

## Section 3.5 Implicit Differentiation DAY TWO

1. Fill out the table of [Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions](#) below

(a)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\arcsin x) =$

(b)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\arccos x) =$

(c)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\arctan x) =$

(d)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{arccot} x) =$

(e)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{arcsec} x) =$

(f)  $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{arccsc} x) =$

2. Find  $dy/dx$  by implicit differentiation.

(a)  $x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^3 = 5$

(b)  $\tan(x - y) = \frac{y}{1+x^2}$

(c)  $x \sin(y) + y \sin(x) = 1$

3. Use implicit differentiation to find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the given point

$$x^2 + 2xy + 4y^2 = 12, \quad (2, 1) \quad (\text{ellipse})$$

4. Find the derivative of the given function. Simplify where possible.

(a)  $y = (\arctan x)^2$

(b)  $y = x \arcsin x + \sqrt{1 - x^2}$

5. Find  $y''$  by implicit differentiation for the given curve  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$ .