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PROBLEM 5: TYPEWRITER: 15.0 POINTS

Imagine a typewriter: whenever it's in the middle of a word, and reaches its desired line length, the internal bell rings. This signifies to the typist that *after* finishing the current word, a newline must be manually inserted. Check out this cool video (http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g2LJ1i7222c) to see what it looks like! We ask you to emulate this process such that a newline is inserted as required after each word that exceeds the desired line length. Note that if the typewriter's bell rings on a space, a newline should be inserted before the start of the next word.

This function has to be recursive! You may not use loops (for or while) to solve this problem.

Hints

A Few Helpful Thoughts

- Write helper functions as appropriate. If you wish to use <code>insertNewlines</code> as a wrapper function that makes an appropriate call to a recursive function, please name your recursive helper function <code>insertNewlinesRec</code> so it can be properly graded by our automatic grader.
- lineLength is *not* the maximum number of characters in the line. It is the length *after* which the next word should be wrapped to the next line.
- Make sure that if a space occurs on the index of the desired line length, the next word is wrapped to the next line.

Test Cases

Test case 1:

>>> print insertNewlines('While I expect new intellectual adventures ahead, nothing will compare to the exhilaration of the world-changing accomplishments that we produced together.', 15)

While I expect new intellectual adventures ahead, nothing will compare to the exhilaration of the world-changing accomplishments that we produced together.

Test case 2:

>>> print insertNewlines('Nuh-uh! We let users vote on comments and display them by number of votes. Everyone knows that makes it impossible for a few persistent voices to dominate the discussion.', 20)

Nuh-uh! We let users vote on comments and display them by number of votes. Everyone knows that makes it impossible for a few persistent voices to dominate the discussion.

```
1 def insertNewlines(text, lineLength):
 3
       Given text and a desired line length, wrap the text as a typewriter would.
       Insert a newline character ("\n") after each word that reaches or exceeds
 4
5
      the desired line length.
 6
 7
     text: a string containing the text to wrap.
8
     lineLength: the number of characters to include on a line before wrapping
9
          the next word.
10
     returns: a string, with newline characters inserted appropriately.
11
12
       ### TODO
13
```

Unsubmitted

Note: In programming there are many ways to solve a problem. For your code to check correctly here, though, you must write your recursive function such that you make a recursive call directly to either the function <code>insertNewlines</code> or - if you wish to use a helper function - <code>insertNewlinesRec</code> . Thank you for understanding.

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