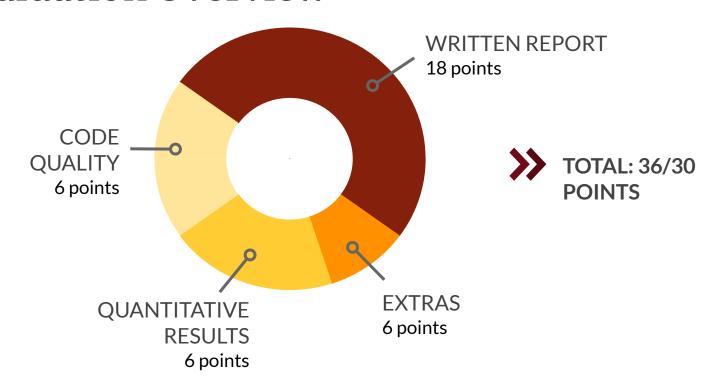
# Evaluation

How your work will be evaluated





#### **Evaluation Overview**



## Report: dos and don'ts

- ACL 2021 paper template
  - Available <u>here</u> (Word and LaTeX direct download) or <u>here</u> (Overleaf LaTeX template)
  - You can use either the LaTeX or the Word template, your choice
  - o **DO NOT MODIFY** the template (margins, spacing, font size)
  - Use the non-anonymous flag, so you can enter your name
- Max 3 pages
  - For the report, including title, subtitles, etc.
  - This is a STRICT RULE!
- Unlimited extra pages for images, tables and references
  - Every image and table must have a caption (don't abuse them please :-) )
  - Tables and images must be referenced in the report

# Report: what you are expected to do

We expect a good report to be:

#### Readable and understandable

 We will not give penalties for English errors, but we expect the report to follow a clear flow. We don't want to read just a sequence of statements on what you did without showing the reasoning behind your choices

#### Well-structured and organized

 Take inspiration from the many papers available online and organize your report in well-defined sections (e.g. method, setup, experiments, results...)

# Report: what you are not expected to do

We expect a good report **NOT** to include:

- Unnecessary task or dataset descriptions
  - just focus on your solution to the problem.
- Code copy-paste
  - Your code should be self-explanatory, so no need to show it in the report. You can add pseudo-code to show some particular algorithm, but no code or screenshots please!



# Report: what you are not expected to do

We expect a good report **NOT** to include:

- Unnecessary low-level implementation details
  - Avoid any **low-level implementation/technical details** like "I used a dictionary to store these values", "I had to use configuration X to solve this exception", "I could not use Y because there was a dependency issue with Z", etc.
  - o Instead, we are interested in high-level abstractions/strategies you decide to use to tackle the homework, as well as the intuitions behind your choices.
    - E.g. use and description of a particular model, explanation of how and why an architecture works, etc.

# Code and code Quality

Your project should conform to the following rules:

- You **MUST** use PyTorch.
  - TensorFlow and other deep learning frameworks are NOT allowed.
- PyTorch Lightning MUST be used as high level abstraction to train your model/s.
- HuggingFace Transformers and torchtext are now allowed
- Frameworks that use PyTorch (e.g. AllenNLP, etc.) are NOT allowed.
  - Libraries (such as tqdm, sklearn, NLTK) are fine, but since the line between a framework and a library is sometimes blurred, please ask in the Google Classroom group before using any external library: any other library MUST be agreed with the TAs.

# Code and code Quality

Your project should conform to the following rules:

- You are now allowed to use tools/architectures that have been explained in the class, e.g.:
  - word embeddings (Word2Vec, GloVe, etc.) are allowed,
  - contextualized word embeddings (ELMo, etc.) are allowed,
  - o Transformer-based models (BERT, BART, RoBERTa, XLM, etc.) are allowed.
- For any doubt, please ask the TAs on Google Classroom.
- Comment your code, please!



### Baselines

We will evaluate the **performance of your model/s** on a SECRET test set.

To consider your submission, you must at least reach:

- 25% (Macro F1-score) for task a
- 30% (Macro F1-score) for task b

Otherwise, it will be considered FAIL.



# Baselines (Extra!)

We will evaluate the **performance of your model/s** on a SECRET test set.

To consider the extra part in your submission, you must at least reach:

75% (Macro F1-score) for tasks c + d

Otherwise, it will not be considered for extra points.



## Quantitative Results

We will evaluate the **performance of your model** on a SECRET test set.

The overall score considered for evaluation is the one of tasks **a** + **b** 

You can get **from 0 to 6** points according to the following **thresholds**:

• 
$$0.35 < P < T3 => 2$$

Thresholds will be defined based on an internal reference model and the normalized distribution of YOUR scores!

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#### **Extras**

You can achieve up to 6 points with some extras!

An "extra" is whatever you decide to add to your model to make it better. For instance:

- implement parts c + d of the ABSA pipeline,
- use of pre-trained embeddings,
- use of NLP best practices,
- comparative analysis of results in your report,
- informative plots in your report,
- new ideas (including using external resources in a clever way, please see slide X)

and more, according to internal baselines. Don't forget to **explain your choices** in the report! Extras that are not explained in the report will not be considered for evaluation.

#### **Evaluation**

- test.sh is identical to what we will be using
- If it does not run on your side, we will not correct your homework
- Note that, if you use any kind of hard-coded paths, this script won't work
- Use paths relative to the project root folder, e.g.:
  - NO:/home/pincopallino/my\_folder/model/weights.th
  - OK: model/weights.th



# Warnings

Things you should be aware of





#### Please be aware that

This is an **individual homework!** Collaboration among the students is **not** allowed.

We will check for plagiarism both manually and automatically.

#### It is **not allowed** to:

- Copy from other students
- Share your code with other students
- Copy from online resources (StackOverflow, GitHub, Medium and so on).

However, you are allowed to use material from **external sources** as long as it is **not central** to the homework.

• In this case, it is **MANDATORY to cite such resources** in the report

#### Please be aware that

- If we find out that you breached any of the above rules, you will <u>automatically FAIL</u> this homework and you will have to pass a **FULL EXAM**.
- Plagiarism will imply further consequences at the Faculty level.
- While we release the homework on GitHub, DO NOT FORK THE PROJECT.
- If you want to continue using GitHub for versioning, clone the project and re-upload it.
- If we realize you shared your code in any way (forking or otherwise), even without the intention of letting others copy, you will be failed automatically.

### Use of external data

- For your experiments, **use the provided data** (train and dev) in the data folder; use each file as defined in the standard ML conventions (train for training, dev for model selection).
- Use only the training set to train the model that you submit for evaluation. If you train it on more data (dev set or any other external data), it will be a FAIL.
- You can use external resources (E.g. BabelNet, etc.); if you have doubts, please ask on the Google Classroom.



# Tips





# A few tips to organize your work:

- Start as soon as possible!
  - Training a neural network requires time, possibly hours, depending on your hardware
- Don't wait until last day to test the submitting code!!!!
- Start small!
  - If you don't get decent results with a very very simple neural network, there is a good chance that adding other things won't make your model perform better
  - Leave the "extras" as the last thing!
- Leave some time for hyperparameter tuning!
  - Sometimes good hyperparameter combinations can do wonders for your neural network
- Use Google Colab (free GPUs!)
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# Deadline

When to deliver what



### Deadline

Submission date: **June 15th, 2021** 23:59:59 Italian time (UTC + 1)

Submit the homework through the submission form on Google Classroom. You have to fill the form with the requested information and a link to the zip folder of the homework on Google Drive.





Get a **Sapienza NLP**™ t-shirt





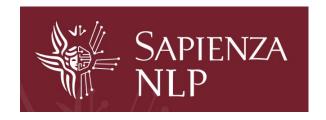
# Win a Sapienza NLP t-shirt!

We will hand out amazing Sapienza NLP t-shirts to the **overall top-5** students!

The final ranking will be computed according to the scores on our secret test set.









#### That's not all

If your work is novel, interesting and original, we will gladly invite you to work together with us to extended on a fully-fledged paper for <u>TOP-TIER</u> <u>INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE!</u>

Just over the last 12 months, the Sapienza NLP group published more than a dozen of papers!



# Questions?

If you have a question that may interest your colleagues, **please ask it on**Google Classroom.

Otherwise, for personal or other questions, send an email to **ALL** of us (but please, only reach for things that can't be asked on the Google Classroom).

Our emails are:

campagnano@di.uniroma1.it

huguetcabot@babelscape.com

