

Final Exam Review

Spring 2021

**Math 251: Final Exam**

**5. (10 points)**

Differentiate the following functions.

a.  $y = \cos(e^{\sin x})$

b.  $g(t) = \frac{1 - 2t^5}{1 + \tan t}$

~~**6. (5 points)**~~

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  by implicit differentiation:

$$e^y + \frac{1}{x} = xy + 2y.$$

1. (10 points)

Sketch a graph  $H(x)$  with all of the properties below. Label your graph.

- The domain of  $H(x)$  is  $(-\infty, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ .
- $H(0) = 1$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} H(x) = 2$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} H(x) = 0$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} H(x) = \infty$
- $H'(x) < 0$  and  $H''(x) < 0$  on the interval  $(-\infty, 0)$
- $H$  has an inflection point when  $x = 5$

7. (10 points)

Find the limit or show that it does not exist.

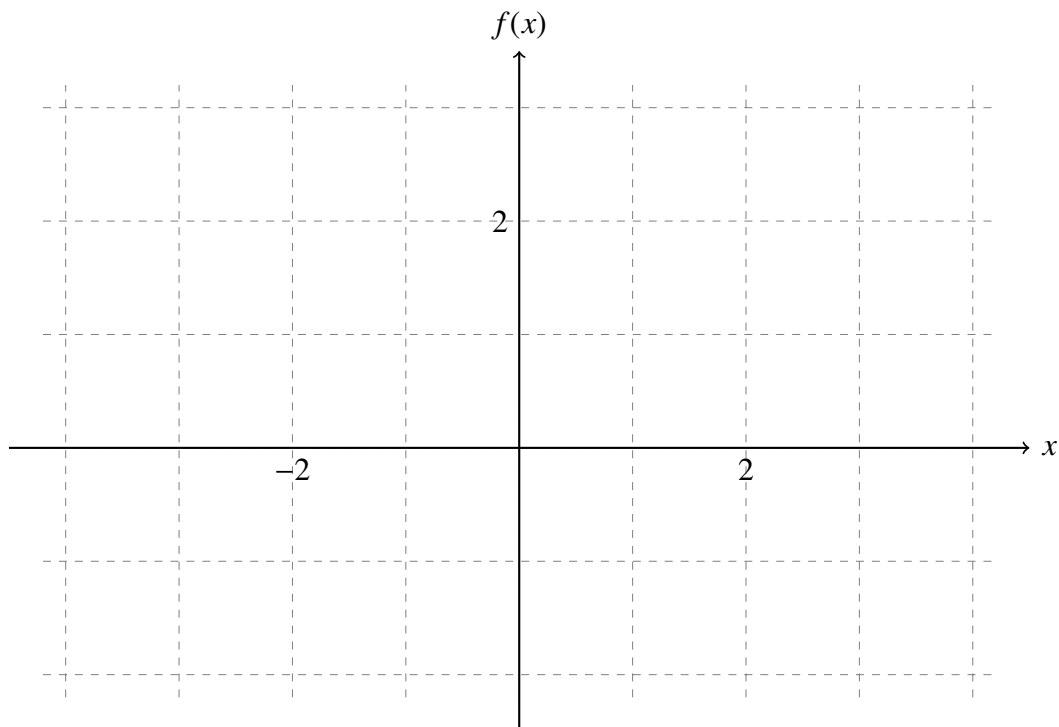
a.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}}{7x}$

b.  $\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t^8 - 1}{t^5 - 1}$

8. (10 points)

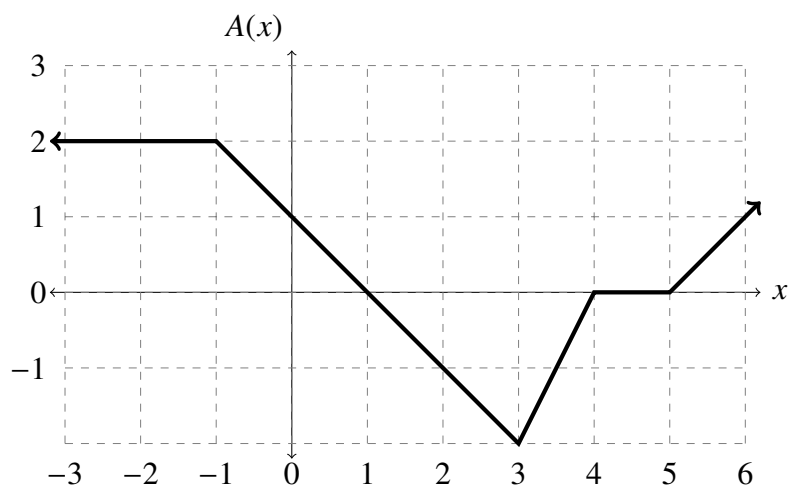
On the axes below, sketch the graph of a function that satisfies **all** of the given conditions:

- a.  $f(1) = 0$ ,
- b.  $f'(x) > 0$  if  $x < -2$  and  $f'(x) < 0$  if  $x > -2$ ,
- c.  $f''(x) < 0$  if  $x < 0$  and  $f''(x) > 0$  if  $x > 0$ ,
- d. there is a vertical asymptote at  $x = 0$ .



**3. (10 points)**

The function  $A(x)$  is graphed below.

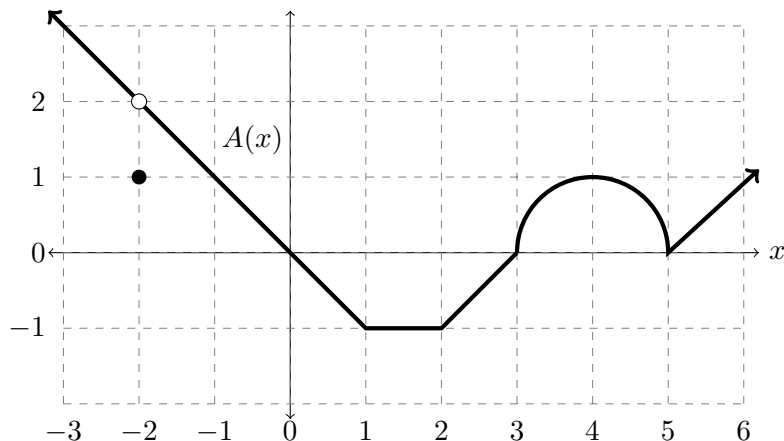


- a.  $A(0) =$
- b.  $A'(0) =$
- c. At what  $x$  values, if any, does  $A'(x)$  not exist?
- d. By using your knowledge of areas, evaluate  $\int_{-2}^4 A(x) dx$ .

For parts (e)-(g), let  $H(x) = \int_0^x A(s) ds$ .

- e. What is the value of  $H(2)$ ?
- f. What is the value of  $H'(2)$ ?
- g. Where on the interval  $[0, 6]$  is  $H(x)$  decreasing?

4. (10 points) Consider the function  $A(x)$  graphed below. Between  $x = 3$  and  $x = 5$ , the graph is of a semicircle of radius 1.

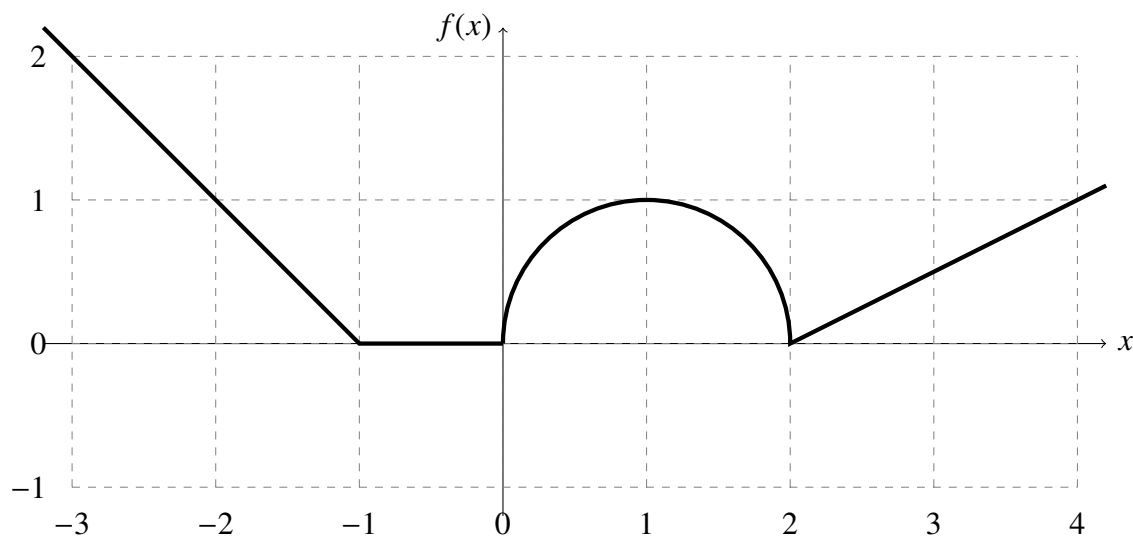


- (a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} A(x) =$
- (b)  $A(-2) =$
- (c)  $A'(-1) =$
- (d) At what  $x$  values, if any, does  $A'(x)$  not exist?
- (e) Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^2 A(x) dx$ .
- (f) Let  $H(x) = \int_0^x A(s) ds$ . What is the value of  $H(4)$ ?
- (g) For  $H(x)$  from part f., what is the value of  $H'(4)$ .

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4. (15 points)

Consider the function  $f(x)$  graphed below. Between  $x = 0$  and  $2$ , the graph is of a semicircle of radius  $1$ .



a. At what  $x$  values, if any, does  $f'(x)$  not exist?

b. What is the value of  $f'(-2)$ ?

c. Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^4 f(x) dx$ .

d. Let  $g(x) = \int_1^x f(s) ds$ . What is the value of  $g(0)$ ?

e. For  $g(x)$  from part d., what is the value of  $g'(4)$ .

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1. (10 points)

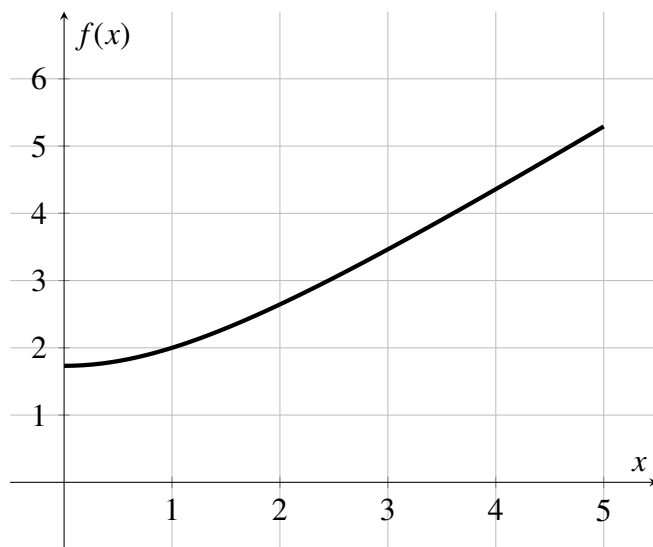
Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at  $x = e$ :  $y = x^2 \ln x$

2. (10 points)

The graph of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 3}$  is shown.

- a. On the graph sketch 3 rectangles, using left endpoints, that would be used to approximate

$$\int_1^4 \sqrt{x^2 + 3} dx.$$



- b. Compute the approximation in part (a). You do not need to simplify, but your answer should be in a form where a calculator would compute a numerical value.




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**7.** (15 points)

A particle moves so that its velocity (in m/sec) at time  $t$  sec is

$$v(t) = t^2 + 7.$$

- a.** What is the average rate of change of the velocity from time  $t = 2$  to  $t = 3$ ? Simplify, and give units.

 Using the limit definition of the derivative, compute  $v'(2)$ . (No credit will be given for using a different method to compute the derivative.)

## 5. (15 points)

The temperature of an oven in  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  is

$$T(t) = 150 + 30t^2$$

for  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3$  minutes.

- a. Find the average rate of change of temperature in the oven from time  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3$ . Include units in your answer.

- b. It is easy to compute that  $T'(2) = 120$ . What does this mean in everyday language? (Be sure to include units in your answer.)

- c. Using the limit definition of the derivative, compute  $T'(1)$ . (No credit will be granted for using other methods to compute the derivative.)

b. At what rate is the temperature changing at time  $t=0$ ?

c. At what time is the temperature at a maximum?



2. (10 points) During a storm, snow is falling on a mountain at a rate of

$$M(t) = t^2 - \frac{t^3}{3}$$

feet per hour for a three hour period starting at time  $t = 0$ .

- (a) Determine the *net change* in the height of snow during the first two hours of the storm. Include units with your answer.

- (b) Determine the height of the snow on the mountain or explain why this is not possible with the present information.

- (c) Observe that  $M(2.5) > 0$  and  $M'(2.5) < 0$ . Explain what these two facts indicate about the snow falling when  $t = 2.5$ .

**7. (10 points)**

Evaluate the integrals below. Note that these problems will be graded **largely** by the quality of the work written. So make sure to include proper notation and complete steps.

a.  $\int \sin(2x) + \frac{(1 + \ln x)^2}{x} dx$

b.  $\int_0^2 (1 + xe^{\pi x^2}) dx$

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**8.** (15 points)

Evaluate the integrals. For full credit, include a constant of integration whenever one would be justified.

a.  $\int \sin^5(x) \cos x \, dx =$

b.  $\int_1^3 2e^x + \frac{1}{x} \, dx =$

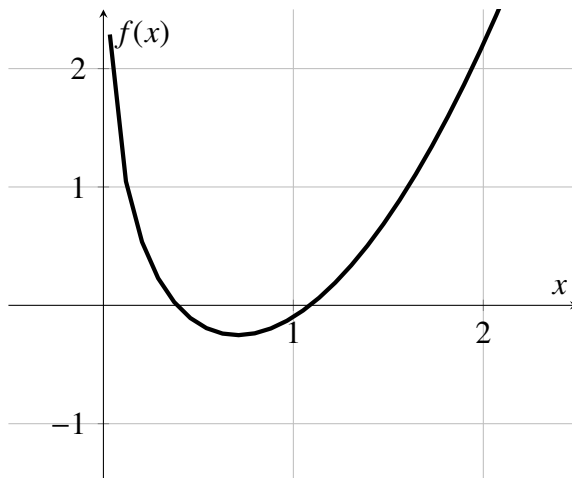
c.  $\int \sqrt{x} (x^2 - x^{1/4} + \pi^2) \, dx =$

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11. (10 points)

The graph of the function  $f(x) = x^2 - \ln(3x)$  is shown.

a. Suppose Newton's method is used to find an approximate solution to  $f(x) = 0$  from an initial guess of  $x_1 = 2$ . Sketch on the graph how the next approximation  $x_2$  will be found, labeling its location on the  $x$ -axis.



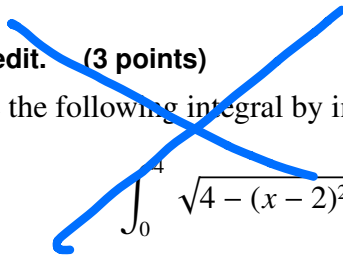
b. For  $x_1 = 2$ , give a formula for  $x_2$ . You do not need to simplify, but your answer should be in a form where a calculator would compute a numerical value.



What value of  $x_1$  might you use if you wanted to find the **smaller** solution of  $f(x) = 0$ ?

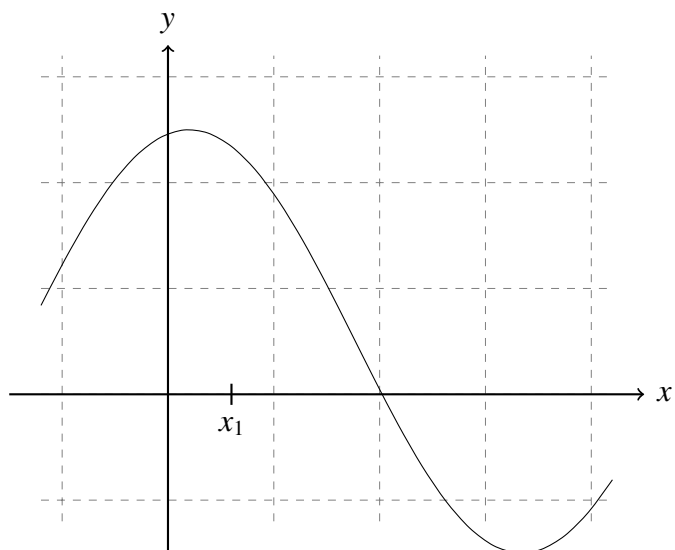
Extra Credit. (3 points)

Compute the following integral by interpreting it as an area:


$$\int_0^4 \sqrt{4 - (x - 2)^2} dx$$

## 11. (10 points)

- a. A generic graph  $y = f(x)$  is shown and a first approximation  $x_1$  is indicated. Show, by adding to the sketch, how Newton's method would find the next approximation  $x_2$ .



- b. For the equation  $x^3 - 4x + 2 = 0$  and the value  $x_1 = -2$ , compute  $x_2$  from Newton's method.

## 12. (Extra Credit: 5 points)

Find **and simplify** the derivative of the function:

$$h(x) = \int_1^{e^x} \ln t \, dt$$

Explain your steps.



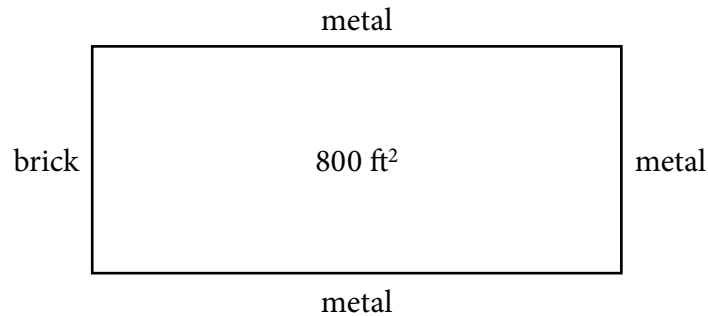
10. (10 points) Newton's method can be used to find an approximate solution to the equation  $x^2 = 8$ . To apply Newton's method to find these roots, let  $f(x) = x^2 - 8$ .

(a) Use Newton's method with initial approximation  $x_0 = 2$  to find  $x_1$ , a better estimate of a root of the given equation.

(b) Apply one more iteration of Newton's method to find  $x_2$ .

(c) Notice the equation  $x^2 = 8$  has two roots. What value of  $x_0$  would make a good choice to find the **other** root?

6. (10 points) A landscape architect wishes to enclose a rectangular garden on one side by a brick wall costing \$30 per foot and on the other three sides with a metal fence costing \$10 per foot. The area of the garden is to be  $800\text{ft}^2$ . What are the dimensions of the garden that minimize the cost of the fencing? (For full credit, you must justify your answer.)



Related Rates Problems:

Textbook : Section 3.9 (#5,6).