

# Lecture 02: Tuning Techniques for Cost Optimization

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# Agenda

Fine-Tuning and Customizability

Parameter-Efficient Fine-Tuning Methods

Cost and Performance Trade-Offs

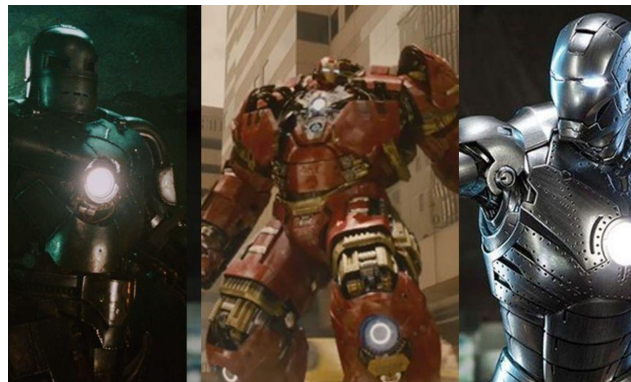
Summary and Q&A

# Fine-Tuning and Customizability

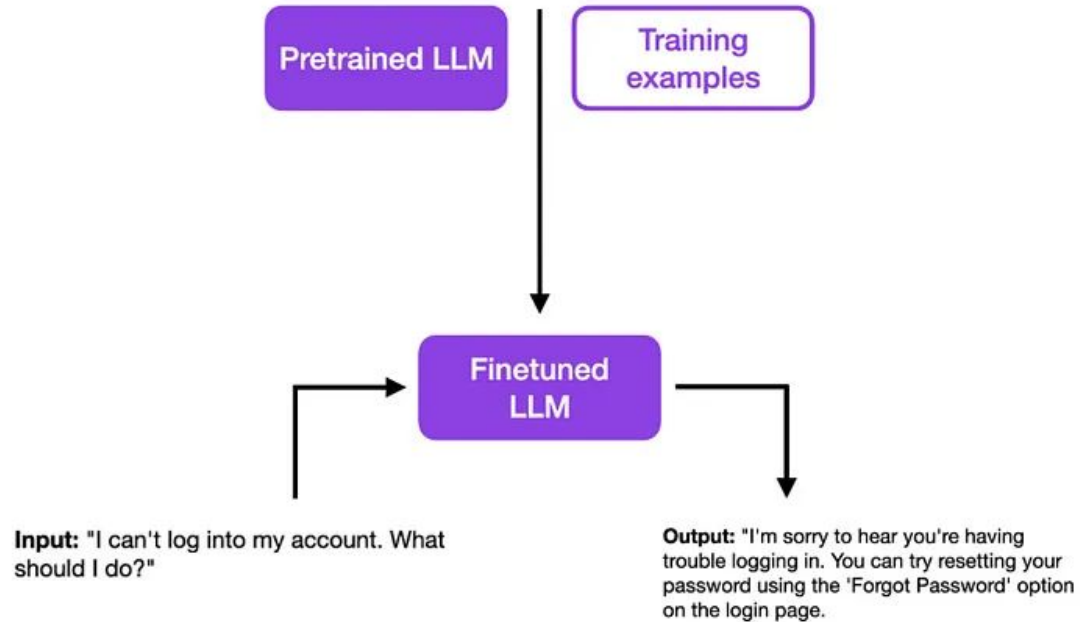
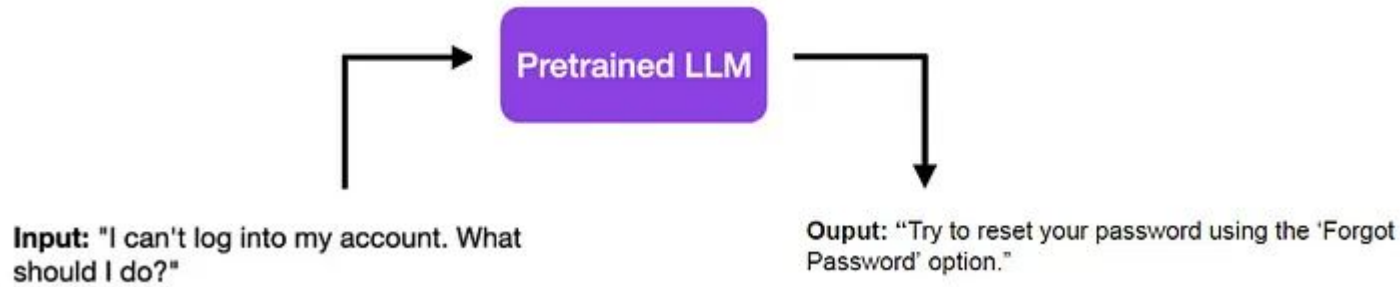
Fine-tuning involves adjusting a pre-trained LLM on a specific dataset to improve performance on a particular task.

Customizability: Allows you to tailor the model to specific needs (e.g., industry-specific terminology, domain-specific tasks).

Balance: Achieving a balance between general performance and customization is key.



Fine-tuning is like customizing the suit for specific missions, like underwater operations or stealth, enhancing its efficiency for that task.





# Parameter-Efficient Fine-Tuning Methods

Why Parameter Efficiency?

Reducing resource consumption while maintaining performance.

Techniques:

- Distillation: Compressing a large model (teacher) into a smaller model (student) while retaining most of its performance.
- Pruning: Removing less significant parts of the model to reduce complexity.
- Quantization: Reducing the precision of the model's weights to save memory and processing power.



# Distillation: A Closer Look

Teacher Model: A large, complex model that provides guidance.

Student Model: A smaller, distilled model that mimics the teacher's outputs.

Steps Involved:

- Train the Teacher: Start with a high-performing model.
- Distill Knowledge: Train a smaller model on the predictions made by the teacher.
- Deploy the Student: Use the smaller model in production to save costs.



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Real-world examples like BERT distilled to TinyBERT.



# Pruning and Quantization

- Pruning: Trims the model by removing redundant parameters.

Example: Removing nodes in a neural network that contribute minimally to output.

- Quantization: Lowers precision of weights from 32-bit floats to 8-bit integers, reducing memory usage.

Example: Sacrificing some accuracy for faster processing and less storage.

Deploy in phone?

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1GGMqUtoSOroW87A4c98ZOy2r0JwhghZO/view?usp=sharing>



# Cost and Performance Implications

Performance vs. Cost: Understanding that reducing model size may affect accuracy or performance.

Scalability: Smaller models are easier to scale but might not perform as well on complex tasks.

Use-Cases: Deciding when to use parameter-efficient models (e.g., real-time applications vs. complex decision-making).





## Key Takeaways

Fine-Tuning allows for customizability but requires careful balance.

Parameter-Efficient Methods like distillation and pruning help optimize costs without major losses in performance.

Trade-Offs: Every optimization technique has its pros and cons; understanding them is key to successful deployment.

# Demo

[https://cookbook.openai.com/examples/chat\\_finetuning\\_data\\_prep](https://cookbook.openai.com/examples/chat_finetuning_data_prep)

<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1UnV2UZH4dY4FD6PsYJ6o8DtNS1zaY8Gv?usp=sharing>

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## Exercise 1 : Data preparation

Use Google gemini to clean [this data](#) and translate it to english to generate it to be in this form:

```
{"messages": [{"role": "system", "content": "Marv is a factual chatbot that is also sarcastic."}, {"role": "user",  
"content": "What's the capital of France?"}, {"role": "assistant", "content": "Paris, as if everyone doesn't know  
that already."}]}
```

- Submit the python code /ex1/main.py and file as data.txt or data.json



## Exercise 2 : Fine-Tuning GPT

By using the data from previous exercise 1, extend [this code](#) to fine-tune GPT2.

- Your code should show how GPT2 will answer to a similar question from the dataset.
- Submit Python code `/ex2/main.py`.



## Exercise 3: YTubeGPT - Optional -end of the day

Choose A youtube channel and get all transcripts for the videos and prepare this data for Tuning (GPT2 or GPT4), make it as telegram bot and deploy it and send it to @enghamzasalem in telegram.

**+3 on the Course**



## Resources

- <https://medium.com/mantisnlp/supervised-fine-tuning-customizing-llms-a2c1edbf22c3>
- <https://www.datacamp.com/blog/gpt-4o-mini>
- <https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/prompt-engineering/six-strategies-for-getting-better-results>
- <https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/fine-tuning/preparing-your-dataset>
- <https://velog.io/@minbrok/Gemini-Fine-Tuning-x51r7vws>
- [https://colab.research.google.com/github/GoogleCloudPlatform/generative-ai/blob/main/gemini/tuning/supervised\\_finetuning\\_using\\_gemini.ipynb#scrollTo=AVL2gfP-J5SL](https://colab.research.google.com/github/GoogleCloudPlatform/generative-ai/blob/main/gemini/tuning/supervised_finetuning_using_gemini.ipynb#scrollTo=AVL2gfP-J5SL)
- <https://g4f.mintlify.app/docs/get-started/quickstart/install/pip>