PRACTICAL PART:

dutions

1. (Modeling the Area of Garden Plots)

Anne and Kay plan to use 600 feet of fencing to construct two large rectangular garden plots along a river with the plots sharing a common side and no fence along the river. The overall dimensions can vary a bit, but they want to ensure that the total enclosed area is at least $20000 \ ft^2$.

3x +
$$(600-3x)=600$$

Our goal $A \ge 20000$
 $X = x$
 $A = h \cdot w$
 $A = x \cdot (600-3x) \ge 20000$
 $600 = 3x^2 \ge 20000$
 $600 = 3x^2 \ge 20000$
 $600 = 3x^2 - 20000 \ge 0$
 $3x^2 - 600x + 20000 = 0$
 $D = 36000 - 240000 = 12000$
 $X_{1/2} = \frac{600 \pm \sqrt{12000}}{6}$
 $X_{1/2} = \frac{600 \pm \sqrt{12000}}{6}$
 $X_{1/2} = \frac{42.3}{6}$ and 457.7 (ft)

Hence $A \ge 20000$ for $x \in [42.3, 157.7]$

From this it follows that

 $y = 600-3x \in [126.9, 473.1]$

Answer: for $x \in [42.3, 157.7]$

ye [126.9, 473.1]

we have

A\$20000.

2. (Modeling the Weight of a Person with a Given Mass)

Consider the weight, or force of gravitational attraction, of a person with a given mass.

- a. How does the force of gravitational attraction between a 75 kg person and Earth vary as a function of the person's height above the surface of Earth?
- b. How does the force at sea level compare to the force when the person is in a jet at 30000 ft?
- c. How far above the surface of Earth would the person have to be for the force to be half as much as the force at sea level?

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{d^2}$$

$$G = G \cdot G \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$M_1 = mass \text{ of } Earth$$

$$M_2 = mass \text{ of } a \text{ person}$$

$$d = h + R$$

$$R = radius \text{ of } Earth$$

$$R = 6.38 \cdot 10^6$$

$$M_1 = 5.97 \cdot 10^{214}$$
Hence,
$$F = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \frac{5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 75}{(6.38 \cdot 10^6 + h)^2}$$
(a)
$$F(h) = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \frac{5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 75}{(6.38 \cdot 10^6 + h)^2}$$
(b)
$$h = 0 \text{ (m)}$$

$$F(0) = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \frac{5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 75}{(6.38^2 \cdot 10^{12})} \approx 734 \text{ (N)}$$

$$h = 30\,000 \text{ ft} = 9144 \text{ m}$$

$$F(9144) \approx 732 \text{ (N)}$$

$$F(9144) \text{ is } 99.7\% \text{ of } F(0)$$

$$(c) F(h) = \frac{23h}{2} = 367$$

$$6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \frac{5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 75}{(6.38 \cdot 10^6 + h)^2} = 367$$

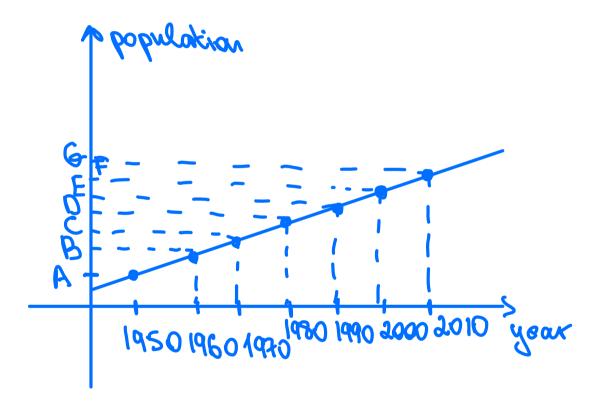
$$\frac{6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 5.97 \cdot 10^{24} \cdot 75}{367} = (6.38 \cdot 10^6 + h)^2}$$

$$h \approx 2.64 \cdot 10^6 \text{ (m)}$$

3. (Interpolation and Extrapolation)

Based on the table below, explain the notion of interpolating a value from a table and extrapolating a value from a table.

Year	Population	
1950	151 325 798	A
1960	179 323 175	8
1970	203 302 031	C
1980	226 542 199	Ö
1990	248 709 873	E
2000	281 421 906	E
2010	308 745 538	a



To interpolate a value from a table or graph means to arrive at an estimate for the value of the implied function between two known data points

For instance, P(1985) ≈ 240 million

To	me ext	rapolate Beyond	mean	2 to	guess point	s.	0.
Fox	ivs	tance,	P(208	% (Od	44Q	nillic	W ,