# Q2\_CAE

March 24, 2022

### 1 Allowing Import from Parent Directory

### 2 Importing Packages

```
[4]: import glob
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import time
     import tools.loaddata as loaddata
     import tools.dataassimilation as da
     import tools.visualisation as visual
     import sklearn
     assert sklearn.__version__ >= "0.20"
     from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
     from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
     # TensorFlow 2.0 is required
     import tensorflow as tf
     from tensorflow import keras
     assert tf.__version__ >= "2.0"
```

### 3 Loading and Reshaping Data

```
[ ]: path_train = "../data/train/"
      path_test = "../data/test/"
      path_back = "../data/background/"
      path_obs = "../data/satellite/"
 [6]: train_full = loaddata.load_data(path_train)[:,:858,:910]
      test = loaddata.load_data(path_test)[:,:858,:910]
      model_data = loaddata.load_data(path_back)[:,:858,:910]
      satellite_data = loaddata.load_data(path_obs)[:,:858,:910]
[72]: # Due to RAM and time limitations when running the convolutional autoencoder,
       →we had to reduce the dataset massively.
 [7]: train = train_full[0:100]
 [8]: print(f"Train data shape reshaping: {np.shape(train)}")
      print(f"Test data shape reshaping: {np.shape(test)}")
      print(f"Background data shape reshaping: {np.shape(model_data)}")
      print(f"Observational data shape reshaping: {np.shape(satellite_data)}")
     Train data shape reshaping: (100, 858, 910)
     Test data shape reshaping: (300, 858, 910)
     Background data shape reshaping: (5, 858, 910)
     Observational data shape reshaping: (5, 858, 910)
```

#### 4 Convolutional Autoencoder

```
keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (7, 7), __
 →padding='same', activation='relu'),
                                    keras.layers.UpSampling2D((13, 13)),
                                    keras.layers.Conv2D(1, (9, 9),
→padding='same', activation='sigmoid'),
autoencoder = keras.models.Sequential([encoder, decoder])
autoencoder.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                    optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
                    metrics=['mse'])
print('Encoder:')
encoder.build(input_shape=(None,858,910,1))
encoder.summary()
print('\nDencoder:')
decoder.build(input_shape=(None,60,1))
decoder.summary()
print('\nAutoencoder:')
autoencoder.build(input_shape=(None,858,910,1))
autoencoder.summary()
```

#### Encoder:

Model: "sequential"

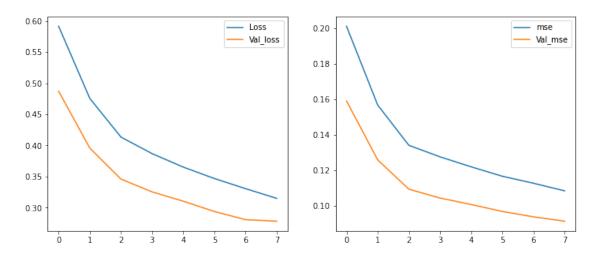
Layer (type)	Output Shape	
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 858, 910, 16)	
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 66, 70, 16)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 66, 70, 1)	785
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 6, 10, 1)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 60)	0
Total params: 2,097	=======================================	========
Trainable params: 2,097		
Non-trainable params: 0		
Dencoder: Model: "sequential_1"		

```
Layer (type)
                          Output Shape
                                             Param #
    ______
    reshape (Reshape)
                          (None, 6, 10, 1)
    conv2d 2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 6, 10, 1)
                                             26
    up_sampling2d (UpSampling2D (None, 66, 70, 1)
    conv2d_3 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 66, 70, 16)
                                             800
    up_sampling2d_1 (UpSampling (None, 858, 910, 16)
    2D)
    conv2d_4 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 858, 910, 1)
                                             1297
    ______
    Total params: 2,123
    Trainable params: 2,123
    Non-trainable params: 0
    Autoencoder:
    Model: "sequential_2"
      -----
    Layer (type)
                          Output Shape
    ______
    sequential (Sequential) (None, 60)
                                              2097
    sequential_1 (Sequential) (None, 858, 910, 1)
                                              2123
    ______
    Total params: 4,220
    Trainable params: 4,220
    Non-trainable params: 0
[10]: # We use the following callback to prevent overfitting
    from keras import callbacks
    earlystopping = callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor ="val_loss",
                                   mode ="min", patience = 5,
                                   restore_best_weights = True)
[]: # Due to RAM limitations we were unable to run a bigger batch size. Also, due
```

# to time we could only run a small number of epochs.

```
[12]: fig, axes = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(12,5))
    axes[0].plot(history.history['loss'])
    axes[0].plot(history.history['val_loss'])
    axes[0].legend(['Loss', 'Val_loss'])
    axes[1].plot(history.history['mse'])
    axes[1].plot(history.history['val_mse'])
    axes[1].legend(['mse', 'Val_mse'])
```

#### [12]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f54b5b944d0>



```
[13]:    test_recovered = autoencoder.predict(test)
    mse_test = da.mse(test.reshape((10,-1)), test_recovered.reshape((10,-1)))
    print('mse: ', mse_test)
```

mse: 0.09133880579540682

## 5 Data Assimilation - Kalman Filter (BLUE)

```
[68]: # Through experimenting with different computations of R, we found the
      → following to give us the
      # lowest MSE after data assimilation.
[65]: ## Setting the required variables for data assimilation
      model_data_compr = encoder.predict(model_data) # Compressing the model Data
      satellite data compr = encoder.predict(satellite data) # Compressing the
      \rightarrowsatellite Data
      latent_space = satellite_data_compr.shape[1]
      nNodes = latent_space #latent_space is the size of the compressed variables or_
      →number of principal components used
      I = np.identity(nNodes)
      R = da.covariance_diagonal_only(satellite_data_compr.T, latent_space) * 500
      H = I
      B = I*0.000001
[66]: ## Performing data assimilation
      updated data array = da.assimilate(B, H, R, model data compr,
       →satellite_data_compr)
[67]: ## Printing MSE in latent space
      mse_before_DA = da.mse(satellite_data_compr, model_data_compr)
      mse_after_DA = da.mse(satellite_data_compr, updated_data_array)
      print('MSE before assimilation in latent space: ', mse_before_DA )
      print('MSE after assimilation in latent space: ', mse_after_DA)
      ## Printing MSE in Physical space space
      updated_data_recon = decoder.predict(updated_data_array)
      mse_before_DA_physical = da.mse(satellite_data, model_data)
      mse_after_DA_physical = da.mse(satellite_data, updated_data_recon.squeeze())
      print('MSE before assimilation in physical space: ', mse_before_DA_physical)
     print('MSE after assimilation in physical space: ', mse_after DA_physical)
     MSE before assimilation in latent space: 0.3622854
     MSE after assimilation in latent space: 0.25463773148562235
     MSE before assimilation in physical space: 0.12137401060477984
     MSE after assimilation in physical space: 0.10920173230580799
 []: | wget -nc https://raw.githubusercontent.com/brpy/colab-pdf/master/colab_pdf.py
      from colab_pdf import colab_pdf
      colab_pdf('Q2_CAE.ipynb')
```

--2022-03-24 18:32:09-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/brpy/colab-pdf/master/colab\_pdf.py

Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)...

185.199.111.133, 185.199.108.133, 185.199.110.133, ...

Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com

(raw.githubusercontent.com) | 185.199.111.133 | :443... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK

Length: 1864 (1.8K) [text/plain]

Saving to: 'colab\_pdf.py'

colab\_pdf.py 100%[===========] 1.82K --.-KB/s in 0s

2022-03-24 18:32:09 (14.1 MB/s) - 'colab\_pdf.py' saved [1864/1864]

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Extracting templates from packages: 100%