Find the Frequency of Characters

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  char str[1000], ch;
  int i, frequency = 0;
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  gets(str);
  printf("Enter a character to find the frequency: ");
  scanf("%c",&ch);
  for(i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; ++i)
  {
      if(ch == str[i])
          ++frequency;
  }
  printf("Frequency of %c = %d", ch, frequency);
  return 0;
}
```

Program to Check Vowel or consonant

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char c;
    int isLowercaseVowel, isUppercaseVowel;
    printf("Enter an alphabet: ");
    scanf("%c",&c);
```

```
// evaluates to 1 (true) if c is a lowercase vowel
  isLowercaseVowel = (c == 'a' || c == 'e' || c == 'i' || c ==
'o' || c == 'u');
  // evaluates to 1 (true) if c is an uppercase vowel
  isUppercaseVowel = (c == 'A' || c == 'E' || c == 'I' || c ==
'0' || c == 'U');
  // evaluates to 1 (true) if either isLowercaseVowel or
isUppercaseVowel is true
  if (isLowercaseVowel || isUppercaseVowel)
    printf("%c is a vowel.", c);
  else
    printf("%c is a consonant.", c);
  return 0;
}
```

Program to count vowels, consonants etc.

```
line[i]=='E' || line[i]=='I' || line[i]=='0' ||
          line[i]=='U')
       {
           ++vowels;
       }
       else if((line[i]>='a'&& line[i]<='z') || (line[i]>='A'&&
line[i]<='Z'))</pre>
       {
           ++consonants;
       }
       else if(line[i]>='0' && line[i]<='9')</pre>
       {
           ++digits;
       }
       else if (line[i]==' ')
       {
           ++spaces;
       }
   }
    printf("Vowels: %d",vowels);
    printf("\nConsonants: %d",consonants);
    printf("\nDigits: %d",digits);
    printf("\nWhite spaces: %d", spaces);
    return 0;
}
```

Remove Characters in String Except Alphabets

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   char line[150];
   int i, j;
   printf("Enter a string: ");
   gets(line);
   for(i = 0; line[i] != '\0'; ++i)
   {
       while (!( (line[i] >= 'a' && line[i] <= 'z') || (line[i]
>= 'A' && line[i] <= 'Z') || line[i] == '\0') )
       {
           for(j = i; line[j] != '\0'; ++j)
           {
               line[j] = line[j+1];
           }
           line[j] = '\0';
       }
   }
   printf("Output String: ");
   puts(line);
    return 0;
}
```

Check Armstrong Number of three digits

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
```

```
{
   int number, originalNumber, remainder, result = 0;
   printf("Enter a three digit integer: ");
   scanf("%d", &number);
   originalNumber = number;
   while (originalNumber != ∅)
   {
       remainder = originalNumber%10;
       result += remainder*remainder*remainder;
       originalNumber /= 10;
   }
   if(result == number)
       printf("%d is an Armstrong number.", number);
   else
       printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.",number);
   return 0;
}
```

Check Armstrong Number of n digits

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
   int number, originalNumber, remainder, result = 0, n = 0;
   printf("Enter an integer: ");
   scanf("%d", &number);
   originalNumber = number;
```

```
while (originalNumber != ∅)
   {
       originalNumber /= 10;
       ++n;
   }
   originalNumber = number;
   while (originalNumber != ∅)
   {
       remainder = originalNumber%10;
       result += pow(remainder, n);
       originalNumber /= 10;
   }
   if(result == number)
       printf("%d is an Armstrong number.", number);
   else
       printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.", number);
   return 0;
}
```

Armstrong Numbers Between Two Integers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
    int low, high, i, temp1, temp2, remainder, n = 0, result = 0;
    printf("Enter two numbers(intervals): ");
    scanf("%d %d", &low, &high);
```

```
printf("Armstrong numbers between %d an %d are: ", low, high);
   for(i = low + 1; i < high; ++i)</pre>
   {
       temp2 = i;
       temp1 = i;
       // number of digits calculation
       while (temp1 != 0)
       {
           temp1 /= 10;
           ++n;
       }
       // result contains sum of nth power of its digits
       while (temp2 != 0)
       {
           remainder = temp2 % 10;
           result += pow(remainder, n);
           temp2 /= 10;
       }
       // checks if number i is equal to the sum of nth power of
its digits
       if (result == i) {
           printf("%d ", i);
       }
       // resetting the values to check Armstrong number for next
iteration
       n = 0;
       result = 0;
   }
```

```
return 0;
}
```