

Name: _____

Solutions

_____ / 20

No aids (calculator, notes, text, etc.) are permitted. Show all work for full credit and box your final answer.

1. [3 points]

- a. State the **distance** formula between two points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) in the Cartesian plane.

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

- b. State the **midpoint** formula between two points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) in the Cartesian plane.

$$M\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$

- c. State the **standard form** of the equation for a circle of radius r and center (a, b) .

$$(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$$

2. [2 points]

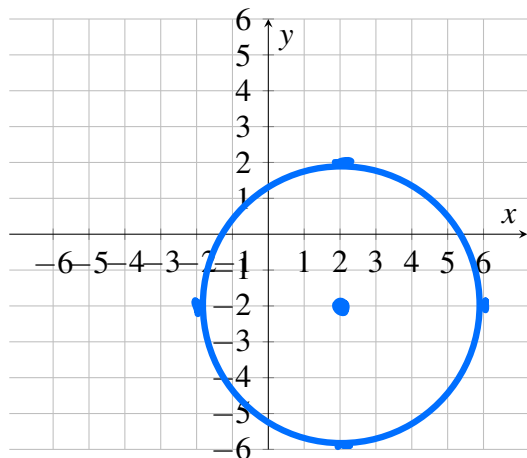
- a. Determine the distance between the following pairs of points $(8, 8)$ and $(-2, -2)$. **Fully** simplify your answer.

$$d = \sqrt{(-2 - 8)^2 + (-2 - 8)^2} = \sqrt{10^2 + 10^2} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 100} = 10\sqrt{2}$$

- b. Determine the midpoint of the line segment joining the pair of points $(8, 8)$ and $(-2, -2)$.

$$M\left(\frac{-2 + 8}{2}, \frac{-2 + 8}{2}\right) = M(3, 3)$$

3. [3 points] Find the **standard form** of the equation of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y - 8 = 0$. Sketch a graph of the obtained equation and find the center and radius of the circle.



$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y - 8 &= 0 \\ (x^2 - 4x) + (y^2 + 4y) &= 8 \\ (x - 2)^2 + (y + 2)^2 &= 16 = 4^2 \\ \text{center: } (a, b) &= (2, -2) \\ \text{radius: } r &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

4. [3 points] Find the x - and y -intercepts of the given equation

$$3y + 7x = 7(3 + x)$$

$$3y + \cancel{7x} = 21 + \cancel{7x} \Rightarrow 3y = 21 \Rightarrow \underline{y = 7}$$

x -intercept : None
 y -intercept : $(0, 7)$

5. [2 points] Determine the slope of the line passing through the points $(-3, -5)$ and $(-2, 8)$.

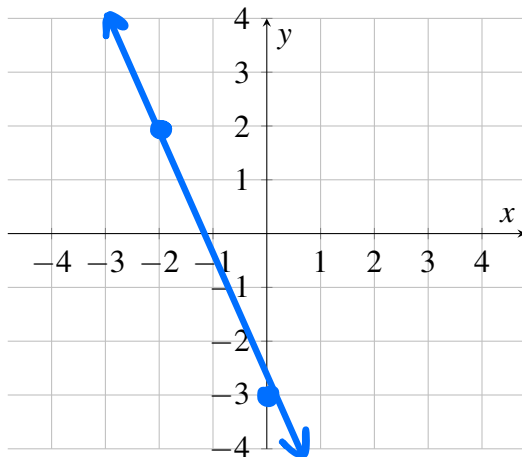
$$m = \frac{8 + 5}{-2 + 3} = \frac{13}{1} = \boxed{13}$$

6. [4 points]

- a. Find the equation, **in slope-intercept form**, of the line with y -intercept $(0, -3)$ and slope of $-\frac{5}{2}$.

$$y = mx + b \Rightarrow \boxed{y = -\frac{5}{2}x - 3}$$

- b. Graph the obtained straight line.



7. [3 points] Determine the slope of the line defined by the following equation:

$$3y - 2 = \frac{x}{5} \Rightarrow 3y = \frac{x}{5} + 2$$

$$y = \boxed{\frac{1}{15}}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{15}$$