

**THEORETICAL PART:****Models of population growth**

The population growth is described by exponential law:

$$P(t) = P_0 a^t,$$

where  $P(t)$  is the size of population at time  $t$ ,  $P_0$  is an initial population (population at time  $t = 0$ ),  $a$  is the growth rate of the population.

**Models of Radioactive Decay**

The radioactive decay is modeled by

$$A(t) = A_0 a^t,$$

where  $A(t)$  represents the amount of a given substance at time  $t$ ,  $A_0$  is the amount at time  $t = 0$ , and  $a$  is a number between 0 and 1.

**Compound Interest and the Number  $e$** **Formula: Compound Interest Formula**

An investment of  $P$  dollars, compounded  $n$  times per year at an annual interest rate of  $r$ , has a value after  $t$  years of

$$A(t) = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}.$$

**Definition (The number  $e$ ):**

The number  $e$  is defined as the value of  $\left( 1 + \frac{1}{m} \right)^m$  as  $m \rightarrow \infty$ .

$$e \approx 2.718281$$

**Formula: Continuous Compounding Formula**

An investment of  $P$  dollars, compounded continuously at an annual interest rate of  $r$ , has a value after  $t$  years of

$$A(t) = P e^{rt}.$$

**Definition:**

**Exponential regression** can be used to fit an exponential curve to points that we suspect exhibit exponential behaviour.

The graph of the function

$$f(x) = ab^x$$

models the given data well.

**Definition:**

**Logistic curves** are a family of curves based on exponential functions that are designed to model behaviour often seen in biology, ecology, population studies, etc.

A logistic function can be written in the form:

$$f(x) = \frac{c}{1 + ae^{-bx}},$$

where  $a, b, c$  are positive constants.

**Logistic regression** is the process of using an algorithm to fit a logistic curve to a given collection of data.

### **PRACTICAL PART:**

1. A biologist is culturing bacteria in a Petri dish. She begins with 1000 bacteria, and supplies sufficient food so that for the first five hours the bacteria population grows exponentially, doubling every hour.
  - (a) Find a function that models the population growth of this bacteria culture.
  - (b) Determine when the population reaches 16 000 bacteria.
  - (c) Calculate the population two and half hours after the scientists begins.

2. Determine the base  $a$  so that the function  $A(t) = A_0a^t$  accurately describes the decay of carbon-14 as a function of  $t$  years.

3. Sandy invests \$10 000 in a savings account earning 4.5% annual interest compounded quarterly. What is the value of her investment after three and a half years?

4. If Sandy has the option of investing her \$10 000 in a continuously compounded account earning 4.5% annual interest, what will be the value of her account in three and a half years?