

## Formulas & Definitions: Section 13-3

**Definition:** Length of the curve is

$$L = \int_a^b \sqrt{(dx/dt)^2 + (dy/dt)^2 + (dz/dt)^2} dt = \int_a^b |r'(t)| dt.$$

**Definition:** The arc length function  $s$  is given by

$$s(t) = \int_a^t |r'(u)| du = \int_a^t \sqrt{(dx/du)^2 + (dy/du)^2 + (dz/du)^2} du.$$

**Formulas:** for unit tangent, unit normal and binormal vectors, and curvature

$$T(t) = \frac{r'(t)}{|r'(t)|}, \quad N(t) = \frac{T'(t)}{|T'(t)|}, \quad B(t) = T(t) \times N(t),$$

$$\kappa = |dT/ds| = \frac{|T'(t)|}{|r'(t)|} = \frac{|r'(t) \times r''(t)|}{|r'(t)|^3}.$$