## Formulas & Definitions: Section 15-5

**Definition:** Let S be a surface with equation z = f(x, y), where f has continuous partial derivatives. We define the **surface area** of S to be

$$A(S) = \lim_{m,n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \Delta T_{ij}$$

**Formula:** The area of the surface with equation z = f(x, y),  $(x, y \in D)$ , where  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  are continuous, is

$$A(S) = \iint_{D} \sqrt{[f_x(x,y)]^2 + [f_y(x,y)]^2 + 1} \, dA$$

or

$$A(S) = \iint\limits_{D} \sqrt{1 + (\partial z/\partial x)^2 + (\partial z/\partial y)^2} \, dA.$$