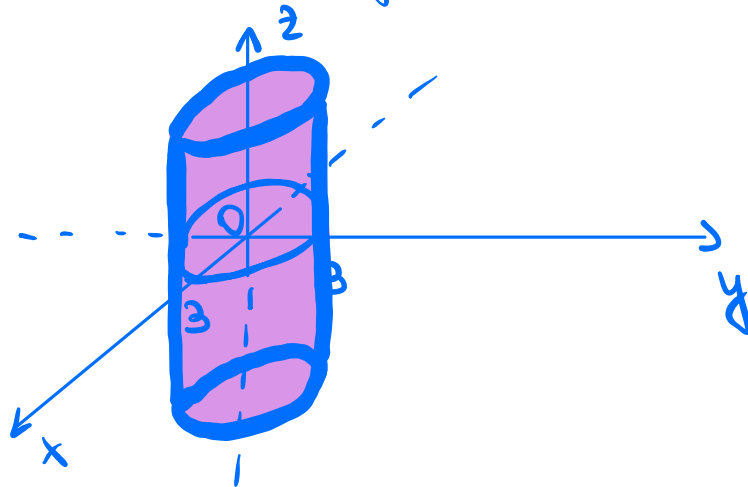


Logistics

- The quiz is closed book, closed notes, and calculator free. No form of collaboration or help is allowed.
- The quiz is **45 minutes** long. This time includes downloading, working on, and submitting a quiz **in a PDF format via Gradescope**.
- The quiz will be available starting from **5:00 PM until midnight** on scheduled week day (Thursday).
- The quiz have **20 points** in total.
- There is **no extension or quiz retake**.
- Show your full work to receive a full credit on each problem.

1. [5 points] Sketch the region in \mathbb{R}^3 represented by the inequality

$x^2 + y^2 \leq 9 = 3^2$
 $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ is a cylinder with radius 3.
 $z = k \in \mathbb{R}$ is a scalar
 $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$ is the inside part of a cylinder + the boundary



2. [5 points] Find a unit vector that has the same direction as the given vector $-3i + 6j + 2k$.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v} &= -3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k} = \langle -3, 6, 2 \rangle \\ \text{Then } |\mathbf{v}| &= \sqrt{9 + 36 + 4} = \sqrt{49} = 7 \\ \mathbf{u} &= \frac{\mathbf{v}}{|\mathbf{v}|} = \frac{-3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}}{7} = -\frac{3}{7}\mathbf{i} + \frac{6}{7}\mathbf{j} + \frac{2}{7}\mathbf{k} = \\ &= \boxed{\langle -\frac{3}{7}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{2}{7} \rangle}. \end{aligned}$$

3. [5 points]

- (a) Determine whether the given vectors $\langle -5, 4, -2 \rangle$ and $\langle 3, 4, -1 \rangle$ are orthogonal. (Fully justify your answer)
- (b) For vectors $a = 2j - 4k$ and $b = -i + 3j + k$ find the cross product $a \times b$.

$$(a) \quad u = \langle -5, 4, -2 \rangle$$

$$v = \langle 3, 4, -1 \rangle$$

$$u \perp v \text{ if and only if } u \cdot v = 0$$

$$u \cdot v = -5 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 4 + (-2) \cdot (-1) = -15 + 16 + 2 = 18 - 15 = 3$$

Hence, u and v are not orthogonal.

$$(b) \quad a \times b = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & 2 & -4 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} i - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -4 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} j + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} k = 14i + 4j + 2k = \langle 14, 4, 2 \rangle$$

4. [5 points]

- (a) Find an equation of the plane that goes through the point $(5, 3, 5)$ and has a normal vector $i + 4j + k$.
- (b) Use intercepts to sketch the plane from part (a).

(a) In general form for the plane that goes through $P(x_0, y_0, z_0)$ and is \parallel to $v = \langle a, b, c \rangle$ has an equation:

$$a(x - x_0) + b(y - y_0) + c(z - z_0) = 0$$

Thus, $v = \langle 1, 4, 1 \rangle$
 $P(3, 5, 3)$

$$1(x - 3) + 4(y - 5) + 1(z - 3) = 0$$

$$x - 3 + 4y - 20 + z - 3 = 0$$

$$\boxed{x + 4y + z - 26 = 0}$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{l} x=0 \\ y=0 \end{array} \Rightarrow z=26$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y=0 \\ z=0 \end{array} \Rightarrow x=26$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x=0 \\ z=0 \end{array} \Rightarrow y = \frac{26}{4} = \frac{13}{2} = 6.5$$

