

# HST code

## Documentation

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## 1 Initialization

### 1.1 Wave numbers

Setup horizontal, vertical and spanwise wave numbers as

$$k_x(x) = x, \quad k_y(y) = y - \frac{y+1}{N_y(\frac{N_y}{2} + 2)}, \quad k_z(z) = z - \frac{z+1}{N_z(\frac{N_z}{2} + 2)}.$$

### 1.2 Mask

$$k^2(x, y, z) = \left(\frac{k_x(x)}{N_x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{k_y(y)}{N_y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{k_z(z)}{N_z}\right)^2$$

If  $k^2 > \frac{2}{9}$  then  $mask = 1$ .

For all  $y = N_y/2$  and for all  $z = N_z/2$ :  $mask = 0$ .

### 1.3 Energy

$$k_0 = 1$$

If the case is  $128 \times 256 \times 512$  cube than

$$k_p = 6.68 \quad \gamma = 7.5 \cdot 10^{-5}.$$

If the case is  $64 \times 64 \times 64$  cube than

$$k_p = 8.08 \quad \gamma = 7.888 \cdot 10^{-4}.$$

It seems that other cases we can't calculate.

For wavenumber  $k_0 \leq k \leq k_p$ :

$$e(k) = \gamma k^2$$

For wavenumber  $k_p < k \leq k_{max}$ :

$$e(k) = (\gamma k_p)^{11/3} k^{-5/3}$$

## 1.4 Initial velocity field

$$k_{max} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} N_x;$$

$$k(x, y, z) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{k_x(x)}{N_x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{k_y(y)}{N_y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{k_z(z)}{N_z}\right)^2}$$

$$e_f(x, y, z) = mask * \frac{\sqrt{e(k)}}{\sqrt{2\pi k}}$$

Using that  $\text{Im}(e^{i\theta}) = i \sin \theta$  we get

$$\alpha = e_f e^{i\theta_1} \cos \phi = e_f (\cos \theta_1 + i \sin \theta_1) \cos \phi,$$

$$\beta = e_f e^{i\theta_2} \sin \phi = e_f (\cos \theta_2 + i \sin \theta_2) \sin \phi,$$

$$\delta = e_f e^{i\theta_3} = e_f (\cos \theta_3 + i \sin \theta_3),$$

where  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$ ,  $\theta_3$  and  $\phi$  are random angles.

If  $k_x(x)^2 + k_y(y)^2 = 0$  then velocity field

$$U_x(x, y, z) = \alpha, \quad U_y(x, y, z) = \beta, \quad U_z(x, y, z) = 0;$$

else

$$U_x(x, y, z) = \frac{\alpha k k_y(y) + \beta k_z(z) k_x(x)}{k \sqrt{k_x(x)^2 + k_y(y)^2}},$$

$$U_y(x, y, z) = \frac{\alpha k k_x(x) + \beta k_z(z) k_y(y)}{k \sqrt{k_x(x)^2 + k_y(y)^2}},$$

$$U_z(x, y, z) = -\frac{\beta \sqrt{k_x(x)^2 + k_y(y)^2}}{k}.$$

If  $e_f \leq 0$  (here included  $mask = 0$ ) than all components of velocity field equal zero  $U_i(x, y, z) = 0$ . For point  $(0, 0, 0)$  all components of velocity field equal zero  $U_i(x, y, z) = 0$ .